

Papa Murphy's Holdings, Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 13, 2014
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended September 29, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to
Commission file number 001-36432

Papa Murphy's Holdings, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)
8000 NE Parkway Drive, Suite 350
Vancouver, WA
(Address of principal executive offices)
(360) 260-7272
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

27-2349094
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)
98662
(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes . No . Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes . No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes . No .

At November 7, 2014, there were 16,941,265 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(In thousands of dollars, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | September 29, | September 30, | September 29, | September 30, |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Franchise royalties | \$8,965 | \$ 8,404 | \$28,349 | \$ 26,877 |
| Franchise and development fees | 1,088 | 1,359 | 3,119 | 3,064 |
| Company-owned store sales | 11,626 | 9,345 | 35,121 | 27,807 |
| Lease and other | 490 | 21 | 2,543 | 95 |
| Total revenues | 22,169 | 19,129 | 69,132 | 57,843 |
| Costs and Expenses | | | | |
| Store operating costs (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below): | | | | |
| Cost of food and packaging | 4,667 | 3,469 | 13,756 | 10,436 |
| Compensation and benefits | 3,000 | 2,582 | 8,935 | 7,812 |
| Advertising | 1,286 | 936 | 3,531 | 2,744 |
| Occupancy | 715 | 607 | 2,049 | 1,743 |
| Other store operating costs | 1,069 | 943 | 3,145 | 2,790 |
| Selling, general, and administrative | 5,915 | 6,238 | 22,938 | 17,484 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,007 | 1,797 | 5,815 | 5,240 |
| (Gain) loss on disposal or impairment of property and equipment | (15 |) 648 | 27 | 749 |
| Total costs and expenses | 18,644 | 17,220 | 60,196 | 48,998 |
| Operating Income | 3,525 | 1,909 | 8,936 | 8,845 |
| Interest expense | 1,539 | 2,475 | 6,966 | 7,589 |
| Interest income | (14 |) (21 |) (67 |) (65 |
| Loss on early retirement of debt | 3,428 | — | 4,619 | — |
| Other expense, net | 63 | 18 | 118 | 34 |
| (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes | (1,491 |) (563 |) (2,700 |) 1,287 |
| (Benefit from) provision for income taxes | (703 |) (168 |) (1,124 |) 977 |
| Net (Loss) Income | (788 |) (395 |) (1,576 |) 310 |
| Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | — | — | — | — |
| Total Comprehensive (Loss) Income | \$(788 |) \$(395 |) \$(1,576 |) \$310 |
| Loss per share of common stock | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05 |) \$(0.52 |) \$(0.35 |) \$(1.21 |
| Diluted | \$(0.05 |) \$(0.52 |) \$(0.35 |) \$(1.21 |
| Weighted average common stock outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 16,584,724 | 3,881,199 | 10,603,339 | 3,749,972 |

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Diluted | 16,584,724 | 3,881,199 | 10,603,339 | 3,749,972 |
| See accompanying notes. | | | | |

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PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands of dollars, except par value and share data)

(Unaudited)

| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 597 | \$ 3,705 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$52 and \$37, respectively | 5,195 | 2,430 |
| Notes receivable, net (including related party notes of zero and \$39, respectively) | 58 | 837 |
| Inventories | 588 | 495 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 4,815 | 7,054 |
| Current deferred tax asset | 1,853 | 1,856 |
| Total current assets | 13,106 | 16,377 |
| Property and equipment, net | 11,097 | 9,660 |
| Notes receivable (including related party notes of zero and \$444, respectively), net of current portion | 239 | 444 |
| Goodwill | 98,449 | 96,089 |
| Trade name and trademarks | 87,002 | 87,002 |
| Definite-life intangibles, net | 45,523 | 48,744 |
| Deferred finance charges, net | 1,559 | 3,934 |
| Other assets | 3,663 | 2,252 |
| Total assets | \$ 260,638 | \$ 264,502 |
| Liabilities and Equity | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 3,725 | \$ 3,673 |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 7,450 | 9,741 |
| Current portion of unearned franchise and development fees | 2,744 | 2,881 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 2,100 | 1,670 |
| Total current liabilities | 16,019 | 17,965 |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | 112,900 | 168,330 |
| Unearned franchise and development fees, net of current portion | 1,174 | 1,113 |
| Deferred tax liability | 40,245 | 41,465 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 1,596 | 1,482 |
| Total liabilities | 171,934 | 230,355 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 15) | | |
| Equity | | |
| Papa Murphy's Holdings Inc. Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Series A preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; zero and 3,000,000 shares authorized, respectively; zero and 2,853,809 shares issued and outstanding, respectively (aggregate liquidation preference zero and \$61,476, respectively)) | — | 60,156 |
| Series B preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; zero and 1,000,000 shares authorized, respectively; zero and 26,551 shares issued and outstanding, respectively (aggregate liquidation preference zero and \$722, respectively)) | — | 741 |
| | — | — |

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| | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding) | | |
| Common stock (\$0.01 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 16,941,265 and 4,347,882 shares issued and outstanding, respectively) | 169 | 43 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 117,195 | 1,555 |
| Stock subscription receivable | (100 |) (1,197) |
| Accumulated deficit | (28,949 |) (27,373) |
| Total Papa Murphy's Holdings Inc. shareholders' equity | 88,315 | 33,925 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 389 | 222 |
| Total equity | 88,704 | 34,147 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$ 260,638 | \$ 264,502 |
| See accompanying notes. | | |

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PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | CUMULATIVE SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK | | CUMULATIVE SERIES B PREFERRED STOCK | | COMMON STOCK | | ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL | STOCK SUBSCRIP- TION RECEIVABLE | ACCUMU- LATED DEFICIT | TOTAL PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS INC. SHARE-HOLDERS' EQUITY | NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS | TOTAL EQUITY |
|---|--|----------|--|--------|-----------------|--------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | SHARES | AMOUNT | SHARES | AMOUNT | SHARES | AMOUNT | | | | | | |
| BALANCE, December 30, 2013 | 2,854 | \$60,156 | 27 | \$741 | 4,348 | \$43 | \$1,555 | \$(1,197) | \$(27,373) | \$33,925 | \$222 | \$34,147 |
| Common stock issued, net of transaction costs | — | — | — | — | 5,833 | 58 | 54,590 | — | — | 54,648 | — | 54,648 |
| Common stock repurchases | — | — | — | — | (152) | (1) | (1,517) | — | — | (1,518) | — | (1,518) |
| Conversion of preferred stock to common stock | (2,854) | (60,156) | (27) | (741) | 6,912 | 69 | 60,828 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Repayment of note receivable issued to fund the purchase of stock | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1,097 | — | 1,097 | — | 1,097 |
| Stock based compensation expense | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1,739 | — | — | 1,739 | — | 1,739 |
| Investment by noncontrolling interest | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 167 | 167 |
| Net loss | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | (1,576) | (1,576) | — | (1,576) |
| BALANCE, September 29, 2014 | — | \$— | — | \$— | 16,941 | \$169 | \$117,195 | \$(100) | \$(28,949) | \$88,315 | \$389 | \$88,704 |

See accompanying notes.

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PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands of dollars)

(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Operating Activities | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$(1,576 |) \$310 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash from operating activities | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5,815 | 5,240 |
| Loss on disposal or impairment of property and equipment | 27 | 749 |
| Loss on early retirement of debt | 4,619 | — |
| Bad debt expense | 12 | 434 |
| Non-cash employee equity compensation | 1,739 | 389 |
| Amortization of deferred finance charges | 470 | 641 |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| Trade and other receivables | (2,778 |) (5 |
| Inventories | (48 |) 23 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 915 | (5,110 |
| Unearned franchise and development fees | (76 |) 153 |
| Accounts payable | (21 |) 1,281 |
| Accrued expenses | (2,385 |) (1,122 |
| Deferred taxes | (1,217 |) 857 |
| Other assets and liabilities | 61 | 5,256 |
| Net cash from operating activities | 5,557 | 9,096 |
| Investing Activities | | |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | (3,036 |) (2,221 |
| Acquisition of stores, less cash acquired | (647 |) (3,600 |
| Proceeds from sale of stores | 153 | 4 |
| Payments received on notes receivable | 960 | 23 |
| Investment in cost-method investee | (1,500 |) — |
| Net cash from investing activities | (4,070 |) (5,794 |
| Financing Activities | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 112,000 | — |
| Payments on long-term debt | (169,900 |) (660 |
| Advances on revolver | 1,800 | 500 |
| Payments on revolver | (1,800 |) (4,500 |
| Issuance of common stock, net of underwriting fees | 59,675 | 57 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (1,518 |) (27 |
| Debt issuance and modification costs, including prepayment penalties | (2,626 |) (288 |
| Payments received on subscription receivables | 1,097 | — |
| Costs associated with initial public offering | (3,490 |) — |
| Investment by noncontrolling interest holders | 167 | — |
| Net cash from financing activities | (4,595 |) (4,918 |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash | — | (2 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (3,108 |) (1,618 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year | 3,705 | 2,428 |

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| | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period | \$597 | \$810 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information | | |
| Cash paid during the period for interest | \$6,667 | \$7,029 |
| Cash paid during the period for income taxes | \$110 | \$105 |
| Deferred offering costs paid in 2013 reclassified to equity | \$1,537 | \$— |
| Noncash Supplemental Disclosures of Investing and Financing Activities | | |
| Issuance of note receivable for preferred and common stock | \$— | \$113 |
| Issuance of note payable for acquisition of stores | \$2,900 | \$— |
| Acquisition of property and equipment in accounts payable | \$310 | \$— |
| See accompanying notes. | | |

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PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Note 1—Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Description of business—Papa Murphy's Holdings, Inc. ("Papa Murphy's" or the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries, is a franchisor and operator of a Take 'N' Bake pizza chain. The Company franchises the right to operate Take 'N' Bake pizza franchises and operates Take 'N' Bake pizza stores owned by the Company. As of September 29, 2014, the Company had 1,437 stores consisting of 1,409 domestic stores (1,333 franchised stores and 76 company-owned stores) across 38 states, plus 28 franchised stores in Canada and the United Arab Emirates.

Public offering and stock split—On May 7, 2014, the Company completed an initial public offering (the "IPO") of 5,833,333 shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$11.00 per share. The Company received net proceeds from the offering of approximately \$54.6 million after offering fees and expenses. The net proceeds, along with additional cash on hand, were used to repay \$55.5 million of the Company's loans outstanding under the Company's senior secured credit facility after which the Company had \$112.1 million outstanding under the facility with the revolver undrawn.

Immediately prior to the IPO, the Company amended and restated its certificate of incorporation to reflect the conversion of all outstanding Series A Preferred Stock and Series B Preferred Stock (together, the "Preferred Shares") to 3,054,318 shares of common stock. The total liquidation preference on the Preferred Shares at the time of conversion was \$64.3 million. As part of the IPO, the Company increased its authorized shares from 3,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, to 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share. The Company also authorized the issuance of 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, with no shares outstanding.

In connection with the IPO, on May 1, 2014, the Company amended its certificate of incorporation to effect a 2.2630 for 1 stock split of its common stock. Concurrent with the stock split, the Company adjusted the number of shares subject to, and the exercise price of, its outstanding stock option awards under the Company's 2010 Amended Management Incentive Plan (the "2010 Plan") such that the holders of the options were in the same economic position both before and after the stock split. As a result of the stock split, all previously reported share amounts, including options in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, have been retrospectively restated to reflect the stock split. After the conversion of the Preferred Shares and the stock split, but before the shares were sold in the IPO, the Company had 11,134,070 common shares outstanding.

Basis of presentation—The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. In the Company's opinion, all necessary adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, have been made for the fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the related notes thereto for the year ended December 30, 2013 included in the Company's Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-194488) which was declared effective by the SEC on May 1, 2014 (as amended, the "Registration Statement").

Principles of consolidation—The interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Papa Murphy's Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The Company reports noncontrolling interests in consolidated entities as a component of equity separate from shareholders' equity. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Throughout the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, "Papa Murphy's" and "the Company" refer to Papa Murphy's Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Fiscal year—The Company uses a 52- or 53-week fiscal year, ending on the Monday nearest to December 31. Fiscal years 2014 and 2013 are 52-week years. All three month periods presented herein contain 13 weeks. All references to years and quarters relate to fiscal periods rather than calendar periods. References to 2014 and 2013 are references to

fiscal years ending December 29, 2014 and ended December 30, 2013, respectively.

Internal use software—Expenditures for major software purchases and software developed for internal use are capitalized and amortized over the useful life of the software (three to five years) on a straight-line basis. The Company's policy provides for the capitalization of external direct costs of materials and services associated with developing or obtaining

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internal-use computer software. Costs associated with preliminary project stage activities, training, maintenance and all other post-implementation stage activities are expensed as incurred.

Software revenue recognition—The Company recognizes revenues for the resale of software licenses upon delivery to franchise owners to the extent collectability is probable. In an effort to obtain more favorable pricing and expedite the roll-out of point-of-sale ("POS") systems, the Company acquired \$4.5 million of POS software licenses in a lump sum purchase in 2013 and intends to resell them to franchise owners at cost.

Recent accounting pronouncements—In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists, which prescribes that an unrecognized tax benefit or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar loss, or a tax credit carryforward, except in certain cases where the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted. This update should be applied prospectively to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist at the effective date, with retrospective application permitted. The Company adopted ASU No. 2013-11 effective December 30, 2013. The adoption concerns presentation and disclosure only and did not have an effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, a new standard to achieve a consistent application of revenue recognition within the U.S., resulting in a single revenue model to be applied by reporting companies under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Under the new model, recognition of revenue occurs when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the new standard requires that reporting companies disclose the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. This new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016; early adoption is prohibited. This new standard is required to be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying it recognized at the date of initial application. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effects of the new standard on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 2—Acquisitions

On August 18, 2014, Papa Murphy's Company Stores, Inc. ("PMCSI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired certain assets used in the operation of nine Papa Murphy's stores in the Minneapolis, MN area (the "Drake acquisition") from Drake Enterprises, the previous operator of the nine Papa Murphy's stores. Transaction costs of \$59,000 associated with the acquisition were recognized as Other store operating costs in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). The total purchase price was \$3.5 million, which included a post-close holdback of \$54,000. The Drake acquisition was funded through cash and the issuance of a \$2.9 million note payable to the seller (see Note 8—Financing Arrangements). The transaction was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting whereby operating results subsequent to the acquisition date are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The fair value of the assets acquired are summarized below (in thousands):

| | | |
|---|---------|---|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$4 | |
| Inventories | 46 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 33 | |
| Property and equipment | 546 | |
| Reacquired franchise rights | 516 | |
| Asset retirement obligation | (61 |) |
| Total identifiable net assets acquired | 1,084 | |
| Goodwill | 2,369 | |
| Total consideration | \$3,453 | |

Reacquired franchise rights have weighted average useful lives of 3.3 years. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the net tangible and intangible assets acquired and is expected to be fully deductible for income tax purposes. This goodwill is primarily attributable to the acquired customer bases and, to a lesser extent, economies of scale expected from combining the operations of the acquired entities with that of the Company.

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Unaudited pro forma information—The unaudited pro forma consolidated revenues and net loss of the Company as though the acquisition date had been as of the beginning of 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Pro forma revenues | \$22,723 | \$20,115 | \$72,040 | \$61,216 |
| Pro forma net income (loss) | \$(829 |) \$(493 |) \$(1,625 |) \$181 |

The pro forma information presented in this note includes adjustments for amortization of acquired intangible assets, depreciation of acquired property and equipment, interest expense on borrowings used to fund the consideration paid and income tax expense. The pro forma information is presented for informational purposes and may not be indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the acquisitions actually occurred at the beginning of 2013, nor is it intended to be indicative of future operating performance.

Revenues earned from the acquired stores of \$0.5 million and net loss of \$35,000 from the closing date of the acquisition are included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014.

Note 3—Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Prepaid media development costs | \$202 | \$16 |
| Prepaid rents and insurance | 869 | 458 |
| Equity issuance costs | — | 1,537 |
| POS software licenses for resale | 2,177 | 4,548 |
| Convention deposits | 1,110 | — |
| Other | 457 | 495 |
| Total prepaid expenses and other current assets | \$4,815 | \$7,054 |

Prepaid media development costs represent costs incurred for advertisements that have not aired. During the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, the Company recognized \$0.4 million and \$2.4 million in software license revenue upon the resale of POS software licenses to franchise owners at cost. The income from the sale is included in Lease and other revenues and the related expense is recorded in Selling, general, and administrative costs on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Note 4—Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are net of accumulated depreciation of \$8.4 million and \$6.5 million at September 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013, respectively. Depreciation expense for the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 was \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 was \$2.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

Note 5—Goodwill

The following summarizes changes to the Company's goodwill, by reportable segment (in thousands):

| | DOMESTIC COMPANY STORES | DOMESTIC FRANCHISE | TOTAL | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|---|
| Balance at December 30, 2013 | \$ 14,543 | \$81,546 | \$96,089 | |
| Acquisitions | 2,369 | — | 2,369 | |
| Disposition | (9 |) — | (9 |) |
| Balance at September 29, 2014 | \$ 16,903 | \$81,546 | \$98,449 | |

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There is no goodwill associated with the International Segment. During the three months ended September 29, 2014, the Company has determined that there have not been any triggering events that would require an updated impairment review.

Note 6—Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are net of accumulated amortization of \$18.0 million and \$14.3 million as of September 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013, respectively. Amortization expense for the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 was \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. Amortization expense for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 was \$3.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

Note 7—Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consists of the following (in thousands):

| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Note issued on sale of company-owned stores maturing in 2020, bearing interest at 9.0%. Monthly payments of principal and interest of \$7 are due through July 2015. Monthly payment amounts increase annually pursuant to an agreed schedule until they reach a monthly maximum of \$9 in August 2018. Collateralized by store assets. Note was reclassified from related party notes receivable to third party notes receivable in 2014 (see Note 16—Related Party Transactions). | \$— | \$443 |
| Uncollateralized note issued to an employee, maturing in 2017, bearing interest at 0.88%. Note was paid in full in 2014. | — | 40 |
| Total related party notes receivable | — | 483 |
| Notes issued to finance franchise owners' purchase of point of sale systems, three year term, maturing during 2014 and bearing interest at 10.5%. Monthly payments of principal and interest due through 2014. Collateralized by POS systems. Notes were paid in full in 2014. | — | 23 |
| Note issued on the sale of company-owned stores maturing during 2015, denominated in Canadian dollars, bearing interest at 4%. Monthly payment terms of interest only through 2015. Collateralized by store assets. | 792 | 825 |
| Note issued on sale of company-owned stores maturing in 2020, bearing interest at 9.0%. Monthly payments of principal and interest of \$7 are due through July 2015. Monthly payment amounts increase annually pursuant to an agreed schedule until they reach a monthly maximum of \$9 in August 2018. Collateralized by store assets. | 297 | — |
| Note issued on the sale of company-owned stores maturing during 2014, bearing interest at 8%. Note was paid in full in 2014. | — | 775 |
| Total notes receivable | 1,089 | 2,106 |
| Less allowance for doubtful notes receivable, current portion | (792 |) (825 |
| Notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful notes receivable | 297 | 1,281 |
| Less current portion | (58 |) (837 |
| Notes receivable, net of current portion | \$239 | \$444 |

Note 8—Financing Arrangements

Long-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Senior secured credit facility | | |
| Term loan | \$ 112,000 | \$ 167,000 |
| Notes payable | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Total long-term debt | 115,000 | 170,000 |
| Less current portion | (2,100 |) (1,670 |
| Total long-term debt, net of current portion | \$ 112,900 | \$ 168,330 |

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Senior secured credit facility—On August 28, 2014, PMI Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a new \$132.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "2014 facility") consisting of a \$112.0 million term loan and a \$20.0 million revolving credit facility, which includes a \$2.5 million letter of credit subfacility and a \$1.0 million swing-line loan subfacility. Closing and structuring fees of \$1.6 million were incurred as a result of this transaction which will be amortized over the duration of the new loan. The new term loan and any loans made under the revolving credit facility mature in August 2019.

Borrowings under the 2014 facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to an applicable margin based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, plus, at the Company's option, either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the highest of (i) the "Prime Rate" publicly quoted by The Wall Street Journal, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 50 basis points, or (iii) the LIBOR rate with a one-month interest period plus 100 basis points, or (b) a LIBOR rate determined for the specified interest period. The applicable margin for borrowings under the 2014 facility ranges from 150 to 225 basis points for base rate borrowings and 250 to 325 basis points for LIBOR rate borrowings. The 2014 facility includes customary fees for loan facilities of this type, including a commitment fee on the revolving credit facility. As of September 29, 2014, the 2014 facility bore interest under the LIBOR rate option at 3.41%.

The obligations under the 2014 facility are guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company (the "subsidiary guarantors") and are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors. The 2014 facility also contains customary affirmative and negative covenants that are typical for loan facilities of this type, including covenants that, among other things, restrict our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, issue certain types of equity, incur liens, enter into fundamental changes, including mergers and consolidations, sell assets, make dividends, distributions and investments, and prepay subordinated indebtedness, subject to customary exceptions. The 2014 facility also includes certain financial covenants with respect to a maximum consolidated leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio.

With a maturity date of over one year from September 29, 2014, balances outstanding under the 2014 facility are classified as non-current on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, except for mandatory, minimum term loan amortization payments of \$0.7 million due on the last day of each fiscal quarter commencing on March 29, 2015. The weighted average interest rate across all senior secured credit facilities for the third quarter of 2014 was 4.74%.

2013 senior secured credit facility—In August 2014, the borrowings under the 2014 facility refinanced the \$177.0 million senior secured credit facility entered into in October 2013 (the "2013 facility"), which included a \$167.0 million senior secured term loan and a \$10.0 million revolving credit facility, including a \$2.5 million letter of credit subfacility. In connection with the refinancing, unamortized deferred financing costs of \$2.3 million from the 2013 facility and a prepayment penalty of \$1.1 million were expensed as a Loss on early retirement of debt on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

On May 7, 2014, the Company prepaid \$55.5 million of its long-term debt under the 2013 facility in connection with the IPO. A proportionate share of deferred financing costs of \$1.2 million were expensed as a Loss on early retirement of debt on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) at the time of this debt prepayment.

Notes payable—PMCSI has a note payable for \$3.0 million which bears interest at 5% and matures in December 2018. This note is subordinated to the senior secured credit facility.

As part of the Drake acquisition, PMCSI issued a note payable for \$2.9 million to Drake Enterprises in August 2014. The note bore interest at 7% and was scheduled to mature in April 2019 with an acceleration clause in the event of a refinancing of the 2013 facility. The note was paid in full during September 2014.

Note 9—Fair Value Measurement

The Company determines the fair value of assets and liabilities based on the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability to a market participant. GAAP defines a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the assumptions used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 — Observable inputs other than prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated with observable market data

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Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

| | September 29, 2014 | | December 30, 2013 | | FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | CARRYING VALUE | FAIR VALUE | CARRYING VALUE | FAIR VALUE | |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Notes receivable ^(a) | 297 | 302 | 1,281 | 1,287 | Level 3 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Long-term debt, including current portion thereof ^(b) | 115,000 | 113,880 | 170,000 | 168,882 | Level 3 |

(a) The fair value of the notes receivable was estimated primarily using a discounted cash flow method based on a discount rate, reflecting the applicable credit spread.

(b) The fair value of long-term debt was estimated using a discounted cash flow method based on a discount rate, reflecting the applicable credit spread.

Financial instruments not included in the table above consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable and long-term debt. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates carrying value because of the short-term nature of the accounts. The fair value of the equity interests of Project Pie, LLC ("Project Pie"), a cost-method investee, which equity interests are owned by the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, Project Pie Holdings, LLC ("PPH"), approximates book value due to the recent nature of the investment and subsequent investments.

Note 10—Accrued and Other Liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Accrued payable for POS software licenses | \$— | \$2,729 |
| Accrued compensation and related costs | 2,202 | 2,232 |
| Gift cards and certificates payable | 2,075 | 2,829 |
| Accrued interest and non-income taxes payable | 281 | 384 |
| Convention fund balance | 1,018 | 576 |
| Unearned product rebates | 1,317 | — |
| Other | 557 | 991 |
| | \$7,450 | \$9,741 |

Note 11—Income Taxes

The Company recognized an income tax benefit of \$0.7 million on loss before income taxes of \$1.5 million, or an effective tax rate of 47.1%, for the three months ended September 29, 2014, compared to an income tax benefit of \$0.2 million on loss before income taxes of \$0.6 million, or an effective tax rate of 29.8%, for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2013 includes the effect of certain permanent differences between tax reporting purposes and financial reporting purposes and the relative impact of those differences on a small quarterly loss.

The Company recognized an income tax benefit of \$1.1 million on loss before income taxes of \$2.7 million, or an effective tax rate of 41.6%, for the nine months ended September 29, 2014, compared to an income tax expense of \$1.0 million on income before income taxes of \$1.3 million, or an effective tax rate of 75.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The effective tax rate for the nine months of 2014 includes the effect of discrete adjustments for the accelerated vesting of restricted stock. The effective tax rate for the first nine months ended

September 30, 2013 includes the effect of a discrete adjustment for a change in the blended state tax rate.

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Note 12—Shareholders' Equity

Preferred stock—Prior to the IPO, the Company's preferred stock consisted of Series A Preferred Shares and Series B Preferred Shares. The Preferred Shares had a cumulative preferred dividend of 6.00% per year based on an original liquidation value of \$36.68 per share. Upon liquidation of the Company, the holders of the Preferred Shares were entitled to receive the unpaid liquidation value plus accreted dividends before any distribution could be made to the holders of common stock. In addition, the Preferred Shares participated in 20% of all remaining earnings if distributed to common stockholders. The unpaid liquidation value of the Series A and Series B Preferred Shares was \$21.14 and \$26.80 per share, respectively, as of the IPO. At the IPO, the Preferred Shares were converted into 3,054,318 shares of common stock.

Noncontrolling interests—During the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 the Company received an additional investment of zero and \$0.2 million, respectively, by noncontrolling interest holders in PPH.

Note 13—Share-based Compensation

Restricted common shares and stock options—In May 2010, the Company's Board of Directors approved the 2010 Plan. In May 2014, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan," and together with the 2010 Plan, the "Incentive Plans"). With the adoption of the 2014 Plan, the Company has discontinued selling stock and issuing awards under the 2010 Plan, but stock previously purchased and awards previously granted under the 2010 Plan remain outstanding.

The Incentive Plans reserve 2,116,747 common shares for equity incentive awards consisting of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, restricted stock awards, and unrestricted stock awards. Under the Incentive Plans, the Company has awarded 608,576 and 753,783 shares of restricted common stock to eligible employees as of September 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013, respectively. In addition, the Company has issued 951,153 and zero stock options under the Incentive Plans to eligible employees as of September 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013, respectively.

Information with respect to restricted stock sales is as follows:

| | NUMBER OF SHARES OF RESTRICTED COMMON STOCK | | WEIGHTED AVERAGE SALE/GRANT DATE FAIR VALUE PER SHARE |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | TIME VESTING | MARKET CONDITION VESTING | |
| Unvested, December 30, 2013 | 243,475 | 236,707 | \$ 2.49 |
| Sold/Granted | 6,815 | — | 8.80 |
| Vested | (97,300 |) (4,555 |) 4.50 |
| Forfeited/Repurchased | (14,780 |) (16,596 |) 2.39 |
| Unvested, September 29, 2014 | 138,210 | 215,556 | \$ 2.31 |

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Information with respect to stock option activity is as follows:

| | NUMBER OF SHARES SUBJECT TO OPTIONS | | WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE | WEIGHTED AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL TERM | AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE (in thousands) |
|---|---|-------------------|---|---|--|
| | TIME VESTING | MARKET VESTING | | | |
| Outstanding, December 30, 2013 | — | — | \$— | | |
| Granted | 740,932 | 231,655 | 11.16 | | |
| Exercised | — | — | — | | |
| Forfeited | (12,621) | (8,813) | 11.00 | | |
| Outstanding, September 29, 2014 | 728,311 | 222,842 | \$ 11.16 | 9.6 years | \$ — |
| Exercisable, September 29, 2014 | 352,751 | — | \$ 11.21 | 9.6 years | \$ — |
| Vested and expected to vest at September 29, 2014 | 671,977 | 189,416 | \$ 11.17 | 9.6 years | \$ — |

The weighted average fair value of share-based compensation awards granted and vested, and the intrinsic value of options exercised during the period were (in thousands, except per share amounts):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Restricted Stock Sales/Grants: | | | | |
| Weighted average sale/grant date fair value per share | \$ 8.80 | \$ — | \$ 8.80 | \$ 6.77 |
| Total fair value of shares sold/granted | \$ 60 | \$ — | \$ 60 | \$ 230 |
| Total fair value of shares vested | \$ 26 | \$ — | \$ 458 | \$ 50 |
| Stock Option Awards: | | | | |
| Weighted average grant date fair value per share | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 4.27 | \$ — |
| Total fair value of awards granted | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 4,151 | \$ — |
| Total fair value of awards vested | \$ 87 | \$ — | \$ 1,519 | \$ — |
| Total intrinsic value of options exercised | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |

Compensation cost and valuation—Total compensation costs recognized in connection with the Incentive Plans for the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 were \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

Total compensation costs recognized in connection with the Incentive Plans for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 were \$1.7 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. Income tax benefits associated with the Incentive Plans recognized for the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 were \$0.1 million and zero, respectively. Income tax benefits recognized for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 were \$0.6 million and zero, respectively.

As of September 29, 2014, the total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, was \$1.7 million and the remaining weighted average contractual life was 2.4 years.

Prior to the IPO, the valuation of the Company's common stock and Preferred Shares was based on the principles of option-pricing theory. This approach is based on modeling the value of the various components of an entity's capital structure as a series of call options on the proceeds expected from the sale of the entity or the liquidation of its assets at some future date. Specifically, each of the preferred and common equity is modeled as a call option on the aggregate value of the Company with an exercise price equal to the liquidation preferences of the more senior securities. In estimating the fair value of the aggregate value of the Company, the Company considered both the income approach and the market approach.

The key inputs required to calculate the value of the common stock using the option-pricing model included the risk free rate, the volatility of the underlying assets, and the estimated time until a liquidation event. The Company applied

a marketability discount to the value of common stock based on facts and circumstances at each valuation date.

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During the reported periods prior to the IPO, the Company assumed the following:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 (A) | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2013 |
| Risk free rate | 0.41% | 0.36% | 0.28~0.50% | |
| Volatility of the underlying assets | 35% | 45% | 35~40% | |
| Estimated time until a liquidation event | (B) | (C) | (D) | |
| Marketability discount—common stock | (B) | (C) | (D) | |
| Marketability discount—preferred stock | (B) | (C) | (D) | |

(A) The last valuation of the Company was performed as of March 31, 2014.

On July 1, 2013, the Company began to apply a probability weighted expected return method, where equity values were calculated using an option pricing model under an IPO and non-IPO scenarios and each value was weighted based on estimated probability of occurrence. During the period, 0.50~2.25 years were used as estimated time until a liquidation event and 15~30% and 10-15% of marketability discount were used for common and preferred stock, respectively, depending on an IPO or non-IPO scenarios, respectively. As of September 30, 2013, a 50% weight was given to the IPO scenario.

(B) During the period, 0.58~1.75 years were used as estimated time until a liquidation event and 10~25% and 8~15% of marketability discount were used for common and preferred stock, respectively, depending on an IPO or non-IPO scenarios. As of March 31, 2014, the date of the last valuation performed by the Company, a 95% weight was given to the IPO scenario.

(C) During the period, 0.50~2.5 years were used as estimated time until a liquidation event and 15~30% and 10-15% of marketability discount were used for common and preferred stock, respectively, depending on an IPO or non-IPO scenarios, respectively. As of September 30, 2013, a 50% weight was given to the IPO scenario.

(D) The fair value of the stock option awards granted in the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 was estimated with the following weighted-average assumptions.

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Risk free rate | — | — | 2.0% | — |
| Expected volatility | — | — | 35.0% | — |
| Expected term | — | — | 6.3 years | — |
| Expected dividend yield | — | — | 0.0% | — |

Preferred and common stock subject to put options—In July 2011, the Company entered into a share repurchase and put option agreement with an executive officer, pursuant to which the executive officer had the right and option to have the Company repurchase 74,491 shares of unrestricted preferred stock and 92,951 shares (41,075 pre-stock split) of unrestricted common stock ("Put Option").

The change in the fair value of the Put Option during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 resulted in additional compensation expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million. In December 2013, the share repurchase and put option agreement was canceled.

Note 14—Earnings per Share (EPS)

The number of shares and earnings per share ("EPS") data for all periods presented are based on the historical weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding. Prior to the IPO, the Company's cumulative preferred stockholders were entitled to participate in 20% of all remaining earnings or dividends if distributed to common stockholders. As such, the Company has calculated EPS using the two-class method. The two-class method determines EPS for common stock and participating securities according to dividends and dividend equivalents and their respective participation rights in undistributed earnings.

EPS is calculated by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share ("diluted EPS") is calculated using income available to common stockholders divided by diluted weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during each period, which includes restricted common stock. Diluted EPS considers the impact of potentially dilutive securities except in periods in which there is a loss because the inclusion of the potential common shares would have an anti-dilutive effect.

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The following table sets forth the computations of basic and dilutive earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Earnings: | | | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (788) | \$ (395) | \$ (1,576) | \$ 310 |
| Less: cumulative Series A and B Preferred dividends not subject to put options | — | (1,638) | (2,150) | (4,846) |
| Net loss available to common stockholders | \$ (788) | \$ (2,033) | \$ (3,726) | \$ (4,536) |
| Shares: | | | | |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 16,585 | 3,881 | 10,603 | 3,750 |
| Dilutive effect of restricted equity awards* | — | — | — | — |
| Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding | 16,585 | 3,881 | 10,603 | 3,750 |
| Loss per share: | | | | |
| Basic loss per share | \$ (0.05) | \$ (0.52) | \$ (0.35) | \$ (1.21) |
| Diluted loss per share | \$ (0.05) | \$ (0.52) | \$ (0.35) | \$ (1.21) |

Unvested restricted stock was not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013 because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013, an aggregated total of 128,000 shares and 242,000 shares, respectively, have been excluded from the diluted income per share calculation because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013, an aggregated total of 170,000 shares and 362,000 shares, respectively, have been excluded from the diluted income per share calculation because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Note 15—Commitments and Contingencies

Commitment to purchase additional equity subscriptions—In connection with its investment in Project Pie, PPH has committed as of September 29, 2014 to fund, upon demand, up to an additional \$1.0 million prior to December 2016 in increments of \$0.5 million through the purchase of additional Series A Preferred Units of Project Pie. The number of units to be purchased will be determined based upon the then-current pre-money valuation of Project Pie. During the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 PPH invested an additional zero and \$1.5 million, respectively, in Series A Preferred Units of Project Pie.

Operating lease commitments—The Company leases facilities and various office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases which expire through January 2021. Lease terms for its store units are generally for five years with renewal options and generally require the Company to pay a proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance, common area, and other operating costs.

The Company has entered into operating leases that it has subleased to three franchise-owned stores. These operating leases have minimum base rent terms and contingent rent terms if individual franchise store sales exceed certain levels and have terms expiring on various dates from May 2015 to January 2016.

Lease guarantees—The Company is the guarantor for operating leases of eight franchise-owned stores that have terms expiring on various dates from July 2015 to September 2018. The obligations from these leases will generally continue to decrease over time as the leases expire. As of September 29, 2014, the Company does not believe it is probable it would be required to perform under the outstanding guarantees. The applicable franchise owners continue to have primary liability for these operating leases.

Legal proceedings—The Company is currently subject to litigation with a group of franchise owners. In January 2014, six franchise owner groups claimed that the Company misrepresented sales volumes, made false representations to them and charged excess advertising fees, among other things. The Company engaged in mediation with these franchise owners, which is required under the terms of their franchise agreements, in order to address and resolve their claims, but was unable to reach a settlement agreement. On April 4, 2014, a total of 12 franchise owner groups, including those franchise owners that previously made the allegations described above, filed a lawsuit against the

Company in the Superior Court in Clark County, Washington, making essentially the same allegations for violation of the Washington Franchise Investment Protection Act, fraud, negligent misrepresentation and breach of contract and seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as monetary damages. Based on motions filed by the Company in that lawsuit, the court ruled on July 9, 2014 that certain of the plaintiffs' claims under the anti-fraud and nondisclosure provisions of the Washington Franchise Investment

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Protection Act should be dismissed and that certain other claims in the case would need to be more specifically alleged. The court also ruled that the six franchise owner groups who had not mediated with the Company prior to filing the lawsuit must mediate with the Company in good faith, and that their claims shall be stayed until they have completed mediating with the Company in good faith.

On June 18, 2014, an additional 16 franchise owner groups, represented by the same counsel as the plaintiffs described above, filed a lawsuit in the Superior Court in Clark County, Washington making essentially the same allegations as made in the lawsuit described above and seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as monetary damages. The court has consolidated the two lawsuits into a single case and ordered that the plaintiffs in the new lawsuit, none of whom had mediated with the Company prior to filing the lawsuit, must do so, and that their claims shall be stayed until they have done so.

In October 2014, the Company engaged in mediation with the 22 franchise owner groups who had not previously done so. As a result of that mediation and other efforts, the Company has now reached resolution with eight of the franchise owner groups involved in the consolidated lawsuits, and their claims have either been dismissed or dismissal is pending. Some of the aforementioned dismissals are subject to contingencies outside of the Company's control, and the Company therefore provides no assurance that those dismissals will actually occur or remain in effect. In addition, some of the claims have been dismissed without prejudice and, as a result, those plaintiffs could refile their claims if various contingencies are not met. The Company believes the allegations in these consolidated lawsuits lack merit and, for those plaintiffs with whom the Company is unable to reach resolution, the Company will continue to vigorously defend its interests, including by asserting a number of affirmative defenses and, where appropriate, counterclaims. The Company provides no assurance that it will be successful in its defense of these lawsuits; however, it does not currently expect the cost of resolving them to have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In addition to the foregoing, the Company is subject to routine legal proceedings, claims, and litigation in the ordinary course of its business. The Company may also engage in future litigation with franchise owners to enforce the terms of franchise agreements and compliance with brand standards as determined necessary to protect the Company's brand, the consistency of products and the customer experience. Lawsuits require significant management attention and financial resources and the outcome of any litigation is inherently uncertain. The Company does not, however, currently expect that the costs to resolve these routine matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Note 16—Related Party Transactions

Advisory services and monitoring agreement—Prior to the IPO, the Company was a party to an advisory services and monitoring agreement with affiliates of Lee Equity Partners, LLC (Lee Equity Partners, LLC, together with its affiliates, "Sponsor"). In accordance with the terms of the agreement, the Company paid the Sponsor for ongoing advisory and monitoring services such as management consulting, financial analysis, and other related services. As compensation, the Company paid an annual fee of \$0.5 million in four equal quarterly installments plus direct expenses incurred which are included in Selling, general, and administrative costs. The agreement did not call for a minimum level of services to be furnished and provided that fees paid to the Sponsor could be deferred at the discretion of the Sponsor or if required by the Company's senior secured credit facility.

On May 7, 2014, the Company completed the IPO and paid the Sponsor \$1.5 million in accordance with the terms of the agreement. With the completion of the IPO, the advisory services and monitoring agreement between the Company and the Sponsor has been terminated.

Employee loans related to share purchases (see Note 13—Share-based Compensation)—In connection with share-based compensation, the Company has made several loans to certain officers and non-officer employees of the Company. Loans made in connection with the issuance of the Company's equity have been recognized in stock subscription receivables as a reduction of equity.

In March 2014, the Company entered into agreements with certain executive officers to repurchase an aggregate of 109,779 shares of common stock (48,516 shares pre-stock split) at a price of \$11.85 per share (\$26.80 per share pre-stock split), for a total purchase price of \$1.3 million. Included among the repurchased shares were 31,707 shares of common stock (14,014 shares pre-stock split) for which vesting terms were accelerated in connection with the

repurchase. The Company received a payment of \$1.0 million from the same executive officers to repay their outstanding stock subscription receivables. Concurrent with the share repurchase, the Company entered into agreements with the same executive officers to issue 109,779 stock options (48,516 stock options pre-stock split) to purchase shares at an exercise price of \$11.85 per share (\$26.80 per share pre-stock split), including 78,072 fully vested options (34,502 options pre-stock split) and 31,707 options (14,014 options pre-stock split) subject to time-based or market condition-based vesting provisions. In connection

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with the acceleration of vesting and the issuance of the fully vested options, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$0.5 million for the nine months ending September 29, 2014.

All loans made to officers of the Company were repaid prior to the IPO. Some loans made to non-officer employees of the Company were still outstanding at the time of the IPO. As of September 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013, the Company had stock subscription receivables of \$0.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Notes receivable (see Note 7—Notes Receivable)—On August 18, 2009, the Company obtained a note receivable from a third party in connection with the sale and refranchising of Company-owned stores. Subsequently, in March 2011 a member of the third party became an employee of the Company. As of June 30, 2014, the member of the third party ceased to be an employee of the company. During the second quarter of 2014, the notes receivable outstanding balance of \$0.3 million was reclassified from related party notes receivable to third party notes receivable. The outstanding balance for this transaction as of December 30, 2013 was \$0.4 million.

Related party revenue—For the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, the Company was party to transactions to sell services to Project Pie, a cost-method investee. The Company recorded revenues of \$24,000 and \$0.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively. Revenue from these transactions are recorded as Lease and other revenues on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Note 17—Segment Information

The Company has the following reportable segments: (i) Domestic Company Stores; (ii) Domestic Franchise; and (iii) International. The Domestic Company Stores segment includes operations with respect to company-owned stores in the United States and derives its revenues from retail sales of pizza and side items to the general public. The Domestic Franchise segment includes operations with respect to franchise stores in the United States and derives its revenues from franchise and development fees and the collection of franchise royalties from the Company's franchise owners located in the United States. The International segment includes operations related to the Company's operations outside the United States and derives its revenues from franchise and development fees and the collection of franchise royalties from franchises located outside the United States.

The following tables summarize information on profit or loss and assets for each of the Company's reportable segments (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$10,139 | \$8,984 | \$33,510 | \$29,186 | |
| Domestic Company Stores | 11,627 | 9,346 | 35,121 | 27,808 | |
| International | 403 | 799 | 501 | 849 | |
| Other | — | — | — | — | |
| Total | \$22,169 | \$19,129 | \$69,132 | \$57,843 | |
| Segment Operating Income (Loss) | | | | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$4,713 | \$4,256 | \$14,941 | \$13,813 | |
| Domestic Company Stores | (178 |) (713 |) 501 | (784 |) |
| International | 252 | 176 | 28 | 93 | |
| Other | (1,262 |) (1,810 |) (6,534 |) (4,277 |) |
| Total | \$3,525 | \$1,909 | \$8,936 | \$8,845 | |

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| | September 29, 2014 | December 30, 2013 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Total Assets | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$ 151,333 | \$ 139,471 |
| Domestic Company Stores | 29,563 | 29,489 |
| International | 422 | 515 |
| Other (*) | 144,639 | 119,375 |
| Total | \$ 325,957 | \$ 288,850 |
| Elimination of intersegment assets: | | |
| Intercompany note | (25,060) | (21,690) |
| Intercompany receivables | (40,259) | (2,658) |
| Total Consolidated | \$ 260,638 | \$ 264,502 |

(*) Other assets which are not allocated to the individual segments primarily include trade names & trademarks, unamortized deferred financing charges, and an intercompany note.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes in Item 1 and with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in the Registration Statement. To match our operating cycle, we use a 52- or 53-week fiscal year, ending on the Monday nearest to December 31. Our fiscal quarters each contain 13 operating weeks, with the exception of the fourth quarter of a 53-week fiscal year, which contains 14 operating weeks. Fiscal years 2014 and 2013 are 52-week periods ending on December 29, 2014 and ended on December 30, 2013, respectively.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors including, but not limited to, those discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014. All statements other than statements of historical fact or relating to present facts or current conditions included in this discussion and analysis are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations and projections relating to our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Examples of forward-looking statements include those regarding our future financial or operating results, cash flows, sufficiency of liquidity, business strategies and priorities, resolution of litigation and claims, expansion and growth opportunities, exposure to foreign currency and interest rate risk, as well as industry trends and outlooks. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "should," "can have," "likely" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events.

The forward-looking statements contained in this discussion and analysis are based on assumptions that we have made in light of our industry experience and our perceptions of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. As you read and consider this discussion and analysis, you should understand that these statements are not guarantees of performance or results. They involve risks, uncertainties (many of which are beyond our control) and assumptions. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual operating and financial performance and cause our performance to differ materially from the performance anticipated in the forward-looking statements. We believe these factors include, but are not limited to, those described under the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2014. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of these assumptions prove incorrect, our actual operating and financial performance may vary in material respects from expectations based on these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this discussion and analysis speaks only as of the date on which we make it. Factors or events that could cause our actual operating and financial performance to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

Overview

Papa Murphy's is a franchisor and operator of the largest Take 'N' Bake pizza chain in the United States. We were founded in 1981 and have grown our footprint to a total of 1,437 system-wide stores as of September 29, 2014. The Papa Murphy's experience is different from traditional pizza restaurants. Our customers:

CREATE their fresh customized pizza with high-quality ingredients in our stores or online;

TAKE their fresh pizza home; and

BAKE their pizza fresh in their ovens, at their convenience, for a home-cooked meal served hot.

We have been repeatedly rated the #1 pizza chain in the United States by multiple third-party consumer studies. In 2014, we were rated the #1 pizza chain and the #2 fast food chain overall by a leading consumer magazine. In 2014,

we were rated #1 in the Pizza Category by Market Force Information, including the top spot in food quality, healthy food, and friendly service. In 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we were rated the #1 pizza chain overall by Nation's Restaurant News, and in 2012,

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2011 and 2010, we were rated the #1 pizza chain by Zagat. Compared to broader restaurant chain competition, we were also recognized by Technomic in 2014 and 2013 as the #1 chain overall among all restaurants and all food categories, by Nation's Restaurant News in 2013 and 2012 as one of the Top 5 Overall limited service restaurant chains across all food categories, and by Zagat in 2012 as one of the Top 5 Overall fast food chains across all food categories.

2014 Highlights

Store Development

As of September 29, 2014, we had 1,409 stores in the United States (1,333 franchised stores and 76 company-owned stores), 20 in Canada and 8 in the United Arab Emirates. Our domestic and international franchise owners opened 16 stores in the three months ended September 29, 2014, including 13 in the United States. Through the nine months ended September 29, 2014, our domestic and international franchise owners opened 57 stores, including 50 in the United States. We expect the majority of our expansion will result from new franchise store openings, and we also plan to strategically expand our company-owned store base in select markets.

Comparable Store Sales Growth

Comparable store sales increased by 4.6% at domestic stores, 4.4% at domestic franchise-owned stores, and 8.4% at domestic company-owned stores in the three months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013. The comparable store sales growth was primarily the result of a favorable product mix and increased average check amount.

Comparable store sales increased by 3.2% at domestic stores, 3.0% at domestic franchise-owned stores, and 7.1% at domestic company-owned stores in the nine months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The comparable store sales growth was primarily the result of a favorable product mix, increased average check amount, and the result of a favorable holiday shift with the 2013 New Year's Eve falling in the first week of 2014 compared to the 2012 New Year's Eve falling in the last week of 2012.

Common Stock Repurchases

In March 2014, we repurchased an aggregate of 109,779 shares of common stock from certain of our executive officers, including an aggregate of 31,707 shares of common stock for which vesting terms were accelerated in connection with the repurchase. We repurchased the shares at a price of \$11.85 per share, the then-current fair market value of our common stock.

Initial Public Offering

On May 7, 2014, we completed the IPO of 5,833,333 shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$11.00 per share. We received net proceeds from the offering of approximately \$54.6 million from this transaction after estimated offering fees and expenses. The net proceeds were used to repay \$55.5 million of our loans outstanding under our senior secured credit facility after which we had \$112.1 million outstanding under the facility with the revolver undrawn.

Immediately prior to the IPO, we amended and restated our certificate of incorporation to reflect the automatic conversion of all outstanding Preferred Shares to 3,054,318 shares of common stock. The total liquidation preference on the Preferred Shares at the time of conversion was \$64.3 million. As part of the IPO, we increased our authorized shares from 3,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, to 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share. We also authorized the issuance of 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, with no shares outstanding.

In connection with the IPO, on May 1, 2014, we amended our certificate of incorporation to effect a 2.2630 for 1 stock split of our common stock. Concurrent with the stock split, we adjusted the number of shares subject to, and the exercise price of, our outstanding stock option awards under the 2010 Plan so that the holders of the options were in the same economic position both before and after the stock split. As a result of the stock split, all previously reported share amounts, including options in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, have been retrospectively restated to reflect the stock split. After the conversion of our Preferred Shares and the stock split but before the shares were sold in the IPO, we had 11,134,070 common shares outstanding.

New Senior Secured Credit Facility

On August 28, 2014, we successfully closed on a new \$132.0 million senior secured credit facility. The new five year facility, consisting of a \$112.0 million senior secured term loan and a \$20.0 million revolving credit facility, replaces, and was used to refinance, our prior \$122.0 million senior secured facility, which consisted of a \$112.1 million term loan and a \$10.0 million revolving credit facility. As of September 29, 2014, the balance outstanding under the credit facility was \$112.0 million.

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Based on current market conditions, the refinancing represents a 200 basis point reduction in borrowing costs and is estimated to reduce annual cash interest expense by approximately \$2.25 million per year and benefit on-going annual earnings per share in the range of \$0.09-\$0.10, on a fully-diluted basis.

Minneapolis Stores Acquisition

On August 18, 2014, we acquired nine Papa Murphy's stores in Minneapolis, MN for approximately \$3.5 million. The nine stores acquired were from a single franchise owner, bringing our company-owned store count to 24 units in the Minneapolis market. Currently there are 79 stores, company-owned and franchise-owned, in the Minneapolis market. The transaction is not expected to affect earnings per share in the near-term but is expected to contribute approximately \$560,000 of EBITDA annually.

Our Segments

We operate in three business segments: Domestic Franchise, Domestic Company Stores and International. Our Domestic Franchise segment consists of our domestic franchise stores, which represent the majority of our system-wide stores. Our Domestic Company Stores segment consists of our company-owned stores in the United States. Our International segment consists of our stores outside of the United States, all of which are franchise stores. The following table sets forth our revenues, operating income and depreciation and amortization for each of our segments for the periods presented:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$ 10,139 | \$ 8,984 | \$ 33,510 | \$ 29,186 |
| Domestic Company Stores | 11,627 | 9,346 | 35,121 | 27,808 |
| International | 403 | 799 | 501 | 849 |
| Total | \$ 22,169 | \$ 19,129 | \$ 69,132 | \$ 57,843 |
| Operating Income | | | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$ 4,713 | \$ 4,256 | \$ 14,941 | \$ 13,813 |
| Domestic Company Stores | (178) | (713) | 501 | (784) |
| International | 252 | 176 | 28 | 93 |
| Other ⁽¹⁾ | (1,262) | (1,810) | (6,534) | (4,277) |
| Total | \$ 3,525 | \$ 1,909 | \$ 8,936 | \$ 8,845 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | | | |
| Domestic Franchise | \$ 1,262 | \$ 1,178 | \$ 3,692 | \$ 3,567 |
| Domestic Company Stores | 737 | 610 | 2,100 | 1,647 |
| International | 8 | 9 | 23 | 26 |
| Total | \$ 2,007 | \$ 1,797 | \$ 5,815 | \$ 5,240 |

(1) Represents corporate costs and intersegment elimination.

Key Operating Metrics

We evaluate the performance of our business using a variety of operating and performance metrics. Set forth below is a description of our key operating metrics.

Average Weekly Sales (AWS). AWS consists of the average weekly sales of domestic franchise and company-owned stores over a specified period of time. AWS is calculated by dividing the total net sales of our domestic system-wide stores for the relevant time period by the number of weeks these same stores were open in such time period. This measure allows management to assess changes in customer traffic and spending patterns at our domestic system-wide stores.

Comparable Store Sales Growth. Comparable store sales growth represents the change in year-over-year sales for comparable stores. A comparable store is a store that has been open for at least 52 full weeks from the comparable date (the Tuesday following the opening date). As of the end of the third quarter of 2014 and 2013, 1,315 and 1,268

domestic comparable stores, respectively, were in operation. This measure highlights the performance of existing stores, while excluding the impact of newly opened or closed stores. Comparable store sales growth reflects changes in the number of

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transactions and in customer spend per transaction at existing stores. Customer spend per transaction is affected by changes in menu prices, sales mix and the number of items sold per customer.

System-Wide Sales. System-wide sales include net sales by all of our system-wide stores. This measure allows management to assess changes in our royalty revenues, our overall store performance, the health of our brand and our position relative to competitors.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. We define EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest expense, provision for (benefit from) income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA, with further adjustments to reflect the additions and eliminations of various income statement items, including non-cash charges, income and expenses, that we do not consider indicative of ongoing operations and various other adjustments. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are helpful as indicators of our current financial performance because EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA reflect the additions and eliminations of income statement items that we do not consider indicative of ongoing operating results. For a reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, see below.

Reconciliation of Net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Net (Loss) Income | \$(788) | \$ (395) | \$(1,576) | \$ 310 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,007 | 1,797 | 5,815 | 5,240 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | (703) | (168) | (1,124) | 977 |
| Interest expense, net | 1,525 | 2,455 | 6,899 | 7,524 |
| EBITDA | 2,041 | 3,689 | 10,014 | 14,051 |
| (Gain) loss on disposal or impairment of property and equipment ^(a) | (15) | 648 | 27 | 749 |
| Management transition and restructuring costs ^(b) | (29) | 338 | 149 | 826 |
| Expenses not indicative of future operations ^(c) | — | 434 | 474 | 434 |
| Management fees and related expenses ^(d) | — | 135 | 1,678 | 412 |
| Transaction costs ^(e) | 10 | 14 | 73 | 21 |
| New store pre-opening expenses ^(f) | — | — | 11 | — |
| Non-cash expenses and non-income based state taxes ^(g) | 198 | 174 | 1,810 | 383 |
| Loss (gain) on settlement of liabilities ^(h) | 3,428 | (21) | 4,619 | (21) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$5,633 | \$ 5,411 | \$18,855 | \$ 16,855 |

(a) Represents non-cash losses resulting from disposal or impairment of property and equipment, including divested company stores.

(b) Represents non-recurring management transition and restructuring costs, consisting of recruitment, relocation and other costs in connection with recruiting a new chief financial officer.

(c) Represents non-recurring advisory expenses.

(d) Represents the elimination of management fees and related costs paid to the Sponsor for advisory services provided pursuant to an advisory services and monitoring agreement and the termination fee as part of the IPO.

(e) Represents transaction costs relating to acquisitions and divestitures.

(f) Represents expenses directly associated with the opening of new stores and incurred prior to the opening of new stores, including wages, benefits, travel for the training of opening teams and other store operating costs.

(g) Represents (i) non-cash expenses related to equity-based compensation; (ii) non-cash expenses related to the difference between GAAP and cash rent expense; (iii) non-cash expenses related to the fair valuation of certain common stock and Series A Preferred Stock subject to put options; and (iv) state revenue taxes levied in lieu of an income tax.

(h)

Represents losses resulting from refinancing of long-term debt and gains from settlement of asset retirement obligations.

Store Openings, Closures, Acquisitions and Divestitures. We review the number of new stores, the number of closed stores, and the number of acquisitions and divestitures of stores to assess growth in system-wide sales, royalty revenues and company-owned store sales.

The following table sets forth our AWS and comparable store sales growth for domestic stores (franchise and company-owned), our system-wide sales, Adjusted EBITDA and our number of system-wide stores for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

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| | Three Months Ended | | | | Nine Months Ended | | | |
|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| | September 29, 2014 | | September 30, 2013 | | September 29, 2014 | | September 30, 2013 | |
| Domestic store AWS | \$10,487 | | \$10,118 | | \$11,026 | | \$10,829 | |
| Domestic comparable store sales growth | 4.6 | % | 3.0 | % | 3.2 | % | 2.4 | % |
| System-wide sales (dollars in thousands) | \$194,033 | | \$179,301 | | \$610,734 | | \$571,525 | |
| Adjusted EBITDA (dollars in thousands) | \$5,633 | | \$5,411 | | \$18,855 | | \$16,855 | |
| Number of system-wide stores at period end | 1,437 | | 1,380 | | 1,437 | | 1,380 | |

Key Financial Definitions

Revenues. Substantially all of our revenues are derived from sales of pizza and other food and beverage products to the general public by company-owned stores, as well as the collection of franchise royalties and fees associated with franchise and development rights. Lease and other includes revenues earned from the sublease of real estate under a master lease agreement with a national retailer and revenues derived from the resale of POS licenses to franchise owners at cost. Lease income is recognized in the period earned, which coincides with the period the expense is due to the master leaseholder. See Selling, General and Administrative costs below for the related offsetting expense to the POS licenses resold to franchise owners.

Selling, General and Administrative Costs. Selling, general and administrative costs consist of wages, benefits and other compensation, franchise development expenses, travel, marketing, accounting fees, legal fees, the costs of POS licenses sold to franchise owners at cost, sponsor management fees and other expenses related to the infrastructure required to support our franchised and company-owned stores. See Revenues above for the related offsetting revenue from the POS licenses resold to franchise owners. Selling, general and administrative costs also include net advertising expenses of an advertising fund we manage on behalf of all domestic stores.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes represents federal, state and local taxes based on income in multiple jurisdictions.

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Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations in dollars and as a percentage of total revenues for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

| | Three Months Ended | | | September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended | | | September 30, | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | September 29, 2014 | | | September 30, 2013 | | | September 29, 2014 | | | September 30, 2013 | | |
| | \$ | TOTAL % OF REVENUES | % | \$ | TOTAL % OF REVENUES | % | \$ | TOTAL % OF REVENUES | % | \$ | TOTAL % OF REVENUES | % |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Franchise royalties | \$8,965 | 40.4 | % | \$8,404 | 43.9 | % | \$28,349 | 41.0 | % | \$26,877 | 46.5 | % |
| Franchise and development fees | 1,088 | 4.9 | % | 1,359 | 7.1 | % | 3,119 | 4.5 | % | 3,064 | 5.3 | % |
| Company-owned store sales | 11,626 | 52.4 | % | 9,345 | 48.9 | % | 35,121 | 50.8 | % | 27,807 | 48.1 | % |
| Lease and other ⁽¹⁾ | 490 | 2.3 | % | 21 | 0.1 | % | 2,543 | 3.7 | % | 95 | 0.1 | % |
| Total revenues ⁽¹⁾ | 22,169 | 100.0 | % | 19,129 | 100.0 | % | 69,132 | 100.0 | % | 57,843 | 100.0 | % |
| Costs and Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Store operating costs (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below): | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost of food and packaging ⁽²⁾ | 4,667 | 21.1 | % | 3,469 | 18.1 | % | 13,756 | 19.9 | % | 10,436 | 18.0 | % |
| Compensation and benefits ⁽²⁾ | 3,000 | 13.5 | % | 2,582 | 13.5 | % | 8,935 | 12.9 | % | 7,812 | 13.5 | % |
| Advertising ⁽²⁾ | 1,286 | 5.8 | % | 936 | 4.9 | % | 3,531 | 5.1 | % | 2,744 | 4.8 | % |
| Occupancy ⁽²⁾ | 715 | 3.2 | % | 607 | 3.2 | % | 2,049 | 3.0 | % | 1,743 | 3.0 | % |
| Other store operating costs ⁽²⁾ | 1,069 | 4.8 | % | 943 | 4.9 | % | 3,145 | 4.5 | % | 2,790 | 4.8 | % |
| Selling, general, and administrative ⁽¹⁾ | 5,915 | 26.7 | % | 6,238 | 32.6 | % | 22,938 | 33.2 | % | 17,484 | 30.2 | % |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,007 | 9.1 | % | 1,797 | 9.4 | % | 5,815 | 8.4 | % | 5,240 | 9.1 | % |
| (Gain) loss on disposal or impairment of property and equipment | (15) | (0.1) | % | 648 | 3.4 | % | 27 | — | % | 749 | 1.3 | % |
| Total costs and expenses | 18,644 | 84.1 | % | 17,220 | 90.0 | % | 60,196 | 87.1 | % | 48,998 | 84.7 | % |
| Operating Income ⁽¹⁾ | 3,525 | 15.9 | % | 1,909 | 10.0 | % | 8,936 | 12.9 | % | 8,845 | 15.3 | % |
| Interest expense | 1,539 | 6.9 | % | 2,475 | 12.9 | % | 6,966 | 10.1 | % | 7,589 | 13.1 | % |
| Interest income | (14) | (0.1) | % | (21) | (0.1) | % | (67) | (0.1) | % | (65) | (0.1) | % |
| Loss on early retirement of debt | 3,428 | 15.5 | % | — | — | % | 4,619 | 6.7 | % | — | — | % |
| Other expense, net | 63 | 0.3 | % | 18 | 0.1 | % | 118 | 0.2 | % | 34 | 0.1 | % |
| Loss (Income) Before Income Taxes | (1,491) | (6.7) | % | (563) | (2.9) | % | (2,700) | (3.9) | % | 1,287 | 2.2 | % |
| (Benefit from) provision for income taxes | (703) | (3.2) | % | (168) | (0.9) | % | (1,124) | (1.6) | % | 977 | 1.7 | % |

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Net (Loss) Income \$(788) (3.6)% \$(395) (2.1)% (1,576) (2.3)% 310 0.5 %

For the three months ended September 29, 2014 we incurred \$0.4 million in costs related to POS software licenses resold to franchise owners at cost. The revenue and costs from these transactions are included in Lease and other and Selling, general, and administrative costs, respectively. We originally acquired \$4.5 million in POS software licenses in 2013 in a lump sum purchase to obtain more favorable pricing and expedite the roll-out of POS systems.

(1) Once all acquired licenses are sold, franchise owners will purchase POS software licenses directly from our POS system provider. Excluding the revenues and expenses related to the resale of the POS software licenses at cost and the costs incurred to prepare for the IPO, total non-GAAP revenues for the three months ended September 29, 2014 would be \$21.7 million and Selling, general, and administrative costs would be \$5.5 million, or 25.3% of non-GAAP revenues. Excluding these revenues and costs, Operating Income for the three months ended September 29, 2014 would be \$3.5 million, or 16.1% of non-GAAP revenues.

For the nine months ended September 29, 2014 we incurred \$1.9 million in costs to prepare for the IPO and \$2.4 million in costs related to POS software licenses resold to franchise owners at cost. Excluding the revenues and expenses related to the resale of the POS software licenses at cost, and the costs incurred to prepare for the IPO, total non-GAAP revenues for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 would be \$66.8 million and Selling, general, and administrative costs would be \$18.6 million, or 27.9% of non-GAAP revenues. Excluding these revenues and costs, Operating Income for the first nine months ended September 29, 2014 would be \$10.9 million, or 16.3% of non-GAAP revenues.

Please see the table presented in Costs and Expenses below, which presents company store expenses as a (2) percentage of company store revenue for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

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Revenues

Total Revenues. Total revenues increased by \$3.0 million, or 15.9%, to \$22.2 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$19.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, revenues increased by \$11.3 million, or 19.5%, to \$69.1 million from \$57.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Revenue in 2014 includes \$0.4 million and \$2.4 million of revenue related to the re-sale of POS licenses to franchise owners at cost for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively.

In the three months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013, we generated 40.4% and 43.9%, respectively, of our revenues from franchise royalties and 52.4% and 48.9%, respectively, of our revenues from company-owned store sales. In the nine months ended September 29, 2014 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we generated 41.0% and 46.5%, respectively, of our revenues from franchise royalties and 50.8% and 48.1%, respectively, of our revenues from company-owned store sales. The increase of sales at company-owned stores as a percentage of revenues reflects the effect of our acquisitions of stores from franchise owners over the last year.

Franchise Royalties. Franchise royalties increased by \$0.6 million, or 6.7%, to \$9.0 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$8.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to the increase in the number of domestic franchise stores from 1,292 on September 30, 2013 to 1,333 on September 29, 2014, and comparable store sales growth of 4.4% for domestic franchise stores. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, franchise royalties increased by \$1.5 million, or 5.5%, to \$28.3 million from \$26.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the increase in the number of domestic franchise stores in 2014, and a comparable store sales growth of 3.0% for domestic franchise stores. These comparable store sales increases primarily resulted from favorable product mix and an increased average check amount.

Franchise and Development Fees. Franchise and development fees decreased by 19.9% to \$1.1 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$1.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to reduced International development fees of \$0.5 million and the opening of 16 new franchise stores in the three months ended September 29, 2014, six fewer than in the three months ended September 30, 2013, partially offset by additional successive fees, related to the renewal of expiring franchise agreements, and transfer fees. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, franchise and development fees increased by \$0.1 million, or 1.8%, to \$3.1 million compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the opening of 57 new franchise stores in the nine months ended September 29, 2014, three more than in the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Company-Owned Store Sales. Company-owned store sales increased by \$2.3 million, or 24.4%, to \$11.6 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$9.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to the acquisition of 19 company-owned stores and comparable store sales growth of 8.4% for company-owned stores, which increase was partially offset by the divestiture of 10 stores. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, company-owned store sales increased by \$7.3 million, or 26.3%, to \$35.1 million from \$27.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the acquisition of 24 company-owned stores and comparable store sales growth of 7.1% for company-owned stores, which increase was partially offset by the divestiture of 10 stores. These comparable sales increases resulted primarily from improved product mix and an increased average check amount.

Lease and Other. Lease and other increased by \$0.5 million and by \$2.4 million in the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the addition of \$0.4 million and \$2.4 million from the resale of the POS licenses sold to franchise owners at cost for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively.

Costs and Expenses

Total Costs and Expenses. Total costs and expenses increased by \$1.4 million, or 8.3%, to \$18.6 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$17.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, total costs and expenses increased by \$11.2 million, or 22.9%, to \$60.2 million from \$49.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Store Operating Costs. Store operating costs increased by \$2.2 million, or 25.8%, to \$10.7 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014, from \$8.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013. As a percentage of company-owned store sales, total company-owned store expenses increased to 92.4% in the three months ended

September 29, 2014, from 91.4% in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, store operating costs increased by \$5.9 million, or 23.1%, to \$31.4 million, from \$25.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. As a percentage of company-owned store sales, total company-owned store expenses decreased to 89.5% in the nine months ended September 29, 2014, from 91.8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The store operating cost increases in both the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 can be attributed primarily to

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the acquisition of company-owned stores during such periods, which increases were partially offset by the divestiture of company-owned stores during the same periods, in each case, as mentioned above.

The following table represents company store expenses as a percentage of company store revenue for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 and September 30, 2013:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | |
| As a % of Company-owned store revenue: | | | | | |
| Cost of food and packaging | 40.1 | % 37.1 | % 39.2 | % 37.5 | % |
| Compensation and benefits | 25.8 | % 27.6 | % 25.4 | % 28.1 | % |
| Advertising | 11.1 | % 10.0 | % 10.1 | % 9.9 | % |
| Occupancy | 6.2 | % 6.5 | % 5.8 | % 6.3 | % |
| Other store operating costs | 9.2 | % 10.2 | % 9.0 | % 10.0 | % |
| Total store operating costs | 92.4 | % 91.4 | % 89.5 | % 91.8 | % |

Total Store Operating Costs. Total store operating costs as a percentage of company-owned store revenues increased 100 basis points in the three months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to increased cost of food and packaging and advertising costs which were partially offset by lower costs in compensation and benefits, occupancy and other store operating costs. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014 total store operating costs as a percentage of company-owned store revenues improved 230 basis points compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the impact of store portfolio changes which were partly offset by higher food and packaging costs. See commentary below regarding the effect of store portfolio changes, cost of food and packaging and advertising costs.

Effect of Store Portfolio Changes. We acquired 19 stores and refranchised 10 stores over the last twelve months. This shift in our store portfolio is the primary driver behind the reduction in Compensation and benefits, Occupancy and Other store operating expenses as a percentage of company-owned store revenue for each of the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014. The stores acquired in 2013 are higher volume stores with higher operating margins, while the divested stores in 2013 were lower volume stores with lower operating margins.

Cost of Food and Packaging. Higher cheese prices are negatively affecting our costs of food and packaging in total and as a percentage of company-owned store revenues for both the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our average cheese price in the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 increased 19% and 18%, respectively, over the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Advertising. Advertising as a percentage of company-owned store revenue increased for the three months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in advertising as a percentage of company-owned store revenue was driven by the costs of marketing kits for the new Gourmet Delite product launch, game day kits for football related promotions, as well as direct mail pieces to address increased competition.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative costs decreased by \$0.3 million, or 5.2%, to \$5.9 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$6.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 primarily due to lower bad debt write-offs, reduced transaction costs, and eliminated management fees in the three months ended September 29, 2014, partially offset by the POS software licenses sold to franchisees at cost. As a percentage of revenues, selling, general and administrative costs decreased to 26.7% in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from 32.6% in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, selling, general and administrative costs increased by \$5.5 million, or 31.2%, to \$22.9 million from \$17.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 primarily due to the payment of fees in connection with the termination of the advisory services and monitoring agreement, stock-based compensation, non-recurring costs incurred in preparation for the IPO and costs related to the resale of POS licenses to franchise owners at cost. As a percentage of revenues, selling, general and administrative costs increased to 33.2% in the nine months ended

September 29, 2014 from 30.2% in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Excluding the revenues and expenses related to the resale of the POS software licenses sold

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to franchisees at cost and the costs incurred in preparation for the IPO, selling, general and administrative costs as a percent of revenues would have been 27.9% for the nine months ended September 29, 2014.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.2 million, or 11.7%, to \$2.0 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$1.8 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.6 million, or 11.0%, to \$5.8 million from \$5.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These increases were primarily due to an increase in the number of company-owned stores and increased capital expenditures on property and equipment for business technology projects.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased by \$0.9 million, or 37.8%, to \$1.5 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$2.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to a reduction in outstanding debt through the application of net proceeds from the IPO in May 2014 and an interest rate reduction achieved through an August 2014 refinancing. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, interest expense decreased by \$0.6 million, or 8.2%, to \$7.0 million from \$7.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to a reduction in interest rates under our senior secured credit facility as a result of the application of net proceeds from the IPO in May 2014 and a further interest rate reduction achieved through an August 2014 refinancing.

Loss on Early Retirement of Debt. We recognized a loss on early retirement of debt of \$3.4 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014. The August 2014 refinancing met the definition of a debt extinguishment for accounting purposes and resulted in a write-off of existing deferred financing costs of \$2.3 million and a prepayment penalty of \$1.1 million. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, we recognized a loss on early retirement of debt of \$4.6 million. In addition to the \$3.4 million recognized in connection with the August 2014 refinancing, we also recognized a loss on early retirement of debt of \$1.2 million in connection with the \$55.5 million prepayment made in May 2014 using proceeds from the IPO and cash on hand, which prepayment met the definition of a partial debt extinguishment for accounting purposes and resulted in a write-off of \$1.2 million of existing deferred financing costs.

Income Taxes. (Benefit from) provision for income taxes increased by \$0.5 million to a tax benefit of \$0.7 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from a benefit of \$0.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013, due primarily to a change in pre-tax net income (loss) in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from the three months ended September 30, 2013. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 29, 2014 increased to 47.1% from 29.8% in the three months ended September 30, 2013 primarily because of certain permanent differences between tax reporting purposes and financial reporting purposes and the relative impact of those differences on a small quarterly loss. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, the provision for income taxes decreased by \$2.1 million to a tax benefit of \$1.1 million from an expense of \$1.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due primarily to a change in pre-tax net income (loss). The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 decreased to 41.6% from 75.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 primarily because of a discrete adjustment for a change in the blended state tax rate recorded in 2013. Our income taxes have varied from what would be expected by applying the prevailing statutory rates mainly due to the effects of meal and entertainment deduction addbacks, accelerated vesting of restricted stock in 2014 and a change in the blended state tax rate in 2013.

Segment Results

Domestic Franchise. Total revenues for the Domestic Franchise segment increased by \$1.2 million, or 12.9%, to \$10.1 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$9.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, total revenues for the Domestic Franchise segment increased by \$4.3 million, or 14.8%, to \$33.5 million from \$29.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These increases were due to the net addition of 41 domestic franchise stores over the comparable periods, revenue related to the POS software licenses of \$0.4 million and \$2.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively and segment comparable store sales growth of 4.4% and 3.0% for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014, respectively.

Operating income for the Domestic Franchise segment increased by \$0.5 million, or 10.7%, to \$4.7 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$4.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to an

increase in revenue of \$0.7 million, excluding \$0.4 million of POS licenses resold at cost, partially offset by an increase in other selling, general and administrative costs. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, operating income for the Domestic Franchise segment increased by \$1.1 million, or 8.2%, to \$14.9 million from \$13.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to an increase in revenue of \$2.0 million, excluding \$2.4 million of POS licenses resold at cost, partially offset by an increase in other selling, general and administrative costs.

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Domestic Company Stores. Total revenues for the Domestic Company Stores segment increased by \$2.3 million, or 24.4%, to \$11.6 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$9.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to the acquisition of 19 company-owned stores and segment comparable store sales growth of 8.4% which were partially offset by the divestiture of 10 stores. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, total revenues for the Domestic Company Stores segment increased by \$7.3 million, or 26.3%, to \$35.1 million from \$27.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due primarily to the acquisition of 24 company-owned stores and segment comparable store sales growth of 7.1% which were partially offset by the divestiture of 10 stores.

Operating loss for the Domestic Company Stores segment decreased by \$0.5 million, or 75.0%, to \$0.2 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 from \$0.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2013 due to the net impact of the company-owned stores portfolio changes and a 8.4% increase in comparable store sales. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, operating income for the Domestic Company Stores segment increased by \$1.3 million, or 163.9%, to \$0.5 million from \$(0.8) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due to the net impact of the company-owned stores portfolio changes and a 7.1% increase in comparable store sales.

International. Total revenues for the International segment for the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 decreased by \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. These decreases were largely due to receiving \$0.5 million less in area development fees in 2014 related to our expansion in the Middle East.

Operating income for the International segment increased by \$0.1 million, to \$0.3 million in the three months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 29, 2014, operating income for the International segment decreased by \$0.1 million compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows from operating activities and proceeds from the incurrence of debt, which together are sufficient to fund our operations, tax payments, capital expenditures, interest, fees and principal payments on our debt as well as support our growth strategy. As a public company, we may also raise additional capital through the sale of equity. As of September 29, 2014, we had negative net working capital of \$2.9 million as a result of the low levels of accounts receivable and inventory required to operate our business.

As of September 29, 2014, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$0.6 million and \$20.0 million of available borrowings under a revolving credit facility, of which none was drawn. As of September 29, 2014, we had \$115.0 million of outstanding indebtedness. No scheduled principal payments are due under our senior secured credit facility until the end of the first quarter of 2015. We believe that our cash flows from operations, available cash and cash equivalents and available borrowings under our revolving credit facility will be sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for at least the next 12 months.

As of September 29, 2014, we were in compliance with all of our covenants and other obligations under our senior secured credit facility.

Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the periods presented:

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 29, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| | (dollars in thousands) | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | \$5,557 | \$9,096 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (4,070) | (5,794) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (4,595) | (4,918) |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash | — | (2) |
| Total cash flows | \$ (3,108) | \$ (1,618) |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | | |

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$5.6 million for the nine months ended September 29, 2014 resulted primarily from a net loss of \$1.6 million, adjusted for items such as depreciation and amortization, non-cash employee equity compensation, loss on early retirement of debt, and the amortization of debt issuance costs. The \$3.5 million decrease over

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the prior year was primarily driven by the \$1.9 million decrease in net income, a decrease of \$6.9 million in changes in operating assets and liabilities, and offset by a \$5.2 million increase in non-cash expenses, including loss on early retirement of debt.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used by investing activities was \$4.1 million in the nine months ended September 29, 2014 compared to net cash used of \$5.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The \$1.7 million increase in cash from investing activities was due primarily to a reduction of \$3.0 million used for the acquisition of stores and an increase of \$0.9 million received from payments on notes receivable, offset by an additional \$1.5 million invested in PPH, a cost-method investee and \$0.8 million of additional acquisition costs for property, plant, and equipment.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used by financing activities was \$4.6 million in the nine months ended September 29, 2014 compared to net cash used of \$4.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The \$0.3 million increase in net cash from financing activities was due to proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt of \$112.0 million and the issuance of \$59.6 million of common stock, which increase was partially offset by net long-term debt payments of \$169.2 million, and costs associated with our IPO of \$3.5 million in the nine months ended September 29, 2014 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Contractual Obligations

In connection with our IPO, we used the proceeds of the offering, along with available cash on hand, to repay \$55.5 million of long-term debt under our prior senior secured credit facility during the second quarter of 2014. As a result of this payment and the replacement of our prior senior secured credit facility with a new secured credit facility in August 2014, we have no scheduled principal payments due under our senior secured credit facility until the end of the first quarter of 2015.

In connection with its investment in Project Pie, PPH has committed as of September 29, 2014 to fund, upon demand, up to an additional \$1.0 million prior to December 2016 in increments of \$0.5 million through the purchase of additional Series A Preferred Units of Project Pie. The number of units to be purchased will be determined based upon the then-current pre-money valuation of Project Pie. During the three and nine months ended September 29, 2014 PPH invested an additional zero and \$1.5 million, respectively, in Series A Preferred Units of Project Pie.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our judgments and estimates including those related to revenue recognition, impairment of goodwill and intangible assets, income taxes, advertising expense and share-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The accounting policies we believe to be most critical to understanding our financial results and condition and that require complex and subjective management judgments and estimates are identified and described in our annual consolidated financial statements and the notes included in our Registration Statement.

JOBS Act

We qualify as an “emerging growth company” pursuant to the provisions of the JOBS Act. For as long as we are an “emerging growth company,” we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not “emerging growth companies,” including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, reduced disclosure obligations relating to the presentation of financial statements in Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, exemptions from the requirements of holding advisory “say-on-pay”

votes on executive compensation and shareholder advisory votes on golden parachute compensation. We availed ourselves of the reduced reporting obligations and executive compensation disclosure in the Registration Statement, and expect to continue to avail ourselves of the reduced reporting obligations available to emerging growth companies in future filings.

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In addition, an emerging growth company can delay its adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. However, we are choosing to “opt out” of this extended transition period, and as a result, we plan to comply with any new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which non-emerging growth companies must adopt the standards. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that our decision to opt out of the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards is irrevocable.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a description of recent accounting pronouncements, see the "Recent Accounting Pronouncements" section in "Note 1—Description of Business and Basis of Presentation" in the accompanying notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Commodity Price Risk

We are exposed to market risks from changes in commodity prices. During the normal course of the year, we enter into national pricing commitments for cheese and other food products that are affected by changes in commodity prices and, as a result, our franchise and company-owned stores are subject to volatility in food costs. We also maintain relationships with multiple suppliers for certain key products, such as cheese. We do not engage in speculative transactions nor do we hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes. In instances when we use fixed pricing agreements with our suppliers, these agreements cover our physical commodity needs, are not net-settled and are accounted for as normal purchases.

Interest Rate Risk

We are subject to interest rate risk on our senior secured credit facility. Interest rates on our senior secured credit facility are based on LIBOR, and under specified circumstances we may be required by our lenders to enter into interest rate swap arrangements. A hypothetical 1.0% increase or decrease in the interest rate associated with our senior secured credit facility would have resulted in a \$1.1 million impact to interest expense on an annualized basis.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Our international franchise owners use the local currency as their functional currency. Royalty payments from our franchise owners in the Middle East are generally remitted to us in U.S. dollars, and royalty payments from our Canadian franchise owners are generally remitted to us in Canadian dollars. Because our international activities do not account for a significant portion of our revenues, we believe our exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 29, 2014, pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Presently, we are not an accelerated filer, as such term is defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and therefore, our management is not presently required to perform an annual assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This requirement could apply as early as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 28, 2015 if certain triggers requiring accelerated filing deadlines are met.

We have not engaged an independent registered accounting firm to perform an audit of our internal control over financial reporting as of any balance sheet date or for any period reported in our financial statements. Our independent public registered accounting firm will first be required to attest to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the first year we are no longer an "emerging growth company."

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We currently are subject to litigation with a group of our franchise owners. In January 2014, six franchise owner groups claimed that we misrepresented our sales volumes, made false representations to them and charged excess advertising fees, among other things. We engaged in mediation with these franchise owners, which is required under the terms of their franchise agreements, in order to address and resolve their claims, but we were unable to reach a settlement agreement. On April 4, 2014, a total of 12 franchise owner groups, including those franchise owners that previously made the allegations described above, filed a lawsuit against us in the Superior Court in Clark County, Washington, making essentially the same allegations for violation of the Washington Franchise Investment Protection Act, fraud, negligent misrepresentation and breach of contract and seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as monetary damages. Based on motions filed by us in that lawsuit, the court ruled on July 9, 2014, that certain of the plaintiffs' claims under the anti-fraud and nondisclosure provisions of the Washington Franchise Investment Protection Act should be dismissed and that certain other claims in the case would need to be more specifically alleged. The court also ruled that the six franchise owner groups who had not mediated with us prior to filing the lawsuit must mediate with us in good faith, and that their claims shall be stayed until they have done so.

On June 18, 2014, an additional 16 franchise owner groups, represented by the same counsel as the plaintiffs described above, filed a lawsuit in the Superior Court in Clark County, Washington making essentially the same allegations as made in the lawsuit described above and seeking declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as monetary damages. The court has consolidated the two lawsuits into a single case and ordered that the plaintiffs in the new lawsuit, none of whom had mediated with us prior to filing the lawsuit, must do so, and that their claims shall be stayed until they have completed mediating with us in good faith.

In October 2014, we engaged in mediation with the 22 franchise owner groups who had not previously done so. As a result of that mediation and other efforts, we have now reached resolution with eight of the franchise owner groups involved in the consolidated lawsuits, and their claims have either been dismissed or dismissal is pending. Some of the aforementioned dismissals are subject to contingencies outside of our control, and we therefore provide no assurance that those dismissals will actually occur or remain in effect. In addition, some of the claims have been dismissed without prejudice and, as a result, those plaintiffs could refile their claims if various contingencies are not met. We believe the allegations in these consolidated lawsuits lack merit and, for those plaintiffs with whom we are unable to reach resolution, we will continue to vigorously defend our interests, including by asserting a number of affirmative defenses and, where appropriate, counterclaims. We provide no assurance that we will be successful in our defense of these lawsuits; however, we do not currently expect the cost of resolving them to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In addition to the foregoing, we are subject to routine legal proceedings, claims, and litigation in the ordinary course of our business. We also may engage in future litigation with franchise owners to enforce the terms of our franchise agreements and compliance with our brand standards as determined necessary to protect our brand, the consistency of our products and the customer experience. Lawsuits require significant management attention and financial resources and the outcome of any litigation is inherently uncertain. We do not, however, currently expect that the costs to resolve these routine matters will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 under the section titled "Risk Factors" as well as the other information in that Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Registration Statement, before making an investment in our company. If any of the risks described in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 actually occur, our business, results of operations or financial condition may be adversely affected. In such an event, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

a) Sale of Unregistered Securities

None.

b) Use of Proceeds from Initial Public Offering of Common Stock

None.

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c) Repurchases of Common Stock

During the three months ended September 29, 2014, the Company repurchased the following shares:

| | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| July 1 to July 31, 2014 | 11,053 | (1) \$9.35 | — | |
| August 1 to August 31, 2014 | 9,805 | (2) 5.24 | | |
| Total | 20,858 | \$7.42 | — | N/A |

(1) The Company repurchased vested restricted shares from a former employee whose employment with the Company had terminated. The vested shares were repurchased by the Company at the closing price of the Company's shares on a predetermined date.

(2) The Company repurchased unvested restricted shares from a former employee whose employment with the Company had terminated. The unvested shares were repurchased by the Company at the historical price paid for the unvested shares.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures
Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information
None.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

| EXHIBIT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS | INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | FILE FORMNUMBER | FILING EXHIBITDATE |
| 10.1* | Credit agreement, dated as of August 28, 2014 among PMI Holdings, Inc., General Electric Capital Corporation and the other financial institutions party thereto. | | |
| 31.1* | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | |
| 31.2* | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | |
| 32.1* | Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | |
| 32.2* | Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document | | |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document | | |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document | | |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document | | |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document | | |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document | | |
| * | Filed herewith | | |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized

PAPA MURPHY'S HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Mark Hutchens
Name: Mark Hutchens
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 13, 2014

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document | | |
| * | Filed herewith | | |