# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

## FORM 10-Q

# $x$ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

OR
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

# Orchids Paper Products Company 

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

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## 4826 Hunt Street

Pryor, Oklahoma 74361
(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)
(918) 825-0616
(Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirement for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o
Accelerated filer x
Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule $12 \mathrm{~b}-2$ of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares outstanding of the issuer s Common Stock, par value $\$ .001$ per share, as of April 25, 2014: 8,072,559 shares.

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Financial Statements

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)


See notes to unaudited interim financial statements.

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## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31,  <br> 2014 2013 <br> (unaudited) (unaudited) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 27,759 | \$ | 26,609 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales |  | 21,741 |  | 20,082 |
| Gross profit |  | 6,018 |  | 6,527 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 2,179 |  | 2,273 |
| Operating income |  | 3,839 |  | 4,254 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense |  | 13 |  | 93 |
| Other (income) expense, net |  | 1 |  | (5) |
| Income before income taxes |  | 3,825 |  | 4,166 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for income taxes: |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  | 1,421 |  | 1,005 |
| Deferred |  | (239) |  | 68 |
|  |  | 1,182 |  | 1,073 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 2,643 | \$ | 3,093 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.39 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Shares used in calculating net income per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | 8,063,322 |  | 7,674,350 |
| Diluted |  | 8,153,007 |  | 7,894,785 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share | \$ | 0.35 | \$ | 0.30 |

See notes to unaudited interim financial statements.

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (Dollars in thousands)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 (unaudited) |  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 (unaudited) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 2,643 | \$ | 3,093 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 2,211 |  | 1,895 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts |  | 1 |  | (12) |
| Deferred income taxes |  | (239) |  | 68 |
| Stock compensation expense |  | 165 |  | 69 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment |  | 8 |  |  |
| Changes in cash due to changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  | 964 |  | $(1,025)$ |
| Inventories |  | $(1,915)$ |  | (597) |
| Income taxes receivable |  |  |  | (222) |
| Prepaid expenses |  | 112 |  | 107 |
| Other current assets |  | 146 |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | (59) |  | (335) |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 776 |  | 1,177 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 4,813 |  | 4,218 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment |  | $(1,778)$ |  | $(2,726)$ |
| Purchases of short-term investments |  | (2) |  | (2) |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | $(1,780)$ |  | $(2,728)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities |  |  |  |  |
| Principal payments on long-term debt |  | (288) |  | (288) |
| Dividends paid to stockholders |  | $(2,825)$ |  | $(2,337)$ |
| Proceeds from the exercise of stock options |  | 79 |  | 799 |
| Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised |  | 20 |  | 135 |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(3,014)$ |  | $(1,691)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | \$ | 19 | \$ | (201) |
| Cash, beginning |  | 7,205 |  | 5,734 |
| Cash, ending | \$ | 7,224 | \$ | 5,533 |
| Supplemental Disclosure: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest paid | \$ | 87 | \$ | 93 |
| Income taxes paid | \$ | 300 | \$ |  |
| Tax benefits realized from stock options exercised | \$ | 16 | \$ | 40 |

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## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1 Basis of Presentation

Orchids Paper Products Company ( Orchids or the Company ) was formed in 1998 to acquire and operate the paper manufacturing facility, built in 1976, in Pryor, Oklahoma. Orchids Acquisition Group, Inc. ( Orchids Acquisition ) was established in November 2003, for the purpose of acquiring the common stock of Orchids. The sale of equity and debt securities closed in March 2004 and Orchids Acquisition Group, Inc. acquired Orchids for a price of $\$ 21.6$ million. Orchids Acquisition was subsequently merged into Orchids. In July 2005, the Company completed its initial public offering of its common stock. The Company s stock trades on the NYSE MKT under the ticker symbol TIS.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP ) in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations. However, the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading when read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 6, 2014. Management believes that the financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. All adjustments were of a normal, recurring nature. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire fiscal year.

## Note 2 Fair Value Measurements

The Company does not report any assets or liabilities at fair value in the financial statements. However, the estimated fair value of the Company s short-term investments, which consist of commercial deposits in money market funds, was $\$ 5,037,000$ and $\$ 5,035,000$ at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. These short-term investments are considered Level 1 measurements in the fair value valuation hierarchy. The fair value of the Company s long-term debt is estimated by management to approximate the carrying value of $\$ 14,791,000$ and $\$ 15,079,000$ at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Management s estimates are based on periodic comparisons of the characteristics of the Company s obligations, including floating interest rates, credit rating, maturity and collateral, to current market conditions as stated by an independent third-party financial institution. Such valuation inputs are considered a Level 2 measurement in the fair value valuation hierarchy.

There were no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 assets or liabilities during the first three months in 2014 or 2013.

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## Note 3 Commitments and Contingencies

The Company may be involved from time to time in litigation arising from the normal course of business. In management sopinion, as of the date of this report, the Company is not engaged in legal proceedings which individually or in the aggregate are expected to have a materially adverse effect on the Company s results of operations or financial condition.

In October 2008, the Company entered into a contract to purchase 334,000 MMBTU per year of natural gas. This contract has been extended through December 2016 and provides for approximately $60 \%$ to $70 \%$ of the Company s natural gas requirements through December 31, 2016 as follows:

| Period |  |  | Price per <br> MMBTU |  | Management <br> fee per <br> MMBTU |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Mpril 2012 - March 2013 | MMBTUs | $\$$ | 5.50 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| April 2013 - December 2014 | 334,207 | 556,886 | $\$$ | 4.905 | $\$$ |  |
| April 2013 - September 2013 | additional 5,000/month | $\$$ | 4.70 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| October 2013 - March 2014 | additional 5,000/month | $\$$ | 4.75 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| April 2014 - December 2014 | additional 5,000/month | $\$$ | 4.70 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| January 2015 - March 2015 | 95,900 | $\$$ | 4.50 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| April 2015 - June 2015 | 93,600 | $\$$ | 4.30 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| July 2015 - September 2015 | 92,300 | $\$$ | 4.35 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| October 2015 - December 2015 | 91,900 | $\$$ | 4.50 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| January 2016 - March 2016 | 95,900 | $\$$ | 4.53 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| April 2016 - June 2016 | 93,600 | $\$$ | 4.17 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| July 2016 - September 2016 | 92,300 | $\$$ | 4.26 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |
| October 2016 - December 2016 | 91,900 | $\$$ | 4.42 | $\$$ | 0.07 |  |

Purchases under the gas contract were $\$ 0.5$ million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. If the Company is unable to purchase the contracted amounts and the market price at that time is less than the contracted price, the Company would be obligated under the terms of the agreement to reimburse an amount equal to the difference between the contracted amount and the amount actually purchased, multiplied by the difference between the contract price and current spot price.

In November 2013, we announced two projects to upgrade our paper making and converting assets: a project to replace two existing paper machines with a new paper machine in our paper mill, and a project to upgrade an existing converting line. As part of these projects, we entered into purchase orders to: (i) purchase a tissue machine, (ii) purchase a converting rewinder and (iii) for construction services for the new paper machine. As of March 31, 2014, our obligations under these purchase orders total $\$ 12.0$ million. The purchase order to purchase a tissue machine is denominated in Euros. The amounts included herein were translated to US dollars using the spot exchange rate as of March 31, 2014.

## Note 4 Inventories

Inventories at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows:

|  | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |  | December 31, <br> 2013 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (in thousands) |  |  |

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## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## Note 5 Income Taxes

As of March 31, 2014, our annual estimated effective income tax rate is $31.1 \%$. The actual effective tax rate for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 was $30.9 \%$. The annual estimated effective tax rate for 2014 differs from the statutory rate due primarily to manufacturing tax credits. For the quarter ended March 31, 2013, our actual effective income tax rate was $25.8 \%$. The annual estimated effective tax rate for 2013 is lower than the statutory rate due primarily to manufacturing tax credits and Indian employment tax credits ( IECs ). Recognition of the IEC for 2012 was deferred until the first quarter of 2013 as the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, which extended the IEC, was not signed into law by the President of the United States until 2013.

## Note 6 Earnings per Share

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company granted restricted stock to certain employees. These awards include a nonforfeitable right to receive dividends and therefore are considered to participate in undistributed earnings with common shareholders. Therefore, the Company calculates basic and diluted earnings per common share using the two-class method, under which net earnings are allocated to each class of common stock and participating security. The computation of basic and diluted net income per common share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31,2014 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income - (\$ thousands) | \$ | 2,643 | \$ | 3,093 |
| Less: distributed earnings allocable to participating securities |  | (2) |  | (5) |
| Less: undistributed earnings allocable to participating securities |  |  |  | (1) |
| Distributed and undistributed earnings allocable to common shareholders | \$ | 2,641 | \$ | 3,087 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted average shares outstanding |  | 8,063,322 |  | 7,674,350 |
| Effect of stock options |  | 89,685 |  | 220,435 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding - assuming dilution |  | 8,153,007 |  | 7,894,785 |
| Net income per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.39 |
| Stock options not considered above because they were anti-dilutive |  |  |  |  |

Note 7 Stock Incentive Plan

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In April 2005, the board of directors and the stockholders approved the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan (the Plan ). The Plan provides for the granting of stock options and other stock based awards to employees and board members selected by the board s compensation committee. A total of $1,097,500$ shares may be issued pursuant to the Plan. As of March 31, 2014, there were 21,416 shares available for issuance under the Plan.

Stock Options with Time-Based Vesting Conditions

The grant date fair value of the following option grants was estimated using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. Option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. The following table details the options granted to certain members of the board of directors and management that were valued using the Black-Scholes valuation model and the assumptions used in the valuation model for those grants during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

| Grant | Number <br> of Shares | Exercise <br> Price | Grant Date <br> Fair Value | Risk-Free <br> Interest Rate | Estimated <br> Volatility | Dividend <br> Yield | Expected <br> Life |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February-13 | 3,750 | $\$$ | 21.695 | $\$$ | 5.68 | $2.02 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $4.61 \%$ |
| 5 | years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Company expenses the cost of these options granted over the vesting period of the option based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

Stock Options with Market-Based Vesting Conditions

During the first quarter of 2014, the Board of Directors granted options to purchase 140,000 shares of the Company s common stock to certain members of management. These options will become exercisable in four equal tranches, if at all, if and when the share price of the common stock closes at a certain percentage of the purchase price of the option for three consecutive business days, in accordance with the following vesting schedule:

| Share price closes at or above the following percentage of the purchase price for the Option <br> (January 31, 2014 grant) | Share price closes at or above the following percentage of the purchase price for the Option <br> (February 4, 2014 grant) |  | Share price equivalent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111.8\% | 112.7\% | \$ | 34.788 |
| 136.1\% | 137.1\% | \$ | 42.350 |
| 165.2\% | 166.5\% | \$ | 51.425 |
| 194.4\% | 195.9\% | \$ | 60.500 |

Any unvested portion of the options shall expire five years from the date of grant and the options shall terminate ten years after the date of grant. As these options include a market condition, the grant date fair value and implicit service period of these option grants were estimated using a Monte Carlo option valuation model. The following table details the options granted to certain members of management that were valued using the Monte Carlo valuation model and the assumptions used in the valuation model for those grants during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

| Grant Date | Number of Shares | Exercise Price |  | Grant Date <br> Fair Value |  | Risk-Free Interest Rate | Estimated <br> Volatility | Dividend Yield | Expected <br> Life (years) | Derived Service Period (years) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February 14 - Tranche 1 | 25,000 | \$ | 30.88 | \$ | 5.51 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.60\% | 5.17 | 0.35 |
| February 14 - Tranche 2 | 25,000 | \$ | 30.88 | \$ | 5.35 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.60\% | 5.60 | 1.19 |
| February 14 - Tranche 3 | 25,000 | \$ | 30.88 | \$ | 4.88 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.60\% | 5.99 | 1.98 |
| February 14 - Tranche 4 | 25,000 | \$ | 30.88 | \$ | 4.15 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.60\% | 6.27 | 2.54 |
| January 14 - Tranche 1 | 10,000 | \$ | 31.125 | \$ | 5.64 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.50\% | 5.15 | 0.31 |
| January 14 - Tranche 2 | 10,000 | \$ | 31.125 | \$ | 5.46 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.50\% | 5.58 | 1.15 |
| January 14 - Tranche 3 | 10,000 | \$ | 31.125 | \$ | 5.03 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.50\% | 5.97 | 1.94 |
| January 14 - Tranche 4 | 10,000 | \$ | 31.125 | \$ | 4.27 | 1.98\% | 31\% | 4.50\% | 6.25 | 2.5 |

The Company expenses the cost of these options granted over the implicit, or derived, service period of the option based on the grant-date fair value of the award.

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The Company recognized expense of $\$ 151,000$ and $\$ 49,000$ for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, related to options granted under the Plan. The expense for 2014 was comprised almost entirely of expense related to market-based options. Based on the derived service periods of the options, the Company expects to recognize expense of $\$ 474,000, \$ 187,000$ and $\$ 40,000$ related to these options in 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively. However, if the market condition is achieved for any tranche of these options prior to the end of the derived service period, all remaining expense related to that tranche would be recognized in the period in which the market condition is achieved.

## Restricted Stock

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company granted 16,000 shares of restricted stock to certain employees under the Plan. These awards were valued at the arithmetic mean of the high and low market price of the Company stock on the grant date, which was $\$ 21.695$ per share, and vest ratably over a three year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date. During 2013, 8,000 of these shares were forfeited. Accordingly, the first third of the remaining shares, or 2,666 shares, vested in February 2014. The Company expenses the cost of restricted stock granted over the vesting period of the shares based on the grant-date fair value of the award. The Company recognized expense of $\$ 14,000$ and $\$ 19,000$ for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, related to the shares granted under the Plan.

## Note 8 Major Customers and Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company sells its paper production in the form of parent rolls and converted products. Revenues from converted product sales and parent roll sales in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were:

## Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 2013

(in thousands)

| Converted product net sales | $\$$ | 26,154 | $\$$ | 24,608 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Parent roll net sales |  | 1,605 |  | 2,001 |
| Net sales | $\$$ | 27,759 | $\$$ | 26,609 |

Credit risk for the Company in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was concentrated in the following customers who each comprised more than $10 \%$ of the Company s total net sales:

## Three Months Ended March 31, <br> 20142013

| Converted product customer 1 | $51 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Converted product customer 2 | $*$ | $10 \%$ |
| Converted product customer 3 | $11 \%$ | $*$ |
| Converted product customer 4 | $10 \%$ | $*$ |
| Total percent of net sales | $72 \%$ | $62 \%$ |

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At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 the four significant customers accounted for the following amounts of the Company s accounts receivable (in thousands):

|  | March 31, <br> 2014 |  | December 31, <br> 2013 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Converted product customer 1 | $\$$ | 2,070 | $37 \%$ | $\$, 678$ | $41 \%$ |  |
| Converte product customer 2 |  | $*$ | $*$ | $\$$ | 1,012 | $15 \%$ |
| Converted product customer 3 | $\$ 12$ | $13 \%$ | $*$ | $*$ |  |  |
| Converted product customer 4 | $\$$ | 383 | $7 \%$ | $*$ | $*$ |  |
| Total of accounts receivable | $\$$ | 3,165 | $57 \%$ | $\$$ | 3,690 | $56 \%$ |

[^1]
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## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## Note 9 New Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) periodically issues new accounting standards in a continuing effort to improve standards of financial accounting and reporting. We have reviewed the recently issued pronouncements and concluded that there are no recently issued accounting pronouncements that the Company has yet to adopt that are expected to have a material effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## Note 10 Subsequent Events

## Schoen Option

On April 9, 2014, the Company held a Special Meeting of Shareholders (the Special Meeting ), at which the Company s shareholders voted to approve the option agreement granted to Mr. Jeffrey S. Schoen, the Company s President and Chief Executive Officer, on November 8, 2013. Under this agreement, Mr. Schoen was granted an option to purchase up to 400,000 shares of the common stock of the Company at a purchase price of $\$ 30.25$ per share. The option will become exercisable, if at all, if and when the share price of the Company s common stock closes at a certain percentage of the purchase price of the option for three consecutive business days, in accordance with the following vesting schedule:

Share price closes at or above the following percentage of the purchase price for the Option Number of shares that become vested

| $115 \%$ (share price $\$ 34.788$ ) | 100,000 |
| :---: | :--- |
| $140 \%$ (share price $\$ 42.35$ ) | 100,000 |
| $170 \%$ (share price $\$ 51.425$ ) | 100,000 |
| $200 \%$ (share price $\$ 60.50$ ) | 100,000 |

These options were granted outside of the Stock Incentive Plan. Any unvested portion of the option shall expire five years from the date of grant and the option shall terminate ten years after the date of grant. The Company used a Monte Carlo option valuation model to estimate the grant date fair value of each tranche of 100,000 options, as they include a market condition. The Company will expense the cost of the options granted over the implicit service period of the options based on the completed Monte Carlo models. Based on the derived service periods of the options, the Company expects to recognize expense of $\$ 1.1$ million, $\$ 557,000$ and $\$ 159,000$ related to these options in 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively.

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The grant of the Schoen option, along with the grant of the options that vest based on a market condition in the first quarter of 2014 as described above in Note 7 , will have a material impact on the Company s results of operations. The Company expects to expense the compensation cost associated with these options based on the following schedule:

|  | Q1 |  | 2014 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q4 } \\ \text { (in thousands) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $2014$Total |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2015 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tranche 1 | \$ | 96 | \$ | 422 | \$ | 194 | \$ |  | \$ | 712 | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Tranche 2 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 141 | \$ | 141 | \$ | 141 |  | 449 | \$ | 243 | \$ |  |
| Tranche 3 | \$ | 15 | \$ | 76 | \$ | 76 | \$ | 75 |  | 242 | \$ | 303 | \$ | 58 |
| Tranche 4 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 49 | \$ | 49 | \$ | 50 |  | 158 | \$ | 198 | \$ | 140 |
| Total expense | \$ | 147 | \$ | 688 | \$ | 460 | \$ | 266 | \$ | 1,561 | \$ | 744 | \$ | 198 |

However, if the market condition is achieved for any tranche of these options prior to the end of the derived service period, all remaining expense related to that tranche would be recognized in the period in which the market condition is achieved.

## 2014 Stock Incentive Plan

Additionally, the Company s stockholders voted to approve the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan ( the 2014 Plan ) at the Special Meeting. As of the adoption and approval of the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan, no further grants can be made under the 2005 Plan and the remaining 21,416 shares available under the 2005 Plan will be rolled into and allocated to the 2014 Plan to satisfy all future equity awards which will be granted under the 2014 Plan. The 2014 Plan allocated an aggregate of 400,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the Plan, which includes the 21,416 shares rolled over from the 2005 Plan. Equity awards granted under the 2005 Plan will continue in full force and effect under the terms of the 2005 Plan and are not changed or modified.

## Amendment to Credit Agreement

On April 16, 2014, the Company and JPMorgan Chase Bank entered into the First Amendment to the Credit Agreement dated April 25, 2011. This amendment had the following impacts on the Credit Agreement (the Agreement ):

- The revolving credit line, which was set to expire on April 24, 2014, was extended to April 24, 2016,
- The amount of borrowing capacity under the revolving credit line was reduced from $\$ 18$ million to $\$ 15$ million,
- The fixed charge coverage ratio was modified to exclude up to $\$ 31$ million of capital expenditures incurred in connection with the acquisition of the new paper mill and the upgrade of an existing converting line, as previously announced in November 2013,
- The maximum capital expenditures covenant was removed, and
- The letter of credit sub-facility was removed so that no letters of credit shall be issued under the Agreement.


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ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## Forward-Looking Information

The following Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to, among other things:

- our business strategy;
- the market opportunity for our products, including expected demand for our products;
- our estimates regarding our capital requirements; and
- any of our other plans, objectives, and intentions contained in this report that are not historical facts.

These statements relate to future events or future financial performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, should, could, expects, plans, intends, anticipates, believes, estimates, potential or continue or the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. These statements are only predictions.

You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that are, in some cases, beyond our control and that could materially affect actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Factors that could materially affect our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements include, but are not limited to, those detailed under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, as filed with the SEC on March 6, 2014, and include the following items:

- intense competition in our markets and aggressive pricing by our competitors could force us to decrease our prices and reduce our profitability;
- a substantial percentage of our converted product revenues are attributable to a small number of customers who may decrease or cease purchases at any time;
- disruption in our supply or increase in the cost of fiber;
- increased competition in our region;


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- changes in our retail trade customers policies and increased dependence on key retailers in developed markets;
- excess supply in the market may reduce our prices;
- the availability of, and prices for, energy;
- failure to purchase the contracted quantity of natural gas may result in financial exposure;
- our exposure to variable interest rates;
- the loss of key personnel;
- labor interruption;
- natural disaster or other disruption to our facilities;
- ability to finance the capital requirements of our business;
- cost to comply with existing and new laws and regulations;
- failure to maintain an effective system of internal controls necessary to accurately report our financial results and prevent fraud;
- the parent roll market is a commodity market and subject to fluctuations in demand and pricing;
- indebtedness limits our free cash flow and subjects us to restrictive covenants relating to the operation of our business;
- an inability to continue to implement our business strategies; and
- inability to sell the capacity generated from our converting lines.

If any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary significantly from what we projected. Any forward-looking statement you read in the following Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations reflects our current views with respect to future events and is subject to the risks listed above and other risks, uncertainties, and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy, and liquidity. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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## Overview

We are an integrated manufacturer of tissue products serving the private label, or at-home market. We produce bulk tissue paper, known as parent rolls, and convert parent rolls into finished products, including paper towels, bathroom tissue and paper napkins. We sell parent rolls not required by our converting operation to other converters. Our core customer base consists of dollar stores and other discount retailers that offer a limited selection across a broad range of products at everyday low prices in a smaller store format. We have focused on the dollar stores (which are also referred to as discount retailers) and the broader discount retail market because of their overall market growth, consistent order patterns and low number of stock keeping units ( SKUs ). The at-home tissue market consists of several quality levels, including a value tier, $\mathrm{mid} /$ premium tier and ultra-premium tier.

While our historical business strategy was focused on the value tier market, primarily due to the dollar stores concentration of product offerings in that market and, to some extent, limitations of certain manufacturing equipment, we have systematically invested in manufacturing assets to improve quality, expand our product offerings and strengthen our position as a low cost manufacturer in the mid/premium tier market. This began with the investment in a new paper machine in 2006 which provided the opportunity to produce parent rolls for value tier and $\mathrm{mid} /$ premium tier converted products and improved our cost structure. Further, we undertook an expansion project that included the purchase and installation of a new converting line and the construction of a new converted product warehouse in mid-2010. This project had three main objectives: increase the capacity of our converting operation, provide the capability to produce higher-quality mid/premium tier converted products and reduce warehousing costs by centralizing all warehousing and shipping. In November of 2013, we announced projects to further increase our capacity to produce higher-quality mid/premium tier converted products and increase the flexibility of our manufacturing operation, including replacing two existing paper machines with a new paper machine and upgrading an existing converting line. While we have customers located throughout the United States, most of our products are distributed within an approximate 900 -mile radius of our Oklahoma facility. However, our sales efforts are focused on an area within approximately 500 miles of our facility in northeast Oklahoma, which includes Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Nebraska and Iowa, as we believe this radius maximizes our freight cost advantage over our competitors. Because we are one of the few tissue paper manufacturers in this area, we typically have lower freight costs to our customers distribution centers located in our target region. At-home tissue market growth has historically been closely correlated to population growth and as such, performs well in a variety of economic conditions. Our target region has experienced strong population growth for the past thirteen years relative to the national average, and these trends are expected to continue.

Our products are sold primarily under our customers private labels and, to a lesser extent, under our brand names such as Colortex $\circledR$, My Size ${ }^{\circledR}$, Velvet ${ }^{\circledR}$, Big Mopper ${ }^{\circledR}$, Linen Soft $®$, Soft \& Fluffy ${ }^{\circledR}$, Tackle $®$ and Noble ${ }^{\circledR}$. All of our converted product revenue is derived through truck load purchase orders from our customers. Parent roll revenue is derived from purchase orders that generally cover a one-month time period. We do not have supply contracts with any of our customers, which is normal practice within our industry. Because our product is a daily consumable item, the order stream from our customer base is fairly consistent with generally no significant seasonal fluctuations. However, we typically experience some mild seasonal softness in the first and fourth quarters of each year, primarily due to the effects of winter weather on consumers buying habits and occasional effects of holidays on shipping schedules. Changes in the national economy, in general, do not materially affect the market for our converted products.

Our profitability depends on several key factors, including but not limited to:

- the volume of converted product sales;
- the cost of fiber used in producing paper;


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- the market price of our products;
- the efficiency of operations in both our paper mill and converting facility; and
- the cost of energy.

The private label market of the tissue industry is highly competitive, and many discount retail customers are extremely price sensitive. As a result, it is difficult to affect price increases. We expect these competitive conditions to continue.

## Background

Since June 2006, when we began operations of a new paper machine, our paper-making capacity of approximately 57,000 tons per year has exceeded the demand requirements of our converting operations. We sell the excess supply into the market in the form of parent rolls. We adjust our paper making production based on our internal converting needs for parent rolls and the open market demand for parent rolls. Parent rolls are a commodity product and thus are subject to market pricing. We plan to continue to sell any excess parent roll capacity on the open market as long as market pricing is profitable. When converting production requirements exceed paper mill capacity, we will purchase bulk rolls in the open market to meet those converting requirements.

Our parent rolls are converted into paper towels, bathroom tissue and napkins in our adjacent converting facility. Our converting lines currently have a total annual estimated capacity of approximately 70,000 tons of finished tissue products, depending upon the mix of converted products produced, including the product configurations. Our strategy is to sell all of our parent roll capacity as converted products, which generally carry higher margins than non-converted parent rolls. To help achieve that goal, we are placing significant focus on improving our sales efforts to sell all of our converting capacity. In addition, we continue to focus considerable efforts to improve our converting efficiencies.

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Our strategy is to expand our position as a low cost provider of high-quality private label tissue products to the growing discount retail channel while leveraging our competitive advantages to increase our presence in the mid/premium tier and ultra-premium tier markets within the discount retail channel as well as other retail channels. We expect to accomplish this strategy through the expansion of our product offerings through new product development, investment in manufacturing equipment that is able to produce higher-quality products, our continued high service levels and increased total manufacturing capacity.

We are implementing this strategy through our key initiatives set forth below:

- maintain and strengthen our core customer relationships;
- improve the product quality of our higher tier offerings to meet and or exceed customers required attributes;
- increase our flexibility to meet a wider array of customer needs;
- further expand our customer base in other retail channels; and
- continue to improve operating efficiencies and reduce manufacturing costs.

We continue to focus our efforts on growth of our converted product sales and expansion of our product offerings through development of $\mathrm{mid} /$ premium tier and ultra-premium tier products. The following graph shows shipments of our mid/premium tier and ultra-premium tier products as a percentage of total cases shipped:

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Since our inception in 1998, we have strategically expanded capacity and capability in both paper manufacturing and finished product converting to meet market demand and customers quality requirements. In 2010, we increased our annual converting capacity with the installation of a new converting line, which, along with other strategic investments, increased our annual converting capacity to approximately 70,000 tons per year, depending upon the mix of converted products produced, including the product configurations. This additional converting capacity has enabled us to both increase sales of existing products and to provide the flexibility to manufacture higher tier products for sales to our core customer base and into new retail channels. In 2014, we plan to upgrade one of our converting lines to further improve manufacturing flexibility and capacity in our converting operation.

Although we have an annual estimated converting capacity of approximately 70,000 tons, our in-house supply of parent rolls provides enough to convert approximately 57,000 tons. In order to convert at an annual capacity above approximately 57,000 tons, we would have to supplement our supplies by purchasing parent rolls in the open market, which we believe would have an unfavorable impact on our gross profit margin. In 2015, we plan to complete a project that replaces two existing paper machines in our paper mill with a new machine that is expected to increase our annual paper mill capacity to over 70,000 tons. This machine will produce a broader range of paper grades that are utilized in manufacturing value and mid/premium tier products. The machine is expected to begin production in early 2015 , with full utilization by mid-2015. We expect to purchase approximately 3,800 tons of parent rolls in the open market during the time the two machines are being dismantled and the new machine becomes operational. This process is expected to last from late September of 2014 through February of 2015.

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## Comparative Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

## Net Sales

## Three Months Ended March 31, 20142013 <br> (in thousands, except tons)

| Converted product net sales | $\$$ | 26,154 | $\$$ | 24,608 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Parent roll net sales | 1,605 |  | 2,001 |  |
| Net sales | $\$$ | 27,759 | $\$$ | 26,609 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Converted product tons shipped |  | 12,234 | 11,922 |  |
| Parent roll tons shipped | 1,786 | 1,941 |  |  |
| Total tons shipped | 14,020 | 13,863 |  |  |

Net sales in the quarter ended March 31, 2014, increased $4 \%$ to $\$ 27.8$ million, compared to $\$ 26.6$ million in the same period of 2013. Net sales figures represent the gross selling price, including freight, less discounts and pricing allowances. The increase in net sales is due to a $\$ 1.5$ million increase in net sales of converted product which was partially offset by a $\$ 396,000$ decrease in parent roll net sales.

Net sales of converted product increased in the quarter ended March 31, 2014, by $\$ 1.5$ million, or $6 \%$, to $\$ 26.2$ million compared to $\$ 24.6$ million in the same period last year. The increase in net sales of converted product is the result of a $3 \%$ increase in the tonnage shipped and a $4 \%$ increase in the net selling price per ton. The increase in converted product tonnage shipped and the net selling price per ton is primarily due to increased sales of our mid/premium tier product lines to both existing and new customers.

Net sales of parent rolls decreased $\$ 396,000$, or $20 \%$, to $\$ 1.6$ million in the quarter ended March 31,2014 , compared to $\$ 2.0$ million in the same period last year. Net sales of parent rolls decreased due to the higher requirements by our converting operation resulting in less excess paper available to sell in parent roll form. The higher converting requirements are due to the increased sales of converted product. Tonnage shipments decreased $8 \%$, while the net selling price per ton of parent rolls decreased $13 \%$.

## Cost of Sales

## Three Months Ended March 31,

## 2014 <br> 2013

(in thousands, except gross profit margin \% and paper cost per ton consumed)

| Cost of paper | $\$$ | 11,726 | $\$$ | 10,520 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-paper materials, labor, supplies, etc. | 7,806 |  | 7,669 |  |
| Sub-total |  | 19,532 |  | 18,189 |
| Depreciation | 2,209 | 1,893 |  |  |
| Cost of sales | $\$$ | 21,741 | $\$$ | 20,082 |

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| Gross profit | $\$$ | 6,018 | $\$$ | 6,527 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross profit margin \% |  | $21.7 \%$ |  | $24.5 \%$ |
| Total paper cost per ton consumed | $\$$ | 740 | $\$$ | 729 |

The major components of cost of sales are the cost of internally produced paper, raw materials, direct labor and benefits, freight costs of products shipped to customers, insurance, repairs and maintenance, energy, utilities and depreciation.

Cost of sales increased $\$ 1.7$ million, or $8 \%$, to $\$ 21.7$ million, compared to $\$ 20.1$ million in the same period of 2013, due to the previously discussed higher net sales amounts and higher fiber costs during the quarter. As a percentage of net sales, cost of sales increased to $78.3 \%$ in the 2014 quarter from $75.5 \%$ in the 2013 quarter. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales for the first quarter of 2014 was unfavorable to the prior year quarter due to higher converting overhead costs, higher fiber costs and lower parent roll prices being partially offset by lower labor and paper production costs per unit.

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Our overall cost of paper in the first quarter of 2014 was $\$ 740$ per ton, an increase of $\$ 11$ per ton compared to the same period in 2013. Paper production costs increased primarily due to higher fiber costs and higher repair and maintenance costs. Fiber costs increased due to higher prices of fiber and a higher percentage of virgin fiber utilized to meet the quality characteristics of our mid/premium tier products. Average fiber prices across our fiber basket increased approximately $9 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the same quarter in 2013, thereby increasing our cost of sales by approximately $\$ 305,000$ in the quarter-over-quarter comparison. Maintenance and repair costs in the paper mill were approximately $\$ 93,000$ higher in the 2014 quarter than in the prior year quarter. A lower than normal operating rate in the U.S. tissue sector resulted in a downward pressure on parent roll prices, which negatively affected our operating margin by about $\$ 235,000$ in the quarter-over-quarter comparison.

Excluding the effects of depreciation and external warehousing costs, converting production costs on a per unit basis were higher in the 2014 quarter compared to the 2013 quarter, primarily due to repair and maintenance and other overhead costs incurred in our converting operation. Maintenance and repair costs increased $\$ 174,000$ compared to the same quarter in 2013. The Company also incurred $\$ 304,000$ of outside warehousing expense during the 2014 quarter, compared to $\$ 175,000$ incurred during the 2013 quarter, due to increased operating efficiencies in the converting operation, which led to higher inventory levels.

## Gross Profit

Gross profit in the quarter ended March 31,2014 , decreased $\$ 509,000$, or $8 \%$, to $\$ 6.0$ million compared to $\$ 6.5$ million in the same period last year. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales in the 2014 quarter was $21.7 \%$ compared to $24.5 \%$ in the 2013 quarter. The gross profit decrease as a percent of net sales was primarily the result of higher fiber costs, higher overhead costs in our converting operation and lower parent roll selling prices.

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

|  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Three Months Ended March 31, } \\ \text { 2013 }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands, except SG\&A as a \% of net sales) |  |  |  |$]$

Selling, general and administrative expenses include salaries, commissions to brokers and other miscellaneous expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased $\$ 94,000$, or $4 \%$, in the quarter ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013 primarily due to lower accruals under our incentive bonus program, lower artwork and design fees and lower expenses related to director s stock options, which were partially offset by higher professional fees and higher commission expense due to the improved level of converted product sales. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to $7.8 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014 compared to $8.5 \%$ in the same period of 2013.

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## Operating Income

As a result of the foregoing factors, operating income for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, was $\$ 3.8$ million compared to operating income of $\$ 4.2$ million for the same period of 2013.

## Interest Expense and Other Income

|  |  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | (in thousands) | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |  |
|  | $\$$ |  | 13 | $\$$ | 93 |
| Interest expense | $\$$ | 1 | $\$$ | $(5)$ |  |
| Other (income) expense, net | $\$$ | 3,825 | $\$$ | 4,166 |  |

Interest expense includes interest on all debt and amortization of deferred debt issuance costs. Interest expense decreased $\$ 80,000$ to $\$ 13,000$ in the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to $\$ 93,000$ in the quarter ended March 31, 2013 primarily due to capitalization of $\$ 73,000$ of interest on significant projects during the quarter and lower average borrowing levels.

## Income Before Income Taxes

As a result of the foregoing factors, income before income taxes decreased $\$ 341,000$ to $\$ 3.8$ million in the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to $\$ 4.2$ million in the same period in 2013.

## Income Tax Provision

As of March 31, 2014, our annual estimated effective income tax rate is $31.1 \%$. For the quarters ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, our actual effective income tax rates were $30.9 \%$ and $25.8 \%$, respectively. The annual estimated effective tax rate in 2014 is higher than the 2013 effective tax rate due to the expiration of the Indian employment tax credit ( IEC ) at the end of 2012 and the end of 2013. Recognition of a $\$ 222,000$ IEC for 2012 was deferred until the first quarter of 2013 as the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, which extended the IEC through 2013, was not signed into law by the President of the United States until 2013. Therefore, the IEC for both 2012 and 2013 were recorded in the 2013 effective tax rate. Additionally, no IEC has been recognized in the 2014 estimated effective tax rate, as the IEC expired at the end of 2013 and has not been extended for 2014. The annual estimated effective income tax rate for 2014 is lower than the statutory rate due primarily to manufacturing tax credits. The annual estimated effective income tax rate for 2013 is lower than the statutory rate due primarily to manufacturing tax credits and IECs, including the 2012 IEC that was deferred until 2013.

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## Future Expected Stock Option Expense

In the first quarter of 2014, the Board of Directors granted options to purchase 140,000 shares of the Company s common stock to certain members of management. Additionally, on April 9, 2014, the Company s shareholders approved the option to purchase 400,000 shares of the Company s common stock granted to Mr. Jeffrey S. Schoen, the Company s President and Chief Executive Officer, on November 8, 2013. These options will become exercisable in four equal tranches, if at all, if and when the share price of the common stock closes at a certain percentage of the purchase price of the option for three consecutive business days, in accordance with the following vesting schedule:


In order to align the interests of the management team, the share price percentages for all options granted in 2014 were selected so all grants have the same share price equivalent for each Tranche. The grant of these options will have a material impact on the Company s future results of operations and on the comparability of the Company s results from period to period. The Company expenses the cost of these options granted on a straight-line basis over the implicit, or derived, service period of the option based on the grant-date fair value of the award. The Company expects to expense the compensation cost associated with these options based on the following schedule:

|  | 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2014 |  | 2015 <br> Total |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2016 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 |  | Q2 |  | Q3 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q4 } \\ \text { (in thousands) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tranche 1 | \$ | 96 | \$ | 422 | \$ | 194 | \$ |  | \$ | 712 | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Tranche 2 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 141 | \$ | 141 | \$ | 141 |  | 449 | \$ | 243 | \$ |  |
| Tranche 3 | \$ | 15 | \$ | 76 | \$ | 76 | \$ | 75 |  | 242 | \$ | 303 | \$ | 58 |
| Tranche 4 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 49 | \$ | 49 | \$ | 50 |  | 158 | \$ | 198 | \$ | 140 |
| Total expense | \$ | 147 | \$ | 688 | \$ | 460 | \$ | 266 | \$ | 1,561 | \$ | 744 | \$ | 198 |

However, if the market condition is achieved for any tranche of these options prior to the end of the derived service period, all remaining expense related to that tranche would be recognized in the period in which the market condition is achieved.

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## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity refers to the liquid financial assets available to fund our business operations and pay for near-term obligations. These liquid financial assets consist of cash and short-term investments as well as unused borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility. Our cash requirements have historically been satisfied through a combination of cash flows from operations and debt financings.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, cash remained flat at $\$ 7.2$ million. During the 2014 period, we incurred $\$ 1.8$ million of capital expenditures and paid $\$ 2.8$ million in dividends to stockholders.

As of March 31, 2014, total debt outstanding was $\$ 14.8$ million. Cash and short-term investments as of March 31, 2014, totaled $\$ 12.3$ million, resulting in a net debt level of $\$ 2.5$ million. This compares to $\$ 15.1$ million in total debt and $\$ 12.2$ million in total cash and short-term investments as of December 31, 2013, resulting in a net debt level of $\$ 2.8$ million. There were no amounts outstanding under our $\$ 18.0$ million revolving line of credit.

The following table summarizes key cash flow information for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

> Three Months Ended March 31, $2014 \quad 2013$ $\quad$ (in thousands)

| Cash flows provided by (used in): | $\$$ | 4,813 | $\$$ | 4,218 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating activities | $\$$ | $(1,780)$ | $\$$ | $(2,728)$ |
| Investing activities | $\$$ | $(3,014)$ | $\$$ | $(1,691)$ |

Cash flows provided by operating activities was $\$ 4.8$ million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, which primarily resulted from earnings before non-cash charges, a decrease in accounts receivable and an increase in accrued liabilities, which were partially offset by an increase in inventories. The decrease in accounts receivable is primarily related to the timing of sales and related cash receipts. The increase in accrued liabilities in primarily due to an increase in income taxes payable related to 2014 income, which was partially offset by a decrease in accrued bonuses, which were paid in the first quarter of 2014. The increase in inventories is primarily related to higher inventories of finished goods due to improved converting efficiencies and in anticipation of higher sales levels during the second quarter of 2014.

Cash flows used in investing activities was $\$ 1.8$ million in the first three months of 2014 as a result of $\$ 1.8$ million in expenditures on capital projects.

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Cash flows used in financing activities was $\$ 3.0$ million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, primarily as a result of $\$ 2.8$ million of cash dividends paid to stockholders and $\$ 288,000$ of principal repayments on our long-term debt, which were partially offset by $\$ 99,000$ of proceeds and excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options. While we expect to continue to declare quarterly dividends, the payment of future dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and the timing and amount of any future dividends will depend upon earnings, cash requirements and financial condition of the Company.

Cash flows provided by operating activities were $\$ 4.2$ million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, which primarily resulted from earnings before non-cash charges and an increase in accrued liabilities, which were partially offset by increases in accounts receivable and inventories. The increases in accounts receivable and inventories are primarily related to increased sales of converted products. The increase in accrued liabilities is primarily due to an increase in income taxes payable related to 2013 income.

Cash flows used in investing activities in the first three months of 2013 consist of $\$ 2.7$ million of expenditures on capital projects.

Cash flows used in financing activities were $\$ 1.7$ million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, primarily as the result of $\$ 2.3$ million of cash dividends paid to stockholders and $\$ 288,000$ of principal payments on long-term debt, which were partially offset by $\$ 934,000$ of proceeds and excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options.

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## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of our financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect our reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. Management believes that our estimates and assumptions are reasonable under the circumstances; however, actual results may vary from these estimates and assumptions under different future circumstances. We have identified the following critical accounting policies that affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements:

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable consist of amounts due to us from normal business activities. Our management must make estimates of accounts receivable that will not be collected. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers and adjust credit limits based upon payment history and the customer s creditworthiness as determined by our review of their current credit information. We continuously monitor collections and payments from our customers and maintain a provision for estimated losses based on historical experience and specific customer collection issues that we have identified. Trade receivables are written-off when all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted, including, but not limited to, external third-party collection efforts and litigation. While such credit losses have historically been within management s expectations and the provisions established, there can be no assurance that we will continue to experience the same credit loss rates as in the past. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, no accounts receivable not expected to be collected were written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts, and the provision was not increased or decreased based on historical experience and an evaluation of the quality of existing accounts receivable. Recovery of a $\$ 1,000$ receivable previously written off was credited to the provision, resulting in a net increase of $\$ 1,000$ in the provision. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, $\$ 27,000$ of accounts receivable not expected to be collected were written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts, while the provision was increased by $\$ 15,000$ based on historical experience and an evaluation of the quality of existing accounts receivable, resulting in a net decrease of $\$ 12,000$ in the provision. There were no recoveries credited during the first three months of 2013.

Inventory. Our inventory consists of converted finished goods, bulk paper rolls and raw materials and is stated at the lower of cost or market based on standard cost, specific identification, or FIFO (first-in, first-out). Standard costs approximate actual costs on a FIFO basis. Material, labor and factor overhead necessary to produce the inventories are included in the standard cost. Our management regularly reviews inventory quantities on hand and records a provision for excess and obsolete inventory based on the age of the inventory and forecasts of product demand. A significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in the amount of excess inventory quantities on hand. During the first three months of 2014, the inventory allowance was increased $\$ 78,000$ based on a specific review of estimated slow moving or obsolete inventory items and was decreased $\$ 47,000$ due to actual write-offs of obsolete inventory items, resulting in a net increase in the allowance of $\$ 31,000$. During the first three months of 2013 , the inventory allowance was decreased $\$ 23,000$ based on a specific review of estimated slow moving or obsolete inventory items.

Property, plant and equipment. Significant capital expenditures are required to establish and maintain a paper mill and converting facility. Our property, plant and equipment consists of land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, parts and spares and construction-in-process, which are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Our management regularly reviews estimated useful lives to determine whether any changes are necessary to reflect the related assets actual productive lives. The lives of our property, plant and equipment currently range from 2.5 to 40 years.

## New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to the discussion of recently adopted/issued accounting pronouncements under Part I, Notes to Unaudited Interim Financial Statements Note 9 New Accounting Pronouncements.

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## Non-GAAP Discussion

In addition to our GAAP results, we also consider non-GAAP measures of our performance for a number of purposes.

We use EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance that is not required by, or presented in accordance with GAAP. EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities or a measure of our liquidity.

EBITDA represents net income before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization. Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs is included in net interest expense. We believe EBITDA facilitates operating performance comparisons from period to period and company to company by eliminating potential differences caused by variations in capital structures (affecting relative interest expense), tax positions (such as the impact on periods or companies of changes in effective tax rates or net operating losses) and the age and book depreciation of facilities and equipment (affecting relative depreciation expense).

EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for any of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- it does not reflect our cash expenditures for capital assets;
- it does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital requirements;
- it does not reflect cash requirements for cash dividend payments;
- it does not reflect the interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our indebtedness;
- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements; and
- other companies, including other companies in our industry, may calculate these measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these limitations, EBITDA should not be considered as a measure of discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business or to reduce our indebtedness. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using EBITDA on a supplemental basis.

Three Months Ended March 31, 20142013
(in thousands, except \% of net sales)

| Net income | $\$$ | 2,643 | $\$$ | 3,093 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Plus: Interest expense, net | 13 |  | 93 |  |
| Plus: Income tax expense |  | 1,182 |  | 1,073 |
| Plus: Depreciation | 2,209 |  | 1,893 |  |
| EBITDA | $\$$ | 6,047 | $\$$ | 6,152 |
| $\%$ of net sales | $21.8 \%$ | $23.1 \%$ |  |  |

EBITDA decreased $\$ 105,000$ to $\$ 6.0$ million in the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to $\$ 6.2$ million in the same period in 2013. EBITDA as a percent of net sales decreased to $21.8 \%$ in the first quarter of 2014 from $23.1 \%$ in the first quarter of 2013. The foregoing factors discussed in the net sales, cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses sections are the reasons for the decrease.

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We use Net Debt as a supplemental measure of our leverage that is not required by, or presented in accordance with GAAP. Net Debt should not be considered as an alternative to total debt, total liabilities or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. Net Debt represents total debt reduced by cash and short-term investments. We use this figure as a means to evaluate our ability to repay our indebtedness and to measure the risk of our financial structure.

Net Debt represents the amount that Cash and Short-Term Investments is less than total Debt of the Company. The amounts included in the Net Debt calculation are derived from amounts included in the historical Balance Sheets. We have reported Net Debt because we regularly review Net Debt as a measure of the Company s leverage. However, the Net Debt measure presented in this document may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies due to differences in the components of the calculation.

Net Debt decreased from \$2.8 million on December 31, 2013, to $\$ 2.5$ million on March 31, 2014, as a result of a decrease in total debt due to the required principal payments of our debt.

The following table presents Net Debt as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013:

|  | As of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |
| Current portion long-term debt | \$ | 1,152 | \$ | 1,152 |
| Long-term debt |  | 13,639 |  | 13,927 |
| Total debt |  | 14,791 |  | 15,079 |
| Less: Cash |  | $(7,224)$ |  | $(7,205)$ |
| Less: Short-term investments |  | $(5,037)$ |  | $(5,035)$ |
| Net debt | \$ | 2,530 | \$ | 2,839 |

## ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There has been no material change in the information provided in response to Item 7A of the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

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## ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Based on such evaluation, our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of March 31, 2014.

There were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended March 31, 2014, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

In management sopinion, as of the date of this report, the Company is not engaged in legal proceedings which individually or in the aggregate are expected to have a materially adverse effect on the Company s results of operations or financial condition. Further, management is not aware that any such proceedings are being contemplated or threatened.

## ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

As of the date of this filing, there have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 as filed with the SEC on March 6, 2014. We operate in a changing environment that involves numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could materially affect our operations. The risks, uncertainties and other factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K may cause our actual results, performances and achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. If any of these risks or events occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## (a) Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

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None.
(b) Initial Public Offering and Use of Proceeds from the Sale of Registered Securities

None.
(c) Repurchases of Equity Securities

We do not have any programs to repurchase shares of our common stock and no such repurchases were made during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

## ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

## ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

## ITEM 6. Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index following the signature page to this Form $10-\mathrm{Q}$, which Exhibit Index is hereby incorporated by reference herein.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## ORCHIDS PAPER PRODUCTS COMPANY

Date: May 1, 2014

By: /s/ Keith R. Schroeder
Keith R. Schroeder
Chief Financial Officer
(On behalf of the registrant and as Chief Accounting Officer)

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## Exhibit Index

## Exhibit

## Description

| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant dated May 17, 2013, incorporated by reference to <br> Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant s Form 10-Q (SEC Accession No. 0001104659-13-058279) filed with the SEC on July $31,2013$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant amended May 17, 2013, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the <br> Registrant s Form 10-Q (SEC Accession No. 0001104659-13-058279) filed with the SEC on July $31,2013$. |
| 10.1 | First Amendment to Credit Agreement between the Registrant and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. dated as of April 16, 2014, <br> incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant s Current Report on Form 8-K (SEC Accession <br> No. 0001104659-14-028672) filed with the SEC on April 18, 2014. |
| Executive Employment Agreement effective as of November 8, 2013, between the Registrant and Jeffrey S. Schoen, |  |
| incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant s Current Report on Form 8-K/A (SEC Accession |  |

\#
Indicates management contract or compensatory plan


[^0]:    * Customer did not account for more than $10 \%$ of sales during the period indicated

[^1]:    * Customer did not account for more than $10 \%$ of sales during the period indicated

