ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC/DE Form 10-Q May 07, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For quarterly period ended: March 31, 2002

Commission File number: 1-9429

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

36-2467474

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

17022 South Figueroa Street, Gardena, California 90248

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(310) 538-4932

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

	N/A
(Former name, former address and	d former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all report 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periot to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	ports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act od that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject
	Yes ý No o
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s	classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Class	Outstanding at March 31, 2002
Common Shares (\$.01 stated value)	12,762,780 Shares
	Total Pages 17

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

INDEX

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1 - Financial Statements</u>

Consolidated Balance Sheets -

March 31, 2002 (Unaudited) and June 30, 2001

Consolidated Statements of Income/(Loss), Comprehensive Income/(Loss) and Accumulated Deficit - Three Months and Nine Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 (Unaudited)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows -

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 (Unaudited)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2 - Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

SIGNATURES

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		March 31, 2002 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2001	
<u>ASSETS</u>		,		
Current assets:				
	\$	97,100	ф 20	,000
Cash Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$103,900 and	ф	97,100	\$ 28	,000
\$99,200, respectively (Notes 5 and 6)		5,022,500	5,260	,700
Current portion of notes receivable		60,300	62	,300
Inventories (Notes 2, 5 and 6)		6,586,700	7,138	,300
Deferred income taxes, net (Note 10)		310,100	541	,300
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		494,500	349	,100
Total current assets		12,571,200	13,379	,700
Notes receivable, less current portion		313,500	311	,800
Investment in Partnership		108,700	113	,800
Property, plant and equipment, net (Notes 3, 5 and 6)		15,362,400	16,129	,600
Intangible assets, net (Notes 1 and 4)		320,200	4,460	,600
Other assets		79,800	105	,300
	\$	28,755,800	\$ 34,500	,800
<u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUIT</u> Y				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)	\$	944,300		,300
Accounts payable		1,808,300	2,429	
Accrued liabilities (Note 7)		888,800	811	,400
Total current liabilities		3,641,400	4,185	,600
Bank line of credit (Note 5)		243,200	1,100	,000
Long-term debt, less current portion (Note 6)		5,588,000	6,296	,200
Deferred income taxes, net (Note 10)		2,511,500	2,611	,900

Total liabilities	11,984,100	14,193,700
Stockholders equity: Common stock, stated value \$.01: authorized 20,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 12,761,253 and 12,761,398 shares, respectively, net of treasury shares		
(Note 9)	23,207,500	23,203,100
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(117,300)	(91,400)
Accumulated deficit	(6,318,500)	(2,804,600)
Total stockholders equity	16,771,700	20,307,100
	\$ 28,755,800 \$	34,500,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME/(LOSS), COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) AND ACCUMULATED DEFICIT

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
	March 31,			March 31,			
	2002		2001		2002		2001
Net sales	\$ 9,368,100	\$	9,904,500	\$	26,884,000	\$	29,650,700
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of goods sold	6,722,500		7,432,500		20,034,400		22,861,100
Gross profit	2,645,600		2,472,000		6,849,600		6,789,600
Selling, general and and administrative							
expenses	1,967,600		1,894,600		5,680,700		5,765,100
T (0) C							
Income/(loss) from operations	678,000		577,400		1,168,900		1,024,500
Other (expense)/income:							
Interest expense	(111,700)	(178,100)	(361,200)	(585,400)
Other income/(expense), net	37,800		26,000		125,200		23,000
Total other expenses	(73,900)	(152,100)	(236,000)	(562,400)
Income/(loss) before income taxes and							
cumulative effect of change in	604.100		425.200		022 000		462 100
accounting principle for goodwill Income tax (provision)/benefit (Note	604,100		425.300		932,900		462,100
10)	(210,000)	(164,500)	(340,900)	(196,200)
Income/(loss) before cumulative effect	(210,000	,	(101,500	,	(5 10,500	,	(170,200)
of change in accounting principle for							
goodwill	394,100		260,800		592,000		265,900
Cumulative effect of change in							
accounting principle for goodwill (Notes 1 and 4)					(4,105,900)	
Net income/(loss)	394,100		260,800		(3,513,900)	265,900
	394,100		200,800		(3,313,900)	203,900
Other comprehensive income/(loss),							
before tax:							
Cumulative effect of adoption of SFAS							100 100
133 Unrealized holding gain/(loss) arising							109,400
during the period	11,700		(102,300)	(173,000)	(260,200)
Less: Reclassification adjustments for	11,700		(102,300	,	(173,000	,	(200,200)
losses/(gains) included in net							
income/(loss)	53,400		800		129,800		(10,400)
Total other comprehensive	<i>(5.</i> 100		(101.500	`	(42.200	`	(1(1,200)
income/(loss) before tax Income tax (provision)/benefit related	65,100		(101,500)	(43,200)	(161,200)
to items of other comprehensive							
income/(loss)	(26,000)	40,600		17,300		64,500
	39,100		(60,900)	(25,900)	(96,700)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME/(LOSS), COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) AND ACCUMULATION OF INCOME/(LOSS).

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Total other comprehensive							
income/(loss), net of tax							
Comprehensive income/(loss)	\$ 433,200	\$	199,900	\$	(3,539,800)\$	169,200
Accumulated deficit, beginning of							
period	\$ (6,712,600)\$	(2,762,600)\$	(2,804,600)\$	(2,767,700)
Net income/(loss)	394,100		260,800		(3,513,900)	265,900
Accumulated deficit, end of period	\$ (6,318,500)\$	(2,501,800)\$	(6,318,500)\$	(2,501,800)
Net Income/(loss) per common share							
(Note 11):							
Basic and diluted		_		_		_	_
Income/(loss) before cumulative effect	\$.03	\$.02	\$.05	\$.02
Cumulative effect of change in							
accounting principle for goodwill					(.32)	
Net income/(loss)	\$.03	\$.02	\$	(.27)\$.02
Weighted average number of common							
and common equivalent shares							
outstanding:							
Basic	12,766,944		12,799,326		12,779,033		12,855,848
Diluted	12,766,944		12,799,326		12,779,033		12,870,218

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Basic and diluted 7

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended March 31,

		Iviai C	11 51,	
		2002		2001
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net (loss)/income	\$	(3,513,900)	\$	265,900
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ť	(0,010,000)	Ψ	200,500
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for goodwill		4,105,900		
Depreciation and amortization		1,666,500		2,004,500
(Gain)/loss on sale of equipment		(15,000)		4,100
Deferred income tax provision		209,000		145,000
Provision for doubtful accounts		72,500		75,700
Changes in assets and liabilities:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,
Decrease in accounts receivable		15,700		769,500
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		551,600		(175,800)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets		(145,400)		(198,700)
Decrease/(increase) in other assets		25,500		(252,300)
Decrease in accounts payable		(100,700)		(251,700)
Decrease in accrued liabilities		(26,700)		(283,100)
		, ,		, , ,
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,845,000		2,103,100
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Repayments on notes receivable, net		150,300		111,100
Capital expenditures		(864,800)		(848,200)
Distribution from investment in partnership		5,100		5,700
Proceeds from sale of equipment		15,000		2,900
Net cash used in investing activities		(694,400)		(728,500)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings under line of credit		4,436,200		7,764,000
Repayments under line of credit		(5,293,000)		(8,286,300)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt				6,050,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(708,200)		(6,788,300)
Payment of common stock dividend		(520,900)		(200)
Repurchases of common stock		(45,400)		(111,400)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		49,800		2,000
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,081,500)		(1,370,200)
Net increase in cash		69,100		4,400
		*		*

Cash at beginning of period	28,000	20,800
Cash at end of period	\$ 97,100	\$ 25,200
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 369,700	\$ 605,100
Income taxes	\$ 150,800	\$ 156,200
Non-cash investing activity:		
Conversion of accounts receivable to notes receivable	\$ 150,000	\$
Non-cash financing activity:		
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	\$ 25,900	\$ 96,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ROTONICS MANUFACTURING INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1-INTERIM REPORTING:

The interim financial information included herein is unaudited. This information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of operating results for the interim periods. This interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the Rotonics Manufacturing Inc. (the Company) Annual Report as filed on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Rotocast Plastic Products of Tennessee, Inc. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) of the Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) issued a new release (EITF 00-10) at the end of July 2000 regarding the classification of freight and handling costs billed to customers. EITF 00-10 required freight and handling costs billed separately on an invoice to be included as part of Sales on the Statement of Income. In addition, the preferred classification of freight and handling costs expensed on the Statement of Income is to include them in Cost of Sales. The Company adopted this requirement during the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 and reclassifications have been made for prior periods presented. There was no impact on net income as a result of the adoption of EITF 00-10.

In June 2001, the FASB approved two new pronouncements: Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 applies to all business combinations with a closing date after June 30, 2001. This Statement eliminates the pooling-of-interests method of accounting and further clarifies the criteria for recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill.

SFAS No. 142 eliminates the amortization of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets and initiates an annual review for impairment. Identifiable intangible assets with a determinable useful life will continue to be amortized. The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 effective July 1, 2001, which required the Company to cease amortization of its remaining net goodwill balance and to perform a transitional goodwill impairment test as of July 1, 2001, and thereafter an impairment test at least annually and record an adjustment when the fair value of our reporting unit, including goodwill, is less than its carrying value. The Company was permitted six months from the adoption date to complete a review of goodwill for impairment and record necessary adjustments prior to the end of fiscal 2002. We engaged a national valuation specialist to assist with the determination of the estimated fair value of our reporting unit as of July 1, 2001. To determine fair value, valuation models involving guideline public companies, acquisition analysis and discounted cash flows were relied upon. As such, under the assessment

guidelines of SFAS No. 142 and the SEC s guidance that the Company s quoted market price is the most efficient mechanism for estimating fair value, their findings indicated that the estimated fair value of our reporting unit was less than its carrying value. As such, the Company completed the transitional goodwill impairment test in accordance with SFAS No. 142 and wrote-off effective July 1, 2001 its remaining net goodwill of \$4,105,900 as a non-cash cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. Goodwill amortization expense was \$243,600 and \$81,200 for the nine months and three months ended March 31, 2001, respectively.

For illustrative purposes the following unaudited proforma information gives the effect of the adoption of SFAS No. 142 on prior periods.

		Three Mon	ths End	led		Nine Month	s End	led	
		Marc	h 31,			March	March 31,		
		2002		2001		2002		2001	
Reported net income before									
accounting change	\$	394,100	\$	260,800	\$	592,000	\$	265,900	
Cumulative effect of change in						(4.105.000)			
accounting principle for goodwill						(4,105,900)			
Net income/(loss)		204.100		260,000		(2.512.000)		265,000	
ret meome/(loss)		394,100		260,800		(3,513,900)		265,900	
Add back goodwill amortization				01.200				242.600	
rad back goodwin amortization				81,200				243,600	
Proforma net income/(loss)	ф	204.100	ф	242.000	Ф	(2.512.000)	Ф	500 500	
1 Totolina net income/(toss)	\$	394,100	\$	342,000	Ъ	(3,513,900)	\$	509,500	
Basic and diluted earnings per									
share:									
Reported net income/(loss)									
before accounting change	\$.03	\$.02	\$.05	\$.02	
Cumulative effect of change in						(22)			
accounting principle for goodwill Net income/(loss)		02		- 02		(.32)		02	
Tet meome/(1033)		.03		.02		(.27)		.02	
Goodwill amortization				01				02	
Proforma net income/(loss)	Ф	02	Ф	.01	Ф	(27)	Ф	.02	
1 10101111a net medite/(1088)	\$.03	\$.03	\$	(.27)	\$.04	
				6					

In September 2001, the FASB approved pronouncement SFAS No. 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 144 supersedes SFAS No. 121 Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of as well as Accounting Principle Board Opinion No. 30 Reporting the Results of Operations Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual, and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions. SFAS No. 144 not only retains the requirements of SFAS No. 121 to recognize an impairment loss if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable from its undiscounted cash flows, but also establishes a single accounting method for assets to be disposed of and broadens the presentation of discounted operations to include more disposal transactions. SFAS No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 2 - INVENTORIES:

Inventories consist of:

	March 31, 2002 \$ 1,935,400 \$			
Raw materials	\$ 1,935,400 \$	2,353,300		
Finished goods	4,651,300	4,785,000		
	\$ 6,586,700 \$	7,138,300		

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

Property, plant and equipment consist of:

	1	March 31, 2002	June 30, 2001
Land	\$	1,039,500 \$	1,039,500
Buildings and building improvements		5,041,300	5,009,900
Machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures		26,637,700	25,911,000
Construction in progress		27,100	4,900
		32,745,600	31,965,300
Less - accumulated depreciation		(17,383,200)	(15,835,700)
	\$	15,362,400 \$	16,129,600

NOTE 4 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

Intangible assets consist of:

March 31,	June 30,
2002	2001
\$ 475,700 \$	475,700
(155,500)	(121,000)
320,200	354,700
	7,457,500
	(3,351,600)
	4,105,900
\$ 320,200 \$	4,460,600
	\$ 475,700 \$ (155,500) 320,200

Goodwill 13

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 is as follows:

Nine Months Ended

March 31,

Balance as of June 30, 2001	\$ 4,105,900
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for goodwill	(4,105,900)
Balance as of March 31, 2002	\$

The Company s reporting unit was reviewed for goodwill impairment in conjunction with the adoption of SFAS No. 142. Due to the disparity between the Company s estimated fair value and its carrying value, a goodwill impairment loss of \$4,105,900 was recognized as a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle as of July 1, 2001. The fair value of the reporting unit was estimated using conservative valuation models involving guideline public companies, acquisition analysis and discounted cash flows as well as the Company s market capitalization.

Aggregate amortization expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 was \$34,500.

NOTE 5 - BANK LINE OF CREDIT:

The Company has a \$5,000,000 revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank. The line matures October 1, 2003 and is secured by the Company s machinery and equipment, accounts receivable and inventories. Interest is payable monthly at the bank s prime rate minus .25%. The applicable bank s prime rate at March 31, 2002 was 4.5% per annum. The loan agreement allows the Company to convert the outstanding principal balance in amounts no less than \$250,000 to a LIBOR-based loan for periods up to 90 days. At March 31, 2002, total borrowings under the Company s line of credit was \$243,200 of which none was borrowed under the LIBOR option. Proceeds from the loan were used for working capital purposes. At March 31, 2002, the Company had approximately \$4,756,800 available for future borrowings under the revolving line of credit.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt consists of:

March 31, June 30,

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		2002	2001		
Note payable - Bank	(A)	\$ 4,825,600 \$	5,473,800		
Note payable - Bank	(B)	1,706,700	1,766,700		
		6,532,300	7,240,500		
Less current portion		(944,300)	(944,300)		
		\$ 5,588,000 \$	6,296,200		

⁽A) On October 1, 2000, the bank issued a \$6,050,000 seven year note due in monthly principal installments of \$72,000 plus interest at the bank s prime rate minus .25% (4.5% per annum at March 31, 2002). In addition, the loan agreement allows the Company to convert all or a portion of the outstanding principal to a LIBOR-based loan for periods up to one year. At March 31, 2002, the total outstanding principal balance was under the LIBOR option at 3.15% per annum maturing April 15, 2002. The note is secured by the Company s machinery and equipment, accounts receivable and inventories and matures October 15, 2007.

At March 31, 2002 the Company had available a term-loan commitment in the amount of \$2,000,000 for future machinery and equipment purchases. Advances under the line will be subject to monthly interest only payments at the bank s prime or LIBOR interest rate options until October 1, 2002 at which time amounts borrowed will convert to a sixty-month fully amortizable loan.

(B) In July 1998, a \$2,000,000 real estate loan secured by the Company s Bensenville, Illinois and Gainesville, Texas properties was issued to Wells Fargo Bank. This note replaced the 1994 real estate loan issued in connection with the purchase of the Bensenville, Illinois property. The note is due in monthly principal installments of approximately \$6,700 plus interest at the bank s prime rate minus .25% (4.5% per annum at March 31, 2002), or LIBOR interest rate option on a twenty-five year amortization with the outstanding principal due on July 1, 2008. At March 31, 2002, the total outstanding principal was under the LIBOR option at 3.15% per annum maturing April 15, 2002.

Effective July 15, 1998, the Company initiated an interest rate swap agreement with the bank. The agreement allows the Company to fix a portion of its outstanding term and line of credit debt (\$5 million as of March 31, 2002) from a variable floating LIBOR rate to a fixed LIBOR rate in efforts to protect against future increases in the bank s LIBOR rate. The agreement matures July 15, 2003.

NOTE 7 ACCRUED LIABILITIES:

Accrued liabilities consists of:

	Ma	rch 31,	June 30,
		2002	2001
Salaries, wages, commissions and related payables	\$	447,600 \$	463,000
Other		441,200	348,400
	\$	888,800 \$	811,400

NOTE 8 - STOCK OPTION PLAN:

The Company has a stock option plan which allows, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, for the granting of options to key employees, officers, directors, and consultants of the Company to purchase 1,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. Under the terms and conditions set forth in the plan, the exercise price of the stock options will be at least 85% of the fair market value of the Company s common stock on the grant date. The maximum term for options granted under the plan is five years. The plan expires June 12, 2004.

The options outstanding as of March 31, 2002 are exercisable at prices ranging from \$0.9375-\$1.1875 (fair market value at the date of grant). The outstanding options are exercisable as follows: 185,000 shares 100% exercisable, and 15,000 shares exercisable August 2002. At March 31, 2002, the Company had 737,500 shares available for future grants.

Stock Option Activity:

	Outstanding	Weighted Average
	Shares	Price Per Share
Balance outstanding at June 30, 2001	307,500 \$	1.0084
Exercised	(57,500) \$	0.8668
Cancelled	(50,000) \$	0.8750
Balance outstanding at March 31, 2002	200,000 \$	1.1000

NOTE 9 - COMMON STOCK:

Treasury stock is recorded at cost. At March 31, 2002, treasury stock consisted of 1,527 shares of common stock at a cost of \$1,500 and at June, 30, 2001, treasury stock consisted of 864 shares of common stock at a cost of \$700.

The Company reinstated its buyback program in the latter part of September 2000. The Company continues to actively pursue acquiring its common shares during Fiscal 2002 as long as the market value per share continues to be under recognized by the stock market. In fiscal 2002, the Company has acquired and subsequently retired 50,131 shares of common stock at a total cost of \$37,100.

On June 12, 2001, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$.04 per common share which was paid on July 13, 2001 to stockholders of record on June 27, 2001. This marks the fifth payment of dividends since 1996 on the Company s common stock.

On November 8, 2001, the Company initiated an Odd Lot Program to offer shareholders who own fewer than 100 shares of the Company s common stock to sell such shares for a \$1.00 per share. The Program initially ran from November 8, 2001 thru March 31, 2002 and was recently extended to expire on June 28, 2002. As of March 31, 2002, the Company has acquired 8,226 shares of common stock at a total cost of \$8,200.

NOTE 10 - INCOME TAXES:

The components of the income tax provision were:

	For the three months ended				For the nine months ended			
	March 31,			Marc				
	2002		2001	2002		2001		
Current:								
Federal	\$ (65,100)	\$	(14,600) \$	(65,100)	\$	(15,100)		
State	(32,400)		(10,100)	(66,800)		(36,100)		
	(97,500 ₎		(24,700)	(131,900)		(51,200)		
Deferred:								
Federal	(112,900)		(151,500)	(219,000)		(161,300)		
State	400		11,700	10,000		16,300		
	(112,500)		(139,800)	(209,000)		(145,000)		
	\$ (210,000)	\$	(164,500) \$	(340,900)	\$	(196,200)		

At March 31, 2002, the Company had net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards of approximately \$7,053,200 for state income tax purposes. The NOL carryforwards, which are available to offset taxable income of the Company and are subject to limitations should a change in ownership as defined in the Internal Revenue Code occur, will begin to expire in 2002 if not utilized.

At March 31, 2002, the Company also had a federal alternative minimum tax (AMT) credit of approximately \$412,500 which is available to offset future federal income taxes once the Company is no longer subject to an alternative minimum tax for federal income tax purposes. Under current projections, management fully utilized the federal AMT credit in Fiscal 2002.

NOTE 11 - COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic and diluted earnings per share have been computed in accordance with SFAS No. 128 Earnings per Share , using the treasury stock method for applicable common stock options when computing diluted earnings per share.

The tables below details the components of the basic and diluted earning per share (EPS) calculations:

		nree months ended March 31, 2002				ree months ended March 31, 2001		
		GI.		EPS		GI.		EPS
Basic EPS	Income	Shares	Ai	mount	Income	Shares	An	nount
Net income	\$ 394,100	12,766,944	\$.03	\$ 260,800	12,799,326	\$.02
Effect of dilutive stock options				(1)				(1)
Diluted EPS	\$ 394,100	12,766,944	\$.03 (1)	\$ 260,800	12,799,326	\$.02(1)
			10					

Nine months ended March 31, 2002

Nine months ended March 31, 2001

					EPS			E	EPS
	(L	oss)/Income	Shares Amount		Income Shares		Amount		
Basic EPS									
Net income before accounting change	\$	592,000	12,779,033	\$.05	\$ 265,900	12,855,848	\$.02
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for goodwill		(4,105,900)			(.32)				
Net (loss)/income		(3,513,900)	12,779,033		(.27)	265,900	12,855,848		.02
Effect of dilutive stock options					(1)		14,370		
Diluted EPS	\$	(3,513,900)	12,779,033	\$	(.27)(1)	\$ 265,900	12,870,218	\$.02

⁽¹⁾ Common stock equivalents are omitted in the earnings per share calculations due to their anti-dilutive effect.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Introduction

To the extent that this 10-Q Quarterly Report discusses matters which are not historical, including statements regarding future financial results, information or expectation about products or markets, or otherwise makes statements about future events, such statements are forward-looking and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the statements made. These include, among others, fluctuations in costs of raw materials and other expenses, costs associated with plant closures, downturns in the markets served by the Company, the costs associated with new product introductions, as well as other factors described under this Item 2, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations , and Footnote 1 to Financial Statements.

Results of Operations - Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001

Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2002 decreased 5.4 % to \$9,368,100 compared to \$9,904,500 for the same period last year. Although this dip reflects the economic slowdown that has gripped our Country, the Company s sales volumes have improved by 18.2 % in comparison to last quarter s sales volumes. This quarter-to-quarter increase in sales volumes provided a positive indication that market conditions are slowly improving which coupled with management s heavy focus on product development projects should continue to have a positive impact on future results.

Cost of goods sold improved by 3.2% to 71.8% of net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to 75% for the same period last year. Management is pleased with this notable reduction in comparative costs. Management has been very proactive in its efforts to improve and sustain acceptable gross margins in correlation with current market conditions. As such, current operations have benefited from improved efficiencies, streamlined operations and workforce reductions.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$1,967,600, or 21% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared with \$1,894,600, or 19.1% of net sales for the same period last year. The increase is attributed to the lower sales volumes as well as an increase in marketing costs of \$142,600, consistent with management s product development efforts, net of the elimination of goodwill amortization which amounted to \$81,200.

Total interest expense decreased \$66,400 to \$111,700 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$178,100 for the same period last year. The decrease is primarily related to the \$2,495,400 decrease in the Company s debt structure compared to March 31, 2001 coupled with the falling interest rate environment. These factors, along with the Company s continuing ability to generate sufficient cash flows to service its debt structure, will continue to have a positive effect on reducing future interest costs.

Income taxes were \$210,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$164,500 for the same period last year. The disparity is consistent with the 42% increase in income before taxes between the two periods. As of March 31, 2002, the Company determined that it has

fully utilized its available alternative minimum tax credit. As such, the Company anticipates it will begin to incur additional current federal income tax liability in conjunction with future pretax earnings.

Net income increased \$133,300 to \$394,100, or three cents per common share, for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$260,800, or two cents per common share, for the same period last year. Even though market conditions are still in the recovery stage management is pleased with the Company s sales volume improvements coupled with the improved efficiencies and ongoing cost containment efforts which have successfully minimized these adverse market conditions. In addition, the Company further benefited in the current period from the cost reductions relating to interest expense and goodwill amortization as previously mentioned. These efforts in unison with management s marketing and product development endeavors for both its custom molding and proprietary product lines should continue to have a positive impact on future results as the economy continues to recover.

Results of Operations Nine Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001

Net sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 decreased 9.3% to \$26,884,000 compared to \$29,650,700 for the same period last year. Again, the reduction in comparative sales volumes is directly related to the economic slowdown our nation is experiencing. However, management is pleased that the gap in sales volumes continues to close and is optimistic this trend will continue during the fourth quarter as the economy slowly recovers. Management has also been actively involved in several product development projects during this time that they believe will have a positive impact on future results.

Cost of goods sold improved by 2.6% to 74.5% of net sales for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared to 77.1% for the same period last year. Management is pleased with the notable reduction in comparative costs. Management has been very proactive in its efforts to improve and sustain acceptable gross margins in correlation with current market conditions. As such, current period gross margins have benefited from improved efficiencies, streamlined operations and workforce reductions.

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$5,680,700, or 21.1% of net sales, for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared with \$5,765,100, or 19.4% of net sales, for the same period last year. The comparative percentage increase is attributed to the lower sales volume. However, overall SG&A costs have decreased by \$84,400 which is primarily attributed to the elimination of goodwill amortization in the amount of \$243,600 net of increases in marketing and wage costs of \$124,400 which is consistent with management s product development efforts.

Total interest expense decreased \$224,200 to \$361,200 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$585,400 for the same period last year. The decrease is primarily related to the \$2,495,400 decrease in the Company s debt structure compared to March 31, 2001 coupled with the falling interest rate environment. These factors, along with the Company s ability to generate sufficient cash flows to service its debt structure, will continue to have a positive effect on reducing future interest costs.

Income taxes were \$340,900 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$196,200 for the same period last year. The disparity is consistent with the 102% increase in income before income taxes and cumulative effort of change in accounting principle for goodwill. As of March 31, 2002, the Company has determined that it has fully utilized its available alternative minimum tax credit. As such, the Company anticipates it will begin to incur additional current federal income tax liability in conjunction with future pretax earnings.

Net income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for goodwill increased \$326,100 to \$592,000, or five cents per common share, for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared to net income of \$265,900, or two cents per common share, for the same period last year. Even though market conditions are still in the recovery stage, management is pleased with the Company s sales volume improvements during the current year coupled with the improved efficiencies and ongoing cost containment efforts that have successfully minimized these adverse market conditions. In addition, the Company further benefited in the current year from the cost reductions relating to interest expense and goodwill amortization as previously mentioned. These efforts in unison with management s marketing and product development endeavors for both its custom molding and proprietary product lines should continue to have a positive impact on future results as the economy continues to recover.

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle for Goodwill

The Company recorded an adjustment effective July 1, 2001 to reflect the impact of adopting SFAS No. 142 amounting to a reduction of intangible assets of \$4,105,900. This amount is reflected in net loss for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 as a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for goodwill. The adjustment represents a write down of the Company s net goodwill based on a review of the Company s goodwill for impairment. Under the assessment guidelines of SFAS No. 142 and the SEC s guidance that the Company s quoted market price is the most efficient mechanism for estimating fair value it was determined the fair value of the Company s reporting unit was less than its carrying value. Although the assumptions used to estimate fair value may not be indicative of future results, the Company s goodwill has been reduced to zero and will not require future impairment analysis.

13

Financial Conditions

Working capital decreased \$264,300 to \$8,929,800 at March 31, 2002 compared to \$9,194,100 at June 30, 2001. The decrease is primarily related to overall reductions in accounts receivable, inventories and accounts payable which is consistent with current operations and lower sales volumes. Cash flows from operations increased by \$741,900 to \$2,845,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$2,103,100 for the same period last year. The increase is attributed to the \$326,100 improvement in net income before cumulative change in accounting principle between the two periods as well as the cash flows generated from net reductions in inventories. Cash flows from operations continue to show strength allowing the Company to meet its cash flow requirements, pay the \$.04 common stock dividend declared in June 2001, and reduce its debt structure by \$1,565,00 since June 30, 2001.

The Company expended \$864,800 for the property, plant and equipment (PP&E) during the nine months ended March 31, 2002. This is consistent with prior year s expenditures and is in line with current year s PP&E budget. The Company anticipates expending \$1.2 million on capital expenditures in fiscal 2002. The primary emphasis will be on new tooling and tooling modifications to enhance future revenues and customer satisfaction, additional equipment for our mold shop and a new injection molding machine to increase productivity.

Net borrowings under the line of credit decreased \$856,800 to \$243,200 between June 30, 2001 and March 31, 2002. The decrease is attributed to the excess cash flows generated from operations. At March 31, 2002, the Company had \$4,756,800 available for future borrowings under the line of credit.

Effective October 1, 2001, the bank extended the maturity date on the line of credit to October 1, 2003 and reduced the total borrowings available under the line of credit from \$7,000,000 to \$5,000,000. Management agreed to the bank s request to reduce the line of credit borrowing limit after reviewing current cash flow projections which do not currently forecast requirements to exceed the revised \$5,000,000 limit. Management and the bank agreed verbally that the borrowing limit would revert back to its original amount (\$7,000,000) if circumstances arose that would warrant the need for additional borrowings. Management also decided not to advance on the \$1,200,000 term loan commitment and instead requested the bank to issue a new term loan commitment in the amount of \$2,000,000 which will expire on October 1, 2002.

On June 12, 2001, the Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$.04 per common share which was paid on July 13, 2001 to stockholders of record on June 27, 2001. This marked the fifth payment of dividends since 1996 on the Company s stock. The Board of Directors has committed themselves to annually review a dividend program for the Company s common stock.

Cash flows from operations in conjunction with the Company s revolving line of credit and machinery and equipment loan commitment are expected to meet the Company s needs for working capital, capital expenditures, common stock repurchases and repayment of long-term debt for the foreseeable future.

The Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) of the Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) issued a new release (EITF 00-10) at the end of July 2000 regarding the classification of freight and handling costs billed to customers. EITF 00-10 required freight and handling costs billed separately on an invoice to be included as part of Sales on the Statements of Income. In addition, the preferred classification of freight and handling costs expensed on the Statements of Income is to include them in Cost of Sales. The Company adopted this requirement during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001 and reclassifications have been made for all prior periods presented. There was no impact on net income as a result of the adoption of EITF 00-10.

Financial Conditions 25

In June 2001, the FASB approved two new pronouncements: Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 applies to all business combinations with a closing date after June 30, 2001. This Statement eliminates the pooling-of-interests method of accounting and further clarifies the criteria for recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill.

14

Financial Conditions 26

SFAS No. 142 eliminates the amortization of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets and initiates an annual review for impairment. Identifiable intangible assets with a determinable useful life will continue to be amortized. The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 effective July 1, 2001, which required the Company to cease amortization of its remaining net goodwill balance and to perform a transitional goodwill impairment test as of July 1, 2001 and thereafter an impairment test at least annually and record an adjustment when the fair value of our reporting unit, including goodwill, is less than its carrying value. The Company was permitted six months from the adoption date to complete a review of goodwill for impairment and record necessary adjustments prior to the end of fiscal 2002. The Company engaged a national valuation specialist to assist with the determination of the estimated fair value of our reporting unit. To determine fair value, valuation models including guideline public companies, acquisition analysis and discounted cash flows were relied upon. As such, under the assessment guidelines of SFAS No. 142 and the SEC s guidance that the Company s quoted market price is the most efficient mechanism for estimating fair value, their findings indicated that the estimated fair value of our reporting unit was less than its carrying value. The Company completed the transitional goodwill impairment test in accordance with SFAS No. 142, and wrote-off effective July 1, 2001 its remaining net goodwill of \$4,105,900 as a non-cash cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. Goodwill amortization expense was \$243,600 and \$81,200 for the nine months and three months ended March 31, 2001, respectively.

In September 2001, the FASB approved pronouncement SFAS No. 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 144 supersedes SFAS No. 121 Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of as well as Accounting Principle Board Opinion No. 30 Reporting the Results of Operations Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual, and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions. SFAS No. 144 not only retains the requirements of SFAS No. 121 to recognize an impairment loss if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable from its undiscounted cash flows, but also establishes a single accounting method for assets to be disposed of and broadens the presentation of discounted operations to include more disposal transactions. SFAS No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

Item 2a. Disclosures about Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

Information regarding the Company s market risk relating to interest rate volatility was disclosed in the Company s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001 and should be read in conjunction with this interim financial information. Since June 30, 2001, there has been no significant change in the Company s exposure to market risks.

15

			ROTONICS MA	NUFACTURING IN	C.	
			PART II. OTH	ER INFORMATION	I	
Item 6.	<u>Exhibit</u>	s and Reports on Form 8-K				
	(a)	<u>Exhibits</u>				
		None.				
	(b)	Reports on Form 8-K				
		None.				
				16		
		None.		16		

Interest Rate Risk 28

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Rotonics Manufacturing Inc.

Registrant

Date May 3, 2002 /s/ SHERMAN MCKINNISS

Sherman McKinniss Chairman of the Board

Date: May 3, 2002 /s/ ROBERT E. GAWLIK

Robert E. Gawlik President and

Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 3, 2002 /s/ DOUGLAS W. RUSSELL

Douglas W. Russell Chief Financial Officer

17

Interest Rate Risk 29