

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP
Form S-4/A
June 16, 2005

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As Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 2005

Registration Nos. 333-124303
333-124303-01

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 2

TO

FORM S-4

REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

4833
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

59-2712887
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**152 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
(212) 314-7300**

(Address, including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, including
Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

EXPEDIA, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

4700
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

20-2705720
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**3150 139th Avenue SE
Bellevue, Washington 98005
(425) 679-7200**

(Address, including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, including
Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Gregory R. Blatt, Esq.
Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
IAC/InterActiveCorp

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152 West 57th Street
New York, New York 10019
(212) 314-7300

(Name, Address, including Zip Code, and Telephone Number,
including Area Code, of Agent For Service)

Copy to:

Pamela S. Seymon, Esq.
Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz
51 West 52nd Street
New York, New York 10019
(212) 403-1000

Approximate Date of Commencement of Proposed Sale to the Public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective and upon completion of the transactions described in the enclosed proxy statement/prospectus.

If the securities registered on this form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

The co-Registrants hereby amend this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the co-Registrants shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

June 17, 2005

Dear Stockholder:

You are invited to attend the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of IAC/InterActiveCorp scheduled on Monday, July 18, 2005 at 9:00 a.m. local time at The Pierre, 2 East 61st Street (at Fifth Avenue), New York, New York, 10021, for the purpose of obtaining stockholder approval of amendments to IAC's certificate of incorporation that will result in, among other things, the spin-off of Expedia, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and a number of other annual meeting proposals that are described in the notice of meeting on the following page. After the spin-off, Expedia will be an independent, separately traded public company that will consist of IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. IAC will effect the spin-off by means of a reclassification of its capital stock that will result in the current holders of IAC capital stock having the right to receive a proportionate amount of Expedia capital stock, in a transaction that is generally tax free for federal income tax purposes.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 17 of this proxy statement/prospectus for information that you should consider in evaluating the spin-off proposal.

IAC's Board of Directors believes that the spin-off of Expedia from IAC and the other proposals submitted for your approval at the Annual Meeting are in the best interests of IAC and its stockholders. **IAC's Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR the spin-off proposal and the other proposals submitted for your approval at the Annual Meeting.**

In addition to the votes required under applicable law, the IAC Board of Directors has conditioned the spin-off on the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of IAC common stock actually voting on the spin-off proposal, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management. **Your vote is very important.** Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, please take the time to vote by completing and mailing the enclosed proxy card. If you attend the Annual Meeting, you may vote in person if you wish, even though you have previously returned your proxy card. Please complete, sign, date and return the accompanying proxy card in the enclosed envelope to make certain your shares will be represented at the meeting. You may also submit a proxy for your shares by telephone or through the Internet by following the instructions on the enclosed proxy card.

Sincerely,

Barry Diller
*Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer*

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved the spin-off or the securities to be issued in the spin-off or determined if this proxy statement/prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This proxy statement/prospectus is first being mailed to stockholders on or about June 17, 2005.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP
152 West 57th Street
42nd Floor
New York, New York 10019

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

To the Stockholders:

IAC/InterActiveCorp ("IAC") is providing this proxy statement/prospectus to holders of IAC's common stock, Class B common stock and Series A preferred stock in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors of IAC for use at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held at 9:00 a.m. local time on Monday, July 18, 2005 at The Pierre, 2 East 61st Street (at Fifth Avenue), New York, New York, 10021. At the Annual Meeting, stockholders will consider the spin-off of Expedia, Inc. as a separately traded public company that will consist of IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. In particular, IAC will ask stockholders:

1. To approve amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would effect the spin-off of Expedia, Inc. by:
 - Reclassifying each share of IAC \$0.01 par value common stock into one share of IAC \$0.001 par value common stock and 1/100 of a share of IAC Series 1 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock that will automatically exchange into one share of Expedia \$0.001 par value common stock immediately following the reclassification; and
 - Reclassifying each share of IAC \$0.01 par value Class B common stock into one share of IAC \$0.001 par value Class B common stock and 1/100 of a share of IAC Series 2 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock that will automatically exchange into one share of Expedia \$0.001 par value Class B common stock immediately following the reclassification.
 2. To approve amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation to effect a one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock (which would take place immediately prior to, and would be conditioned upon completion of, the spin-off).
 3. To approve the addition of new provisions to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would generally provide that no officer or director of IAC who is also an officer or director of Expedia will be liable to IAC or its stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty by reason of the fact that any such individual directs a corporate opportunity to Expedia instead of IAC, or does not communicate information regarding a corporate opportunity to IAC that the officer or director has directed to Expedia.
 4. To approve an amendment to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would delete the provision regarding removal of directors so that the removal of directors elected by the holders of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock voting together would require the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of all of those classes voting together, as currently provided in the IAC bylaws. Removal of directors elected exclusively by holders of IAC common stock would continue to require the affirmative vote of a majority of the holders of IAC common stock entitled to vote.
 5. To elect 10 members of the IAC Board of Directors, each to hold office for a one-year term ending on the date of the next succeeding annual meeting of stockholders or until such director's successor shall have been duly elected and qualified.
 6. To ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors of IAC for the 2005 fiscal year.
 7. To approve the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.
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8.

To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

IAC may determine not to proceed with the spin-off and not to make the related amendments to its certificate of incorporation described above, notwithstanding the fact that IAC receives all necessary stockholder approvals with respect to the spin-off. Moreover, the changes described in items 2 and 3 above will be effective only in the event that IAC completes the spin-off.

Only holders of record of outstanding shares of IAC stock at the close of business on June 3, 2005 are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments of the Annual Meeting.

Only stockholders and persons holding proxies from stockholders may attend the Annual Meeting. Seating is limited, however, and admission to the Annual Meeting will be on a first-come, first-served basis. If your shares are registered in your name, you should bring a form of identification to the Annual Meeting. If your shares are held in the name of a broker, trust, bank or other nominee, you will need to bring a proxy or letter from that broker, trust, bank or other nominee that confirms you are the beneficial owner of those shares. Cameras, recording devices and other electronic devices will not be permitted at the Annual Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Gregory R. Blatt
Executive Vice President,
General Counsel
and Secretary

June 17, 2005

Additional Information

This proxy statement/prospectus:

incorporates by reference important business and financial information about IAC that IAC has not included in or delivered with this proxy statement/prospectus; and

does not include some of the information included in the registration statement on Form S-4 that IAC and Expedia have jointly filed with the SEC or information included in the exhibits to the registration statement.

Upon your written or oral request, IAC will make available to you without charge the information that IAC has incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus or that IAC and Expedia have filed as exhibits to the registration statement on Form S-4. You can obtain the documents incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus or filed as exhibits to the registration statement by requesting them in writing or by telephone from IAC at the following address and telephone number:

Investor Relations
IAC/InterActiveCorp
Carnegie Hall Tower
152 W. 57th Street, 42nd Floor
New York, NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 314-7400

You should make any request for documents by July 11, 2005 to ensure timely delivery of the documents prior to the Annual Meeting.

To find more information, see "Where You Can Find More Information."

Explanatory Notes

Except as otherwise stated herein, all per share information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus and the related annexes regarding IAC and Expedia capital stock for periods following the spin-off has been restated to reflect the one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock that IAC intends to effect immediately prior to the completion of the spin-off.

Throughout this proxy statement/prospectus:

the term "IAC," when used with respect to the period prior to the spin-off, refers to IAC/InterActiveCorp, a Delaware corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments, as well as TripAdvisor;

the term "IAC," when used with respect to any periods following the spin-off, refers to IAC/InterActiveCorp, a Delaware corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries, other than TripAdvisor and those travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments that Expedia (as defined below) will own following the spin-off;

the term "Expedia," when used with respect to the period prior to the spin-off, refers to Expedia, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and a wholly-owned subsidiary of IAC, formed to effectuate the spin-off; and

the term "Expedia," when used with respect to any periods following the spin-off, refers to Expedia, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which will own IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor.

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This proxy statement/prospectus is based on information provided by IAC, Expedia and other sources that IAC and Expedia believe to be reliable. This proxy statement/prospectus summarizes certain documents filed as exhibits to a registration statement on Form S-4 that IAC and Expedia have filed jointly with the SEC. This proxy statement/prospectus forms a part of the registration statement. For more information about IAC, Expedia and their respective securities, you should refer to the registration statement and the information included in the exhibits thereto. For more information on how you can obtain copies of these documents, see "Where You Can Find More Information."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING AND THE SPIN-OFF

The Annual Meeting

Q: What matters will IAC stockholders vote on at the Annual Meeting?

A: IAC stockholders will vote on the following proposals:

To approve amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would effectuate the spin-off of Expedia by reclassifying the IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to the foregoing proposal as the "spin-off proposal." If IAC's stockholders approve the spin-off proposal and IAC completes the spin-off, the holders of IAC common shares immediately prior to the spin-off would initially own all of the IAC common shares and Expedia common shares immediately following the spin-off. IAC may determine not to proceed with the spin-off and not to make the related amendments to its certificate of incorporation described above, notwithstanding the fact that IAC receives all necessary stockholder approvals with respect to the spin-off;

To approve amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation to effect a one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to the foregoing proposal as the "reverse stock split proposal." If IAC's stockholders approve the reverse stock split proposal and the spin-off proposal and IAC determines to proceed with the spin-off, IAC intends to effect the one-for-two reverse stock split immediately prior to the spin-off. IAC will not complete the one-for-two reverse stock split unless IAC completes the spin-off;

To approve the addition of new provisions to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would generally provide that no officer or director of IAC who is also an officer or director of Expedia

will be liable to IAC or its stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty by reason of the fact that any such individual directs a corporate opportunity to Expedia instead of IAC, or does not communicate information regarding a corporate opportunity to IAC that the officer or director has directed to Expedia. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to the foregoing proposal as the "corporate opportunity proposal." IAC will only implement this proposal if IAC completes the spin-off;

To approve an amendment to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would delete the provision regarding removal of directors so that the removal of directors elected by the holders of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock voting together as a single class would require the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the shares of all of those classes voting together, as currently provided in the IAC bylaws. Removal of directors elected exclusively by holders of IAC common stock would continue to require the affirmative vote of a majority of the holders of IAC common stock entitled to vote. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to the foregoing proposal as the "director removal proposal;"

To elect 10 members of the IAC Board of Directors, each to hold office for a one-year term ending on the date of the next succeeding annual meeting of stockholders or until such director's successor shall have been duly elected and qualified;

To ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors of IAC for the 2005 fiscal year;

To approve the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan; and

To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.

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Q: What votes are required to approve the spin-off proposal and the director removal proposal?

A: Under Delaware law, each of the spin-off proposal and the director removal proposal must be approved by:

The vote of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock, voting as a separate class;

The vote of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IAC Class B common stock, voting as a separate class; and

The vote of holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock, voting together as a single class, with each share of IAC common stock entitled to one vote per share, each share of IAC Class B common stock entitled to ten votes per share and each share of IAC Series A preferred stock entitled to two votes per share. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to the IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock, taken together, along with their respective votes per share as described in the preceding sentence, as the "IAC capital stock."

In addition to the votes required under Delaware law, based on the recommendation of an IAC Special Committee formed to review any aspects of the spin-off that could involve potential conflicts of interest, the IAC Board of Directors has further conditioned the spin-off on the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of IAC common stock actually voting on the spin-off proposal, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management.

Q: What vote is required to approve the reverse stock split proposal and the corporate opportunity proposal?

A: Under Delaware law, each of the reverse stock split proposal and the corporate opportunity proposal must be approved by the vote of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares of IAC capital stock voting together as a single class.

Q: What votes are required to elect directors to the IAC Board?

A: The election of each of Barry Diller, Victor A. Kaufman, Edgar Bronfman, Jr., Marie-Josée Kravis, Steven Rattner, Alan Spoon and Diane Von Furstenberg as directors requires the affirmative vote of a plurality of the total number of votes cast by the holders of shares of IAC capital stock voting together as a single class.

The election of each of Donald R. Keough, Bryan Lourd and H. Norman Schwarzkopf as directors requires the affirmative vote of a plurality of the total number of votes cast by the holders of the shares of IAC common stock voting together as a separate class.

Q: What vote is required to ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as IAC's Independent Auditors and to approve the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan?

A: Each of the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as IAC's independent auditors for 2005 and the approval of the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the shares of IAC capital stock present in person or represented by proxy and voting together as a single class.

Q: What is the impact on stockholder votes of arrangements as of the meeting record date among Mr. Diller, Liberty Media Corporation and Universal Studios, Inc.?

A: As of the meeting record date, Mr. Diller held an irrevocable proxy over all IAC securities owned by Universal Studios, Inc., Liberty Media Corporation and their subsidiaries. This irrevocable proxy includes authority to vote on each of the proposals presented for approval at the Annual Meeting. As a result, as of the meeting record date, Mr. Diller, through shares that he owns as well as those

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shares subject to the proxy, generally controls the vote of 22.7% of the IAC common stock and 100% of the IAC Class B common stock and, consequently, 62.0% of the combined voting power of the outstanding IAC capital stock. Thus, regardless of the vote of any other IAC stockholder, Mr. Diller has control over the vote on each matter submitted for stockholder approval at the Annual Meeting, other than (1) the separate class vote of IAC common stock with respect to the spin-off proposal, (2) the separate class vote of the shares of IAC common stock actually voting on the spin-off proposal (other than shares controlled by IAC management), (3) the separate class vote of IAC common stock with respect to the director removal proposal and (4) the election of the three directors that holders of IAC common stock elect as a separate class.

Q:

Who is entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting?

A:

You are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting if you were a holder of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock at the close of business on June 3, 2005, the record date for the Annual Meeting.

Q:

What do I need to do now to vote at the Annual Meeting?

A:

The IAC Board of Directors is soliciting proxies for use at the Annual Meeting. Stockholders of record may vote their shares in any of four ways:

Submitting a Proxy by Mail: If you choose to submit your proxy by mail, simply mark your proxy, date and sign it, and return it in the postage-paid envelope provided;

Submitting a Proxy by Telephone: Submit a proxy for your shares by telephone by using the toll-free telephone number provided on your proxy card. Telephone voting is available 24 hours a day;

Submitting a Proxy by Internet: Submit your proxy via the Internet. The website for Internet proxy voting is on your proxy card, and Internet proxy voting is also available 24 hours a day; or

Voting in Person: If you were registered as a stockholder on IAC's books on June 3, 2005 or if you have a letter from your broker identifying you as a beneficial owner of shares, you may vote in person by attending the Annual Meeting.

Street name holders may submit a proxy by telephone or the Internet if their bank or broker makes those methods available, in which case the bank or broker will enclose the instructions with this proxy statement/prospectus. If you submit a proxy by telephone or via the Internet you should not return your proxy card. Instructions on how to submit a proxy by telephone or via the Internet are located on the proxy card enclosed with this proxy statement/prospectus.

The designated proxy will vote all proxies that you properly submit, and that you do not revoke, at the Annual Meeting in accordance with the instructions indicated on your proxy. If you do not provide instructions on your proxy, your designated proxy will vote FOR each of the proposals that IAC describes in this proxy statement/prospectus. Your designated proxy will not vote unsigned proxy cards at all and unsigned proxies will have the same effect as a vote against the spin-off proposal (except with respect to the vote of the shares of IAC common stock actually voting, other than those shares controlled by IAC management), the reverse stock split proposal, the corporate opportunity proposal and the director removal proposal.

If you hold your shares through a bank or broker, follow the voting instructions on the form you receive from your bank or broker.

Your vote is important. IAC encourages you to submit your proxy by telephone or Internet or by signing and returning the accompanying proxy card whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting.

Q:
Can I change my vote?

A:
Yes. If you are a stockholder of record, you may change your vote or revoke your proxy at any time before the vote at the Annual Meeting by:

Delivering to The Bank of New York a written notice, bearing a date later than the proxy, stating that you revoke the proxy;

Submitting a later-dated proxy relating to the same shares by mail, telephone or the Internet prior to the vote at the Annual Meeting; or

Attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person (although attendance at the Annual Meeting will not, by itself, revoke a proxy).

You should send any written notice or new proxy card to IAC/InterActiveCorp c/o The Bank of New York at the following address: IAC/InterActiveCorp, P.O. Box 11001, New York, New York 10203-0001, or follow the instructions provided on your proxy card to submit a proxy by telephone or via the Internet. You may request a new proxy card by calling IAC's proxy solicitor, MacKenzie Partners, Inc., at 1-800-322-2885 (toll-free).

Q:
If I hold my shares in "street name" through my broker, will my broker vote my shares for me?

A:
Your broker will vote your shares only if you provide instructions to your broker on how to vote your shares. You should follow the directions that your broker provides regarding how to instruct your broker to vote your shares. If you fail to provide instructions to your broker, your broker will not vote your shares which will have the same effect as a vote against the spin-off proposal (except with respect to the vote of shares of IAC common stock actually voting, other than those shares controlled by IAC management), the reverse stock split proposal, the corporate opportunity proposal, the director removal proposal and the proposal to approve the IAC/InterActiveCorp 2005 Stock and Annual Incentive Plan.

Q:
What happens if I abstain or don't vote?

A:
An abstention or failure to vote will have the same effect as a vote against the spin-off proposal (except with respect to the vote of the shares of IAC common stock actually voting, other than those shares controlled by IAC management), the reverse stock split proposal, the corporate opportunity proposal and the director removal proposal.

The Spin-Off Proposal

Q:
What is IAC proposing to do?

A:
IAC is proposing to spin off Expedia so that Expedia will become an independent, separately traded public company. After the spin-off, Expedia will consist of IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. After the spin-off, IAC will continue to operate and/or manage its remaining businesses, subsidiaries and investments. For a description of these businesses, subsidiaries and investments, see "The Spin-Off Proposal Information About IAC After the Spin-Off." The holders of IAC common shares immediately prior to the spin-off would initially own all of the IAC common shares and Expedia common shares immediately following the spin-off.

Q:
Why is IAC proposing the Expedia spin-off?

A:

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The Board of Directors believes that the spin-off would provide many benefits to IAC and its stockholders, including, among others:

Creating a pure-play travel business with an equity currency that would promote growth through acquisitions;

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Establishing IAC as a diversified interactive commerce company that is not dominated by its travel businesses and with an equity currency that could promote growth through acquisitions;

Better aligning management performance with each company's respective performance; and

Providing capital markets and investors with greater transparency into each of IAC and Expedia.

For a discussion of the IAC Board of Director's recommendation, see "Recommendation of IAC's Board of Directors."

Q:

What will I own after the Expedia spin-off?

A:

Immediately prior to the spin-off, IAC will effect a one-for-two reverse stock split. As a consequence, securities that are convertible into IAC common stock will be proportionately adjusted in accordance with their terms to give effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split. The following bullets describe the treatment of certain IAC securities in the spin-off:

IAC common stock: For every two shares of IAC common stock that you own prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split, you will own one share of IAC common stock and one share of Expedia common stock immediately following the spin-off. Each share of IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that you own following the spin-off will be entitled to one vote per share. Holders will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares.

IAC Class B common stock: For every two shares of IAC Class B common stock that you own prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split, you will own one share of IAC Class B common stock and one share of Expedia Class B common stock immediately following the spin-off. Each share of IAC Class B common stock and Expedia Class B common stock following the spin-off will be entitled to ten votes per share. Holders will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares.

IAC Series A preferred stock: Each share of IAC Series A preferred stock will represent the right to receive, at the holder's election: (1) \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (2) the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock would have received had the holder converted its Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the spin-off or (3) one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Warrants to purchase IAC common stock: IAC has outstanding a number of series of warrants subject to different terms and conditions. Generally, IAC warrants will be treated one of two ways in the spin-off, as set forth below. Except as otherwise described below and except to the extent otherwise provided under local law, following the spin-off, the IAC and Expedia warrants, as the case may be, generally will have the same terms and conditions as the warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock had immediately prior to the spin-off.

Each publicly traded warrant to purchase shares of IAC common stock and certain other warrants, including warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction, among others, will convert into a warrant to purchase shares of IAC common stock and a warrant to purchase shares of Expedia common stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

With respect to all other warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock, following the spin-off, IAC will remain the contractually obligated party with respect to these warrants and each warrant will represent the right to receive upon exercise by the holders thereof

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that number of shares of IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that the warrant holder would have received had the holder exercised the warrant immediately prior to the spin-off and taking into account the one-for-two reverse stock split. Under the separation agreement, Expedia will contractually assume the obligation to deliver Expedia common stock to these warrant holders upon exercise.

Q: **Will the IAC and Expedia securities be listed on an exchange and publicly traded after the spin-off?**

A: IAC common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq National Market under the ticker symbol "IACI" and will continue to do so after the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split). Those IAC warrants that currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbol "IACIW" will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market following the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split) under the ticker symbol "IACIW." Those IAC warrants that currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbol "IACIZ" will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market following the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split) under the ticker symbol "IACIZ." IAC intends to seek to have the shares of IAC Series B preferred stock, if any, quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol "IACIP.OC." In order to do so, a broker-dealer in securities in the United States may be required to file with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. a notice that will enable the broker-dealer to enter quotations for the IAC Series B preferred stock on the OTC Bulletin Board. There can be no assurance that a broker-dealer will file such a notice or, if filed, that quotations will be accepted on the OTC Bulletin Board. Further, there can be no assurance that if a broker-dealer commences to enter bid and asked quotations for the IAC Series B preferred stock on the OTC Bulletin Board that a viable and active trading market will develop.

Expedia has applied to list Expedia common stock on The Nasdaq National Market and has reserved the ticker symbol "EXPE." Expedia also has applied to list on The Nasdaq Stock Market the two series of Expedia warrants whose predecessor securities currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbols "IACIW" and "IACIZ." These new Expedia warrants are expected to trade under the ticker symbols "EXPEW" and "EXPEZ." Trading in Expedia common stock and Expedia warrants under those symbols is expected to begin on the first business day following the date that IAC completes the spin-off. Expedia intends to seek to have the shares of Expedia Series A preferred stock, if any, quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol "EXPEP.OC," in the same manner that IAC intends to seek to have its Series B preferred stock listed. However, there can be no assurance that a viable and active trading market will develop.

Q: **Will a when-issued trading market develop for post-spin-off IAC and/or Expedia securities prior to the completion of the spin-off?**

A: "When-issued" trading refers to conditional purchases or sales transactions with respect to a security that has been authorized but is not yet issued and available. IAC currently expects, but cannot guarantee, that a when-issued trading market will develop with respect to IAC and Expedia publicly held securities prior to the completion of the spin-off. A when-issued market for post-spin-off IAC securities may develop as soon as IAC stockholder approval for the spin-off is obtained. A when-issue market for post-spin-off Expedia securities may develop after IAC stockholder approval for the spin-off is obtained and Expedia securities are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. No assurance can be given that a when-issued trading market will, in fact, develop in either IAC or Expedia securities.

Q: Does the IAC Board of Directors have to complete the spin-off if stockholders approve it?

A: No. Regardless of stockholder approval, the IAC Board of Directors retains the ability to abandon the spin-off for any reason whatsoever.

Q: Am I entitled to dissenters' rights or appraisal rights?

A: No. You will not be entitled to dissenters' rights or appraisal rights in connection with the spin-off. See "No Dissenters' Rights."

Q: When does IAC expect to complete the spin-off?

A: If IAC stockholders approve the spin-off proposal at the Annual Meeting and all of the other conditions to the completion of the spin-off are satisfied, IAC currently expects to complete the spin-off during the third quarter of 2005. You should be aware that even if IAC stockholders approve the spin-off proposal, the IAC Board of Directors may abandon or delay the spin-off in its sole discretion. In addition, IAC has entered into an agreement to acquire Ask Jeeves, Inc. and has agreed not to complete the spin-off so long as the Ask Jeeves transaction is pending. Ask Jeeves stockholder approval is required to effect the Ask Jeeves transaction. Ask Jeeves has scheduled its special meeting of stockholders for Tuesday, July 19, 2005. See "Recent Developments." In any event, IAC currently expects that it will delay the completion of the spin-off for up to several weeks following stockholder approval of the spin-off in order to permit the development of a when-issued trading market in IAC common stock and Expedia common stock prior to completion of the spin-off.

Q: Do I need to do anything with my certificates for IAC securities?

A: The bullets below describe some of the mechanics relating to the exchange of your IAC securities for securities of each of IAC and Expedia following the spin-off.

IAC common stock: IAC will mail to each holder of IAC common stock a Letter of Transmittal with instructions that explain how to return certificated shares of IAC common stock to enable you to receive uncertificated shares of IAC common stock and Expedia common stock to which you are entitled following the spin-off (as described more fully below). Holders of IAC common stock may deliver their certificates representing shares of IAC common stock, along with a properly executed Letter of Transmittal and any other required documents, to the exchange agent identified in the Letter of Transmittal. The certificates will be canceled and each holder will receive the number of full shares of reclassified IAC common stock and Expedia common stock to which each holder is entitled, after giving effect to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split, subject to receipt of cash in lieu of fractional shares.

Following the spin-off, reclassified IAC common stock and Expedia common stock will be issued electronically by way of direct registration, or in "uncertificated" form, which will eliminate the physical handling and safekeeping responsibilities inherent in owning transferable stock certificates and the need to return a duly executed stock certificate to effect a transfer. The Bank of New York will act as the registrar and transfer agent for IAC common stock and Expedia common stock after the spin-off. After the spin-off, you will be able to transfer shares of IAC common stock or Expedia common stock by mailing to The Bank of New York a transfer and assignment form, which The Bank of New York will provide to holders at no charge upon written request. Holders may request that their shares of IAC common stock or Expedia common stock be issued in certificated form by so indicating on the Letter of Transmittal or by requesting certificated shares in writing from The Bank of New York.

Publicly Traded Warrants to purchase IAC common stock: IAC's publicly traded warrants will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Subject to adjustment for the one-for-two reverse stock split and the spin-off, the IAC publicly traded warrants will remain outstanding in electronic, uncertificated form and will continue to be governed by their existing

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warrant agreements. In addition, Expedia will issue publicly traded Expedia warrants pursuant to adjustments to the IAC publicly traded warrants. These publicly traded Expedia warrants will be issued in electronic, uncertificated form without any action on the part of holders. At or prior to the completion of the spin-off, Expedia will deposit with Mellon Investor Services and The Bank of New York, the exchange and warrant agents for the Expedia publicly traded warrants, the new forms of warrant pursuant to the warrant agreements that will govern the Expedia warrants.

VUE Warrants to purchase IAC common stock: Warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Subject to adjustment for the one-for-two reverse stock split and the spin-off, the IAC warrants issued in the 2002 VUE transaction will remain outstanding and continue to be governed by their existing warrant agreements. In addition, Expedia will issue Expedia warrants pursuant to adjustments to the IAC warrants issued in the 2002 VUE transaction. These Expedia warrants will be issued in certificated form promptly following the completion of the spin-off. At or prior to the completion of the spin-off, IAC will deposit with the applicable warrant agent the new forms of Expedia warrant.

All other Warrants to purchase IAC common stock: All other IAC warrants will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Warrant holders will receive notice of these adjustments pursuant to the terms of the warrants. These warrants will otherwise remain outstanding and subject to their respective warrant agreements.

IAC Series A Preferred Stock: IAC will mail to each holder of IAC Series A preferred stock a Letter of Transmittal, Form of Election and related instructions that will allow each holder to indicate, on or prior to July 11, 2005, whether the holder chooses to receive (1) \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (2) the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock would have received had the holder converted its IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the spin-off or (3) one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the one-for-two reverse stock split and the spin-off. Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock should deliver their certificates representing shares of IAC Series A preferred stock,

along with a properly executed Letter of Transmittal, Form of Election and any other required documents, to the exchange agent identified in the Letter of Transmittal. The certificates will be canceled and as promptly as practicable following the spin-off, the exchange agent will distribute to each holder cash or IAC and Expedia securities in accordance with each holder's election.

Q:
Whom can I call with questions?

A:
If you have any questions about the spin-off or the Annual Meeting, or would like copies of any of the documents referred to in this proxy statement/prospectus, you should call MacKenzie Partners, Inc. at 1-800-322-2885.

Q:
Where can I find more information about IAC and Expedia?

A:
You can find more information from various sources described under "Where You Can Find More Information."

SUMMARY

The following is a summary of some of the information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus. In addition to this summary, you should read the entire document carefully, including (1) the risks associated with the spin-off and investing in IAC securities and Expedia securities discussed under "Risk Factors" and (2) the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements for each of IAC and Expedia and the historical combined financial statements and related notes for Expedia included in Annexes B, C and D, respectively, and the historical financial statements and related notes for IAC incorporated by reference from IAC's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 and from IAC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2005.

The summaries set forth under the captions " IAC/InterActiveCorp" and " Expedia" assume the completion of the acquisition of Ask Jeeves, which is expected to occur prior to the spin-off, and the completion of the spin-off.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP

IAC/InterActiveCorp operates leading and diversified businesses in sectors being transformed by the internet, online and offline. IAC's mission is to harness the power of interactivity to make daily life easier and more productive for people all over the world. IAC operates a diversified portfolio of specialized and global brands in the businesses described below. IAC enables billions of dollars of consumer-direct transactions for products and services via the internet and telephone.

IAC consists of the following businesses:

Electronic Retailing, which includes HSN U.S. and HSN International;

Ticketing, which includes Ticketmaster;

Interval International;

Personals, which includes Match.com;

Citysearch, Evite, Entertainment Publications and ServiceMagic (since September 2004);

Financial Services and Real Estate, which includes LendingTree and its affiliated brands and businesses; and

Teleservices, which includes Precision Response Corporation, or PRC.

In addition, IAC has entered into an agreement to acquire Ask Jeeves, Inc., a leading provider of world-class information retrieval technologies, brands and services that are available to consumers across a range of platforms, including destination websites, downloadable search-based applications and portals. See "Recent Developments." IAC currently expects to complete the acquisition of Ask Jeeves, subject to the receipt of the requisite regulatory approvals and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, during the summer of 2005. IAC has agreed not to complete the spin-off so long as the Ask Jeeves transaction is pending. Ask Jeeves stockholder approval is required to effect the Ask Jeeves transaction. Ask Jeeves has scheduled its special meeting of stockholders for Tuesday, July 19, 2005. Assuming the successful completion of the Ask Jeeves transaction, IAC will include Ask Jeeves following the spin-off.

For information regarding the results of IAC's historical operations, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in IAC's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 and in IAC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2005, which are incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus and the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements for IAC and the accompanying notes in Annex B.

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IAC's principal executive offices are located at 152 West 57th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, New York 10019. IAC's telephone number is (212) 314-7300.

EXPEDIA

Expedia is among the world's leading travel services companies, making travel products and services available to leisure and corporate travelers in the United States and abroad through a diversified portfolio of brands, including Expedia.com, Hotels.com, Hotwire, Expedia Corporate Travel, Classic Custom Vacations and a range of other domestic and international brands and businesses.

Expedia's principal executive offices are located at 3150 139th Avenue Southeast, Bellevue, Washington 98005. Expedia's telephone number is (425) 679-7200.

THE SPIN-OFF

IAC has proposed to spin off Expedia so that Expedia will become an independent, separately traded public company. After the transaction, Expedia will consist of IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. IAC will continue to own and operate its remaining businesses as an independent, separately traded public company.

Spin-Off (page 28)

IAC is proposing to effect the spin-off through amendments to its certificate of incorporation. If those amendments are approved by IAC's stockholders and IAC completes the spin-off, the holders of IAC common shares immediately prior to the spin-off will initially own all of the IAC common shares and Expedia common shares immediately following the spin-off.

Recommendation of the Special Committee (page 30)

The IAC Board of Directors established a Special Committee of independent directors to review any aspects of the proposed spin-off that could involve potential conflicts of interest (including the proposed terms of Expedia's capitalization, ownership and control and governance arrangements) and to make a recommendation to the IAC Board of Directors with respect to these matters. After completing its activities and deliberations, the Special Committee determined to recommend to the Board of Directors that it proceed with the spin-off of Expedia in the form proposed, subject to the approval of the spin-off proposal by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares of IAC common stock actually voting on the spin-off proposal, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management.

Recommendation to Stockholders (page 31)

The IAC Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR approval of the spin-off proposal. IAC's Board of Directors has carefully reviewed the terms of the spin-off and has determined that the spin-off is advisable and in the best interests of IAC and its stockholders.

Interests of Officers and Directors in the Spin-off (page 33)

In considering the recommendation of the Board of Directors to vote in favor of the spin-off proposal, you should be aware that some of IAC's directors and executive officers have interests in the spin-off that are in addition to or different from the interests of stockholders generally.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Spin-Off (page 39)

The spin-off is conditioned upon receipt by IAC of an opinion of counsel satisfactory to IAC's Board of Directors to the effect that the spin-off will qualify as a distribution that is generally tax free for federal income tax purposes. In addition, in connection with the filing of the registration statement of which this document is a part, IAC has received a legal opinion from Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz to the same effect and to the effect that, in general, no gain or loss will be recognized, and no amount will be includible in the income of, IAC, Expedia, or holders of IAC common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock solely as a result of the spin-off, except that gain or loss will be recognized by holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who receive cash in exchange for such shares or to the extent that holders of IAC stock receive cash in lieu of fractional shares (including in connection with the one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock). The tax consequences to you of the spin-off will depend on the facts of your situation. In addition, you may be subject to state, local, or foreign tax laws that this document does not address. Please consult your tax advisor for a full understanding of the tax consequences to you of the spin-off.

Regulatory Requirements

IAC is not aware of any material governmental approvals or actions that are necessary for consummation of the spin-off.

Dividend Policy

IAC: IAC has not paid cash dividends on IAC common stock or IAC class B common stock and does not anticipate paying cash dividends on IAC common stock or IAC Class B common stock in the immediate future.

Expedia: Expedia does not anticipate paying cash dividends on Expedia common stock or Expedia Class B common stock in the immediate future.

Relationship Between IAC and Expedia After the Spin-Off (page 50)

Following the spin-off, IAC and Expedia will be independent, publicly owned companies. In connection with the spin-off, IAC and Expedia have entered into or will enter into the following agreements:

a separation agreement that sets forth the arrangements between IAC and Expedia with respect to the principal corporate transactions necessary to complete the spin-off, and a number of other principles governing the relationship between IAC and Expedia following the spin-off;

a tax sharing agreement that will govern the respective rights, responsibilities and obligations of IAC and Expedia after the spin-off with respect to tax liabilities and benefits, tax attributes, tax contests and other matters regarding income taxes, other taxes and related tax returns;

an employee matters agreement that will govern a wide range of compensation and benefit issues, including the allocation between IAC and Expedia of responsibility for the employment and benefit obligations and liabilities of each company's current and former employees (and their dependents and beneficiaries);

a transition services agreement that will govern the provision of transition services from IAC to Expedia; and

various commercial agreements between subsidiaries of IAC, on the one hand, and subsidiaries of Expedia, on the other hand.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP
SUMMARY SELECTED HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following information is only a summary, and you should read it together with the more detailed financial information for IAC included elsewhere in, or incorporated by reference into, this document.

The following table presents selected historical financial data of IAC for each of the years in the five year period ended December 31, 2004 and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. This data was derived from the consolidated financial statements of IAC and reflects the operations and financial position of IAC at the dates and for the periods indicated. In addition, in March 2005, IAC, through its subsidiary HSN International, announced that it had entered into an agreement to sell its 48.6% interest in EUVÍA to the German media company, ProSiebenSat.1 Media AG. Accordingly, the results of operations and statement of position of EUVÍA have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The information in this table should be read with the financial statements and accompanying notes and other financial data pertaining to IAC included in, or incorporated by reference into, this proxy statement/prospectus.

In August 2001, IAC completed its sale of all of the capital stock of certain USA Broadcasting ("USAB") subsidiaries that own 13 full-power television stations and minority interests in four additional full-power stations to Univision Communications, Inc. ("Univision"). On May 7, 2002, IAC completed its transaction with Vivendi Universal, S.A., in which IAC's USA Entertainment Group, consisting of USA Cable, Studios USA, and USA Films, was contributed to Vivendi Universal Entertainment LLLP ("VUE"), a joint venture then controlled by Vivendi. In addition, during the second quarter of 2003, USA Electronic Commerce Solutions ("ECS"), Styleclick and Avaltus, a subsidiary of PRC, ceased operations. The financial position and results of operations of these companies, as well as USAB and the Entertainment Group, have been presented as discontinued operations in the following table.

	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2000(1)	2001(2)	2002(3)(4)	2003(5)	2004(6)(7)(8)	2004(8)	2005
(In Thousands, Except per Share Data)							
Statements of Operations Data:							
Net revenues	\$ 2,918,011	\$ 3,434,571	\$ 4,554,514	\$ 6,209,828	\$ 6,065,049	\$ 1,443,825	\$ 1,647,097
Operating (loss) income	(107,955)	(140,318)	149,322	372,278	201,034	39,108	127,638
(Loss) earnings from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting change	(144,767)	(162,811)	1,906	119,897	175,666	42,860	69,424
(Loss) earnings before cumulative effect of accounting change	(147,983)	392,795	2,414,492	167,396	164,861	41,527	72,212
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	(147,983)	383,608	1,941,344	154,341	151,808	38,263	68,949
Basic (loss) earnings per common share from continuing operations available to common shareholders(9)(10)	(0.40)	(0.44)	(0.02)	0.18	0.23	0.06	0.09
Diluted (loss) earnings per common share from continuing operations available to common shareholders(9)(10)	(0.40)	(0.44)	(0.04)	0.16	0.22	0.05	0.09
Basic (loss) earnings per common share before cumulative effect of accounting change available to common shareholders (9)(10)	(0.41)	1.05	5.64	0.26	0.22	0.05	0.10

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Diluted (loss) earnings per common share before cumulative effect of accounting change available to common shareholders(9)(10)	(0.41)	1.05	5.62	0.23	0.20	0.05	0.09
Basic (loss) earnings per common share available to common shareholders(9)(10)	(0.41)	1.03	4.55	0.26	0.22	0.05	0.10
Diluted (loss) earnings per common share available to common shareholders(9)(10)	(0.41)	1.03	4.54	0.23	0.20	0.05	0.09
Other Data:							
Net cash provided by (used in):							
Operating activities	\$ 141,365	\$ 369,279	\$ 783,414	\$ 1,273,912	\$ 1,257,875	\$ 616,136	\$ 532,505
Investing activities	(427,955)	(521,859)	316,770	(1,769,463)	(751,642)	(40,933)	169,275
Financing activities	(9,482)	6,954	664,844	(567,640)	(258,017)	46,759	161,799
Discontinued operations	94,706	322,342	(172,832)	(85,632)	(17,527)	(8,526)	(635)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(2,687)	(3,663)	10,481	14,588	9,390	(1,211)	(11,177)
	December 31,				March 31,		
	2000(1)	2001(2)	2002(3)(4)	2003(5)	2004(6)(7)(8)	2005	
	(In Thousands)						

Balance Sheet Data (end of period):

Working capital	\$ 355,157	\$ 1,380,936	\$ 3,069,516	\$ 2,336,795	\$ 2,206,067	\$ 2,445,105
Total assets	5,586,822	6,491,809	15,640,859	21,568,455	22,398,865	23,225,372
Long-term obligations, net of current maturities	551,766	544,372	1,203,421	1,101,939	779,453	785,522
Minority interest	960,068	791,572	1,053,592	(4,504)	39,074	84,486
Shareholders' equity	3,439,871	3,945,501	7,931,463	14,415,585	14,605,304	14,593,260

- (1) Net loss available to common shareholders includes a pre-tax gain of \$104.6 million related to IAC's exchange of its interest in Internet Shopping Network for 75% of Styleclick, Inc., a pre-tax gain of \$3.7 million related to the Hotels.com initial public offering and a pre-tax charge of \$145.6 million related to the impairment of Styleclick goodwill.
- (2) Net earnings available to common shareholders includes a gain of \$517.8 million, net of tax, related to the sale of capital stock of certain USA Broadcasting subsidiaries and an after-tax expense of \$9.2 million related to the cumulative effect of adoption as of January 1, 2001 of SOP 00-2, "Accounting by Producers or Distributors of Films."
- (3) In connection with IAC's acquisition of a controlling interest in Expedia, IAC issued approximately 13.1 million shares of Series A preferred stock at \$50 face value (\$656 million aggregate value), with a 1.99% annual dividend rate and which is convertible at any time into IAC common stock at an initial conversion price of \$33.75. The conversion price will be adjusted downward pursuant to a specified formula if the average share price of IAC common stock over a ten-day trading period prior to conversion exceeds \$35.10. Holders of Series A preferred stock may require IAC to purchase their shares on the fifth, seventh, tenth and fifteenth anniversary of the closing on February 4, 2002. IAC has the right to redeem such shares commencing on the tenth anniversary of February 4, 2002. Any payment by IAC with respect to the dividend or pursuant to any redemption requested by holders of Series A preferred stock or by IAC may be made in cash or IAC common stock, or a combination thereof, at the option of IAC.
- (4) Net earnings available to common shareholders includes a gain of \$2.4 billion, net of tax, related to the contribution of the USA Entertainment Group to VUE and an after-tax expense of \$461.4 million related to the cumulative effect of adoption as of January 1, 2002 of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." Also includes results of Interval International since its acquisition by IAC on September 24, 2002.
- (5) Includes the results of Entertainment Publications, LendingTree and Hotwire since their acquisitions by IAC on March 25, 2003, August 8, 2003 and November 5, 2003, respectively.

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(6)

Includes the results of TripAdvisor, ServiceMagic and Home Loan Center since their acquisitions by IAC on April 27, 2004, September 1, 2004 and December 14, 2004, respectively.

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- (7) Net earnings available to common shareholders includes a pre-tax impairment charge of \$184.8 million related to a write-down of Teleservices goodwill that resulted from IAC's annual impairment review under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangibles."
- (8) As part of the integration of IAC Travel's businesses, Hotels.com conformed its merchant hotel business practices with those of the other IAC Travel businesses. As a result, beginning January 1, 2004, IAC commenced prospectively reporting revenue for Hotels.com on a net basis, consistent with Expedia.com's historical practice.
- (9) Earnings (loss) per common share data and shares outstanding retroactively reflect the impact of a two-for-one stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock paid on February 24, 2000. All share numbers give effect to such stock split.
- (10) The following table adjusts IAC's reported net earnings (loss) and basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per share to exclude amortization expense related to goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives, as if SFAS 142 were effective January 1, 2000:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2000	2001
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)		
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS		
Reported loss from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ (144,767)	\$ (162,811)
Add: goodwill amortization	63,851	134,018
Loss from continuing operations as adjusted	\$ (80,916)	\$ (28,793)
Basic loss per share from continuing operations available to common shareholders as adjusted:		
Reported basic loss per share	\$ (0.40)	\$ (0.44)
Add: goodwill amortization	0.18	0.36
Adjusted basic loss per share	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.08)
Diluted loss per share from continuing operation available to common shareholders as adjusted:		
Reported diluted loss per share	\$ (0.40)	\$ (0.44)
Add: goodwill amortization	0.18	0.36
Adjusted diluted loss per share	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.08)
NET (LOSS) EARNINGS AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS		
Net (loss) earnings available to common shareholders	\$ (147,983)	\$ 383,608
Add: goodwill amortization	206,151	176,413
Net earnings available to common shareholders as adjusted	\$ 58,168	\$ 560,021
Basic (loss) earnings per share as adjusted:		
Reported basic net (loss) earnings per share	\$ (0.41)	\$ 1.03
Add: goodwill amortization	0.57	0.47
Adjusted basic net earnings per share	\$ 0.16	\$ 1.50

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	<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	
Diluted (loss) earnings per share:		
Reported diluted net (loss) earnings per share	\$ (0.41)	\$ 1.03
Add: goodwill amortization	0.57	0.47
Adjusted diluted net earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.16</u>	<u>\$ 1.50</u>

EXPEDIA, INC.
SUMMARY SELECTED HISTORICAL COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following information is only a summary, and you should read it together with the more detailed financial information for Expedia included elsewhere in this document.

The following table presents summary selected historical combined financial information for Expedia for each of the years in the five year period ended December 31, 2004 and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. This data was derived, in part, from the Historical Combined Financial Statements of Expedia attached as Annex D to this proxy statement/prospectus, and reflects the operations and financial position of Expedia at the dates and for the periods indicated.

This information assumes (i) the contribution or other transfer of all of the subsidiaries and assets relating to IAC's travel and travel-related businesses (excluding Interval International and TV Travel Shop) and TripAdvisor (collectively, the "Expedia Businesses") to Expedia, (ii) the assumption by Expedia or one or more of its subsidiaries of all of the liabilities relating to the Expedia Businesses and (iii) the allocation to Expedia of certain IAC corporate expenses relating to the Expedia Businesses for certain periods, all of which will occur in connection with the spin-off and certain of which are governed by the terms of the separation agreement. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Relationship Between IAC and Expedia after the Spin-Off Separation Agreement."

Accordingly, this information reflects the historical financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Expedia Businesses since their respective dates of acquisition by IAC, at the dates and for the periods indicated (see "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about Expedia after the Spin-Off Description of Business History"), based on the historical consolidated financial statements and accounting records of IAC and using the historical results of operations and historical bases of the assets and liabilities of the Expedia Businesses.

The information in this table should be read with the Historical Combined Financial Statements and accompanying notes included in Annex D of this proxy statement/prospectus and other financial data pertaining to Expedia included in this proxy statement/prospectus, as well as the disclosure set forth under the caption "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about Expedia after the Spin-Off Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Expedia."

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	Year Ended December 31,					Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2000(1)(6)	2001(1)(6)	2002(2)	2003(3)	2004(4)(5)	2004(5)	2005
(In Thousands)							
Statements of Operations Data:							
Service revenue	\$ 327,977	\$ 536,497	\$ 1,499,075	\$ 2,339,813	\$ 1,843,013	\$ 413,262	\$ 485,046
Operating income	9,166	15,811	193,770	243,518	240,473	16,677	66,325
Net income	7,729	8,901	76,713	111,407	163,473	12,719	48,029
Other Data:							
Net cash provided by (used in):							
Operating activities	\$ 82,083	\$ 102,961	\$ 450,900	\$ 644,023	\$ 802,853	\$ 440,393	\$ 497,689
Investing activities	(124,440)	(117,327)	(402,392)	(703,181)	340,308	678,451	1,836
Financing activities	90,461	7,598	120,279	37,975	(1,163,075)	(959,905)	(345,073)
Effect of exchange rate changes			(2)	(3,232)	(13,768)	(338)	(498)
	December 31,					March 31,	
	2000(1)(6)	2001(1)(6)	2002(2)	2003(3)	2004(4)(5)	2005	
(In Thousands)							

Balance Sheet Data (end of period):							
Working capital	\$ 113,821	\$ 140,376	\$ 528,630	\$ 854,838	\$ 1,263,678	\$ 1,433,565	
Total assets	555,613	643,835	3,203,082	8,755,270	9,537,187	10,107,441	
Minority interest	267,675	315,999	592,054		18,435	74,699	
Invested equity	216,520	225,890	2,055,756	7,554,301	8,152,629	8,213,914	

- (1) Only includes the results of Hotels.com.
- (2) Includes the results of Expedia.com since IAC's acquisition of a controlling interest on February 4, 2002.
- (3) Includes the results of Hotwire, Inc. since IAC's acquisition on November 5, 2003.
- (4) Includes the results of TripAdvisor since IAC's acquisition on April 27, 2004 and Egencia since IAC's acquisition on April 16, 2004.
- (5) As part of the integration of Expedia's businesses, Hotels.com conformed its merchant hotel business practices with those of the other Expedia businesses. As a result, beginning January 1, 2004, Expedia commenced prospectively reporting revenue for Hotels.com on a net basis, consistent with Expedia.com's historical practice.
- (6) The following table adjusts Expedia's reported net income to exclude amortization expense related to goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives as if SFAS 142 were effective January 1, 2000:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2000	2001
(In Thousands)		
NET INCOME		
Reported net income	\$ 7,729	\$ 8,901
Add: goodwill amortization	24,249	29,228

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	<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net income as adjusted	\$ 31,978	\$ 38,129

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider each of the following risks and uncertainties associated with IAC and the ownership of IAC securities and Expedia and the ownership of Expedia securities. In addition, for more information you should review the specific descriptions of each of IAC's and Expedia's businesses under "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off" and "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about Expedia after the Spin-Off."

Risk Factors Relating to the Spin-Off

Expedia and IAC may be unable to achieve some or all of the benefits that they expect to achieve through the spin-off.

The full strategic and financial benefits expected to result from the spin-off may be delayed or may never occur at all. For instance, there can be no assurance that either IAC or Expedia will be able to attract transaction partners using their capital stock as acquisition currency and that analysts and investors will regard these new corporate structures as more clear and simple than the current corporate structure.

The synergies that IAC achieves with all of its businesses under the same corporate structure may cease to exist following the spin-off of Expedia.

Currently, IAC's non-travel businesses share economies of scope and scale in costs, human capital, vendor relationships and customer relationships with the travel businesses that Expedia will own following the spin-off. While IAC and Expedia expect to enter into agreements that will govern their commercial and other relationships after the spin-off, those arrangements are not expected to fully capture the benefits the businesses enjoy as a result of common ownership prior to the spin-off. The loss of these benefits as a consequence of the spin-off could have an adverse effect on each of IAC's and Expedia's business, results of operations and financial condition following the spin-off.

After the spin-off, Expedia may be unable to make the changes necessary to operate effectively as an independent public entity.

Following the spin-off, IAC will have no obligation to provide financial, operational or organizational assistance to Expedia, other than limited services pursuant to a transition services agreement that IAC and Expedia will enter into in connection with the spin-off. Among other things, as an independent entity, Expedia will be subject to, and responsible for, regulatory compliance, including periodic public filings with the SEC and compliance with The Nasdaq National Market's listing requirements, as well as generally applicable tax and accounting rules. Without assistance from IAC, Expedia may not be able to implement successfully the changes necessary to operate as an independent public entity.

Expedia Expects to incur increased costs relating to operating as an independent public company that could cause its cash flow and results of operations to decline.

Expedia expects that the obligations of being a public company, including substantial public reporting and investor relations obligations, will require new expenditures, place new demands on Expedia's management and may require the hiring of additional personnel. Expedia may need to implement additional systems that require new expenditures in order to adequately function as a public company. Such expenditures could adversely affect Expedia's financial condition and results of operations.

IAC and Expedia may not be able to engage in desirable strategic transactions and equity issuances following the spin-off.

IAC's and Expedia's ability to engage in significant stock transactions could be limited or restricted after the spin-off in order to preserve the tax free nature of the spin-off to IAC. Current federal

income tax law creates a presumption that the spin-off would be taxable to IAC, but not to its shareholders, if either IAC or Expedia engaged in, or entered into an agreement to engage in, a transaction that would result in a 50 percent or greater change, by vote or value, in IAC's or Expedia's stock ownership during the four-year period that begins two years before the date of the spin-off, unless it is established that the transaction is not pursuant to a plan or series of transactions related to the spin-off. Treasury regulations currently in effect generally provide that whether an acquisition transaction and a spin-off are part of a plan is determined based on all of the facts and circumstances, including, but not limited to, specific factors described in the regulations. In addition, the regulations provide several "safe harbors" for acquisition transactions that are not considered to be part of a plan. These restrictions may prevent IAC and Expedia from entering into transactions which might be advantageous to their respective shareholders, such as issuing equity securities to satisfy financing needs or acquiring businesses or assets with equity securities.

Under the tax sharing agreement, there are restrictions on Expedia's ability to take actions that could cause the spin-off to fail to qualify as a tax free transaction, including redeeming equity securities and selling or otherwise disposing of a substantial portion of its assets, in each case, for a period of 25 months following the distribution. Expedia may have to indemnify IAC against the tax, if any, described in the preceding sentence if such tax is incurred by reason of a breach by Expedia of its covenants under the tax sharing agreement. For further discussion, see "The Spin-Off Proposal U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Spin-Off."

After the spin-off, actual or potential conflicts of interest may develop between the management and directors of IAC, on the one hand, and the management and directors of Expedia, on the other hand.

After the spin-off, the management and directors of IAC and Expedia may own both IAC capital stock and Expedia capital stock. This ownership overlap could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when IAC's and Expedia's directors and executive officers face decisions that could have different implications for IAC and Expedia. For example, potential conflicts of interest could arise in connection with the resolution of any dispute between IAC and Expedia regarding terms of the agreements governing the spin-off and the relationship between IAC and Expedia thereafter, including the separation agreement, the employee matters agreement, the tax sharing agreement, the transition services agreement or any commercial agreements between the parties or their affiliates. Potential conflicts of interest could also arise if IAC and Expedia enter into any commercial arrangements in the future.

In addition, Mr. Diller will serve as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Expedia and its senior executive, while retaining his role as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IAC, and Mr. Kaufman will serve as Vice Chairman of Expedia while retaining his role as Vice Chairman of IAC. The fact that Messrs. Diller and Kaufman hold positions with both IAC and Expedia could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest for each of Messrs. Diller and Kaufman when he faces decisions that may affect both IAC and Expedia. Each of Messrs. Diller and Kaufman may also face conflicts of interest with regard to the allocation of his time between IAC and Expedia.

IAC is asking you to approve the corporate opportunity proposal. The corporate opportunity proposal contemplates an amendment to the IAC certificate of incorporation that would provide that no officer or director of IAC who is also an officer or director of Expedia will be liable to IAC or its stockholders for breach of any fiduciary duty by reason of the fact that any such individual directs a corporate opportunity to Expedia instead of IAC, or does not communicate information regarding a corporate opportunity to IAC because the officer or director has directed the corporate opportunity to Expedia. Expedia will have a reciprocal provision in its certificate of incorporation. The corporate opportunity provisions may have the effect of exacerbating the risk of conflicts of interest between IAC and Expedia because the provisions effectively shield an overlapping director/executive officer from liability for breach of fiduciary duty in the event that such director or officer chooses to direct a corporate opportunity to Expedia instead of to IAC or vice versa.

Risk Factors Relating to IAC and Expedia Securities

The aggregate value of the IAC and Expedia securities that current holders of IAC capital stock receive in the spin-off might be less than the value of the IAC securities before the spin-off.

If IAC completes the spin-off as currently contemplated, holders of IAC capital stock prior to the spin-off will hold a combination IAC capital stock and Expedia capital stock following the spin-off. Any number of matters, including the risks described herein, may adversely impact the value of IAC and Expedia securities after the completion of the spin-off. Some of these matters may or may not have been identified by IAC or Expedia prior to the completion of the spin-off, and, in any event, may not be within IAC's or Expedia's control. Should any adverse circumstances, facts, changes or effects come to pass, the aggregate value of the IAC and Expedia securities could be less than the value of IAC securities before the spin-off.

The market price and trading volume of IAC and/or Expedia securities may be volatile and may face negative pressure.

The travel and travel-related businesses that Expedia will own after the spin-off represent a significant portion of IAC's businesses and assets prior to the spin-off and have a significant impact on IAC's financial condition and results of operations. Investors that own IAC securities because of its travel businesses may decide to dispose of some or all of their IAC securities after the spin-off.

IAC currently owns the travel and travel-related businesses that Expedia will operate following the spin-off. Accordingly, there is currently no trading market for Expedia's securities. Investors may decide to dispose of some or all of the Expedia securities that they receive in the spin-off. The Expedia securities issued in the spin-off will be trading publicly for the first time. Until, and possibly even after, orderly trading markets develop for these securities, there may be significant fluctuations in price.

IAC cannot accurately predict how investors in IAC and/or Expedia securities will behave after the spin-off. The market price for IAC and/or Expedia securities following the spin-off may be more volatile than the market price of IAC securities before the spin-off. In addition, there can be no assurance that any trading market for either IAC or Expedia preferred stock, if any, will develop. The market price of IAC and Expedia securities could fluctuate significantly for many reasons, including the risks identified in this proxy statement/prospectus or reasons unrelated to each company's performance. These factors may result in short- or long-term negative pressure on the value of IAC and Expedia securities.

After the spin-off, financial institutions may remove IAC securities from investment indices and Expedia securities may not qualify for those investment indices. In addition, IAC securities and/or Expedia securities may fail to meet the investment guidelines of institutional investors. In either case, these factors may negatively impact the price of IAC securities and/or Expedia securities and may impair IAC's and/or Expedia's ability to raise capital through the sale of securities.

Some of the holders of IAC securities are index funds tied to The NASDAQ or other stock or investment indices, or are institutional investors bound by various investment guidelines. Companies are generally selected for investment indices, and in some cases selected by institutional investors, based on factors such as market capitalization, industry, trading liquidity and financial condition. The spin-off will reduce IAC's market capitalization. Similarly, as an independent company, Expedia will initially have a lower market capitalization than IAC has today. As a result, one or more investment indices may remove IAC securities from their indices and Expedia securities may not qualify for those investment indices. In addition, IAC and/or Expedia securities that are received in the spin-off may not meet the investment guidelines of some institutional investors. Consequently, these index funds and institutional investors may have to sell some or all of the securities they receive in the spin-off, and the prices of IAC and/or Expedia securities may fall as a result. Any such decline could impair the ability of IAC or Expedia to raise capital through future sales of securities.

Risk Factors Relating to IAC's and Expedia's Businesses Following the Spin-Off

After the spin-off, both IAC and Expedia will own and operate interactive commerce businesses and are, therefore, subject to many of the same or similar business risks that this proxy statement/prospectus describes below. You should carefully consider these risks with the understanding that any particular risk factor may affect one or both of the companies. In addition, each company may have unique risk factors associated with its business. You should carefully consider these risks as well. For more information regarding each company's business see "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off" and "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about Expedia after the Spin-Off."

Following the spin-off, each of IAC and Expedia will depend on its respective key personnel.

Following the spin-off, the future success of each of IAC and Expedia will depend upon the continued contributions of its respective senior corporate management, particularly Barry Diller, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of IAC and the Chairman and senior executive of Expedia. Mr. Diller does not have an employment agreement with either IAC or Expedia. He will own options to purchase a substantial number of shares of both IAC common stock and Expedia common stock. However, a substantial majority of such options expire between August 2005 and November 2007. If Mr. Diller no longer serves in his current role at either company, IAC's business on the one hand, and Expedia's business on the other hand, as well as the market price of both companies' securities, could experience substantial adverse consequences. If Mr. Diller serves in either company in some lesser capacity than his current role, the business and market price of the securities of that company could experience adverse consequences. Neither IAC nor Expedia can assure you that it will be able to retain the services of Mr. Diller or any other member of its senior management or key employees following the spin-off.

Mr. Diller currently controls IAC and is expected to control Expedia. If Mr. Diller ceases to control IAC and/or Expedia, Liberty Media Corporation may effectively control the company that Mr. Diller ceases to control.

Following the spin-off, subject to the terms of stockholders agreements relating separately to each of IAC and Expedia, Mr. Diller will effectively control the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote or for the consent of each company's stockholders (other than with respect to the election by the holders of each company's common stock of 25% of the members of each company's Board of Directors and matters as to which Delaware law requires a separate class vote). Upon Mr. Diller's permanent departure from IAC or Expedia, as the case may be, Liberty may effectively control the voting power of the capital stock of the company from which Mr. Diller departs through its ownership of common shares of each of IAC and Expedia.

Pursuant to the stockholders agreements referred to above, until the time of Mr. Diller's departure from IAC or Expedia, as the case may be, Mr. Diller will generally have the right to vote all of the shares of IAC and Expedia common stock and IAC and Expedia Class B common stock held by Liberty and each of the BDTV Entities. Mr. Diller owns all of the voting stock, and Liberty owns all of the non-voting stock, in each case, of the BDTV Entities, which non-voting stock represents in excess of 99% of the equity of the BDTV Entities.

As of June 8, 2005, after giving effect to IAC's acquisition from Universal of 43,181,308 shares of IAC common stock and 13,430,000 shares of IAC Class B common stock in connection with IAC's sale of its common and preferred interests in Vivendi Universal Entertainment to NBC Universal (see "Recent Developments Sale of IAC's Common and Preferred Interests in Vivendi Universal Entertainment"): Mr. Diller owned 1,793,214 shares of IAC common stock, and 368,741 shares of IAC common stock were held by a private foundation controlled by Mr. Diller; these shares collectively represent approximately 0.2% of the combined voting power of the outstanding IAC capital stock. Liberty owned 87,239,578 shares of IAC common stock and 2,353,188 shares of IAC Class B common stock, collectively representing approximately 10.3% of the combined voting power of the outstanding

IAC capital stock. The BDTV Entities collectively owned 44 shares of IAC common stock and 48,846,808 shares of IAC Class B common stock, collectively representing approximately 45.3% of the combined voting power of the outstanding IAC capital stock. As a result, Mr. Diller, through shares he owns as well as those subject to proxy, generally controlled the vote of 16.6% of IAC common stock and 100% of the IAC Class B common stock and, consequently, 55.8% of the combined voting power of the outstanding IAC capital stock. In the event IAC completes the acquisition of Ask Jeeves, after giving effect to the issuance of additional shares of IAC common stock in connection with the acquisition, Mr. Diller will control approximately 52.2% of the combined voting power of IAC capital stock. The capital structure and ownership of Expedia immediately following the spin-off will mirror the capital structure and ownership of IAC; as a result, Mr. Diller will have similar voting control of Expedia.

In addition, under IAC's amended and restated governance agreement and under a governance agreement to be entered into by Expedia at the time of the spin-off, each of Mr. Diller and Liberty generally has the right to consent to limited matters in the event that IAC's or Expedia's, as the case may be, ratio of total debt to EBITDA, as defined in the applicable governance agreement, equals or exceeds 4:1 over a continuous 12-month period. Neither IAC nor Expedia can assure you that Mr. Diller and Liberty will consent to any such matter at a time when IAC or Expedia, as the case may be, is highly leveraged, in which case IAC or Expedia, as the case may be, would not be able to engage in such transactions or take such actions.

As a result of Mr. Diller's ownership interests and voting power, and Liberty's ownership interests and voting power upon Mr. Diller's permanent departure from IAC, Mr. Diller or Liberty, as the case may be, will be in a position on a going forward basis to control or influence significant corporate actions, including without limitation, corporate transactions such as mergers, business combinations or dispositions of assets and determinations with respect to IAC's significant business direction and policies. This concentrated control could discourage others from initiating any potential merger, takeover or other change of control transaction that may otherwise be beneficial to IAC or Expedia, as the case may be. As a result, the market price of IAC or Expedia securities could be adversely affected.

Following the spin-off, the success of each of IAC and Expedia will depend on maintaining the integrity of their respective systems and infrastructure. System interruption and the lack of integration and redundancy in each of IAC's and Expedia's information systems may affect their respective businesses.

A fundamental requirement for online commerce and communications is the secure transmission of confidential information, such as credit card numbers or other personal information, over public networks. Following the spin-off, each of IAC's and Expedia's security measures may be inadequate and, if any compromise of security were to occur, it could have a detrimental effect on each company's reputation and adversely affect its ability to attract customers. At times, IAC's and Expedia's businesses may experience occasional system interruptions that make some or all systems unavailable or prevent these businesses from efficiently fulfilling orders or providing services to third parties. Following the spin-off, each of IAC and Expedia will rely on its affiliates' and third party computer systems and service providers to facilitate and process a portion of its transactions. Any interruptions, outages or delays in each company's systems or third party providers' systems, or a deterioration in their performance, could impair each company's ability to process transactions for its customers and the quality of service that each company can offer to those customers. Fire, flood, power loss, telecommunications failure, break-ins, earthquakes, acts of war or terrorism, acts of God, computer viruses, physical or electronic break-ins and similar events or disruptions may damage or interrupt computer or communications systems at any time. Any of these events could cause system interruption, delays and loss of critical data, and could prevent IAC and/or Expedia from providing services to third parties. While each company will have backup systems for certain aspects of operations, the systems are not fully redundant and disaster recovery planning may not be sufficient for all eventualities. In addition, each of IAC and Expedia may have inadequate insurance coverage or insurance limits to

compensate for losses from a major interruption. If any of these adverse events were to occur, it could damage the reputation of either or both companies and be costly to remedy.

IAC and Expedia may experience operational and financial risks in connection with their respective acquisitions. In addition, some of the businesses acquired by IAC or Expedia may incur significant losses from operations or experience impairment of carrying value.

Both IAC's and Expedia's future growth may depend, in part, on acquisitions. To the extent that either company grows through acquisitions, it will face the operational and financial risks that commonly accompany that strategy. Each company would also face operational risks, such as failing to assimilate the operations and personnel of the acquired businesses, disrupting its ongoing businesses, impairing management resources and its relationships with employees and customers of acquired businesses as a result of changes in ownership and management. Some acquisitions may not be successful and their performances may result in the impairment of their carrying value.

Changing laws, rules and regulations, and legal uncertainties may adversely impact the business, financial condition and results of operations of IAC and Expedia.

Unfavorable changes in existing, or the promulgation of new, laws, rules and regulations applicable to IAC, Expedia and their respective businesses, including those relating to the Internet and online commerce, consumer protection and privacy and sales, use, occupancy, value-added and other taxes, could decrease demand for products and services, increase costs and/or subject IAC and Expedia to additional liabilities, which could adversely impact their respective business. For example, there is, and will likely continue to be, an increasing number of laws and regulations pertaining to the Internet and online commerce, which may relate to liability for information retrieved from or transmitted over the Internet, user privacy, taxation and the quality of products and services. Furthermore, the growth and development of online commerce may prompt calls for more stringent consumer protection laws that may impose additional burdens on online businesses generally.

In addition, the application of various domestic and international sales, use, occupancy, value-added and other tax laws, rules and regulations to the historical and new products and services of IAC and Expedia is subject to interpretation by the applicable taxing authorities. While IAC and Expedia believe that they are compliant with these tax provisions, there can be no assurances that taxing authorities will not take a contrary position, or that such positions will not have an adverse effect on the businesses, financial condition and results of operations of IAC and Expedia. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about Expedia After the Spin-Off Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Expedia Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates."

IAC's financial results may be subject to increased variability after the spin-off.

After the spin-off, IAC will operate in different industries with distinct market dynamics and economics as compared to IAC prior to the spin-off. The businesses that IAC will operate following the spin-off are sensitive to general economic conditions, consumer confidence, consumer retail spending, interest rates, adverse publicity, competition and trends in technology. The diversification that results from operating IAC's travel businesses alongside IAC's other businesses tends to moderate financial and operational volatility. Following the spin-off, that diversification will diminish, and IAC may experience increased volatility and less diversification in terms of cash flow, seasonality, working capital and financing requirements.

Expedia's financial results may be subject to increased variability after the spin-off.

After the spin-off, Expedia will operate in different industries with distinct market dynamics and economics as compared to IAC prior to the spin-off. The businesses that Expedia will operate following the spin-off are sensitive to general economic conditions, the health of the worldwide travel industry,

consumer confidence, consumer retail spending, trends in technology, competition, levels of personal discretionary income, weather, acts of war or terrorism, safety concerns and acts of God. These businesses are also subject to the effects of seasonality to a greater degree than the businesses that IAC will operate following the spin-off with revenues typically lowest in the first quarter of the year and highest in the third quarter. The diversification that results from operating Expedia's businesses alongside IAC's other businesses tends to moderate financial and operational volatility. Following the spin-off, that diversification will effectively cease to exist at Expedia.

Expedia depends on its relationships with travel suppliers and any adverse changes in these relationships could adversely affect Expedia's business, financial condition and results of operations.

An important component of the success of Expedia's business depends on its ability to maintain its existing, as well as build new, relationships with travel suppliers and GDS distribution partners. Adverse changes in existing relationships, or Expedia's inability to enter into new arrangements with these parties on favorable terms, if at all, could reduce the amount, quality and breadth of attractively priced travel products and services that Expedia is able to offer through its brands and businesses, which could adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Travel suppliers are increasingly seeking to lower their travel distribution costs by promoting direct online bookings through their own websites. In some cases, supplier direct channels offer advantages to consumers, such as loyalty programs or lower transaction fees. In addition, travel suppliers may choose not to make their travel products and services available through Expedia distribution channels due to travel industry trends. For example, in the case of its merchant hotel business, Expedia experienced a compressed lodging supply environment in 2004 due to higher overall occupancy rates as compared to prior periods. Expedia expects that these trends will continue. To the extent that consumers increase the percentage of their travel purchases through supplier direct websites and/or if travel suppliers choose not to make their products and services available to Expedia due to travel industry trends, Expedia's business may suffer.

Over the last several years, travel suppliers have generally reduced or eliminated commissions and payments to travel agents and other travel intermediaries; these reductions could adversely affect Expedia's business, financial condition and results of operations.

A portion of Expedia's agency revenues will be derived from compensation paid by travel suppliers and global distribution system (GDS) partners for bookings made through Expedia websites. The businesses that Expedia will own after the spin-off generally negotiate these commissions and fees with their travel suppliers and GDS partners. Over the last several years, travel suppliers have generally reduced or eliminated commissions and payments to travel agents and other travel intermediaries. No assurances can be given that GDS partners or travel suppliers will not reduce current industry compensation or Expedia's compensation, either of which could reduce Expedia's agency revenues and margins and adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Expedia's failure to attract and retain customers in a cost-effective manner could adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operations.

The long-term success of Expedia will depend on its continued ability to increase the overall number of customer transactions in a cost-effective manner. In order to increase the number of customer transactions, Expedia must attract new visitors to its websites and other distribution channels, convert these visitors into paying customers and capture repeat business from existing customers. Similarly, Expedia's corporate travel business is dependent on enlisting new corporate customers and attracting their travel booking activity online to Expedia Corporate Travel. The businesses that Expedia will own after the spin-off attract customers to their websites in a cost-effective manner through affiliate programs. If the number of customers being driven to Expedia's websites through affiliates participating in these programs were to decrease significantly, costs relating to Expedia's sales and

marketing commitments could increase. In addition, Expedia believes that rates for desirable advertising and marketing placements are likely to increase in the foreseeable future. No assurances can be provided that Expedia will be successful in acquiring new customers in a cost-effective manner.

Expedia's international opportunities and investments involve risks relating to travel patterns and practices and Internet-based commerce.

After the spin-off Expedia will operate in a number of jurisdictions abroad and intends to continue to expand its international presence. In order to achieve widespread acceptance in the countries and markets it enters, Expedia must continue to successfully tailor its services to the unique customs and cultures of such countries and markets. Learning the customs and cultures of various countries, particularly with respect to travel patterns and practices, can be difficult and costly and Expedia's failure to do so could slow its international growth.

In addition, the businesses that Expedia will own after the spin-off face, and Expedia expects to continue to face, additional risks in the case of its existing and future international operations. These risks include unexpected changes in regulatory requirements, increased risk and limits on its ability to enforce intellectual property rights, exchange rate fluctuations, potential delays in the development of the Internet as an advertising and commerce medium in international markets and difficulties in managing operations due to distance, language and cultural differences, including issues associated with establishing management systems and infrastructures and staffing and managing foreign operations.

Declines or disruptions in the travel industry, such as those caused by terrorism, war, bankruptcies or general economic downturns, could adversely affect Expedia's business, financial condition and results of operations.

After the spin-off Expedia's business, financial condition and results of operations will be affected by the health of the worldwide travel industry. Travel expenditures are sensitive to business and personal discretionary spending levels and tend to decline during general economic downturns. Accordingly, after the spin-off, Expedia's business will be sensitive to downturns or weaknesses in the travel industry, which could adversely affect the growth of its business. Additionally, Expedia's business will be sensitive to safety concerns, and thus may decline after incidents of terrorism, during periods of geopolitical conflict in which travelers become concerned about safety issues or when travel might involve health-related risks, one or more of which could result in a protracted decrease in demand for its travel services. This decrease in demand, depending on its scope and duration, together with any future issues impacting travel safety, could significantly and adversely impact Expedia's business, financial condition and results of operations over the short and long-term. In addition, the disruption of the existing travel plans of a significant number of customers upon the occurrence of certain events, such as terrorist activity or war, could result in the incurrence of significant additional costs if Expedia provides relief to affected customers by not charging cancellation fees or by refunding the price of otherwise non-refundable unused tickets.

IAC's businesses depend on their relationships with third party distribution channels, suppliers and advertisers and any adverse changes in these relationships could adversely affect IAC's business, financial condition and results of operations.

An important component of the success of IAC's various businesses depends on their ability to maintain their existing, as well as build new, relationships with third party distribution channels, suppliers and advertisers, among other parties.

Electronic Retailing

Electronic Retailing is dependent upon the pay television operators with whom HSN U.S. enters into distribution and affiliation agreements to carry the HSN and America's Store television networks. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Electronic Retailing HSN U.S. Pay Television Distribution." While the cessation of carriage of the HSN and/or America's Store

television networks by a major pay television operator or a significant number of smaller pay television operators could have a significant adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Electronic Retailing and IAC, IAC believes that it will be able to continue to successfully manage the distribution process in the future.

Ticketing

Ticketing is dependent upon its clients for ticketing supply. Securing tickets depends, in part, on the ability of Ticketing to enter into and maintain client contracts on favorable terms. No assurances can be provided that Ticketing will continue to be able to enter into or maintain client contracts on acceptable terms, if at all, and its inability to do so could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, some facilities, promoters and other potential clients are increasingly electing to distribute tickets through supplier direct or other new channels. The increased and continued use of supplier direct and/or new distribution channels by clients could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Ticketing. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Ticketing."

Interval International

Interval is dependent upon timeshare developers for new members and timeshare supply. Interval's inability to maintain existing or negotiate new arrangements with these developers could result in decreases in Interval's membership base, timeshare supply and related exchange transactions, which could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Interval. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Interval International."

Ask Jeeves

Assuming that IAC completes the Ask Jeeves acquisition, which remains subject to certain closing conditions, Ask Jeeves will be an important business of IAC following the spin-off. A material portion of the revenues of Ask Jeeves is derived from advertising and search toolbar distribution arrangements. Accordingly, the inability of Ask Jeeves to retain existing, or attract new, advertisers and/or distribution partners could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Ask Jeeves."

Financial Services and Real Estate

In the case of Financial Services and Real Estate, the ability of LendingTree to provide financial and real estate services depends, in significant part, on the quality and pricing of services provided by participating lenders and real estate professionals. The failure of a significant number of participating lenders and real estate professionals to participate on LendingTree exchanges for any reason and/or provide quality services on competitive terms, could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Financial Services and Real Estate. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Financial Services and Real Estate."

Adverse events or trends in the various industries in which IAC's businesses operate could harm IAC's business, results of operations and financial condition.

IAC's businesses in general are sensitive to trends or events that are outside of IAC's control. For example, adverse trends or events, such as general economic downturns, decreases in consumer spending and natural or other disasters, among other adverse events and trends, could significantly impact IAC's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Electronic Retailing

Electronic Retailing is dependent upon the continued ability of HSN U.S. to transmit the HSN and America's Store television networks to broadcast and pay television operators from its satellite uplink facilities. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Electronic Retailing HSN U.S. Reach." While HSN U.S. has designed business continuity and disaster recovery plans to ensure its continued satellite transmission capability on a temporary basis in the event of a natural or other disaster, the prolonged or permanent interruption of its satellite transmission capability for any reason and/or related costs incurred by HSN U.S. could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Electronic Retailing and/or IAC.

Ticketing

Ticketing is sensitive to fluctuations in the number of entertainment, sporting and leisure events and activities offered by promoters and facilities, as well as general economic and business conditions in these industries. Accordingly, adverse trends in the entertainment, sporting and leisure events and activities could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Ticketing.

Personals

In the case of Personals, adverse publicity resulting from and relating to the introduction of bills that, if passed into law, would require online dating services to either perform criminal background checks on their subscribers or prominently disclose that they do not perform such background checks, could harm the reputation and credibility of the personals industry and service providers within the industry. This development could discourage consumers from using online personals services and could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Personals. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Personals Regulation."

Interval International

Interval's business depends, in significant part, upon the health of the timeshare and travel industries. Travel expenditures are sensitive to business and personal discretionary spending levels and tend to decline during general economic downturns. Accordingly, Interval's business is sensitive to downturns or weaknesses in the travel industry, which could adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Ask Jeeves

Assuming that IAC completes the Ask Jeeves acquisition, which remains subject to certain closing conditions, Ask Jeeves will be an important business of IAC following the spin-off. A material portion of the revenues of Ask Jeeves is derived from advertising arrangements. Accordingly, Ask Jeeves is sensitive to general economic downturns and decreases in consumer spending, among other events and trends, which generally result in decreased advertising expenditures, as well as the continued growth and/or acceptance of online advertising as an effective alternative to offline advertising media and its business model. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Ask Jeeves."

Financial Services and Real Estate

The results of Financial Services and Real Estate are impacted by fluctuations in interest rates, as well as the number of homes listed for sale (which is impacted by construction rates and related costs), both of which impact demand for financial and real estate services. While the broad mix of financial and real estate products and services offered by the businesses within Financial Services and Real Estate partially mitigates the impact of these fluctuations, such fluctuations could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of Financial Service and Real Estate. See "The Spin-Off Proposal Information about IAC after the Spin-Off Financial Services and Real Estate."

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Sale of IAC's Common and Preferred Interests in Vivendi Universal Entertainment

On June 7, 2005, IAC sold its common and preferred interests in Vivendi Universal Entertainment ("VUE"), a joint venture that owns certain entertainment assets, to NBC Universal for approximately \$3.4 billion in aggregate consideration, consisting of approximately \$1.9 billion in cash, 56.6 million IAC common shares formerly held by NBC Universal and \$115 million of television advertising time that NBC Universal will provide through its television media outlets over a three-year period commencing October 1, 2005. In connection with the sale, IAC, NBC Universal and Vivendi Universal have released one another from potential claims relating to IAC's investment in VUE, and IAC and Vivendi Universal have agreed to permanently dismiss tax litigation previously pending in the Delaware courts. The transaction, which the parties simultaneously signed and closed, represents a complete exit by IAC from the VUE joint venture. For more information regarding IAC's investment in VUE, See "Certain IAC Relationships and Related Party Transactions 2002 VUE Transaction."

Cornerstone Acquisition

On April 1, 2005, IAC announced that it had completed the acquisition of Cornerstone Brands, Inc., a portfolio of print catalogs and online retailing sites that sell home products and leisure and casual apparel, for approximately \$704.0 million in cash. IAC currently operates Cornerstone as part of its Electronic Retailing segment and expects to continue to do so following the spin-off.

Ask Jeeves Acquisition

On March 21, 2005, IAC announced that it had entered into a merger agreement to acquire Ask Jeeves, Inc. Under the terms of the merger agreement, IAC will issue 1.2668 shares of IAC common stock (on a pre-reverse stock split basis) for each share of Ask Jeeves common stock in a tax free transaction. Subject to the receipt of the requisite regulatory approvals and the satisfaction of customary closing conditions, IAC expects to complete the Ask Jeeves acquisition during the summer of 2005. Under the terms of the merger agreement, IAC has agreed not to complete the spin-off so long as the Ask Jeeves transaction is pending. Ask Jeeves stockholder approval is required to effect the Ask Jeeves transaction. Ask Jeeves has scheduled its special meeting of stockholders for Tuesday, July 19, 2005. Assuming the successful completion of the Ask Jeeves transaction, following the spin-off, IAC's businesses will include Ask Jeeves.

Stock Repurchases

On March 28, 2005, IAC announced that it would commence purchasing shares of its common stock pursuant to a 10b5-1 purchase plan (the "10b5-1 Plan") designed to comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Prior to the implementation of the 10b5-1 Plan, IAC was authorized to purchase up to 102.9 million shares of its common stock pursuant to the two previously announced share repurchase authorizations by its Board of Directors in November 2003 and November 2004. The table below sets forth details regarding the purchases that IAC made pursuant to the the 10b5-1 Plan. IAC terminated the 10b5-1 Plan on May 5, 2005. The information set forth below does not give effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split that IAC expects to complete immediately prior to the spin-off.

Period	Total Number of Shares	Average Price Paid per Share(1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
3/28/05	0	N/A	0	102,865,908
3/29/05 3/31/05	4,800,000	\$ 21.87	4,800,000	98,065,908
4/01/05 4/30/05	40,800,000	\$ 22.20	40,800,000	57,265,908
5/01/05 5/31/05	7,200,000	\$ 22.47	7,200,000	50,065,908
Total	52,800,000	\$ 22.21	52,800,000	50,065,908

THE SPIN-OFF PROPOSAL

IAC has proposed to spin off Expedia so that Expedia will become an independent, separately traded public company. After the transaction, Expedia will consist of IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, subsidiaries and investments (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. IAC will continue to own and operate its remaining businesses as an independent, separately traded public company.

IAC will effect the spin-off through amendments to its certificate of incorporation that will:

Reclassify each share of IAC \$0.01 par value common stock into one share of IAC \$0.001 par value common stock and 1/100 of a share of IAC Series 1 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock that will automatically exchange into one share of Expedia \$0.001 par value common stock immediately following the reclassification; and

Reclassify each share of IAC \$0.01 par value Class B common stock into one share of IAC \$0.001 par value Class B common stock and 1/100 of a share of IAC Series 2 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock that will automatically exchange into one share of Expedia \$0.001 par value Class B common stock immediately following the reclassification.

The full text of the proposed amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation is set forth in Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus.

Even if IAC receives all required stockholder approvals with respect to the spin-off proposal, IAC's Board of Directors may decide not to proceed with the spin-off if it determines that such a course is not in the interest of IAC or its stockholders. In that case, the proposed amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation relating to the spin-off will not become effective.

If IAC's stockholders approve the proposed amendments to the IAC certificate of incorporation relating to the spin-off and IAC completes the spin-off, the holders of IAC common shares immediately prior to the spin-off will initially own all of the IAC common shares and Expedia common shares immediately following the spin-off.

Background and Reasons for the Spin-Off

This discussion of the information and factors that the IAC Board of Directors considered in making its decision is not intended to be exhaustive but includes all material factors considered by the IAC Board of Directors. In view of the wide variety of factors considered in connection with the evaluation of the spin-off and the complexity of these matters, the IAC Board of Directors did not find it useful to, and did not attempt to, quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to these factors. In addition, the individual members of the IAC Board of Directors may have given different weight to different factors.

The IAC Board of Directors has reviewed IAC's organizational structure to consider the strategic, operational and financial requirements of a large company operating in several businesses. In light of that review, the Board believes that the spin-off would provide many benefits to IAC and its stockholders.

Post Spin-Off, Expedia's Equity Currency Will Enable Growth Through Travel Acquisitions

The travel distribution business has grown and matured since IAC entered the space, bringing new opportunities and challenges. Currently, the fact that IAC does not have a pure-play travel currency may hinder IAC's ability to complete additional travel acquisitions, as potential transaction partners may be more interested in receiving like-kind equity consideration. A pure-play travel currency will give Expedia the agility to more effectively maneuver in this environment.

Post Spin-Off, Travel Operations Will No Longer Dominate IAC's Businesses

As a result of IAC's success in travel and its present dominance within IAC's portfolio of businesses, investors frequently view IAC primarily as a travel company. This perception hinders IAC's ability to grow through acquisitions, in part because potential non-travel transaction partners interested in an equity-based consideration generally do not want to accept what they view as a travel stock. If IAC were to make additional travel acquisitions those acquisitions would amplify this imbalance, further inhibiting growth outside of travel. Following the spin-off, IAC will be a diversified interactive commerce company with a mix of established and embryonic non-travel businesses. IAC will thus be positioned not only to grow its existing businesses, but to identify and pursue young or underappreciated interactive companies with strong growth potential.

Improved Alignment of Management Performance with Each Company's Performance

By separating Expedia and IAC, the spin-off enables each company's management team to have a greater impact on its own company's results. The improved alignment of management and company performance will better serve both employee and stockholder interests by more closely tying management's actions to each company's stock performance.

The Spin-Off Will Provide Capital Markets and Investors with Greater Transparency into Each Company

IAC's travel businesses have experienced tremendous growth since IAC acquired them; these businesses represent over 60% of IAC's operating income and outsize each of IAC's other businesses. IAC currently expects that following the spin-off IAC will be a balanced and diversified interactive commerce and search company, and Expedia will be a pure-play travel company with significant scale and a leading market position. The separation of Expedia from IAC will enable investors and capital markets to more accurately assess the performance and strategies of IAC's remaining businesses and Expedia's business.

Tax Considerations

The IAC Board of Directors took into account its expectation that the spin-off generally will not be taxable for U.S. federal income tax purposes to IAC or Expedia, or to holders of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock, except to holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who receive cash in exchange for their securities or other security holders who receive cash in lieu of fractional shares (including in connection with the one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock that IAC expects to complete immediately prior to the spin-off). Furthermore, the IAC Board of Directors was aware and considered that both IAC's and Expedia's ability to engage in significant issuances of equity securities could be limited or restricted after the spin-off to preserve the tax free nature of the spin-off to IAC. For further discussion, see "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Spin-Off."

Risk Factors

The IAC Board of Directors considered other potential risks and consequences to Expedia and to IAC associated with the spin-off, including those described in "Risk Factors Risk Factors Relating to the Spin-Off," but believed that the considerations described above outweighed those risks.

Special Committee

The IAC Board of Directors took into account the conclusions and recommendation of the IAC Special Committee with respect to aspects of the proposed spin-off that could involve potential conflicts of interest. See " Recommendation of Special Committee of IAC's Board of Directors."

Recommendation of Special Committee of IAC's Board of Directors

The IAC Board of Directors established a Special Committee of independent directors to review any aspects of the proposed spin-off that could involve potential conflicts of interest (including the proposed terms of Expedia's capitalization, ownership and control and governance arrangements with Barry Diller and Liberty Media Corporation) and to make a recommendation to the IAC Board of Directors with respect to these matters. The Special Committee, consisting of Messrs. Edgar Bronfman, Jr. and Alan Spoon, engaged independent counsel Fried Frank Harris Shriver & Jacobson LLP to advise it. The ultimate judgment to proceed with the spin-off was the decision of the full Board of Directors, and the Special Committee was not asked to, and did not, make any independent recommendation as to the underlying business decision to proceed with the transaction. The Special Committee and its counsel convened on numerous occasions to discuss the spin-off proposal and also had discussions with Mr. Diller and IAC's special counsel, Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz.

In connection with its review, the Special Committee examined the existing relationships between IAC and its controlling stockholders and considered whether Expedia should replicate those arrangements as an independent public company. The existing arrangements at IAC examined by the Special Committee included:

Control by Mr. Diller of the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote or for the consent of IAC's stockholders (other than with respect to the election by the holders of IAC common stock of 25% of the members of IAC's Board of Directors and matters as to which Delaware law requires a separate class vote of the holders of IAC common stock or IAC preferred stock);

The requirement that each of Mr. Diller and Liberty consent to certain significant corporate matters in the event that IAC's ratio of total debt to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) equals or exceeds 4:1 over a continuous 12-month period; and

Liberty obtaining effective voting control (based on Liberty's current ownership of IAC capital stock) upon Mr. Diller's permanent departure from IAC and the resulting elimination of the proxy on Liberty's shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock.

As part of the Special Committee's review of the proposed structure for Expedia, the Special Committee considered a range of governance alternatives for Expedia following the spin-off and also considered whether, in connection with any modification to the proposed Expedia structure, similar modifications should be proposed to be made to IAC's existing governance arrangements. The range of alternatives included the following:

Preserving the status quo at IAC and duplicating this governance structure at Expedia;

Seeking to provide Expedia with a traditional public company governance structure; and

Formulating a new governance structure that would incorporate some of the IAC governance and stockholder arrangements with the traditional public company governance structure.

After extensive review of these governance alternatives, the Special Committee preliminarily concluded that it could support generally the first alternative identified above but proposed certain additional governance modifications principally affecting Liberty's rights, including the imposition of restrictions on Liberty upon Mr. Diller ceasing to control either company.

The Special Committee also recommended that, independent of any governance changes, the spin-off transaction should be conditioned upon approval by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management.

In the course of discussions regarding these alternatives, Mr. Diller indicated to the Special Committee that, in his view, any imposition of limitations on Liberty's rights as a stockholder to which Liberty is not currently subject would be contrary to current arrangements with Liberty and the historical relationship among IAC, Liberty and Mr. Diller. Accordingly, Mr. Diller advised the Special Committee that, as to those alternatives considered by the Special Committee that would require a

stockholder vote to implement, as a matter of fairness Mr. Diller could not support those measures in his capacity as a stockholder. The Special Committee also recognized that certain revisions to the governance arrangements currently in effect could only be implemented with Liberty's consent and the Special Committee was advised by Mr. Diller and special counsel to IAC that Liberty was unlikely to consent to those revisions. Mr. Diller further indicated that he was opposed to conditioning the spin-off upon approval by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management, because he had been advised by special counsel to IAC that under Delaware law the holders of IAC common stock would have a separate class vote (which he did not control) in any event and that the Special Committee was independently reviewing aspects of the proposed transaction that could involve potential conflicts.

Further discussions ensued between the Special Committee and its counsel and IAC management and special counsel to IAC regarding the alternatives and the request by the Special Committee that the spin-off be conditioned upon approval by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management. In the course of these discussions, it was agreed that the Special Committee's proposal would be modified so that the transaction would be conditioned upon approval by holders of a majority of the shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management, actually voting on the spin-off proposal (rather than a majority of the outstanding shares held by such stockholders).

Following these discussions, the Special Committee concluded that, subject to the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management, actually voting on the spin-off proposal, it would support a spin-off transaction that effectively duplicated the existing IAC governance arrangements at Expedia. The Special Committee's determination reflects a balancing of the benefits and detriments of the various governance alternatives, and a recognition of the following factors:

The proposed structure for Expedia reflects the status quo at IAC and all of the material terms of the structure would be described in this proxy statement/prospectus;

IAC's filings with the SEC and other public statements historically have included disclosure regarding IAC's governance and stockholder arrangements, and IAC stockholders and other investors have accepted those arrangements as part of their investment decision;

Liberty invested in IAC based in large measure on the governance arrangements that IAC currently maintains; and

Approval of the spin-off proposal requires the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of IAC common stock, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management, actually voting on the spin-off proposal. Based upon information publicly available as of September 30, 2004 (the most recent practicable date at the time the Special Committee conducted its review and discussions with management), five financial institutions held approximately 37.5% of the shares of IAC common stock and twelve institutions held a majority of the shares of IAC common stock.

Based upon the foregoing and all of the factors described under "Background and Reasons for the Spin-Off," the Special Committee determined to recommend to the Board of Directors that it proceed with the spin-off of Expedia in the form proposed, subject to the approval of the spin-off proposal by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares of IAC common stock actually voting on the spin-off proposal, other than shares owned or controlled by IAC management (which include the shares owned or controlled by Liberty and Universal, over which Mr. Diller holds proxies as of the record date).

Recommendation of IAC's Board of Directors

Based upon the factors described under "Background and Reasons for the Spin-Off" and, with respect to aspects of the proposed spin-off that could involve potential conflicts of interest, the recommendation of the Special Committee, IAC's Board of Directors has determined that the adoption

of the spin-off proposal and the spin-off (including the amendments to IAC's certificate of incorporation that will effectuate the spin-off) are in the best interests of IAC and its stockholders and, accordingly, recommends that holders of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock vote **FOR** the spin-off proposal.

Review of Financial Advisors

Each of Allen & Company LLC, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Duff & Phelps, LLC acted as financial advisors to IAC in connection with the spin-off. Each of Allen & Company, J.P. Morgan and Duff & Phelps were retained in connection with the transaction because of each firm's familiarity with IAC's and Expedia's businesses and assets and each firm's qualifications and reputation. In connection with the transaction, IAC's financial advisors will receive fees to be negotiated, consistent with IAC's prior practices, for services rendered.

Solvency Opinion

In connection with the spin-off, Duff & Phelps has provided the Board of Directors of IAC with a solvency opinion regarding IAC, and IAC expects that Duff & Phelps will confirm its opinion immediately prior to the completion of the spin-off. The full text of Duff & Phelps' solvency opinion, which sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken by Duff & Phelps in connection with the opinion, is attached to this document as Annex I. You should read this opinion carefully and in its entirety. Duff & Phelps provided its opinion for the information and assistance of IAC's Board of Directors in connection with its consideration of the spin-off. Duff & Phelps' opinion is not a recommendation as to how any IAC stockholder should vote with respect to the spin-off or any other matter.

As background for its analysis, Duff & Phelps met with key members of IAC management to discuss, in detail, the history, current operations, and future outlook for IAC. The scope of Duff & Phelps' financial analysis is based on available historical financial statements and operating data for IAC provided by its management and its advisors or otherwise publicly available sources of information. Duff & Phelps reviewed transaction documentation relating to the spin-off, including this proxy statement/prospectus. Duff & Phelps reviewed industry and comparative public company financial data, to the extent available, obtained from published or other available sources. Duff & Phelps agreed to use generally accepted valuation and analytical techniques as the basis for its analysis and solvency opinion.

With regards to the rendering of its solvency opinion, IAC asked Duff & Phelps to determine whether, as of the date of, and after giving effect to, the spin-off:

the fair value and present fair salable value of the aggregate assets of IAC will exceed the total stated value of IAC's liabilities, as well as contingent liabilities identified to Duff & Phelps by IAC;

IAC will not have an unreasonably small amount of capital for the operation of the businesses in which it is engaged, as IAC management has indicated such businesses are now conducted and as IAC management has indicated such businesses are proposed to be conducted following consummation of the spin-off;

IAC will be able to pay its stated liabilities, as well as any identified contingent liabilities, as they mature; and

the fair value and present fair salable value of the aggregate assets of IAC will exceed its stated liabilities, as well as identified contingent liabilities, by an amount greater than the aggregate par value of its issued capital stock.

For the purposes of the solvency opinion, the term "fair salable value" means the aggregate amount (without deduction for costs of sale or taxes, if any) of money that could be expected to be realized, as of the valuation date, from an interested purchaser aware of all relevant information by a

seller, equally informed, who is interested in disposing of the entire operation as a going concern, presuming the business will continue in its present form and character, within an approximate one-year time frame. In addition, the term "identified contingent liabilities" means those contingent liabilities identified to Duff & Phelps by officers of IAC.

After concluding on a reasonable range of fair values for IAC, Duff & Phelps deducted the stated value of IAC's liabilities, including all contingent liabilities identified to Duff & Phelps by IAC. Duff & Phelps refers to this measurement as the "balance sheet test," and utilized the balance sheet test to confirm that IAC's assets exceed its liabilities, including all contingent liabilities. As part of this analysis, Duff & Phelps analyzed the "equity cushion" or the amount by which the assets exceed the liabilities following the spin-off, to determine whether IAC will be left with a reasonable amount of capital for the operation of the businesses in which it is engaged. Duff & Phelps determined whether the indicated "equity cushion" exceeds the aggregate par value of IAC's issued capital stock. Duff & Phelps refers to this measurement as the "Delaware dividend test."

Finally, Duff & Phelps performed a "cash flow test" which focuses on whether or not IAC's continuing cash flow is sufficient to meet its debts as they mature. The cash flow test involves developing detailed cash flow projections for IAC that include the payment of debt obligations, including identified contingent liabilities, as they mature. The cash flow test includes a sensitivity analysis to ascertain IAC's ability to meet its debt obligations in reasonable down-side scenarios. Furthermore, the cash flow test includes the testing of major debt covenants to determine if under reasonable downside scenarios IAC could be in default with its lenders. The cash flow test addresses: (1) whether IAC, through the liquidation of its assets or other means, will be able to pay its stated liabilities, including identified contingent liabilities as they mature; and (2) whether IAC's projected cash flows are such that it will have sufficient funds available over time to pay its reasonably foreseeable liabilities, including contingent liabilities.

Interests of Certain Persons in the Spin-Off

In considering the recommendation of IAC's Board of Directors to vote in favor of the spin-off, stockholders of IAC should be aware that directors and executive officers of IAC have interests in the spin-off that may be in addition to or different from the interests of stockholders generally. The IAC Board of Directors was aware of these interests and considered them, among other factors, in approving the spin-off.

Equity Ownership

Certain of IAC's directors and executive officers currently own shares of IAC common stock and/or options to purchase shares of IAC common stock. In the spin-off, these directors and executive officers will receive reclassified shares of IAC common stock, shares of Expedia common stock, adjusted options to purchase shares of IAC common stock and options to purchase shares of Expedia common stock in respect of the IAC securities that they currently own. See " Treatment of Outstanding IAC Compensatory Equity-Based Awards."

Arrangements Among Messrs. Diller and Kaufman with IAC and Expedia

Mr. Diller will remain Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board at IAC and will become Chairman of the Board and senior executive of Expedia. Mr. Kaufman will remain Vice Chairman and a director at IAC and will become Vice Chairman and a director of Expedia. It is expected that following the spin-off, Mr. Diller's current IAC salary will be reduced by 50% and Expedia will pay him a salary equal to 50% of his current IAC salary. In addition, IAC will be reimbursed by Expedia annually for a portion of the expenses relating to Mr. Diller's support staff and certain benefits currently received by Mr. Diller from IAC and reflected in the Other Annual Compensation column of the summary compensation table set forth under "IAC Executive Compensation Summary Compensation Table." As to Mr. Kaufman, it is currently contemplated that his current IAC salary will

remain unchanged and that Expedia will pay him no salary, but that Mr. Kaufman will be eligible to receive bonuses and equity from Expedia.

Certain Other Relationships

Mr. Keough, a member of the Board of Directors of IAC, currently serves as Chairman (in a non-executive capacity) of Allen & Company LLC. Allen & Company has served as financial advisor in connection with the proposed spin-off of Expedia.

After the spin-off, a subsidiary of IAC and Expedia will enter into a time sharing agreement pursuant to which Expedia will be able to use the aircraft jointly owned by a subsidiary of IAC and an affiliate of Mr. Diller. See "Relationship Between IAC and Expedia after the Spin-Off Commercial Arrangements Aircraft Time Sharing Agreement."

Governance Arrangements at IAC and Expedia

Governance Agreements with Liberty and Mr. Diller

IAC, Liberty Media Corporation and Mr. Diller intend to enter into a new amended and restated governance agreement which we refer to in this proxy statement/prospectus as the "IAC Governance Agreement" that will take effect upon completion of the spin-off and will replace the governance agreement dated December 16, 2001.

Expedia, Liberty and Mr. Diller intend to enter into a governance agreement, which we refer to in this proxy statement/prospectus as the "Expedia Governance Agreement," that will become effective upon completion of the spin-off.

The description below sets forth the material terms of the IAC Governance Agreement and the Expedia Governance Agreement. Because these two agreements are identical in all material respects, the following description applies to each of IAC and Expedia (in each case, the "applicable company") other than in instances in which the description specifically identifies IAC or Expedia. The following description does not purport to cover all the provisions of the IAC Governance Agreement and the Expedia Governance Agreement, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable agreements, which IAC and Expedia will file with the SEC when IAC and Expedia enter into these agreements. Share information set forth below gives effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split that IAC expects to complete immediately prior to the spin-off.

Representation of Liberty on the IAC and Expedia Boards of Directors

Under the terms of the applicable governance agreement:

Liberty has the right to nominate up to two directors of the applicable company so long as Liberty beneficially owns at least 33,651,963 equity securities of the applicable company (so long as Liberty's ownership percentage is at least equal to 15% of the total equity securities of the applicable company);

Liberty has the right to nominate one director of the applicable company so long as Liberty beneficially owns at least 22,434,642 equity securities of the applicable company (so long as Liberty owns at least 5% of the total equity securities of the applicable company); and

The applicable company will use its reasonable best efforts to cause one of Liberty's designees to be a member of a committee of the board of directors of the applicable company and, to the extent the person designated by Liberty would qualify as a member of the compensation committee of the board of directors of the applicable company under applicable tax and securities laws and regulations, the applicable company will seek to have that person appointed to the compensation committee of the applicable company.

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Pursuant to the terms of the applicable governance agreement, the applicable company will cause each director that Liberty nominates to be included in the slate of nominees recommended by the Board of Directors of the applicable company to the stockholders of the applicable company for election as directors at each annual meeting of the stockholders of the applicable company and will use all reasonable efforts to cause the election of each such director including soliciting proxies in favor of the election of such persons. Liberty has the right to designate a replacement director to the board of the applicable company in order to fill any vacancy of a director previously designated by Liberty.

Contingent Matters

The applicable governance agreement lists certain actions that require the prior consent of Liberty and Mr. Diller before the applicable company can take any such action. This proxy statement/prospectus refers to these actions as "Contingent Matters."

For so long as:

in the case of Liberty, Liberty owns at least 29,912,856 equity securities and at least 5% of the total equity securities of the applicable company (the "Liberty Condition"); and

in the case of Mr. Diller, he owns at least 5,000,000 common shares (including options to purchase common shares of the applicable company, whether or not then exercisable), continues to serve in his senior executive capacity at the applicable company and has not become disabled (the "Diller Condition," and together with the Liberty Condition, the "Consent Conditions"),

the applicable company has agreed that, without the prior approval of Liberty and/or Mr. Diller, as applicable, it will not engage in any transaction that would result in Liberty or Mr. Diller having to divest any part of their interests in the applicable company or any other material assets, or that would render any such ownership illegal or would subject Mr. Diller or Liberty to any fines, penalties or material additional restrictions or limitations.

In addition, for so long as the Consent Conditions apply, if the applicable company's "total debt ratio" (as defined in the applicable governance agreement) equals or exceeds 4:1 over a twelve-month period, the applicable company may not take any of the following actions without the prior approval of Liberty and/or Mr. Diller:

acquire or dispose of any assets, issue any debt or equity securities, repurchase any debt or equity securities, or incur indebtedness, if the aggregate value of such transaction or transactions (alone or in combination) during any six month period equals 10% or more of the applicable company's market capitalization;

voluntarily commence any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the applicable company or any material subsidiary of the applicable company;

make any material amendments to the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the applicable company;

in the case of IAC, engage in any line of business other than media, communications and entertainment products, services and programming, and electronic retailing, or other businesses engaged in by IAC as of the date of determination;

in the case of Expedia, engage in any line of business other than online and offline travel services and products and related businesses, or other business engaged in by Expedia as of the date of determination;

adopt any stockholder rights plan that would adversely affect Liberty or Mr. Diller, as applicable; or

grant additional consent rights to a stockholder of the applicable company.

Preemptive Rights

In the event that the applicable company issues or proposes to issue any shares of common stock or Class B common stock (with certain limited exceptions) including shares issued upon exercise, conversion or exchange of options, warrants and convertible securities, Liberty will have preemptive rights that entitle it to purchase a number of common shares of the applicable company so that Liberty will maintain the identical ownership interest in the applicable company that Liberty had immediately prior to such issuance or proposed issuance (but not in excess of 20.01%). Any purchase by Liberty will be allocated between common stock and Class B common stock in the same proportion as the issuance or issuances giving rise to the preemptive right, except to the extent that Liberty opts to acquire shares of common stock in lieu of shares of Class B common stock.

Registration Rights

Liberty and Mr. Diller are entitled to customary, transferable registration rights with respect to shares of common stock of the applicable company owned by them. Liberty is entitled to four demand registration rights and Mr. Diller is entitled to three demand registration rights. The applicable company will pay the costs associated with such registrations (other than underwriting discounts, fees and commissions). The applicable company will not be required to register shares of its common stock if a stockholder could sell the shares in the quantities proposed to be sold at such time in one transaction under Rule 144 of the Securities Act or under another comparable exemption from registration.

Termination

Generally, the applicable governance agreement will terminate:

with respect to Liberty, at such time that Liberty beneficially owns equity securities representing less than 5% of the total equity securities of the applicable company; and

with respect to Mr. Diller, at the later of (1) the date Mr. Diller ceases to be the senior executive of the applicable company or becomes disabled and (2) the date Mr. Diller no longer holds a proxy to vote the shares of Liberty (as described below).

With respect to the provisions governing "Contingent Matters," such provisions will terminate as to Mr. Diller and Liberty as set forth under "Contingent Matters."

Stockholders Agreements

General

Liberty and Mr. Diller have informed IAC that they intend to enter into a new amended and restated stockholders agreement, which we refer to in this proxy statement/prospectus as the "IAC Stockholders Agreement," that will take effect upon completion of the spin-off and will replace the stockholders agreement dated December 16, 2001.

Liberty and Mr. Diller have informed Expedia that they intend to enter into a stockholders agreement, which we refer to in this proxy statement/prospectus as the "Expedia Stockholders Agreement," that will become effective upon completion of the spin-off. The Expedia Stockholders Agreement will mirror the provisions of the existing IAC Stockholders Agreement in most material respects.

The description below sets forth the material terms of the IAC Stockholders Agreement and the Expedia Stockholders Agreement. Because these two agreements are identical in all material respects, the following description applies to each of IAC and Expedia (in each case, the "applicable company") other than in instances in which the description specifically identifies IAC or Expedia. The following description does not purport to cover all the provisions of the IAC Stockholders Agreement and the

Expedia Stockholders Agreement, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to those agreements, which IAC and Expedia will file with the SEC when IAC and Expedia enter into these agreements.

Share information set forth below gives effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split that IAC expects to complete immediately prior to the spin-off.

Corporate Governance

Effective upon completion of the spin-off, Mr. Diller will hold an irrevocable proxy with respect to all securities of the applicable company beneficially owned by Liberty on all matters submitted to a stockholder vote or by which the stockholders may act by written consent, except for Contingent Matters with respect to which Liberty has not consented, so long as Mr. Diller continues to own at least 5,000,000 common shares (including options) of the applicable company. The proxy will generally remain in effect until the earlier of (1) Mr. Diller no longer serving in his senior executive capacity at the applicable company and (2) Mr. Diller becoming disabled. Under certain limited circumstances, including a breach by Mr. Diller of certain provisions of the applicable agreement, the proxy may terminate sooner.

Liberty and Mr. Diller will vote against any Contingent Matter with respect to the applicable company if Mr. Diller and Liberty do not approve the Contingent Matter (and continue to have veto rights with respect to the Contingent Matter under the applicable governance agreement). Mr. Diller will also vote all securities of the applicable company over which he has voting control in favor of the Liberty designees to the board of directors of the applicable company.

Restrictions on Transfers

Until the later of (1) the date Mr. Diller no longer serves in his senior executive capacity at the applicable company and (2) the date Mr. Diller no longer holds the proxy to vote Liberty's shares of the applicable company described above (or upon Mr. Diller becoming disabled, if that occurs first), and subject to the other provisions of the applicable stockholders agreement, neither Liberty nor Mr. Diller can transfer shares of common stock or Class B common stock of the applicable company, other than:

transfers by Mr. Diller to pay taxes relating to the granting, vesting and/or exercise of stock options to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company;

transfers to each party's respective affiliates;

pledges relating to financings, subject to certain conditions; and

transfers of options or common shares of the applicable company in connection with "cashless exercises" of Mr. Diller's options to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company.

The restrictions on transfer are subject to a number of exceptions (which exceptions are generally subject to the rights of first refusal described below):

either of Liberty or Mr. Diller may transfer common shares of the applicable company to an unaffiliated third party, subject to tag-along rights described below;

either of Liberty or Mr. Diller may transfer common shares of the applicable company so long as, in the case of Mr. Diller, he continues to beneficially own at least 2,200,000 common shares (including stock options) of the applicable company and, in the case of Liberty, Liberty continues to beneficially own 2,000,000 common shares of the applicable company, and in the case of a transfer of an interest in, or of any of the 24,423,426 common shares of the applicable company held by, specified entities referred to as the "BDTV Limited Entities," after such

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transfer, Liberty and Mr. Diller collectively control at least 50.1% of the total voting power of the applicable company; and

either of Liberty or Mr. Diller may transfer common shares of the applicable company so long as the transfer complies with the requirements of Rule 144 or Rule 145 under the Securities Act, and, in the case of a transfer of an interest in, or of any of the 24,423,426 common shares of the applicable company held by, the BDTV Limited Entities, after such transfer, Liberty and Mr. Diller collectively control at least 50.1% of the total voting power of the applicable company.

Tag-Along Rights and Rights of First Refusal

Each of Mr. Diller and Liberty will be entitled to a right to "tag-along" (*i.e.*, participate on a pro rata basis) on sales by the other of common shares of the applicable company to any third party. Liberty will not have a tag-along right in the event of:

sales by Mr. Diller of up to 2,000,000 common shares of the applicable company within any rolling twelve-month period;

transfers by Mr. Diller to pay taxes relating to the granting, vesting and/or exercise of stock options to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company or transfers in connection with "cashless exercises" of Mr. Diller's options to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company;

specified "brokers' transactions," as defined under the Securities Act, which we refer to as "market sales;" or

generally, when Mr. Diller no longer serves in his senior executive capacity at the applicable company.

Neither Mr. Diller nor Liberty will have a tag-along right with respect to hedging transactions or open market sales, in both cases, involving shares of common stock of the applicable company, subject to certain requirements.

Each of Mr. Diller and Liberty has a right of first refusal in the case of a proposed transfer by the other of shares of Class B common stock of the applicable company to a third party.

Transfers of Shares of IAC and Expedia Class B Common Stock

If either Liberty or Mr. Diller proposes to transfer shares of Class B common stock of the applicable company, the other will be entitled to swap any shares of common stock of the applicable company it or he owns for such shares of Class B common stock of the applicable company (subject to the rights of first refusal described above). To the extent there remain shares of Class B common stock of the applicable company that the selling stockholder would otherwise transfer to a third party, such shares must first be converted into shares of common stock of the applicable company. This restriction does not apply to, among other specified transfers, transfers among the parties and their affiliates.

Termination

Mr. Diller's and Liberty's rights and obligations under the applicable stockholders agreement generally terminate at such time as, in the case of Mr. Diller, he no longer beneficially owns at least 2,200,000 common shares (including stock options) of the applicable company and, in the case of Liberty, Liberty no longer beneficially owns at least 2,000,000 common shares of the applicable company. Liberty's tag-along rights and obligations terminate at such time as Liberty ceases to beneficially own at least 5% of the total equity securities of the applicable company.

In addition, Mr. Diller's rights under the applicable stockholders agreement will terminate upon the later of (1) the date Mr. Diller ceases to serve in his senior executive capacity at the applicable

company or becomes disabled and (2) the date Mr. Diller no longer holds a proxy to vote the shares of the applicable company owned by Liberty.

No Dissenters' Rights

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, holders of shares of IAC common stock, IAC Class B common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock will not have dissenters' rights in connection with the spin-off proposal or the spin-off.

Accounting Treatment

The spin-off will be accounted for by IAC as a discontinuance of the businesses that will constitute Expedia after the spin-off. The measurement date for discontinued operations for accounting purposes will be on the date of the spin-off. After the spin-off, the assets and liabilities of Expedia will be accounted for at the historical values carried by IAC prior to the spin-off. Total costs relating to the spin-off are estimated at \$15.0 million, which will be borne 80% by IAC and 20% by Expedia. IAC and Expedia have incurred approximately \$4.9 million and \$1,000,000 respectively of these costs through March 31, 2005.

Regulatory Requirements

IAC is not aware of any material governmental approvals or actions that are necessary for consummation of the spin-off.

Federal Securities Law Consequences

The following IAC securities have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended:

IAC common stock;

IAC Series B preferred stock; and

warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split) that currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbols "IACIW" and "IACIZ," as well as warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction.

The following Expedia securities have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended:

Expedia common stock;

Expedia Series A preferred stock; and

warrants to purchase shares of Expedia common stock whose predecessor securities currently trade on The Nasdaq National Market under the ticker symbols "IACIW" and "IACIZ," as well as warrants to purchase shares of Expedia common stock issued pursuant to adjustments to the warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction.

Upon issuance, these IAC and Expedia securities may be traded freely and without restriction, except that the securities received by persons who are deemed to be "affiliates" (as such term is defined under the Securities Act of 1933) of IAC or Expedia, as applicable, may resell their securities only in transactions permitted by the resale provisions of Rule 145 under the Securities Act of 1933 (or Rule 144, in the case of such persons who become affiliates of IAC or Expedia, as applicable) or as otherwise permitted under the Securities Act of 1933. Persons who may be deemed to be affiliates of IAC or Expedia, as applicable, are generally defined as individuals or entities that control, are controlled by, or are under common control with, IAC or Expedia, as applicable, and may include certain executive officers and directors of IAC and/or Expedia, as applicable.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Spin-Off

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The following discussion describes the material federal income tax consequences of the spin-off. This discussion is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial opinions, published positions of the Internal Revenue Service, and all other applicable authorities as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect.

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The following discussion is limited to holders of IAC common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock that are characterized as United States persons for federal income tax purposes and may not describe all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to a holder in light of his or her particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules. In addition, this summary is limited to holders that hold their IAC common stock and IAC Series A preferred stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. Accordingly, each stockholder should consult his or her tax advisor as to the particular consequences of the spin-off to such stockholder, including the application of state, local and foreign tax laws, and as to possible changes in tax laws that may affect the tax consequences that we describe in this proxy statement/prospectus. This summary may not be applicable to stockholders who received their IAC common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock pursuant to the exercise of employee stock options, under an employee stock purchase plan or otherwise as compensation. In addition, this summary does not address the tax consequences to any person who actually or constructively owns 5% or more of the shares of any class of IAC stock.

It is a condition to the spin-off that IAC receive an opinion of counsel satisfactory to IAC's Board of Directors to the effect that, on the basis of certain facts, representations and assumptions set forth or referred to in the opinion, the spin-off will qualify as a distribution that is generally tax free under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code. In addition, in connection with the filing of the registration statement of which this document is a part, IAC has received a legal opinion from Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz to the effect that the spin-off will qualify as a reorganization under Sections 355 and 368(a)(1)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code. This opinion is based on representations made by IAC and on factual assumptions set forth or referred to in the opinion. Accordingly, the following material federal income tax consequences will apply:

Principal Federal Income Tax Consequences to IAC

No gain or loss will be recognized by, and no amount will be includible in the income of, IAC as a result of the spin-off, other than with respect to any distribution received by IAC or "excess loss account" or "intercompany transaction" required to be taken into account under Treasury regulations relating to consolidated returns.

Principal Federal Income Tax Consequences to Stockholders of IAC

For federal income tax purposes the receipt of the Series 1 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock that IAC issues pursuant to the reclassification generally will be ignored. The reclassification of IAC common stock and the immediate exchange of shares of Series 1 Mandatory Exchangeable Preferred Stock for shares of Expedia common stock will be treated as a recapitalization of IAC common stock and a distribution by IAC of the Expedia common stock to the holders of IAC common stock.

The treatment of IAC Series A preferred stock in the spin-off will depend upon the election that a holder makes in connection with the spin-off. Holders who elect to have IAC redeem their shares for cash generally will be treated as if they exchanged their shares in a taxable transaction. Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who elect to receive the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that the holder would have received if the holder converted its shares of IAC Series A preferred stock into shares of IAC common stock immediately prior to the spin-off will be treated as if they converted their Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock and then participated in both the recapitalization into new IAC common stock and the spin-off of Expedia common stock described in the immediately preceding paragraph. Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who elect to receive preferred stock of each of IAC and Expedia will be treated as if their IAC Series A preferred stock were recapitalized in part for the IAC Series B preferred stock and the remainder exchanged in a deemed split-off transaction for Expedia Series A preferred stock.

Holdings of IAC Common Stock

The principal federal income tax consequences of the spin-off to the holders of IAC common stock will be as follows:

no gain or loss will be recognized by, and no amount will be includible in the income of, a holder of IAC common stock solely as a result of the receipt of IAC common stock in exchange therefor in the recapitalization;

no gain or loss will be recognized by, and no amount will be includible in the income of, a holder of IAC common stock solely as a result of the receipt of Expedia common stock in the spin-off;

the holding period for the IAC common stock received in the recapitalization and the Expedia common stock received in the spin-off will include the period during which the IAC common stock with respect to which such securities were received was held; and

the tax basis of IAC common stock held by an IAC stockholder immediately prior to the distribution will be apportioned, based upon relative fair market values at the time of the distribution, between the IAC common stock and the Expedia common stock received in the spin-off.

Holdings of IAC Series A Preferred Stock

The principal federal income tax consequences to a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock will depend upon the election that a holder makes in connection with the spin-off. A holder of IAC Series A preferred stock may elect to receive (1) \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (2) the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock would have received had the holder converted its IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the reclassification or (3) one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Election to Receive Cash

To the extent a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock elects to receive \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, immediately after the reclassification, the holder's stock will be treated as having been redeemed by IAC for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, the holder would, as a general rule, be treated as having made a "sale or exchange" of the holder's stock under Section 302 of the Code, and the holder, except as provided below, will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the cash proceeds received and the holder's tax basis in the stock being redeemed. Such gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the redemption the holder's holding period with respect to the stock redeemed is more than one year. However, if the holder continues to own an interest in IAC after the redemption, including by reason of the constructive ownership rules set forth in Section 318 of the Code, the holder may not qualify for "sale or exchange" treatment and the amount received may be treated as having the effect of the distribution of a dividend under the tests set forth in Section 302 of the Code, in which case such gain may be treated as dividend income. Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock that elect to receive cash are encouraged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of their election, including the application (if any) of the constructive ownership rules to their personal situation.

Election to Receive the Securities the Holder Would Have Received Had the Holder Converted the IAC Series A Preferred Stock into IAC Common Stock Immediately Prior to the Reclassification

To the extent a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock elects to receive what the holder would have received had the holder converted its shares of IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the reclassification, the holder will be deemed to have exchanged its shares of IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock in a tax free transaction immediately prior to

the reclassification. In the event that there is a reduction in the conversion price, pursuant to the terms of the Series A preferred stock, it is possible that such reduction to the conversion price would be characterized as a deemed distribution taxable to the converting shareholder at the time of conversion, in an amount equal to the fair market value of the additional shares of IAC common stock received (and the amount of any cash received in lieu of additional fractional shares of IAC common stock) as a result of the reduction in the conversion price. If the reduction to the conversion price is treated as a deemed distribution, a converting shareholder will have dividend income to the extent of IAC's current or accumulated earnings and profits. Any excess will be treated as a non-taxable return of capital to the extent of the shareholder's basis in the IAC Series A preferred stock, and thereafter as capital gain. Following the conversion, the holder will be treated in the same manner as a holder of IAC common stock. The principal federal income tax consequences to a holder of IAC common stock are described above under " Holders of IAC Common Stock."

Election to Receive IAC Series B Preferred Stock and Expedia Series A Preferred Stock

To the extent a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock elects to receive newly issued IAC Series B preferred stock and Expedia Series A preferred stock immediately after the reclassification:

no gain or loss will be recognized by, and no amount will be includible in the income of, a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock solely as a result of the receipt of new IAC Series B preferred stock in exchange therefor in the recapitalization;

no gain or loss will be recognized by, and no amount will be includible in the income of, a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock as a result of the receipt of Expedia Series A preferred stock in the deemed split-off exchange;

the tax basis of IAC Series A preferred stock held by an IAC stockholder immediately prior to the distribution will be apportioned, based upon relative fair market values at the time of the distribution, between the IAC Series B preferred stock received in the recapitalization and the Expedia Series A preferred stock received in the deemed split-off exchange; and

the holding period for the IAC Series B preferred stock received in the recapitalization and the Expedia Series A preferred stock received in the split-off will include the period during which the Series A preferred stock with respect to which such securities were received was held.

Principal Federal Income Tax Consequences to IAC and Stockholders of IAC if the Spin-Off Were Taxable

An opinion of counsel represents counsel's best legal judgment and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or any court. If the Internal Revenue Service subsequently determined the spin-off to be taxable, the above consequences would not apply and both IAC and holders of IAC common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock could be subject to tax. Additionally, future events that may or may not be within the control of IAC or Expedia, including extraordinary purchases of IAC common stock or Expedia common stock, could cause the spin-off not to qualify as tax free to IAC and/or holders of IAC common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock. For example, if one or more persons were to acquire a 50 percent or greater interest in Expedia stock or in the stock of IAC as part of a plan or a series of related transactions of which the spin-off is a part, the spin-off would be taxable to IAC, although not necessarily to you. Depending on the event, Expedia may have to indemnify IAC for some or all of the taxes and losses resulting from the spin-off not qualifying as tax free under Sections 355 and/or 368(a)(1)(D) of the Code. See "Relationship Between IAC and Expedia after the Spin-Off Tax Sharing Agreement." If the spin-off were taxable, then:

each holder of IAC common stock or IAC Series A preferred stock who receives shares of Expedia common stock in the spin-off would be treated as if the stockholder received a taxable distribution equal to the fair market value of the shares of Expedia common stock received, taxed as a dividend to the extent of the stockholder's pro rata share of IAC's current and accumulated earnings and profits (including earnings and profits arising from the gain to IAC described in the second following bullet point) and then treated as a non-taxable return of

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capital to the extent of the holder's basis in the IAC common stock and thereafter as capital gain from the sale or exchange of IAC common stock;

each holder of IAC Series A preferred stock who receives shares of Expedia Series A preferred stock in the spin-off would be treated as if the stockholder received a taxable redemption payment equal to the fair market value of the shares of Expedia Series A preferred stock received, taxed as described above with respect to the redemption of IAC Series A preferred stock for cash; and

the consolidated group of which IAC is the common parent would recognize a gain equal to the excess of the fair market value of Expedia's securities on the date of the spin-off over IAC's tax basis therein.

Under current law, individual citizens or residents of the United States are subject to U.S. federal income tax on dividends at a maximum rate of 15 percent (assuming holding period and other requirements are met) and long-term capital gains (*i.e.*, capital gains on assets held for more than one year) at a maximum rate of 15 percent.

Cash in Lieu of Fractional Shares

To the extent that the one-for-two reverse stock split of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock results in fractional shares, holders of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock will receive cash in lieu of such fractional shares in an amount as determined by the IAC Board of Directors. A stockholder who receives cash instead of a fractional share of IAC common stock in connection with the one-for-two reverse stock split generally will recognize capital gain or loss measured by the difference between the cash received for such fractional share and the stockholder's tax basis in the fractional share. Any such capital gain or loss will be treated as a long-term or short-term gain or loss based on the stockholder's holding period for the IAC common stock.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Payments of cash to a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock who elects to receive cash in exchange for such shares and payments of cash to a holder of IAC common stock in lieu of a fractional share of IAC common stock made in connection with the one-for-two reverse stock split may be subject to information reporting and "backup withholding" at a rate of 28 percent unless a stockholder provides proof of an applicable exemption or a correct taxpayer identification number, and otherwise complies with the requirements of the backup withholding rules. Backup withholding does not constitute an additional tax, but merely an advance payment, which may be refunded or credited against a stockholder's federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is supplied to the Internal Revenue Service.

Information Reporting

Current Treasury regulations require each IAC stockholder who receives Expedia common stock or Expedia Series A preferred stock pursuant to the reclassification to attach to his or her U.S. federal income tax return for the year in which the reclassification occurs a detailed statement setting forth such data as may be appropriate in order to show the applicability of Section 355 of the Code.

Certain Additional Tax Considerations Regarding the Ownership of IAC Series B Preferred Stock (and Expedia Series A Preferred Stock)

At the time of a future conversion of IAC Series B preferred stock into IAC common stock (or Expedia Series A preferred stock into Expedia common stock), the conversion price of the IAC Series B preferred stock (or Expedia Series A preferred stock) will be adjusted downward if the share price of IAC common stock (or Expedia common stock) exceeds a trigger price determined in accordance with the formula described under "Treatment of IAC Series A Preferred Stock, Warrants and Indebtedness in the Spin-Off Split of IAC Series A Preferred Stock." In general, a reduction in

the conversion price of a convertible preferred stock, such as the IAC Series B preferred stock (or the Expedia Series A preferred stock), may be treated as a deemed distribution in an amount equal to the fair market value of the additional shares of IAC common stock (or Expedia common stock) received as a result of the reduction in the conversion price. Applicable U.S. Treasury regulations provide that a change in conversion ratio or any transaction having a similar effect on the interest of any shareholder may be treated as a distribution with respect to any shareholder whose proportionate interest in the earnings and profits or assets of a corporation is increased by such change or similar transaction. A reduction in the conversion price of the IAC Series B preferred stock (or Expedia Series A preferred stock) will increase the preferred shareholder's proportionate interest in the earnings and profits or assets of IAC (or Expedia).

If the reduction in conversion price is treated as a deemed distribution, a converting shareholder will have dividend income to the extent of IAC's (or Expedia's) current or accumulated earnings and profits. Any excess will be treated as a non-taxable return of capital to the extent of the shareholder's basis in the IAC Series B preferred stock (or Expedia Series A preferred stock), and thereafter as capital gain.

Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who elect to receive newly issued shares of IAC Series B preferred stock and Expedia Series A preferred stock immediately after the reclassification are urged to consult their tax advisors concerning the proper treatment of the potential reduction in the conversion price of the IAC Series B preferred stock (or Expedia Series A preferred stock).

Treatment of Outstanding IAC Compensatory Equity-Based Awards

Treatment of IAC Options

Vested IAC Options: Each vested option to purchase shares of IAC common stock will convert into an option to purchase shares of IAC common stock and an option to purchase shares of Expedia common stock with adjustments to the number of shares subject to each option and the option exercise prices based on the relative market capitalizations of IAC and Expedia following the spin-off and giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Except as otherwise described above and except to the extent otherwise provided under local law, following the spin-off, the converted options will have the same terms and conditions, including the same exercise periods, as the vested options to purchase IAC common stock had immediately prior to the spin-off.

Following the spin-off, solely for purposes of determining the expiration of options with respect to shares of common stock of one company held by employees of the other company, IAC and Expedia employees will be deemed employed by both companies for so long as they continue to be employed by whichever of the companies employs them immediately following the spin-off.

Unvested IAC Options: Each unvested option to purchase shares of IAC common stock (other than those unvested options held by Mr. Diller) will convert into an option to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company (IAC or Expedia, as the case may be) for which the applicable employee works following the spin-off with adjustments to the number of shares subject to the option and the option exercise price based on the relative market capitalizations of IAC and Expedia following the spin-off and giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Except as otherwise described above and except to the extent otherwise provided under local law, following the spin-off, the unvested options to purchase shares of common stock of the applicable company will have the same terms and conditions, including the same vesting provisions and exercise periods, as the unvested IAC options had immediately prior to the spin-off.

Unvested IAC Options Held by Mr. Diller

Each unvested option to purchase shares of IAC common stock held by Mr. Diller will convert into an unvested option to purchase shares of IAC common stock and an unvested option to purchase shares of Expedia common stock with adjustments to the number of shares subject to each option and the option exercise prices based on the relative market capitalizations of IAC and Expedia following the spin-off and giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Treatment of IAC RSUs

All IAC restricted stock units will convert into restricted stock units of the applicable company (IAC or Expedia, as the case may be) for which the applicable employee works following the spin-off with adjustments to the number of shares underlying each restricted stock unit based on the relative market capitalizations of IAC and Expedia following the spin-off and giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Except as otherwise described above and except to the extent otherwise provided under local law, following the spin-off, the restricted stock units of the applicable company will have the same terms and conditions, including the same vesting provisions, as the IAC restricted stock units had immediately prior to the date of the spin-off.

Treatment of IAC Series A Preferred Stock, Warrants and Indebtedness in the Spin-Off

General

In connection with the spin-off, IAC will effect a one-for-two reverse stock split. As a consequence, securities that are convertible into IAC common stock will be proportionately adjusted in accordance with their terms to take into account the one-for-two reverse stock split.

Split of IAC Series A Preferred Stock

IAC will mail to each holder of IAC Series A preferred stock a Letter of Transmittal, Form of Election and related instructions that will allow each holder to indicate whether the holder chooses to receive (1) \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (2) the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock would have received had the holder converted its IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the spin-off or (3) one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

With respect to holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who elect to receive shares of IAC Series B preferred stock and Expedia Series A preferred stock following the spin-off, each of their shares of IAC Series A preferred stock will convert into one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split. For a comparison of rights of the IAC Series A preferred stock, the IAC Series B preferred stock and the Expedia Series A preferred stock, see "Comparison of Rights of Holders of IAC Securities before the Spin-Off with Rights of Holders of IAC Securities and Expedia Securities Following the Spin-Off."

Following the spin-off, the material economic terms of the IAC Series B preferred stock and the Expedia Series A preferred stock will be as follows (after giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split):

IAC Series B preferred stock

Face Amount and Liquidation Preference. The per share face amount and liquidation preference of the IAC Series B preferred stock will equal \$50 (the current per share face amount and liquidation preference of the IAC Series A preferred stock) multiplied by a fraction equal to 50% of the opening price of IAC common stock on the first trading day following the spin-off divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off.

Dividends. Holders of IAC Series B preferred stock will be entitled to receive annual dividends (in cash, common stock, or any combination thereof, at IAC's election) in the amount of 1.99%

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of the face amount of the stock, plus the excess, if any, of the value of any dividends paid on the number of shares of IAC common stock into which the preferred stock is then convertible.

Conversion Rights. Each share of IAC Series B preferred stock will be initially convertible into approximately 0.7408 shares of IAC common stock (the "conversion factor"). If the share price of IAC common stock exceeds a trigger price (calculated as described below), the conversion factor will increase to a number determined by dividing the face value of the IAC Series B preferred stock by the following quotient:

$$\text{Face Value} \times \text{IAC}$$

$$(\text{IAC} \times 0.7408) + (0.2396 \times (\text{IAC Trigger Price}))$$

where IAC = 10-day average price of IAC common stock for the 10 days prior to the conversion date and the Trigger Price equals \$70.20 (the trigger price for the IAC Series A preferred stock after giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split) multiplied by a fraction equal to 50% of the opening price of IAC common stock on the first trading day following the spin-off divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off.

Expedia Series A preferred stock

Face Amount and Liquidation Preference. The per share face amount and liquidation preference of the Expedia Series A preferred stock will equal \$50 (the current per share face amount and liquidation preference of the IAC Series A preferred stock) multiplied by a fraction equal to 50% of the opening price of Expedia common stock on the first trading day following the spin-off divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off.

Dividends. Holders of Expedia Series A preferred stock will be initially entitled to receive annual dividends (in cash, common stock, or any combination thereof, at Expedia's election) in the amount of 1.99% of the face amount of the stock, plus the excess, if any, of the value of any dividends paid on the number of shares of Expedia common stock into which the preferred stock is then convertible.

Conversion Rights. Each share of Expedia Series A preferred stock will be initially convertible into 0.7408 shares of Expedia common stock (the "conversion factor"). If the share price of Expedia common stock exceeds a trigger price (calculated as described below), the conversion factor will increase to a number determined by dividing the face value of the Expedia Series A preferred stock by the following quotient:

$$\text{Face Value} \times \text{EXP}$$

$$(\text{EXP} \times 0.7408) + (0.2396 \times (\text{EXP Trigger Price}))$$

where EXP = 10-day average price of Expedia common stock for the 10 days prior to the conversion date and the Trigger Price equals \$70.20 (the trigger price for the IAC Series A preferred stock after giving effect to the one-for-two reverse stock split) multiplied by a fraction equal to 50% of the opening price of Expedia common stock on the first trading day following the spin-off divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off.

Treatment of IAC Warrants

IAC has outstanding a number of series of warrants subject to different terms and conditions. Generally, IAC warrants will be treated one of two ways in the spin-off, as set forth below. Except as otherwise described below and except to the extent otherwise provided under local law, following the spin-off, the IAC and Expedia warrants, as the case may be, generally will have the same terms and conditions as the warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock had immediately prior to the spin-off.

Publicly Traded Warrants and Warrants Issued in the 2002 VUE Transaction

Each publicly traded warrant, and certain other warrants, including the warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction, among others, will convert in accordance with its terms into a warrant to purchase shares of IAC common stock and a warrant to purchase shares of Expedia common stock. From and after the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split:

the number of shares of IAC common stock subject to the IAC warrant will equal one half the number of shares of IAC common stock underlying the IAC warrant prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split;

the per share exercise price of the IAC warrant (rounded up to the nearest whole cent) will equal the per share exercise price of the IAC warrant prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split multiplied by a fraction equal to the opening price of IAC common stock on the first trading day after the date of the spin-off, divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off;

the number of shares of Expedia common stock subject to the Expedia warrant will equal one half the number of shares of IAC common stock underlying the IAC warrant prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split; and

the per share exercise price of the Expedia warrant will equal the per share exercise price of the IAC warrant (rounded up to nearest whole cent) prior to the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split multiplied by a fraction equal to the opening price of Expedia common stock on the first trading day after the date of the spin-off, divided by the closing price of IAC common stock on the date of the spin-off.

Privately Held Warrants Assumed by IAC in Past Transactions

In connection with prior acquisitions, IAC assumed certain warrants that were adjusted to become exercisable for IAC common stock. Following the spin-off, IAC will remain the contractually obligated party with respect to these warrants and each warrant will represent the right to receive upon exercise by the holders thereof that number of shares of IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that the warrant holder would have received had the holder exercised the warrant immediately prior to the spin-off. Under the separation agreement, Expedia will contractually assume the obligation to deliver Expedia common stock to these warrant holders upon exercise. In addition, immediately after the spin-off, Expedia will issue into an escrow account a number of shares of Expedia common stock sufficient to satisfy the obligation for future delivery of Expedia common stock to the holders of these warrants who elect to exercise their warrants. Under the terms of the escrow, any such shares of Expedia common stock that are not delivered to exercising warrant holders will be returned to Expedia upon the expiration of the warrants in accordance with their terms.

With respect to the warrant obligations to be retained by IAC, warrant holders will receive notice of the above-described adjustment to their warrants pursuant to their terms. Those warrants shall otherwise remain outstanding and subject to their respective warrant agreements.

IAC's Indebtedness

As of March 31, 2005, IAC had issued and outstanding (1) \$360.845 million principal face amount of 6³/₄% Senior Notes Due 2005 and (2) \$750 million principal face amount of 7% Senior Notes Due 2013. In connection with the spin-off, these Senior Notes will remain outstanding and continue to be an obligation of IAC. Expedia will have no obligations relating to these Senior Notes.

Subject to satisfaction of applicable closing conditions, upon consummation of the acquisition of Ask Jeeves, IAC will assume the \$115 million principal amount of Ask Jeeves, Inc. Zero Coupon

Convertible Notes Due June 1, 2008 and these notes (which prior to the acquisition are convertible into shares of Ask Jeeves common stock) will become convertible upon exercise by the holders into shares of IAC common stock based upon the exchange ratio in the IAC/Ask Jeeves merger agreement. Following the spin-off, IAC will remain the obligor with respect to the notes and each note will be convertible upon exercise by the holders into such number of shares of IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a note holder would have received had the holder converted its notes immediately prior to the spin-off. Under the separation agreement, Expedia will contractually assume the obligation to deliver Expedia common stock to the note holders upon conversion. In addition, immediately after the spin-off, Expedia will issue into an escrow account a number of shares of Expedia common stock sufficient to satisfy the obligation for future delivery of Expedia common stock to holders of notes who elect to convert their notes. Under the terms of the escrow, any such shares of Expedia common stock that are not delivered to converting holders of notes will be returned to Expedia at the maturity of the notes.

Post Spin-Off Expedia Financing Arrangements

In connection with the spin-off, it is anticipated that Expedia will enter into an unsecured credit facility of up to \$1 billion with various lenders, which will bear interest at a rate equal to a negotiated spread over LIBOR. The credit facility will contain customary warranties, covenants, and events of default. Expedia currently expects that it will draw approximately \$150 million under the credit facility concurrent with the completion of the spin-off.

Distribution of IAC and Expedia Securities Following the Spin-Off

Following the spin-off, reclassified IAC common stock and Expedia common stock will be issued electronically by way of direct registration, or in "uncertificated" form, which will eliminate the physical handling and safekeeping responsibilities inherent in owning transferable stock certificates and the need to return a duly executed stock certificate to effect a transfer. The Bank of New York will act as the registrar and transfer agent for IAC common stock and Expedia common stock after the spin-off. After the spin-off, you will be able to transfer shares of IAC common stock or Expedia common stock by mailing to The Bank of New York a transfer and assignment form, which The Bank of New York will provide to holders at no charge upon written request. Holders may request that their shares of IAC common stock or Expedia common stock be issued in certificated form by so indicating on the Letter of Transmittal or by requesting certificated shares in writing from The Bank of New York.

IAC Common Stock and IAC Class B Common Stock

In connection with the spin-off and on account of the one-for-two reverse stock split, certificates representing shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock prior to the spin-off will represent half the number of shares of IAC common stock and IAC Class B common stock (as applicable) after the spin-off.

Expedia Common Stock and Expedia Class B Common Stock

As promptly as practicable following the spin-off, Expedia's transfer agent will distribute shares of Expedia common stock to those persons who are holders of IAC common stock at 5:00 p.m. on the date of the spin-off by mailing physical certificates representing the shares or by crediting the shares to book-entry accounts established by the transfer agent.

As promptly as practicable following the spin-off, Expedia will distribute shares of Expedia Class B common stock to those persons who are holders of IAC Class B common stock at 5:00 p.m. on the date of the spin-off by mailing physical certificates representing the shares or by crediting the shares to book-entry accounts established by the transfer agent.

Elections of IAC Series A Preferred Stock and Distribution of Designated Election Following the Spin-Off

IAC will mail to each holder of IAC Series A preferred stock a Letter of Transmittal, Election Form and related instructions that will allow each holder to indicate whether the holder chooses to receive (1) \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, (2) the IAC common stock and Expedia common stock that a holder of IAC Series A preferred stock would have received had the holder converted its IAC Series A preferred stock into IAC common stock immediately prior to the spin-off or (3) one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

In order to receive their designated elections, holders must surrender their certificates representing shares of IAC Series A preferred stock along with their election forms. Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock must return their election forms no later than July 11, 2005. For the avoidance of doubt, holders of IAC Series A preferred stock should note that they will not be entitled to receive their elected consideration unless and until IAC completes the spin-off. Regardless of the submission of any form of election on the part of those holders, the IAC Board of Directors retains the ability to abandon the spin-off for any reason whatsoever.

Holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who have not made an affirmative election by July 11, 2005 will be treated as follows:

If holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares elect to receive \$50.00 in cash per share, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, then non-electing holders will be deemed to have elected to receive cash; or

If holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares do not elect to receive cash, then non-electing holders will be deemed to have elected to receive one share of IAC Series B preferred stock and one share of Expedia Series A preferred stock, each of which will mirror in all material respects the terms of the current IAC Series A preferred stock, as adjusted to reflect the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split.

For those holders of IAC Series A preferred stock who have not made an election, from and after the completion of the spin-off, certificates representing shares of IAC Series A preferred stock will be deemed to represent the default election described above, subject in all events to the surrender of those certificates.

IAC Warrants; Expedia Warrants

IAC's publicly traded warrants will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Subject to adjustment for the one-for-two reverse stock split and the spin-off, the IAC publicly traded warrants will remain outstanding in electronic, uncertificated form and will continue to be governed by their existing warrant agreements. In addition, Expedia will issue publicly traded Expedia warrants pursuant to adjustments to the IAC publicly traded warrants. These publicly traded Expedia warrants will be issued in electronic, uncertificated form without any action on the part of holders. At or prior to the completion of the spin-off, Expedia will deposit with Mellon Investor Services and The Bank of New York, the exchange and warrant agents for the Expedia publicly traded warrants, the new forms of warrant pursuant to the warrant agreements that will govern the Expedia warrants.

Warrants to purchase shares of IAC common stock issued in the 2002 VUE transaction will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Subject to adjustment for the one-for-two reverse stock split and the spin-off, the IAC warrants issued in the 2002 VUE transaction will remain outstanding and continue to be governed by their existing warrant agreements. In addition, Expedia will issue Expedia warrants pursuant to adjustments to the IAC warrants issued in the 2002 VUE transaction. These Expedia warrants will be issued in certificated form promptly following the

completion of the spin-off. At or prior to the completion of the spin-off, IAC will deposit with the applicable warrant agent the new forms of Expedia warrant.

All other IAC warrants will be adjusted as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. Warrant holders will receive notice of these adjustments pursuant to the terms of the warrants. These warrants will otherwise remain outstanding and subject to their respective warrant agreements.

Listing and Trading of IAC Securities

IAC common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq National Market under the ticker symbol "IACI" and will continue to do so after the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split). Those IAC warrants that currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbol "IACIW" will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market following the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split) under the ticker symbol "IACIW." Those IAC warrants that currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbol "IACIZ" will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market following the spin-off (as adjusted in connection with the spin-off and the one-for-two reverse stock split) under the ticker symbol "IACIZ." IAC intends to seek to have the shares of IAC Series B preferred stock, if any, quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol "IACIP.OC." In order to do so, a broker-dealer in securities in the United States may be required to file with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. a notice that will enable the broker-dealer to enter quotations for the IAC Series B preferred stock on the OTC Bulletin Board. There can be no assurance that a broker-dealer will file such a notice or, if filed, that quotations will be accepted on the OTC Bulletin Board. Further, there can be no assurance that if a broker-dealer commences to enter bid and asked quotations for the IAC Series B preferred stock on the OTC Bulletin Board that a viable and active trading market will develop.

Listing and Trading of Expedia Securities

Expedia has applied to list Expedia common stock on The Nasdaq National Market and has reserved the ticker symbol "EXPE." Expedia also has applied to list on The Nasdaq Stock Market the two series of Expedia warrants whose predecessor securities currently trade on The Nasdaq Stock Market under the ticker symbols "IACIW" and "IACIZ." These new Expedia warrants are expected to trade under the ticker symbols "EXPEW" and "EXPEZ." Trading in Expedia common stock and Expedia warrants under those symbols is expected to begin on the first business day following the date that IAC completes the spin-off. Expedia intends to seek to have the shares of Expedia Series A preferred stock, if any, quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol "EXPEP.OC" in the same manner that IAC intends to seek to have its preferred stock listed. However, there can be no assurance that a viable and active trading market will develop.

Relationship Between IAC and Expedia after the Spin-Off

Following the spin-off, the relationship between IAC and Expedia will be governed by a number of agreements. These agreements include:

- a separation agreement;
- a tax sharing agreement;
- an employee matters agreement; and
- a transition services agreement

IAC and Expedia have attached forms of the separation agreement, the tax sharing agreement, the employee matters agreement and the transition services agreement as appendices to this proxy

statement/prospectus, and the summaries of these documents that follow are qualified in their entirety by reference to the full text of those documents.

Separation Agreement

The separation agreement provides that IAC will, immediately prior to the spin-off, contribute or otherwise transfer to Expedia all of the subsidiaries and assets primarily related to IAC's travel and travel-related businesses (other than Interval International and TV Travel Shop, which IAC will retain) and TripAdvisor. In general, IAC will effect the transfer of Expedia assets through a series of contributions of relevant IAC subsidiaries. Similarly, Expedia or one of its subsidiaries will assume all of the liabilities primarily relating to IAC's travel and travel-related businesses, as described above, and TripAdvisor immediately prior to the spin-off. Expedia has agreed to take each Expedia asset and to assume and perform each Expedia liability on an "as is, where is" basis, and IAC has made no representations or warranties with respect to any aspect of the Expedia assets or the Expedia liabilities.

Other matters governed by the separation agreement include the assumption by Expedia of the obligations to deliver shares of Expedia common stock upon conversion of the Zero Coupon Convertible Notes Due June 1, 2008 to be assumed by IAC in the Ask Jeeves acquisition and upon the exercise of certain IAC warrants, insurance and related reimbursement arrangements, provision and retention of records, access to information and confidentiality, cooperation