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LUCILLE FARMS INC  
Form 10-K  
June 28, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
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[Mark One] FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2002

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-12506  
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LUCILLE FARMS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Delaware 13-2963923  
(State of incorporation) (I.R.S. employer identification no.)

150 River Road, P.O. Box 517 (973) 334-6030  
Montville, NJ 07045 (Registrant's telephone number)  
(Address of principal executive office)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

None  
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Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act:

Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share  
(Titles of Classes)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was \$3,245,130 based on the average bid and ask price as reported by NASDAQ on June 24, 2002. Shares held by each officer, director, and person who owns 10% or more of the Registrant's outstanding common stock have been excluded in that such persons may be deemed to be affiliates. The determination of affiliate status is not necessarily a conclusive determination for other purposes.

The number of shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding as of June 24, 2002 was 3,284,775.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

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Portions of the Registrant's Proxy Statement for the 2002 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, which is to be filed subsequent to the date hereof, are incorporated by reference into Part III.

### PART I

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#### ITEM 1. BUSINESS

##### General

Lucille Farms, Inc. (the "Company") is engaged in the manufacture and marketing of mozzarella cheese and, to a lesser extent, other Italian variety cheeses. Utilizing proprietary formulas and processes, the Company has developed a line of value-added Nutritional cheeses, including reduced fat, fortified, and organic cheeses. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2002 conventional mozzarella cheese sales and blends accounted for over 90% of the Company's cheese sales revenues. Sales of the Company's Nutritional line of products during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2002, were not significant. The Company's products, which are primarily manufactured in the Company's production facility in Swanton, Vermont, are made of natural ingredients.

The Company's conventional mozzarella cheese is sold primarily to the food service and industrial segments of the cheese market. The food service segment includes pizza chains and independent pizzerias, restaurants, recreational facilities, business feeders, health care facilities, schools and other institutions which prepare food for on-premises consumption. The industrial segment includes manufacturers that utilize cheese products as an ingredient in processed foods and frozen entrees and side dishes.

The Company believes that its proprietary process utilized in its Nutritional cheeses can be applied to a wide variety of cheeses, and plans to continue to develop new healthful products that satisfy consumer taste and appearance expectations.

The Company has installed the necessary equipment enabling it to package retail shredded cheese. The Company is negotiating with several companies to co-pack their private label retail cheese lines in popular sizes. Additionally, the Company has developed a distinctive Lucille Farms branded line of retail cheeses. The Company is shipping to retailers in the Northeast United States. The Company believes its retail sales will enable it to realize the higher profit margins available in the retail marketplace. At present the Company is considering other retail opportunities. For the year ended March 31, 2002, sales to the retail segment of the cheese market amounted to approximately 2.5% of the Company's total cheese sales.

##### Health and Nutritional Concerns

During the past twenty years, medical and dietary experts have been advocating a diet that is lower in saturated fat, cholesterol and sodium as a means of reducing the risk of heart disease and other health problems. The public's concern with eating a more healthful diet has increased significantly.

The Company believes that as public awareness of health and nutrition continues to grow, consumers will increasingly purchase organic, natural and/or fortified foods. Accordingly, the Company believes that nutritional cheeses will represent an increasingly larger share of total cheese sales as a result of their nutritional advantages over conventional cheeses.

Products

The Company's products include the following:

Conventional Cheese Group:

Conventional Mozzarella. The Company's premium quality, all natural mozzarella cheese meets or exceeds all federal and industrial standards for purity, freshness, taste, appearance and texture. During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002, conventional mozzarella cheese sales and blends accounted for approximately 89%, 88% and 88%, respectively, of the Company's sales.

Conventional Provolone. The Company's provolone is a premium quality, all natural cheese that meets or exceeds all federal and industry standards for purity, freshness, taste, appearance and texture. During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002, sales of conventional provolone accounted for approximately 4%, 4% and 3%, respectively, of the Company's sales.

Conventional Feta. The Company's Feta is a premium quality, all natural cheese that meets or exceeds all federal and industrial standards for purity, freshness, taste, appearance and texture. During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002, sales of Feta accounted for less than 1% of the Company's sales in each of such periods.

Nutritional Product Group:

Organic Cheese. The Company is now marketing a line of Organic Cheeses. The line includes consumer sized packages of shredded Mozzarella, Cheddar, Monterey Jack, sold to supermarkets, gourmet and health food stores in the Northeastern USA.

Mozzi-RITE(TM). The Company manufactures a proprietary mozzarella-style cheese substitute made with 97% pasteurized skim milk and 3% vegetable oils. Mozzi-RITE(TM) is all natural, cholesterol free and low in saturated fat and sodium. A "substitute cheese" must be nutritionally equal or superior to its conventional counterpart, whereas "imitation cheese" (which the Company does not produce) is nutritionally inferior to conventional cheese. The Company believes that its Mozzi-RITE(TM) cheese substitute has the taste, mouth feel, texture, handling and cooking characteristics of conventional mozzarella. Mozzi-RITE(TM) differs from "conventional cheese" in that vegetable oil is used in its manufacture, whereas butterfat containing cholesterol and saturated fat is used in the manufacture of conventional cheese. To the Company's knowledge, there is currently no other all-natural, cholesterol-free mozzarella-style cheese substitutes on the market.

Tasty-Lite Cheese(TM) - Fat Free. This all natural mozzarella cheese is made from 100% pasteurized skim milk, and contains no fat or cholesterol, is low in sodium and has reduced calories compared to conventional mozzarella. The Company is not aware of any other all-natural, real mozzarella cheese available that is both fat and cholesterol free.

Tasty-Lite Cheese(TM) - Light. This all-natural mozzarella cheese is

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made from 100% pasteurized part-skim milk and contains nearly 60% less fat than whole milk mozzarella, and 50% less fat than conventional part-skim mozzarella. This product is low in cholesterol and sodium. Its fat content, however, is greater than the Company's Tasty-Light Cheese(TM) - Low Fat nutritional product.

During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002, the Company's nutritional products accounted for approximately 1%, 1% and 1%, respectively, of the Company's total sales. While the Company's conventional cheeses are viewed as commodity items, the Company believes that its nutritional line should be viewed as "premium" products, which enables the Company to charge higher prices.

### Proprietary Formulas and Processes; New Product Development

The Company's nutritional products are made using the Company's formulas and processes, which are believed to be proprietary. The formulas and processes for the Company's nutritional products were designed and developed by the Company's founders specifically for these products. The rights to these formulas and processes have been assigned by such officers to the Company. These proprietary processes can be applied to a wide variety of cheese, and the Company's future plans include developing other varieties of nutritional cheeses. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in such development, or that, if developed, such products will be accepted by the marketplace or prove profitable.

Popcorn Whey-Animal Feed. The company produces as a cheese by-product, popcorn whey, used in animal feed. It processes this product in its company owned whey-drying facility. All of the whey produced is sold and shipped to International Ingredients, Inc. for further processing.

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### Production Facilities

The Company currently produces substantially all of its products at its manufacturing plant in Swanton, Vermont. The Swanton facility, located in Franklin County, Vermont's highest volume dairy producing area, operates 24 hours a day, 6 days a week and ships approximately 550,000 pounds of bulk products per week. The plant currently has 90 full-time employees. The Company has equipment for shredding, dicing, slicing, vacuum packaging, gas flush bag packaging, and labeling its products. The manufacturing equipment is of modern design and assembled in a flow through arrangement for a labor saving operation. The production operation has been established in such a way that changes in cheese orders, whether size, specification, packaging, labeling or delivery dates, can be accomplished without significant effort or disruption of operations. Due to recent improvements, the Company's facility now has the capacity to produce approximately 600,000 pounds of bulk product per week. In the event additional capacity is required, the Company may either (a) contract out its excess production to, and/or rent plant time from, other manufacturers ("co-packing"), or (b) further expand its current plant facilities, subject to appropriate financing, for which it believes it has sufficient acreage and technical capabilities. However, there can be no assurance that co-packing arrangements can be effectuated, or, if effectuated, that such arrangements could be done in a timely manner and at a reasonable cost.

### Whey Drying Facility

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In 1999 the Company completed construction of, and began operating, a 10,000 square foot whey drying facility adjacent to its Swanton, Vermont cheese plant. This project was built in conjunction with a leading ingredient processing company, who provided the drying equipment and has agreed to purchase all of the whey produced at the facility.

Whey is the residue of making cheese. It consists of water, protein, calcium and other minerals. In the past, whey was regarded as an environmental pollutant, and its disposal was expensive. Recently, whey has become a valuable product, and is now used in animal feeds, infant formulas, protein powders, ice cream and a variety of other products.

The facility dries whey into a product referred to as popcorn whey, which is milled and mixed with other ingredients for animal feed. The plant was designed to enable the Company to upgrade it in the future in order to take advantage of emerging new technologies in whey protein fractionalization. The Company's ability to produce this higher value whey protein has not been proven and there can be no assurance that this upgrade will occur.

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### Quality Control

The Company is supplied with milk by the largest milk cooperative headquartered in Vermont. Quality control starts on the local farms, which produce the milk for the cooperative. The milk is delivered to the Company directly from the farms on a regular and timely basis. The Company tests all milk received. Throughout the production process, the Company subjects its products to quality control inspection and testing in order to satisfy federal regulation, meet customer specifications and assure consistent product quality. The Company currently employs two persons qualified to perform the necessary testing as prescribed by state, federal and the Company's quality standards and specifications. Such tests are performed at the Company's on-site laboratory. A sample of each product batch is tested promptly after the manufacture and again before shipment for various characteristics, including taste, color, acidity, surface tension, melt, stretch and fat retention. On a frequent basis, random samples are sent to qualified independent labs to test for bacteria and other micro organisms. Federal and state regulatory agencies also perform regular inspections of the Company's products and facilities.

### Raw Materials

At present, there are adequate supplies of raw materials, primarily milk, utilized by the Company in manufacturing its products and the Company expects such adequate supplies to continue to be available. The Company has a milk supply contract with St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. and has been able to purchase as much milk as needed for its production. The cooperative also ensures the Company a flexible mix of milk products, besides direct farm milk, such as extra milk, skim milk, condensed skim milk or dry milk powder. This flexibility is an advantage in cheese production. It enables the Company to switch from one milk product to another on short notice with no down time.

### Markets and Customers

The Company's products are sold primarily to the food service and industrial segment of the cheese market. The Company began marketing its products to the retail segment of the cheese market in July 1999.

The food service segment of the cheese market includes pizza chains and

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independent pizzerias, restaurants, recreational facilities, transportation hubs, business feeders, health care facilities, schools and other institutions which utilize the company's products as ingredients in preparing foods for on premise consumption. The Company sells its products to the food service segment of the cheese market through a network of approximately 20 non-exclusive food brokers that sell to approximately 140 customers that service the accounts in over 27 states and Washington, D.C. The bulk of the Company's products distributed in the food service market are utilized by regional pizza chains and independent pizza shops. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, sales of the Company's products to the food service segment of the cheese market accounted for approximately 69%, 69% and 68% of revenues, respectively. Virtually all of such sales were of the Company's conventional cheeses. In the fiscal years ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, one customer, Lisanti Foods, Inc., accounted for approximately 10% and 11% of sales, respectively. In fiscal year ended March 31, 2002, no one customer accounted for greater than 10% of sales.

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In the industrial segment of the cheese market, the Company sells its products to manufacturers for use as an ingredient in processed foods, such as frozen and refrigerated pizzas, a variety of Italian specialty convenience foods, and general frozen entrees and side dishes. The finished processed foods are then generally sold to retail supermarkets and grocery accounts under various brand names. The majority of the Company's sales of its conventional cheese and nutritional products to the industrial market are made directly by the Company's in-house sales staff. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, sales of the Company's products to the industrial segment of the cheese market accounted for approximately 22%, 20%, and 28% of revenues, respectively. The retail segment of the cheese market consists of product sold to customers for distribution to independent and chain supermarkets, natural food stores, warehouse club stores, and other food retailers. The retail segment accounted for approximately 2%, 5% and 0% of total sales in 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Sales of whey were approximately 7%, 6% and 4% in the periods ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000.

### Sales and Marketing

The thrust of the Company's sales and marketing efforts have recently shifted to emphasize retail and shredded cheese products. We believe that the retail and shredded cheese market offers the Company a significant marketing opportunity. The Company is seeking to establish these products as a substantial portion of its sales, but there can be no assurance that it will be successful in doing so.

### Competition

The Company faces intense competition. The conventional cheese market is a commodity, price-sensitive industry, with numerous small local, medium-sized regional and large national competitors. The Company competes with many established national manufacturers of conventional cheese, including Kraft, Inc., Borden, Inc., Sargento Foods, Inc. and Sorrento Cheese Company Inc. There are also a number of national dairy cooperatives, including Dairymen's Creamery Association Inc., Agri-Mark and D.F.A. Inc. Many of these competitors have significantly greater financial and other resources than the Company.

The principal competition for the Company's nutritional products group include many of the same major competitors listed above in the conventional cheese industry, in addition to Century Foods, Galaxy Foods, Land O' Lakes Inc. and

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Stella Foods, Inc.

The Company's nutritional products are positioned as premium products and are generally higher in price than certain similar competitive products. The Company believes that the principal competitive factors in the marketing of cheese products are quality, customer service, price and brand recognition. While the Company believes that its products compete favorably with respect to these factors and believes that its anticipated increased sales and marketing efforts will result in greater product recognition and market penetration for its existing and new products, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully, particularly with respect to its new products and its entry into new markets.

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### Trademarks and Patents

The Company owns the trademarks Lucille Farms(TM), Monte Carlo(TM), Mozzi-RITE(TM), and Tasty-Lite Cheese(TM) for its products. In addition the Company is currently pursuing trademark protection for a number of other potential names for existing and planned new products. The Company believes these trademarks are an important means of establishing consumer recognition for the Company and its products. However there can be no assurance as to the degree that these trademarks offer protection to the Company, or that the Company will have the financial resources to engage in litigation against any infringement of its trademarks, or as to the outcome of any litigation if commenced.

Although the Company believes its formulas, processes and technology for its nutritional products are proprietary, the Company has not sought and does not intend to seek patent protection for such technology. In not seeking patent protection, the Company is instead relying on the complexity of its technology, trade secrecy laws and employee confidentially agreements. However, there can be no assurance that other companies will not acquire information which the Company considers to be proprietary or will not independently develop equivalent or superior products or technology and obtain patents or similar rights with respect thereto. Although the Company believes that its technology has been independently developed and does not infringe upon the patents of others, certain components of the Company's manufacturing processes could infringe existing or future patents, in which event the Company may be required to modify its processes or obtain a license. No assurance can be given that the Company will be able to do so in a timely manner or upon acceptable terms and conditions, and the failure to do either of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

### Government Regulation

The dairy industry is subject to extensive federal, state and local government regulation, including the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), the United States Department of Agriculture, the State of Vermont Department of Agriculture and the Vermont Environmental Protection Agency, regarding the quality, purity, manufacturing, marketing, advertising, labeling and distribution of food products. The Company's plant is subject to regulation and inspection by these agencies and failure to comply with one or more regulatory requirements can result in fines and sanctions, including the closing of all or a portion of the facility until the manufacturer, is able to bring its operations or products into compliance.

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Food products are also subject to "standard of identity" requirements mandated by both federal and state agencies to determine the permissible qualitative and quantitative ingredient content of foods. The Company believes that all its products meet the applicable FDA standards of identity and that the various products it labels as "no-cholesterol," "low-sodium," "low saturated fat," "fat-free," reduced calorie" and "source of calcium" meet the applicable FDA standards of identity for such designations.

The Company's manufacturing plant is believed to be operating in compliance with all regulations, and has all the necessary licenses, permits and approvals required to operate. The Company currently operates a facility for the purpose of pre-treating the wastewater generated from the Company's

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manufacturing facility. The Company entered into an Agreement with the State of Vermont, to make significant improvements in its waste water facility. The improvements have been completed and the Company believes the facility is in compliance with all regulatory requirements.

### Employees

The Company currently employs 97 full-time employees. Of the 97 employees, six are in executive and administrative positions, 86 are in production and distribution, and five are in clerical positions. Of such employees, 90 are located at the Swanton, Vermont facility and seven are located at the Company's executive offices in Montville, New Jersey.

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## ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's Swanton, Vermont manufacturing plant was constructed in 1975 in conjunction with the Target Area Development Corporation (a non-affiliated industrial development agency), which was to retain title to the plant during a fixed lease period expiring on December 31, 1999. Under such lease, the Company was obligated by Target Area Development Corporation to finance the cost of constructing the plant. On July 5, 1994 the Company exercised its right to purchase the premises for \$1.00 plus the unamortized balance of said loans. A majority of the machinery and equipment located at the plant is also included under the above arrangement. The Swanton facility is one floor consisting of approximately 40,000 square feet.

The Company currently operates a facility for the purpose of pre-treating the wastewater generated from the Company's manufacturing facility. The Company entered into an agreement with the State of Vermont to make significant improvements in the wastewater facility. The improvements have been completed and the Company believes the facility is in compliance with all regulatory requirements.

In 1999 the Company completed construction, and began operating, a 10,000 square foot whey drying facility adjacent to its Swanton, Vermont cheese plant.



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The Company's executive offices, consisting of approximately 1,900 square feet, are located in Montville, New Jersey. Approximately 1,000 square feet of such premises are leased from Messrs. Gennaro and Alfonso Falivene and the estate of Philip Falivene, officers, directors, and/or principal stockholders of the Company, all of whom own the office condominium unit. The Company currently pays Messrs. Falivene \$1,200 per month rent for such premises, which is the fair market value for such space, on a month-to-month basis. The remainder of the Company's premises is occupied pursuant to a month-to-month lease from Messrs. Gennaro and Alfonso Falivene, and the estate of Philip Falivene, pursuant to which the Company pays \$750 per month rent.

The Company leases a parcel of land adjacent to the Vermont facility. This parcel is owned by Messrs. Gennaro and Alfonso Falivene, and the estate of Philip Falivene. The space is used as an employee parking lot and its use was required in conjunction with the construction of the Whey drying facility. The lease is for a ten year period. Rentals are \$750 monthly for the first five years and \$900 monthly for the additional five year period. This lease has a purchase option to purchase the land at fair market value at the end of the ten year period. This lease was assigned to the Bank in conjunction with the Whey Plant financing.

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### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not a party to any material pending legal proceedings.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

NOT APPLICABLE

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## PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The Common Stock trades on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated quotation System ("NASDAQ") under the symbol "LUCY". The following table sets forth the high and low bid quotations reported on NASDAQ for the Common Stock for the periods indicated.

	High	Low
Year Ended March 31, 2002:		
First Quarter	2.125	1.500
Second Quarter	3.060	1.540
Third Quarter	3.300	2.050
Fourth Quarter	3.250	1.150

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Year Ended March 31, 2001:

First Quarter	5.000	3.250
Second Quarter	4.125	3.000
Third Quarter	4.000	1.250
Fourth Quarter	3.250	1.325

The above quotations represent prices between dealers, do not include retail mark-ups, markdowns or commissions and do not necessarily reflect actual transactions.

As of June 24, 2002 there were approximately 115 holders of record of Common Stock. Since many shares are registered in street name, the number of beneficial owners is considerably higher.

The Company has never paid cash dividends on its Common Stock. Payment of dividends, if any, will be within the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will depend, among other factors, on earnings, capital requirements and the operating and financial condition of the Company. At the present time, the Company's anticipated capital requirements are such that it intends to follow a policy of retaining earnings, if any, in order to finance its business.

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### ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables summarize certain financial data which should be read in conjunction with the report of the Company's independent auditors and the more detailed financial statements and the notes thereto which appear elsewhere herein.

Statement of Operations Data (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Year Ended March 31			
	2002	2001	2000	1999
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net Sales .....	\$ 44,915	\$ 41,374	\$ 42,810	\$ 46,048
Net income (loss) .....	(1,540)	(1,477)	71	729
Net income (loss) per share .....	(.52)	(.50)	.02	.24
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding .....	2,961,392	2,971,342	2,971,342	2,994,711

Balance Sheet Data (in thousands)

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	March 31				
	2002	2001	2000	1999	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Total assets .....	\$ 18,827	\$ 17,194	\$ 15,223	\$ 16,156	\$
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations .....	6,771	9,250	7,970	8,163	
Total liabilities ..	18,583	15,924	12,486	13,490	
Working capital ....	(3,885)	1,103	1,945	2,746	
Stockholders' equity	244	1,270	2,737	2,666	

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

General

The Company's conventional cheese products, which account for substantially all of the Company's sales, are commodity items. The Company prices its conventional cheese products competitively with others in the industry, which pricing, since May 1997, is referenced to the Chicago Mercantile Exchange (and was formerly referenced to the Wisconsin Block Cheddar Market). The price the Company pays for fluid milk, a significant component of cost of goods sold, is not determined until the month after its cheese has been sold. Regulatory factors effecting our milk suppliers such as dairy subsidies and price supports may have an effect on our raw material costs, but that impact can not be predicted. Milk is generally sold above the subsidy price, which is established by government regulation. The subsidy price generally establishes a floor for such costs. While the Company generally can anticipate a change in price of milk, it cannot anticipate the extent thereof. There is no corresponding floor on the commodity mercantile exchange block cheddar price. Therefore, if the block cheddar price to which our selling price is referenced changes at a different rate than the price of milk our margins are affected accordingly. By virtue of the pricing structure for its cheese and the delay in the determination of cost, the Company cannot pass along to the customer the changes in the cost of milk in the price of its conventional cheese. As a consequence thereof, the Company's gross profit margin for such cheese is subject to fluctuation, which fluctuation, however slight, can have a significant effect on profitability.

The Company is unable to predict any future increase or decrease in the prices in the Chicago Mercantile Exchange as such markets are subject to fluctuation based on factors and commodity markets outside of the control of the Company. Although the cost of fluid milk does tend to move correspondingly with the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, the extent of such movement and the timing thereof is not predictable as it is subject to government control and support. As a result of these factors, the Company is unable to predict pricing trends.

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Year ended March 31, 2002 compared to the year ended March 31, 2001

Sales for the year ended March 31, 2002 increased to \$44,915,000 from \$41,374,000 for the comparable period in 2001, an increase of \$3,541,000 (or 8.6%). Approximately \$5,065,000 (or 143.0%) of such amount was offset by a decrease in the number of pounds of cheese sold. Approximately \$7,916,000 (or 223.6%) of such increase was due to a increase in the average selling price for cheese. The volume decrease was due to decreased demand in the commodity cheese markets. Due to the weak cheese markets, the Company anticipates volume decreases and decreased demand in the months ahead, although there can be no assurance in this regard. The increase in average selling price was the result of an increase in the block cheddar market prices resulting in a higher selling price per pound of cheese. Of the \$3,541,000 sales increase this period, approximately \$690,000 (or 19.5%) represented increased whey sales produced in our new facility. In the years ended March 31, 2002, and March 31, 2001, approximately 27,300,000 and 30,600,000 pounds of cheese were sold, respectively.

During the fiscal year, ended March 31, 2002, the average quarterly selling price ranged from approximately \$1.80 to \$1.37. During the fiscal year ended, March 31, 2001, the average quarterly selling price ranged from approximately \$1.37 to \$1.17. There is no way to predict the trend of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange and therefore we can provide no guidance as to future trends as to range of selling price for commodity cheese.

In the years ended March 31, 2002, and March 31, 2001, sales of whey amounted to \$3,082,000 and \$2,392,000, respectively.

Cost of sales and gross profit margin for the year ended March 31, 2002 were \$43,897,000 (or 97.7% of sales) and \$1,018,000 (or 2.3% of sales), respectively, compared to a cost of sales and gross profit margin of \$40,448,000 (or 97.8% of sales) and \$926,000 (or 2.2% of sales), respectively, for the comparable period in 2001. The cost of sales and corresponding gross profit margin for 2002 as a percentage of sales remained relatively constant.

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Selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended March 31, 2002 amounted to \$1,672,000 (or 3.7% of sales) compared to \$1,572,000 (or 3.8% of sales) for the comparable period in 2001. The Company is currently classifying all freight expense as a component of cost of sales and has reclassified prior years to conform.

Selling expenses are mainly variable in nature. The most significant amount in selling expense is sales commission expense, which was \$231,000 and \$382,000 in 2002 and 2001, respectively. The decrease resulted from a decrease in commissionable sales in the year ended March 31, 2002.

General and administrative expenses are generally fixed in nature. The more significant items in general and administrative expense are payroll, professional fees, consulting and provision for bad debts amounting to:

	2002	2001
	----	----
Professional	\$ 90,000	\$ 75,000
Payroll	348,000	257,000
Consulting	156,000	143,000

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Provision for bad debts	107,000	78,000
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The increase in payroll results from the addition of administrative personnel in the home office. Consultants are primarily engaged in management, planning, data processing and public relations on a month-to-month or annual basis.

Interest expense for the year ended March 31, 2002 amounted to \$896,000 compared to \$841,000 for the year ended March 31, 2001 an increase of \$55,000. This increase is the result of increased borrowing due to the addition of new plant production equipment and higher revolving credit line usage in the year.

The provision for income tax for the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 of \$2,000, \$2,000 and \$8,000, respectively, reflect minimum state taxes with the tax benefits of operating losses being offset by the effect of changes in the valuation allowance. Such amounts are re-evaluated each year based on the results of the operations.

The Company's net loss of \$1,540,000 for the year ended March 31, 2002 represents an increase of \$63,000 from the net loss of \$1,477,000 for the comparable period in 2001. The primary factors contributing to these changes are discussed above.

Year ended March 31, 2001 compared to the year ended March 31, 2000

Sales for the year ended March 31, 2001 decreased to \$41,374,000 from \$42,810,000 for the comparable period in 2000, a decrease of \$1,436,000 (or 3.4%). Approximately \$1,205,000 (or 83.9%) of such amount was offset by an increase in the number of pounds of cheese sold. Approximately \$3,275,000 (or 228.1%) of such decrease was due to a decrease in the average selling price for cheese. The volume increase was due to increased demand in the commodity cheese markets. The decrease in average selling price was the result of a decrease in the block cheddar market prices resulting in a lower selling price per pound of cheese. Of the \$1,436,000 decrease this period, there was an offset of approximately \$640,000 which represented increased whey sales produced in our new facility. In the years ended March 31, 2001, and March 31, 2000, approximately 30,600,000 and 29,600,000 pounds of cheese were sold, respectively.

During the fiscal year, ended March 31, 2001, the average quarterly selling price ranged from approximately \$1.37 to \$1.17. During the fiscal year ended, March 31, 2000, the average quarterly selling price ranged from approximately \$1.71 to \$1.17.

In the years ended March 31, 2001, and March 31, 2000, sales of whey amounted to \$2,392,000 and \$1,752,000, respectively.

Cost of sales and gross profit margin for the year ended March 31, 2001 were \$40,448,000 (or 97.8% of sales) and \$926,000 (or 2.2% of sales), respectively, compared to a cost of sales and gross profit margin of \$41,019,000 (or 95.8% of sales) and \$1,791,000 (or 4.2% of sales), respectively, for the comparable period in 2000. The increase in cost of sales and corresponding decrease in gross profit margin for 2001 as a percentage of sales is primarily due to a increase in the Company's cost of raw materials as a percentage of selling price.

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Selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended March 31, 2001 amounted to \$1,572,000 (or 2.6% of sales) compared to \$1,292,000 (or 3.0% of sales) for the comparable period in 2000. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was primarily due to an increase caused by increased commissions in the period and increases in consulting and bad debt provisions. The Company is currently classifying all freight expense as a component of cost of sales and has reclassified prior years to conform.

Selling expenses are mainly variable in nature. The most significant amount in selling expense is sales commission expense which was \$382,000 and \$264,000 in 2001 and 2002, respectively. The increase resulted from an increase in commissionable sales in the year ended March 31, 2001.

General and administrative expenses are generally fixed in nature. The more significant items in general and administrative expense are payroll, professional fees, consulting and provision for bad debts amounting to:

	2001	2000
	----	----
Professional	\$ 75,000	\$ 87,000
Payroll	257,000	270,000
Consulting	143,000	64,000
Provision for bad debts	78,000	52,000

Consultants are primarily engaged in management, planning, data processing and public relations on a month-to-month or annual basis.

Interest expense for the year ended March 31, 2001 amounted to \$841,000 compared to \$691,000 for the year ended March 31, 2000 an increase of \$150,000. This increase is the result of increased borrowing due to the addition of new plant production equipment and higher revolving credit line usage in the year.

The provision for income tax for the years ended March 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 of \$2,000, \$8,000 and \$3,000, respectively, reflect minimum state taxes with the tax benefits of operating losses being offset by the effect of changes in the valuation allowance. Such amounts are re-evaluated each year based on the results of the operations.

The Company's net loss of \$1,477,000 for the year ended March 31, 2001 represents a decrease of \$1,548,000 from the net income of \$71,000 (after giving effect to income arising from officers life insurance proceeds of \$256,000) for the comparable period in 2000. The primary factors contributing to these changes are discussed above. If officers life insurance proceeds were excluded there would have been a loss of \$185,000 in the comparable period ended March 31, 2000, and the Company's net loss of \$1,477,000 for the year ended March 31, 2001, would have reflected an increased loss of \$1,292,000 from the \$185,000 loss before insurance proceeds in the comparable period.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company had available a \$5,000,000 revolving credit facility at March 31, 2002 that was to expire on June 1, 2002. The bank has extended the loan's maturity to September 1, 2002 at which time the outstanding principal is due. The rate of interest on amounts borrowed against the revolving credit facility is based upon the New York prime rate plus 1% (5.75% at March 31, 2002 and 9% at March 31, 2001). Advances under this facility are limited to 50% of inventory (with a cap on inventory borrowings of \$1,000,000) and 80% of receivables as defined in the agreement. The commitment contains various restrictive covenants the most significant of which relates to limitations on capital expenditures (\$1,000,000 annually without bank consent). In addition, the Company is required to generate an increase in its dollar amount of net worth annually. The Company

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is not in compliance with the covenants and the Company is seeking alternative financing to replace this loan. Should the Company not be able to secure alternative financing by the extended due date it will request an additional extension until such financing is secured. However, there is no assurance that such financing can be secured or the extension granted. Failure to secure such financing can have a significant negative effect on the Company's liquidity.

At March 31, 2002 the Company had negative working capital of (\$3,884,000) as compared to working capital of \$1,103,000 at March 31, 2001. The Company's revolving bank line of credit is available for the Company's working capital requirements.

At March 31, 2002, \$3,744,000 was outstanding under such revolving credit line of credit and \$96,000 was available for additional borrowing at that time.

On February 8, 1999, a \$4,950,000 bank loan agreement was signed. The loan is collateralized by the Company's plant and equipment. Provisions of the loan are as follows:

A \$3,960,000 commercial term note with interest fixed at 9.75 percent having an amortization period of 20 years with a maturity in February, 2019.

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A \$990,000 commercial term note with interest fixed at 10.75 percent having an amortization period of 20 years with a maturity in February, 2019.

On May 23, 2001, a new \$2,000,000 bank loan agreement was signed. The new loan is collateralized by the Company's plant and equipment. Provisions of the loan are as follows:

A promissory note with interest payable at 1% above the rate of interest established by the bank as its national variable rate and principal repayable in four consecutive annual installments of \$500,000.00 with the first such installment due on May 1, 2003 and the last such installment due on May 1, 2006.

Proceeds of the new loan were used for working capital

On May 16, 2002, Lucille Farms, Inc. entered into an agreement with St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc., the Company's primary supplier of raw materials, pursuant to which St. Albans has (i) converted \$1,000,000 of accounts payable currently owed by Lucille Farms to St. Albans into 333,333 shares of common stock, (ii) converted \$3,500,000 of accounts payable currently owed by Lucille Farms to St. Albans into (A) preferred stock convertible into 583,333 shares of common stock, which preferred stock (1) automatically converts into such number of shares of common stock if the common stock is \$8.00 or higher for 30 consecutive trading days, and (2) may be redeemed by Lucille Farms for \$3,500,000, and (B) a 10-year warrant to purchase 583,333 shares of common stock (subject to adjustment under certain circumstances to a maximum of 1,416,667 shares of common stock) at \$.01 per share, which warrant (1) may not be exercised for a period of three-years, (2) terminates if, during such three-year period, Lucille Farms' common stock is \$8.00 or higher for 30 consecutive trading days, and, (3) in the event Lucille Farms' common stock is not \$8.00 or higher for 30 consecutive trading days during such three-year period, may only

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be exercised on the same basis percentage wise as the preferred shares are converted, (iii) converted an additional \$1,000,000 of accounts payable currently owed by Lucille Farms to St. Albans into a convertible promissory note due on April 14, 2005, which note is convertible into common stock at \$6.00 per share at any time by St. Albans and, at the option of Lucille Farms, automatically shall be converted into common stock at \$6.00 per share if the common stock is \$8.00 or higher for a period of 30 consecutive trading days, and (iv) provided Lucille Farms with a pricing structure for milk and milk by-products, for a minimum of one-year and a maximum of four-years (subject to renegotiation at the expiration of the applicable period), designed to produce profitability for Lucille Farms.

The Company's major source of external working capital financing has been the revolving line of credit. For the foreseeable future the Company believes that the Company's revolving line of credit will continue to represent the major source of working capital financing besides income generated from operations. However, there is no assurance that replacement of the revolving line or an extension thereof can be secured and failure to secure such replacement financing or extension can have a significant negative effect on the Company's liquidity.

Accounts receivable turnover is directly related to the sales volume in the month proceeding the statement date. Therefore, any change in turnover rate is not attributable to rate of collections or changes in customer base.

For the year ended March 31, 2002, cash provided by operating activities was \$373,000. A loss from operations of \$1,540,000 decreased cash. In addition, decreases in accounts receivable of \$914,000, and an increase in accounts payable of \$1,309,000 provided cash. Increases in inventory of \$1,006,000, accrued expenses of \$6,000 and an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of 65,000 decreased cash.

Net cash used by investing activities was \$1,681,000 for the year ended March 31, 2002 which represented purchase of property, plant and equipment of \$1,673,000, and an increase in loans receivable of \$8,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1,271,000 for the year ended March 31, 2002. Payments of the revolving credit loan of \$523,000 decreased cash. Proceeds from long-term debt of \$2,000,000, provided cash in the period. Payments of long-term debt and notes of \$183,000, and loan costs of \$23,000 also decreased cash in the year.

In fiscal 2002, the Company spent \$1,681,000 on plant machinery and improvements most of which were related to the packaging room and plant operation. These expenditures were considered necessary in order to competitively enter new markets. The Company has budgeted approximately \$1,000,000, \$200,000 of which is anticipated to complete current projects in process and \$800,000 of which is budgeted for additional capital expenditures during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003. The Company anticipates financing a significant portion of these expenditures, however, the ability to obtain such financing cannot be assured.

The Company estimates that based upon its current plans, its resources, including revenues from operations and utilization of its credit lines, will be sufficient to meet its anticipated needs for at least 12 months.

### Safe Harbor Statement

This Annual Report on Form 10K (and any other reports issued by the Company from time to time) contains certain forward-looking statements made in reliance upon the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the application of the Company's proprietary processes to other cheese products, and



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the Company's ability to improve margins and increase retail sales, are based on current expectations that involve

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numerous risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of various known and unknown factors including, without limitation, future economic, competitive, regulatory, and market conditions, future business decisions, the uncertainties inherent in the pricing of cheese on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange upon which the Company's prices are based, changes in consumer tastes, fluctuations in milk prices, and those factors discussed above under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "may," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise any of these forward-looking statements.

### ITEM 7A. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

The registrant does not utilize market rate sensitive instruments for trading or other purposes.

The Company is subject to interest rate exposure on variable rate debt. The amount of that debt at balance sheet date, March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001 amounted to \$5,744,000, and \$4,267,000, respectively. In as much as this debt is based upon the Prime Rate plus 1%, the cost of this debt will increase or decrease accordingly with changes in the prime rate.

The Company has exposure to the commodity price for cheese, dry whey and fluid milk. We have addressed these exposures in the general paragraph of MD&A Item 7.

### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Shareholders  
Lucille Farms, Inc.  
and Subsidiaries

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Lucille Farms, Inc. and Subsidiaries as at March 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the aforementioned consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lucille Farms, Inc. and Subsidiaries as at March 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP  
-----  
CITRIN COOPERMAN & COMPANY, LLP

New York, New York  
June 17, 2002

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
MARCH 31, 2002 AND 2001

2002  
-----

2001  
-----

ASSETS

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### Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 175,000	\$ 212,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$144,000 in 2002 and \$132,000 in 2001	3,688,000	4,614,000
Inventories	3,169,000	2,163,000
Deferred income taxes	72,000	71,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	164,000	119,000

Total Current Assets	7,268,000	7,179,000
----------------------	-----------	-----------

Property, Plant and Equipment, net

	10,503,000	9,011,000
--	------------	-----------

### Other Assets:

Due from officers	101,000	133,000
Deferred income taxes	587,000	527,000
Deferred loan costs, net	250,000	247,000
Other	118,000	97,000

Total Other Assets	1,056,000	1,004,000
--------------------	-----------	-----------

TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,827,000	\$ 17,194,000
--------------	---------------	---------------

### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### Current Liabilities:

Revolving credit loan	\$ 3,744,000	\$ 5,515,000
Accounts payable	6,824,000	5,515,000
Current portion of long-term debt	201,000	171,000
Accrued expenses	384,000	390,000

Total Current Liabilities	11,153,000	6,076,000
---------------------------	------------	-----------

#### Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term debt, less current portion	6,771,000	4,983,000
Revolving credit loan		4,267,000
Deferred income taxes	659,000	598,000

Total Long-Term Liabilities	7,430,000	9,848,000
-----------------------------	-----------	-----------

TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,583,000	15,924,000
-------------------	------------	------------

#### Stockholders' Equity:

Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 250,000 shares authorized, 216 shares issued and outstanding	540,000	
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 3,021,342 shares issued	3,000	3,000
Additional paid-in capital	4,462,000	4,448,000
Accumulated deficit	(4,596,000)	(3,056,000)

	409,000	1,395,000
--	---------	-----------

Less: cost of 69,900 shares in 2002 and 50,000 shares in 2001 of treasury stock	(165,000)	(125,000)
--	-----------	-----------

Total Stockholders' Equity	244,000	1,270,000
----------------------------	---------	-----------

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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND  
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

\$ 18,827,000  
=====

\$ 17,194,000  
=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002, 2001 AND 2000

	2002	2001	2000
	-----	-----	-----
Sales	\$ 44,915,000	\$ 41,374,000	\$ 42,8
Cost of sales	43,897,000	40,448,000	41,0
	-----	-----	-----
Gross profit	1,018,000	926,000	1,7
	-----	-----	-----
Other expense (income):			
Selling	728,000	856,000	6
General and administration	944,000	716,000	6
Other income			(2
Interest income	(12,000)	(12,000)	(
Interest expense	896,000	841,000	6
	-----	-----	-----
Total other expense (income)	2,556,000	2,401,000	1,7
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,538,000)	(1,475,000)	
Provision for income taxes	2,000	2,000	
	-----	-----	-----
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (1,540,000)	\$ (1,477,000)	\$
	=====	=====	=====
Net Income (Loss) per share:			
Basic	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.50)	\$
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.50)	\$
	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average shares outstanding used to compute net income (loss) per share:			
Basic	2,961,392	2,971,342	2,9
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted	2,961,392	2,971,342	2,9
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002, 2001 AND 2000

	Preferred Stock Shares	Amount	Common Stock Shares	Amount	Addition Paid-in cap
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, March 31, 1999		\$	3,021,342	\$ 3,000	\$ 4,438,0
Net income					
Balance, March 31, 2000			3,021,342	3,000	4,438,0
Net loss					
Issuance of warrants					10,0
Balance, March 31, 2001			3,021,342	3,000	4,448,0
Preferred stock issued	216	540,000			
Net loss					
Issue of options for services					14,0
Purchase of treasury stock					
Balance, March 31, 2002	216	\$ 540,000	3,021,342	\$ 3,000	\$ 4,462,0

	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock Shares	Amount	Total
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, March 31, 1999	\$(1,650,000)	50,000	\$ (125,000)	\$ 2,666,000
Net income	71,000			71,000
Balance, March 31, 2000	(1,579,000)	50,000	(125,000)	2,737,000
Net loss	(1,477,000)			(1,477,000)
Issuance of warrants				10,000
Balance, March 31, 2001	(3,056,000)	50,000	(125,000)	1,270,000
Preferred stock issued				540,000
Net loss	(1,540,000)			(1,540,000)
Issue of options for services				14,000
Purchase of treasury stock		19,900	(40,000)	(40,000)

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Balance, March 31, 2002	\$ (4,596,000)	69,900	\$ (165,000)	\$ 244,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002, 2001 AND 2000

	2002	2001	
	-----	-----	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,540,000)	\$ (1,477,000)	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	741,000	619,000	
Provision for doubtful accounts	12,000	78,000	
Non-cash compensation	14,000	10,000	
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts receivable	914,000	(1,570,000)	
Inventories	(1,006,000)	12,000	
Prepaid expense and other current assets	(44,000)	(12,000)	
Other assets	(21,000)	(3,000)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,309,000	1,959,000	
Accrued expenses	(6,000)	83,000	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	----- 373,000	----- (301,000)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
(Increase) repayment of officers' loans	(8,000)	11,000	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,673,000)	(1,146,000)	
Net cash used by investing activities	----- (1,681,000)	----- (1,135,000)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from (repayments of) revolving credit loan - net	(523,000)	1,150,000	
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,000,000	204,000	
Principal payments of long-term debt	(183,000)	(147,000)	
Increase in loan costs	(23,000)	(6,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	----- 1,271,000	----- 1,201,000	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	----- (37,000)	----- (235,000)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	----- 212,000	----- 447,000	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	----- \$ 175,000	----- \$ 212,000	\$
	=====	=====	=====
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid for:			
Interest	\$ 850,000	\$ 819,000	\$

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Income taxes	2,000	5,000
Additions to property, plant and equipment acquired by debt issue		142,000
Additions to property, plant and equipment acquired by preferred stock issue	540,000	
Treasury stock acquired in settlement of loan	40,000	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

##### Business Activity

Lucille Farms, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") is engaged in the manufacture and marketing of a variety of cheese products which are sold primarily to retailers through independent distributors. The Company's cheese products are commodity items and as such the Company is unable to predict pricing trends that may have a significant effect on its operations. Regulatory factors affect the Company's milk suppliers, such as dairy subsidies and price supports, which may have an effect on the Company's raw material cost, but the impact cannot be predicted.

##### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

##### Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Lucille Farms, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

##### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

##### Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized at the time products are shipped to the customer. Allowances are made for estimated returns and allowances. Sales of whey, \$3,082,000, \$2,392,000 and \$1,752,000 for 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are also recognized at time of shipment to customers.

##### Advertising

Advertising is expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$15,000, \$14,000 and \$16,000 for 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

##### Inventories

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Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market determined on a first-in, first out method of accounting.

### Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization is being provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Plant	35 years
Equipment	3-10 years

### Deferred Loan Costs

Costs of obtaining a mortgage and term facilities were deferred and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the loans.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

##### Income Taxes

The Company provides for deferred income taxes resulting from temporary differences in reporting certain income and expense items (principally depreciation) for income tax and financial reporting purposes. Income tax benefits from operating loss carryforwards are recognized to the extent available less a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

##### Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding adjusted for the dilutive effect of options granted under the Company's stock option plans. Basic and diluted earnings per share were the same for 2002 and 2001 since options and warrants were not included in the calculation because their effect would have been antidilutive. Conversion of preferred stock was not taken into consideration since the effect would be antidilutive. The dilution for 2000 is due to the net incremental effect of options of 14,525 shares.

##### Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company follows the fair value disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." As permitted by SFAS No. 123, the Company did not change the method of accounting for its employee stock compensation plans under the intrinsic method. See Note 13 for the fair value disclosures required under SFAS No. 123.

##### New Accounting Pronouncements

The Company adopts new accounting pronouncements as they become effective. There are presently no new pronouncements or recently adopted pronouncements that will have or have had a material impact on the financial statements.



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### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior years' financial statements to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or accumulated deficit.

### NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Company has entered into a revolving credit facility with a bank whereby it has pledged all of its accounts receivable as collateral (Note 6).

### NOTE 3 - INVENTORIES Inventories consist of the following:

	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Finished goods	\$2,244,000	\$1,011,000
Raw materials	281,000	617,000
Supplies and packaging	644,000	535,000
	-----	-----
	\$3,169,000	\$2,163,000
	=====	=====

Inventories are pledged as collateral under a revolving credit facility with a bank (Note 6).

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 4 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following:

	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Land	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
Plant	4,649,000	4,616,000
Equipment	10,191,000	8,019,000
Whey facility	2,124,000	2,116,000
	-----	-----
	16,989,000	14,776,000
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	6,486,000	5,765,000
	-----	-----
	\$10,503,000	\$ 9,011,000
	=====	=====

Included in property, plant and equipment at March 31, 2002 is capitalized interest of \$141,000 and capitalized labor of \$129,000. Interest of \$20,000 and labor of \$33,000 was capitalized for the year ended March 31, 2002. Interest of \$12,000 and labor of \$11,000 was capitalized for the year ended March 31, 2001. Interest of \$3,000 and labor of \$24,000 was capitalized for the year ended March 31, 2000.

### NOTE 5 - DUE FROM OFFICERS

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Amounts due from officers reflect advances and loans which effective June 1, 1992 were converted to by promissory notes bearing interest at 9% per annum. Interest is payable annually thereafter, with the principal originally due on June 1, 2000. Extended to June 1, 2003. \$11,000 was included in operations as interest income for each of the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. During 2002, \$39,800 of the debt was repaid by the Company acquiring shares of its common stock as settlement.

### NOTE 6 - REVOLVING CREDIT LOAN

The Company has available a \$5,000,000 revolving credit facility at March 31, 2002 that was to expire on June 1, 2002. The bank has extended the loan's maturity to September 1, 2002 at which time the outstanding principal is due. The rate of interest on amounts borrowed against the revolving credit facility is based upon the New York prime rate plus 1% (5.75% at March 31, 2002 and 9% at March 31, 2001). Advances under this facility are limited to 50% of inventory (with a cap on inventory borrowings of \$1,000,000) and 80% of receivables as defined in the agreement. The commitment contains various restrictive covenants the most significant of which relates to limitations on capital expenditures (\$1,000,000 annually without bank consent). In addition, the Company is required to generate an increase in its dollar amount of net worth annually. The Company is not in compliance with the covenants and it is seeking alternative financing to replace this loan. Should the Company not be able to secure alternative financing by the extended due date it will request an additional extension of the loan's due date. However, there is no assurance that such financing can be secured or the extension granted. Failure to secure such financing can have a significant negative effect on the Company's liquidity (See Note 15).

This loan is secured by substantially all of the Company's assets.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	March 31, 2002 -----
Term loan with a bank dated February 8, 1999, secured by real estate and equipment, payable monthly at \$37,561 including interest at 9.75% for 20 years maturing February 8, 2019	\$3,738,000
Term loan with a bank dated February 8, 1999 secured by real estate and equipment, payable monthly at \$10,051 including interest at 10.75% for 20 years maturing February 8, 2019	940,000
Loan payable to bank due in annual installment of \$500,000 beginning May 1, 2003. The loan, collateralized by the Company's plant and equipment, bears interest at 1% above the bank's national variable rate (5.75% at March 31, 2002). Interest is payable monthly	2,000,000
Equipment notes payable in monthly installments ranging from \$972 to \$3,006, including interest at rates of 9.75% to 11%, through September 2005. The notes are collateralized by equipment with a net book value of \$314,000 at March 31,	

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2001	236,0
Discounted obligations under capital leases (Note 9)	58,0
	-----
Less: current portion	6,972,0
	201,0
	-----
TOTAL	\$6,771,0
	=====

As of March 31, 2001 long-term debt matures as follows:

2003	\$ 201,0
2004	725,0
2005	711,0
2006	675,0
2007	664,0
2008 and thereafter	3,996,0
	-----
	\$6,972,0

Virtually all of the Company's property, plant and equipment are pledged as collateral for these obligations.

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

Temporary differences and carryforwards which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	March 31, 2002		March 31, 2001	
	Deferred Tax Asset	Deferred Tax Liability	Deferred Tax Asset	Deferred Tax Liability
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation	\$	\$ 659,000	\$	\$ 598,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	54,000		50,000	
Reserve for compensated absences	18,000		21,000	
Operating loss carryforwards	2,536,000		1,878,000	
Contribution carryforwards	2,000		2,000	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	2,610,000	659,000	1,951,000	598,000
Valuation allowance	(1,951,000)		(1,353,000)	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 659,000	\$ 659,000	\$ 598,000	\$ 598,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The net change in the valuation allowance for the periods presented were as follows:

March 31,

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	2002	2001	2000
Valuation allowance increase	\$598,000	\$486,000	\$65,000

The provision for income taxes represents the provision for minimum state taxes, with the tax benefits of loss carryforwards being offset by increases or decreases in the valuation allowance.

The provision for income taxes is different than the amount computed using the United States Federal Statutory income tax rate for the reasons set forth below:

	Years Ended March 31,		
	2002	2001	2000
Expected tax at U.S. Statutory Rate	(34.0)%	(34.0)%	30
State and local income taxes	.1	.1	1
Permanent differences and other	(4.9)	.3	(104)
Valuation allowance for operating loss carryforwards	38.9	33.7	82
	.1 %	.1 %	1

Included in other in 2000 is the reduction of income of \$256,000 of life insurance proceeds which is not taxable.

Operating loss carryforwards totaled \$6,673,000 as of March 31, 2002 and expire on March 31, of the following years:

2010	\$ 77,000
2012	913,000
2013	2,122,000
2015	268,000
2016	1,562,000
2017	1,731,000
	-----
Total	\$6,673,000
	=====

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company leases automobiles for three of its officers under lease arrangements classified as operating leases. The leases expire in October 2002, December 2002 and January 2003. Rent expense was approximately \$20,000, \$19,000 and \$18,000 in the year ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Future minimum payments under the leases are approximately \$14,000 at March 31, 2002.

On December 20, 1994 the Company began leasing waste water purification equipment under leasing arrangements classified as an operating lease. The monthly lease payments are \$3,870 for a period of 60 months. Leasing expense was

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\$23,000 for the year ended March 31, 2000. The Company exercised its option to purchase the equipment during the year ended March 31, 2000. In addition, the Company leases some equipment under operating leases expiring through January 2004. Minimum monthly lease payments under these leases total \$1,000. Minimum annual lease payments are \$11,000 for the year ending March 31, 2003 and \$4,000 for the year ending March 31, 2004.

The Company also leases some equipment under a lease that includes an option to purchase the equipment at the end of the lease term. Capital lease property of \$128,000 less accumulated depreciation of \$32,000 is included in property, plant and equipment at March 31, 2002.

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases are as follows:

2003	\$35,000
2004	35,000
2005	9,000
	-----
Total minimum lease payments	79,000
Less amount representing interest	21,000
	-----
Present value of net minimum payments	58,000
Less: current portion	27,000
	-----
Long-term obligation	\$31,000
	=====

### NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases a parcel of land adjacent to the facility. This parcel is owned by three of its stockholders. The space is used as an employee parking lot and its use was required in conjunction with the construction of the new whey drying facility. The ten-year lease term carries a monthly rental of \$750 during the first five years and \$900 during the remaining five years. Rent expense for the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 was \$9,000 in each of the years. This lease has a purchase option to purchase at fair market value at the end of the ten-year period. This lease was assigned to the bank in conjunction with the whey plant financing.

The Company leases space for its executive offices at \$1,200 per month from three of its stockholders on a month-to-month basis. Rent expense was approximately \$14,000 for each of the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000.

The Company also leases an additional 900 square feet for \$750 monthly on a month-to-month basis. These premises are owned by three of its stockholders. This space is primarily used for the Company's marketing operations. Rent expense was \$9,000 for each of the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000.

The Company purchased raw materials of \$615,000 from an entity affiliated with Dr. Mali Reddy, a former Company director during the period he was a director in 2002.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

In May 1993, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted a resolution authorizing the issue of 250,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per

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share. Such preferred stock may be issued in series, the terms of which will be determined by the Company's Board of Directors without action by stockholders and may include dividend and liquidation preferences to common stock, voting rights, redemption and sinking fund provisions and conversion rights.

In June 2001 the Company entered into an agreement to purchase plant equipment with preferred stock. In connection therewith, the Company issued 216 shares of Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock with a face value of \$540,000. The stock can be converted into 216,000 shares of common stock at \$2.50 per share. Preferred stock has no rights as to dividends or voting. There is a liquidation preference at face value and the Company can redeem the preferred stock at face value under certain defined conditions.

### NOTE 12 - SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS

During the year ended March 31, 2002, no one customer accounted for 10% or more of revenue. In the years ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, one customer accounted for approximately 10% and 11% of sales, respectively.

### NOTE 13 - FAIR VALUE AND CREDIT RISK

The Company does not use any derivatives and its financial instruments are generally cash deposits, accounts receivable and debt. The Company's debt carries interest at market rates and the Company believes that the fair value of these instruments approximates the carrying value.

The Company provides credit to customers on an unsecured basis after evaluating customer credit worthiness. Since the Company sells to a broad range of customers with a wide geographical dispersion, concentrations of credit risk are limited. In addition, the Company provides a reserve for bad debts for accounts receivable, which are potentially uncollectable.

The Company maintains cash accounts with several major financial institutions none of which exceeds insured limits at March 31, 2002.

### NOTE 14 - OTHER EVENTS

#### a. Employment Agreements

During the year ended March 31, 2001 the Company engaged a new employee under an agreement expiring in August 2002. The agreement requires an annual salary of \$100,000 plus a bonus. The employee was terminated during 2002. There are no other employment agreements.

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## LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 14 - OTHER EVENTS (CONTINUED)

#### b. 1993 Stock Option Plan

On April 1, 1993 the Company adopted its 1993 Stock Option Plan. An aggregate of 200,000 shares of Common Stock were reserved for issuance upon exercise of options which may be granted from time to time in accordance with the plan. The aggregate shares reserved was increased to 500,000 in 2001. Options may be granted to employees, including officers, directors, consultants and advisors. Options shall be designated as either Incentive Stock Options or Non-Incentive Stock Options being issued at a purchase price of not less than 100% (110% in case of optionees who own more than 10% of the voting power of all classes of

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stock of the Company) of fair market value of the Common Stock on the date the option is granted. In April 1995, options to purchase 10,000 shares were granted to each of two employees at an exercise price of \$3.625. The options shall expire on April 4, 2005. In May 1996, options to purchase 50,000 shares were granted to a newly hired employee at an exercise price of \$4.00. These options vest and are exercisable ratably over a five year period beginning one year from date of employment, and expire April 1, 2003. In January 1998, options to purchase 25,000 shares were granted to a director of the Company in his capacity as consultant at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share. The options expire on January 2008 and vest to the extent of 5,000 shares on date of issue and 5,000 shares on each of the next four anniversary dates. On March 1, 1999 the Company granted an option to a consultant to purchase 7,500 shares of common stock at \$4.00 per share for a period of three years. During the year ended March 31, 2000 the agreement was terminated and the options canceled. On August 14, 2000 the Company granted an option to an employee to purchase 150,000 share of common stock at \$3.9375 per share for a period of ten years. The options vest to the extent of 30,000 shares on the date of issue and 30,000 shares on each of the next four anniversary dates thereof. The employment was terminated in 2001 and the options cancelled. In June, 2001 the Company issued options for consulting services and for a directorship. The ten year options were for 5,000 shares each with an exercise price at the fair market value on the date of grant of \$1.80 and \$1.84 and were valued as determined using the Black Scholes option-pricing model for a total of \$13,695. The options were fully vested during 2002. The per share fair value of stock options granted was \$1.39 and \$1.35 in 2002 and \$2.87 in 2001. The per share value of warrants granted during the year ended March 31, 2001 was \$1.29. All values calculated, on the date of grant using the Black Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	March 31, 2001		March 31, 2002	
	Options	Warrants	Options	Options
Expected dividend yield	-0-%	-0-%	-0-%	-0-%
Risk free interest rate	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Expected stock volatility	58.6%	59.4%	62.4%	62.6%
Expected option life	10 years	2 years	10 years	10 years

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 in accounting for options issued under its Plan, and accordingly, no compensation costs has been recognized in the financial statements for its stock options which have an exercise price equal to the fair value of the stock on the date of the grant. Had the Company determined compensation cost based on the fair value at the grant date for its stock options and warrants under SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

	Years Ended March 31,		
	2002	2001	2000
Net income (loss):			
As reported	\$(1,540,000)	\$(1,477,000)	\$ 71,000
Pro forma	\$(1,546,000)	\$(1,572,000)	\$ 49,000
Net earnings (loss) per share:			
As reported	\$ (.52)	\$ (.50)	\$ .02





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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 14 - OTHER EVENTS (CONTINUED)

##### d. Preferred Share Purchase Rights

On June 2, 1997, the Board of Directors declared a dividend distribution of one preferred share purchase right on each outstanding share of common stock. The rights will be exercisable only if a person or group acquires 20% or more of the Company's common stock or announces a tender offer the consummation of which would result in ownership by a person or group of 20% or more of the common stock. Each right will entitle stockholders to buy one one-hundredth of a share of a new series of preferred stock at an exercise price of \$8.00. In the event of an acquisition, merger, or other business combination transaction after a person has acquired 20% or more of the Company's outstanding common stock, each right will entitle its holder to purchase, at the right's then-current exercise price, a number of the acquiring company's common shares having a market value of twice such price. In addition, if a person or group acquires 20% or more of Company's outstanding common stock, each right will entitle its holder (other than such person or members of such group) to purchase, at the right's then-current price, a number of the Company's common shares having a market value of twice such price. Following the acquisition by a person or group of beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the Company's common stock and prior to an acquisition of 50% or more of the common stock, the Board of Directors may exchange the rights (other than rights owned by such person or group), in whole or in part, at an exchange ratio of one share of common stock (or approximately one one-hundredth of a share of the new series of junior participating preferred stock) per right. Prior to the acquisition by a person or group of beneficial ownership 20% or more of the Company's common stock, the rights are redeemable for one tenth of one cent per right at the option of the Board of Directors. In May 2002 the Board of Directors amended the rights agreement to exclude the financing with St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. and to provide for the expiration of the rights upon consummation of the financing.

#### NOTE 15 - RESTRUCTURING

The Company has incurred significant losses in the last two years, has a deficiency in working capital at March 31, 2002, has substantially reduced its stockholders' equity and has incurred substantial additional debt. The bank, which had granted the Company a revolving credit line for many years, has decided not to renew the line due to the aforementioned items past the extended maturity of September 1, 2002.

In addition, the Company did not meet the capital requirement for listing of its shares by NASDAQ and has been given a conditional listing as of June 12, 2002 until it has met the listing requirements.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. Management's plans for improvement are described below including the agreement with St. Albans which became effective in May 2002. There can be no assurance that these measures will be successful.

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LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### NOTE 15 - RESTRUCTURING (CONTINUED)

In an effort to improve its financial position and retain its NASDAQ listing the Company entered into an agreement, as of May 16, 2002, with St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. ("St. Albans"), the Company's primary supplier of raw materials, pursuant to which St. Albans has (i) converted \$1,000,000 of accounts payable that the Company currently owes into 333,333 share of the Company's common stock, (ii) converted \$3,500,000 of accounts payable that the Company currently owes into (A) preferred stock convertible into 583,333 shares of common stock, which preferred stock (1) automatically converts into such number of shares of common stock if the common stock is \$8 or higher for thirty consecutive trading days, and (2) may be redeemed by the Company for \$3,500,000, and (B) a ten-year warrant to purchase 583,333 shares of common stock (subject to adjustment under certain circumstances to a maximum of 1,416,667 shares of common stock) at \$.01 per share, which warrant (1) may not be exercised for a period of three-years, (2) terminates if, during such three-year period, the Company's common stock is \$8 or higher for thirty consecutive trading days, and (3) in the event the Company's common stock is not \$8 or higher for thirty consecutive trading days during such three-year period, may only be exercised on the same basis percentage wise as the preferred shares are converted, (iii) converted an additional \$1,000,000 of accounts payable the Company currently owes to St. Albans into a convertible promissory note, bearing interest at the applicable federal rate (4.99%) at the note's inception, due on April 14, 2005, which note is convertible into common stock at \$6 per share at any time by St. Albans and, at the Company's option, automatically shall be converted into common stock at \$6 per share if the common stock is \$8 or higher for a period of 30 consecutive trading days, and (iv) provided the Company with a pricing structure for milk and milk by-products, for a minimum of one-year and a maximum of four-years (subject to renegotiation at the expiration of the applicable period), designed to produce profitability for the Company.

Although there can be no assurance, management of the Company is of the opinion that as a result of this agreement it will be able to replace or renew the revolving credit line.

The Company incurred costs of \$125,000 in connection with the St. Albans agreement of which \$25,000 will be settled by the issuance of 500,000 warrants to purchase common stock at \$3 per share. The net effect of \$100,000 will be offset against additional paid-in capital.

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### LUCILLE FARMS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 15 - RESTRUCTURING (CONTINUED)

The pro forma balance sheet reflects the adjustments as if the above had been in force at March 31, 2002 as follows:

	Historical	Pro forma adjustments	
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 175,000	\$	\$
Accounts receivable, net	3,688,000		
Inventories	3,169,000		

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Other current assets	236,000		
	-----	-----	-----
Total current assets	7,268,000		
Property, plant and equipment	10,503,000		
Other assets	1,056,000		
	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,827,000	\$	\$
	=====	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Revolving credit loan	\$ 3,744,000	\$	\$
		1,000,000 (iii)	
		1,000,000 (i)	
Accounts payable	6,824,000	3,500,000 (ii)	
Current portion of long-term debt	201,000		
Accrued expenses	384,000	(100,000) (a)	
	-----	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	11,153,000	5,400,000	
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt, less current portion	6,771,000	(1,000,000) (i)	
Deferred income taxes	659,000		
	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities	18,583,000	4,400,000	
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock	540,000	(3,500,000) (i)	
Common stock	3,000		
		(1,000,000) (i)	
Additional paid-in capital	4,462,000	100,000 (a)	
Accumulated deficit	(4,596,000)		
Treasury stock	(165,000)		
	-----	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	244,000	(4,400,000)	
	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABLILITES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 18,827,000	\$	\$
	=====	=====	=====

Adjustments (i) through (iii) relate to the items listed in the St. Albans agreement and adjustment (a) relates to the costs of obtaining the agreement as noted above.

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

NOT APPLICABLE

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The directors and executive officers of the Company as of June 24, 2002 are as follows:

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Name ----	Age ---	Present office or Position -----
Gennaro Falivene	72	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Executive Vice President-Quality Control
Alfonso Falivene	60	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer
David McCarty	46	Vice President-Sales and Marketing
Stephen M. Katz	67	Director, Vice-President-Finance and Administration, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
Howard S. Breslow	62	Director
Jay M. Rosengarten	57	Director

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Mr. Gennaro Falivene is a founder of the Company and has been a director of the Company since inception in 1976. He served as Vice president and Treasurer of the Company from inception until April 1993 when he was appointed Vice chairman of the Board and Executive Vice president-Quality Control.

Mr. Alfonso Falivene is a founder of the Company and has been a director of the Company since inception in 1976. He served as Vice President and Secretary of the Company until April 1993 when he was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer.

Mr. David McCarty has been Vice President-Marketing and Sales of the Company since April 1993. From July 1991 to March 1993, Mr. McCarty was the Vice President of Braff & Company, Inc., a New York, New York based marketing and public relations firm which specializes in consumer products, particularly in the food industry. Braff & Company, Inc. has represented a broad range of clients, including The Dannon Company, Kraft General Foods and The Seagram Beverage company and has played an integral role in the start-up, launch and promotion of such products as The Dove Bar and Micro Magic Foods. From February 1990 to July 1991, Mr. McCarty was the New York area Manager for Good Humor, a division of Thomas J. Lipton, where he established a new distribution network, created a sales promotion program and aided in reversing a sales decline and increasing sales. From August 1986 to February 1990, Mr. McCarty was the Director of Marketing of Braff & Company, Inc. From 1982 to 1986, Mr. McCarty was the Director of Marketing (1985 and 1986) and National Sales Manager (1982--1985) for Ginseng VP Corp., a "New Age" beverage corporation.

Mr. Stephen M. Katz has been a director of the Company, its Vice President-Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer and Secretary since April 1993. Mr. Katz was a partner in the certified public accounting firm of Drogin & Katz, a position he held since 1970. Drogin & Katz was the company's accounting firm from 1973 to March 1993. Mr. Katz is a certified public accountant licensed in New York.

Mr. Howard S. Breslow has been a director of the Company since April 1993. He has been a practicing attorney in New York for more than 35 years and has been a member of the law firm of Breslow & Walker, LLP New York, New York for more than 30 years, which firm is counsel to the Company. Mr. Breslow currently serves as a director of Cryomedical Sciences, Inc., a publicly-held company engaged in the

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research, development and sale of products for use in low temperature medicine, Vikonics, Inc., a non-operating publicly-held company formerly engaged in the design and sale of computer-based security systems, and Excel Technology, Inc., a publicly-held company engaged in the development and sale of laser products.

Mr. Jay Rosengarten was appointed to the Board of Directors effective February 1, 1998. Mr. Rosengarten, the former Board Chairman of Shopwell, Chicago is an internationally recognized consultant, author and lecturer on Consumer Marketing, Ethnic Marketing and Business Management. He has been the keynote speaker at numerous national trade association meetings and major corporate events. Mr. Rosengarten has a J.D., from Fordham University Law School. Mr. Rosengarten is a principal in the Rosengarten Group, a management consulting firm, a position he has held from 1993 to present.

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Gennaro Falivene is the uncle of Alfonso Falivene. No other family relationship exists between any director or executive officer and any other director or executive officer of the Company.

Officers serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors and are elected at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors. Directors are elected at the annual meeting of stockholders for a term of one year. The Company's Certificate of Incorporation provides that no director shall be personally liable to the Company or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty except for: (a) any breach of the duty of loyalty; (b) acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (c) improper distributions to stockholders or loans to officers or directors; or (d) any transactions from which a director derives an improper personal benefit. The Company currently maintains insurance to indemnify directors and officers.

### Section 16A Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

The Company is not aware of any late filings of, or failure to file, the reports required by Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except that Dr. Mali Reddy did not file Form 3 and Form 5.

### ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth certain information regarding compensation paid by the Company during each of the Company's last three fiscal years to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and to each of the Company's executive officers (other than the Chief Executive Officer) who received salary and bonus payments in excess of \$100,000 during the year ended March 31, 2002. None of such persons owns, or ever has been granted, stock options of the Company.

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### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Annual Compensation

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Name and Principal Positions -----	Fiscal Year ----	Salary -----	Bonus -----	Other Annual Compensation (1) -----
Alfonso Falivene	2002	\$106,000	--	\$9,000
President and Chief Executive Officer	2001	106,000	--	9,000
	2000	110,000	--	9,000
Gennaro Falivene	2002	106,000	--	7,000
Executive Vice President -- Quality Control	2001	106,000	--	5,000
	2000	108,000		5,000

(1) Represents automobile allowances and/or automobile lease payments for the benefit of such employee.

### Employment Agreements

Effective April 1, 2002, there are no employment agreements in effect.

### Compensation of Directors

The Company has not compensated its directors for their services in such capacity.

### Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During the year ended March 31, 2002, Messrs. Alfonso Falivene, Gennaro Falivene, and Stephen Katz were each officers of the Company as well as directors of the Company who participated in deliberations of the Company's Board of Directors concerning executive officer compensation. Reference is made to Item 13 "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions".

### STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information to be provided in the Company's definitive proxy statement, which statement is anticipated to be file within 120 days of the end of the fiscal year to which this report relates.

### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT.

The following table, as of June 24, 2002, sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of common stock and preferred stock by (i) all persons known by the Company to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's outstanding voting stock, (ii) each director of the Company, (iii) each Named Executive Officers and all executive officers and directors of the Company as a group. Unless expressly indicated otherwise, each stockholder exercises sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned.

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Name (and Address of 5% Owners)	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership		Per ----- Commo -----
	Common Stock -----	Series B Prfd. Stock -----	
Gennaro Falivene Box 125 Swanton, VT 05488	327,417		10.0
Alfonso Falivene (1) 150 River Rd., P.O. Box 517 Montville, NJ 07045	464,917		14.2
The Estate of Philip Falivene Box 125 Swanton, VT 05488	200,017 (8)		6.1%
Stephen Katz (2)	85,750		2.6%
B&W Investment Associates c/o Breslow and Walker 100 Jericho Quadrangle Jericho, NY 11753	693,799 (3)		18.3
Howard S. Breslow 100 Jericho Quadrangle Jericho, NY 11753	693,799 (3)		18.3
David McCarty	81,250		2.5%
Jay M. Rosengarten	25,000 (4)		*
St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. 140 Federal Street St. Albans, VT 05478	333,333 (7)	583 (6)	10.1
All officers and directors as a group	1,878,150 (5)		49.3

Shares of Common Stock subject to options and warrants currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days are deemed outstanding for computing the number of shares and the percentage of the outstanding shares held by a person holding such options and warrants, but are not deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of any other person. Except as indicated by footnote and subject to community property laws where applicable, the Company believes that the person named in the table has sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares shown as beneficially owned by them.

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- (1) Includes 7,500 shares owned by Mr. Falivene's wife and 20,000 shares owned by one of his children.
  - (2) Includes 40,000 shares owned by Mr. Katz's wife.
  - (3) Represents all of the shares owned by B&W Investment Associates, a partnership of which Howard S. Breslow, a director of the Company, is a partner. Includes 500,000 shares issuable under outstanding warrants. See "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions".
  - (4) Includes 25,000 shares issuable under outstanding options.
  - (5) Includes 25,000 shares issuable under outstanding options and 500,000 shares issuable under outstanding warrants.
  - (6) Convertible into 583,333 shares of Common Stock. See "-Liquidity and Capital Resources". St. Albans is entitled to vote, on an "as converted" basis, on all matters to which holders of Common Stock are entitled to vote.
  - (7) Excludes warrants convertible into 583,333 shares of Common Stock, which may not be exercised until May 16, 2005. See "-Liquidity and Capital Resources".
  - (8) Represents all of the shares owned by the Estate of Philip Falivene, of which Alfonso Falivene is executor.
- \* Less than 1%

### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

At March 31, 2002, Alfonso Falivene, Gennaro Falivene and the Estate of Philip Falivene each were indebted to the Company in the amount of \$30,167, and \$30,166 and \$4,289, respectively. Such indebtedness is represented by promissory notes, dated as of June 1, 1992, with the principal due on June 1, 2000, which has been extended to June 1, 2003. The notes bear interest at the rate of 9% per annum, which interest is payable annually commencing June 1, 1994. The Company purchased 19,900 shares of Common Stock from the Estate of Philip Falivene, for \$39,800, and used the proceeds in partial settlement of the loan due from the Estate.

The Company leases a parcel of land adjacent to its facility. This parcel is owned by Alfonso Falivene, Gennaro Falivene and the Estate of Philip Falivene. The space is used as an employee parking lot and its use was required in conjunction with the construction of the new Whey drying facility. The lease is for a ten year period. Rentals are \$750 monthly for the first five years and \$900 monthly for the additional five year period. Rent expense for the years ended March 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, was \$9,000, \$9,000 and \$9,000 respectively. This lease has a purchase option to purchase at fair market value at the end of the ten year period. This lease was assigned to the Bank in conjunction with the Whey Plant financing.

The Company leases a portion of its Montville, New Jersey offices from Messrs. Alfonso Falivene, Gennaro Falivene, and the Estate of Philip Falivene the joint owners of the office condominium unit. During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002, the Company paid approximately \$14,000, \$14,000 and \$14,000, respectively, towards the rental of such offices. The Company currently pays \$1,200 per month rent for such premises on a month--to--month basis. The Company also leases an additional 900 adjacent square feet for \$750 monthly on a month--to--month basis. These premises are also owned by Messrs. Alfonso Falivene, Gennaro Falivene, and the Estate of Philip Falivene. This space is primarily used for marketing operations. Rent expense for this space was \$9,000, \$9,000 and \$9,000, respectively, for the years ended March 31, 2000, 2001 and 2002.

The Company has retained Jay Rosengarten as an independent consultant. Mr. Rosengarten has been paid \$50,000 per annum for his services.

The Company is the owner and beneficiary of life insurance policies on the lives of Messrs. Alfonso and Gennaro Falivene, each in the amount of \$300,000. In the



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event of the death of any such insured, the Company has agreed (subject to tender) to utilize the proceeds of such policy to purchase shares of Common Stock from the deceased's estate at the market value of such shares on the date of death.

The Company purchased raw materials of \$615,000 from an entity affiliated with Dr. Mali Reddy, a former Company director, during the period he served as a director in fiscal 2002.

On June 10, 2002, B&W Investment Associates, a partnership of which Howard S. Breslow, a director of the Company, is a partner, purchased, for \$25,000, a ten year warrant to purchase 500,000 shares of Common Stock at \$3.00 per share. This transaction took place in connection with the conversion into equity and long term debt of outstanding accounts payable owed by the Company to St. Albans Cooperative Creamery, Inc. and the revision of the pricing structure for milk and milk by-products. See "-Liquidity and Capital Resources".

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### EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights.	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights
	(a)	(b)
Equity compensation plan approved by shareholders	105,000	\$3.13
Equity compensation plan not approved by shareholders	15,000 (1)	\$5.00
Total	120,000	\$3.36

(1) In July 2000, the Company entered into a service agreement with an individual. As additional compensation under such agreement warrants to purchase 15,000 shares of Common Stock were issued in lieu of additional cash compensation of \$10,000. The warrants are exercisable for a period of two years with an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. The warrants were valued at the value of the services provided of \$10,000.

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PART IV

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 10-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

1. Consolidated Financial Statements (included in Part II, Item 8):

Independent Auditors' Report

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2001 and March 31, 2000

Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended March 31, 2001, March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended March 31, 2001, March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended March 31, 2001, March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Consolidated Financial Statement Schedules (included in Part II, Item 8)

3. Exhibits included herein: Index to Exhibits for exhibits filed as part of this Form 10-K annual report.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K: None

Financial statement schedules are omitted because they are either not applicable or not required, or because the information sought is included in the consolidated Financial Statements or the Notes thereto.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Document
-----	-----
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (1)
3.2	By-Laws of the company, as amended (1)
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (1)
4.2	Certificate of Designation of Series A Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock of the Company. (7)

10.1 1993 Stock Option Plan (1)

10.2 Loan facility with Chittenden Bank, including Commitment Letter,

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dated April 30, 1996, Loan Agreement, dated June 13, 1996, and Promissory Notes, dated June 13, 1996, relating to short term working capital facility and capital expenditures line of credit (3) and amendment thereto dated June 11, 1997 (4)

- 10.3 Loan facility with First International Bank, N.A., including Collateral Assignments, Financial Condition Affidavits, Loan Agreements and Promissory Notes, dated February 8, 1999, Assignment of Contract Rights, Security Agreement, dated February 8, 1999, and Commercial Mortgage and Security Agreement, dated February 8, 1999.(5)
- 10.5 Loan facility with CoBANK, ACB including Single Advance Term Loan Supplement, dated May 23, 2001, Master Loan Agreement, dated May 23, 2001, Real Estate Mortgage, dated May 23, 2001, Security Agreement, dated May 23, 2001 and Continuing Guarantees, dated May 23, 2001. (7)
- 10.6 Production and Sales Agreement dated the 27 day of February 1998 with International Ingredient Corporation and amendment thereto dated June 12, 2001. (7)
- 10.7 Equipment Purchase Agreement dated June 12, 2001 with International Ingredient Corporation. (7)
- 21 List of subsidiaries of the Company (1)
- 23 Consent of Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP

- (1) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement Form S-1, File No. 33-64868.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1994.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K the fiscal year ended March 31, 1996.
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1997.
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1999.
- (6) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10Q-A for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2000.
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2001.

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### SIGNATURES

PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, THE REGISTRANT HAS DULY CAUSED THIS REPORT TO BE SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY THE UNDERSIGNED, THEREUNTO DULY AUTHORIZED.

LUCILLE FARMS, INC.

By:/s/Alfonso Falivene

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Alfonso Falivene, President (Principal  
Executive Officer)

By:/s/Stephen Katz

Stephen Katz, Vice President--Finance  
and Administration (Principal Financial and  
Accounting Officer)

Date: June 26, 2002

PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, THIS  
REPORT HAS BEEN SIGNED BELOW BY THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ON BEHALF OF THE  
REGISTRANT AND IN THE CAPACITIES AND ON THE DATES INDICATED.

Signature -----	Title -----	Date ----
/s/Gennaro Falivene Gennaro Falivene	Director	June 26, 2002
/s/Alfonso Falivene Alfonso Falivene	Director	June 26, 2002
/s/Stephen M. Katz Stephen M. Katz	Director	June 26, 2002
/s/Howard S. Breslow Howard S. Breslow	Director	June 26, 2002
/s/Jay M. Rosengarten Jay M. Rosengarten	Director	June 26, 2002