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INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2006

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2006

Commission file number 1-4858

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York

13-1432060

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

521 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y. 10019-2960
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (212) 765-5500

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [☒] No [☐]

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer [☒] Accelerated filer [☐] Non-accelerated filer [☐]

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [☐] No [☒]

Number of shares outstanding as of August 3, 2006: 90,670,305

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	
Short-term investments		3
Trade receivables		(
Allowance for doubtful accounts		
Inventories:		2
Raw materials		
Work in process		2
Finished goods		
Total Inventories		4
Deferred income taxes		
Other current assets		
Total Current Assets		9

Property, Plant and Equipment, at cost		1,0
Accumulated depreciation		(5

Goodwill		6
Intangible Assets, net		
Other Assets		2
Total Assets	\$	2,4

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities:

Bank borrowings, overdrafts and current portion of long-term debt	\$	3
Accounts payable		1
Accrued payrolls and bonuses		
Dividends payable		
Income taxes		
Restructuring and other charges		1
Other current liabilities		
Total Current Liabilities		7

Other Liabilities:

Long-term borrowings		4
Deferred gains		
Retirement liabilities		2
Other liabilities		1

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Total Other Liabilities	8
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)	
Shareholders' Equity:	
Common stock 12 1/2 (cent) par value; authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 115,761,840 shares	
Restricted Stock	
Capital in excess of par value	
Retained earnings	1,8
Accumulated other comprehensive income:	
Cumulative translation adjustment	(
Accumulated losses on derivatives qualifying as hedges (net of tax)	(
Minimum pension liability adjustment (net of tax)	(1
Treasury stock, at cost - 24,820,919 shares in 2006 and 23,047,349 shares in 2005	1,7 (8
Total Shareholders' Equity	9
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 2,4 =====

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS) (Unaudited)

	3 Mo
	200
Net sales	\$ 530
Cost of goods sold	302
Research and development expenses	45
Selling and administrative expenses	87
Amortization of intangibles	3
Restructuring and other charges (income)	
Interest expense	6
Other (income) expense, net	
	445
Income before taxes on income	84
Taxes on income	23
Net income	61
Other comprehensive income:	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	9
Accumulated gains (losses) on derivatives qualifying as hedges (net of tax)	(18
Comprehensive income	\$ 52

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	=====	
Net Income per share - basic		\$
Net Income per share - diluted		\$
Average number of shares outstanding - basic		90
Average number of shares outstanding - diluted		91
Dividends declared per share		\$0
		6

		200

Net sales		\$1,041

Cost of goods sold		597
Research and development expenses		91
Selling and administrative expenses		173
Amortization of intangibles		7
Restructuring and other charges		
Interest expense		11
Other (income) expense, net		

		881

Income before taxes on income		160
Taxes on income		45

Net income		114
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments		14
Accumulated gains (losses) on derivatives qualifying as hedges (net of tax)		(17)

Comprehensive income		\$ 111
	=====	
Net Income per share - basic		\$
Net Income per share - diluted		\$
Average number of shares outstanding - basic		91
Average number of shares outstanding - diluted		91
Dividends declared per share		\$0

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (Unaudited)

		6 Months E

		2006

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$	114,872
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operations:		
Depreciation and amortization		44,602
Deferred income taxes		329
Gain on disposal of assets		(3,881)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		

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Current receivables	(60,327)
Inventories	1,163
Current payables	(2,336)
Changes in other assets, net	16,358
Changes in other liabilities, net	10,185
Net cash provided by operations	120,965
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Net change in short-term investments	25
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(19,806)
Proceeds from disposal of assets	6,504
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,277)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Cash dividends paid to shareholders	(33,990)
Net change in bank borrowings and overdrafts	(32,508)
Net change in commercial paper outstanding	281,521
Repayments of long-term debt	(499,306)
Proceeds from issuance of stock under equity compensation plans	23,146
Purchase of treasury stock	(91,315)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(352,452)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2,052
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(242,712)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	272,545
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 29,833
Interest paid	\$ 24,051
Income taxes paid	\$ 19,594

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

These interim statements and management's related discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and their related notes and management's discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition included in the Company's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K. These interim statements are unaudited. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments, including normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods have been made.

Note 1. New Accounting Pronouncements:

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ("SFAS No. 109"). FIN 48 clarifies the application of SFAS No. 109 to the accounting for income taxes by prescribing the minimum threshold a tax position must meet before being recognized in the financial statements. Under FIN 48, the financial statement effects of a tax position are initially recognized when it is more likely than not, based on its technical merits, the position will be sustained upon examination. A tax position that meets the more likely than not recognition threshold is initially and subsequently measured as the largest amount of

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benefit, determined on a cumulative probability basis that is more likely than not to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the taxing authority. This interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of this interpretation on its financial position and results of operations.

Note 2. Net Income Per Share:

Net income per share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding. A reconciliation of the shares used in the computation of basic and diluted net income per share is as follows:

(Shares in thousands)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,
	2006	2005	2006
Basic	90,869	93,876	91,202
Assumed conversion under stock plans	918	1,379	795
Diluted	91,787	95,255	91,997

Stock options to purchase 1,014,897 and 1,445,136 shares were outstanding for the second quarter and the first six months of 2006, respectively, and 819,500 and 686,181 for the second quarter and first six months of 2005, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share for the respective periods since the impact was anti-dilutive.

Note 3. Restructuring and Other Charges:

As described in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's 2005 Annual Report, the Company has undertaken a significant reorganization, including management changes, consolidation of production facilities and related actions.

The Company undertook a plan to eliminate approximately 300 positions in manufacturing, selling, research and administration functions, principally in its European and North American operating regions. The majority of affected positions involve employee separation while the balance relates to open positions that will not be filled. As a result of these actions, the Company recognized pre-tax charges of \$23.3 million in 2005 and \$0.4 million in the first six months of 2006. A net gain of \$0.3 million was recognized in the second quarter of 2006 primarily as the result of a \$1.6 million gain recorded on disposition of the Dijon, France land and building, partially offset by \$1.3 million of charges incurred in connection with the restructuring plan. The Dijon assets were written down to their estimated net value in connection with the closure of that facility; the amount realized on disposition exceeded that estimated at the time the original charge was recorded.

Movements in the liabilities related to the restructuring charges, included in Restructuring and other charges or Other liabilities, as appropriate, were (in millions):

Employee- Related	Asset- Related and Other	Total
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Balance December 31, 2005	\$ 29.5	\$ 4.9	\$ 34.4
Additional charges	1.4	(1.0)	0.4
Cash and other costs	(14.0)	1.8	(12.2)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance June 30, 2006	\$ 16.9	\$ 5.7	\$ 22.6
	=====	=====	=====

Consistent with the original plan the balance of employee-related liabilities are expected to be utilized by 2008 as obligations are satisfied; the asset-related charges will be utilized in 2007 on final decommissioning and disposal of the affected equipment.

Note 4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill by operating segment at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 is as follows:

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	Amount
-----	-----
North America	\$ 218,575
Europe	258,607
India	29,209
Latin America	49,046
Asia Pacific	110,145

Total	\$ 665,582
	=====

Trademark and other intangible assets consist of the following amounts:

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
-----	-----	-----
Gross carrying value	\$ 177,498	\$ 177,498
Accumulated amortization	77,850	70,429
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 99,648	\$ 107,069
	=====	=====

Amortization expense for the period ended June 30, 2006 was \$7.4 million; estimated annual amortization is \$14.8 million in 2006, \$13.5 million in 2007 and \$6.8 million in 2008 through 2011.

Note 5. Comprehensive Income:

Changes in the accumulated other comprehensive income component of shareholders' equity were as follows:

	Accumulated losses on derivatives	Minimum Pension
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2006 (Dollars in thousands)	Translation adjustments	qualifying as hedges, net of tax	Obligation, net of tax
Balance December 31, 2005	\$ (47,369)	\$ (2,606)	\$ (100,380)
Change	14,354	(17,747)	-
Balance June 30, 2006	\$ (33,015)	\$ (20,353)	\$ (100,380)

2005 (Dollars in thousands)	Translation adjustments	Accumulated losses on derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax	Minimum Pension Obligation, net of tax
Balance December 31, 2004	\$ 8,227	\$ (5,694)	\$ (110,705)
Change	(55,499)	1,369	-
Balance June 30, 2005	\$ (47,272)	\$ (4,325)	\$ (110,705)

Note 6. Borrowings:

Debt consists of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Maturities	June 30, 2006
Bank borrowings and overdrafts			\$ 308,936
Current portion of long-term debt	6.45%	2006	-
Current portion of deferred realized gains on interest rate swaps			-
Total current debt			308,936
Commercial Paper classified as long-term			281,521
Japanese Yen notes	2.45%	2008-11	132,623
Other		2011	42
Deferred realized gains on interest rate swaps			1,605
Total long-term debt			415,791
Total debt			\$ 724,727

The 6.45% Notes matured on May 15, 2006. On July 12, 2006, the Company issued an aggregate of \$375.0 million of Senior Unsecured Notes ("the Notes"). The Notes were issued in four series: (i) \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.89% Series A Senior Notes due July 12, 2009, (ii) \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.96% Series B Notes due July 12, 2011, (iii) \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.05% Series C Notes due July 12, 2013 and (iv) \$125.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.14% Series D Notes due July 12, 2016. Commercial paper outstanding at June 30, 2006 is classified as

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long-term because proceeds from the Notes issued on July 12, 2006 were used to retire this borrowing.

Note 7. Equity Compensation Plans:

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS No. 123 (R)") using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost of all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognition of compensation expense over the service periods for awards expected to vest. Under this transition method, compensation cost in 2006 includes the portion vesting in the period for (1) all share-based payments granted prior to, but not vested, as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with

the original provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"), and (2) all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). The Company will recognize the cost of all employee stock options on a straight-line attribution basis over their respective vesting periods, net of estimated forfeitures. Results for prior periods have not been restated.

The Company previously applied the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," ("APB 25") and provided the pro forma disclosures required by SFAS No. 123. No compensation expense for employee stock options was previously reflected in net earnings.

The Company changed its valuation model used for estimating the fair value of options granted after January 1, 2006, from a Black-Scholes option-pricing model to a Binomial lattice-pricing model. This change was made in order to provide a better estimate of fair value since the Binomial model is a more flexible method for valuing employee stock options than the Black-Scholes model. The flexibility of the simulated Binomial model stems from the ability to incorporate inputs that change over time, such as volatility and interest rates, and to allow for actual exercise behavior of option holders. The Company is using an average of implied and historical volatility while the expected term assumption was determined based on historical patterns.

The Company has various equity plans under which the Company's officers, senior management, directors and other key employees may be granted options to purchase the Company's common stock or other forms of equity-based awards. Prior to 2004, stock options were the primary form of equity compensation. Beginning in 2004, the Company granted Restricted Stock Unit's ("RSU's") as the principal element of its equity compensation plan for all eligible U.S. - based employees and a majority of eligible overseas employees. Vesting of the RSU's for the Company's officers and senior management has been performance and time based, and for the remainder of eligible employees, vesting is time based; the vesting period is primarily three years from date of grant, however vesting can be adjusted within certain parameters. For a small group of primarily overseas employees, the Company continues to grant stock options.

In 2006, the Board of Directors approved a Long Term Incentive Choice program (the "Program") for the Company's senior management under the Company's 2000 Stock Award and Incentive Plan ("2000 SAIP"). Under the Program, eligible employees can choose from among three equity alternatives and will be granted such equity awards under the 2000 SAIP up to certain dollar awards depending on the participant's grade level. A participant may choose among (1) Purchase Restricted Stock ("PRS"), (2) Stock Settled Appreciation Rights ("SSAR's") or (3) RSU's. The balance of employees who are not eligible under the Program receive RSU's or, as noted above, options.

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Purchase Restricted Stock

PRS provides for the participant to purchase restricted shares of the Company stock at 50% of the fair market value on the grant date of the award. The shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant date, are subject to employment and other specified conditions, and pay dividends if and when paid by the Company. The Company issued 183,183 shares of PRS in the second quarter 2006 for a purchase price of \$3.3 million.

Stock Options and SSAR's

Stock options generally become exercisable on the first anniversary of the grant date and have a maximum term of ten years. SSAR's become exercisable on the third anniversary of the grant date and have a maximum term of seven years. The Company awarded stock options and SSAR's of 212,000 and 141,374, respectively, in the second quarter 2006.

Compensation cost and the related tax benefit for unvested stock option awards issued prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) totaled \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million for the second quarter 2006, respectively, and \$1.9 million and \$0.6 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, respectively.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and net income per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to measure stock-based compensation expense for outstanding option awards for the quarter and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005. Net income, as reported, includes pre-tax compensation expense related to restricted stock and restricted stock units ("RSU's") of \$2.2 million and \$4.7 million in the second quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2005. Using the Black-Scholes option valuation model, the estimated fair values of options granted during 2005 were \$10.57 per share.

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005
Net income, as reported	\$56,713	
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value method for all stock option awards, net of related tax effects	1,913	
Pro-forma net income	\$54,800	
Net income per share:		
Basic - as reported	\$0.60	
Basic - pro-forma	\$0.58	
Diluted - as reported	\$0.60	
Diluted - pro-forma	\$0.58	

Principal assumptions used in applying the Black-Scholes model in 2005 and the binomial model in 2006 were:

	2005	2006
Risk-free interest rate	4.2%	5.0%

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Expected life, in years	5	5
Expected volatility	26.9%	21.3%
Expected dividend yield	1.7%	2.1%

The Company utilizes historical information to estimate expected life and forfeitures within the valuation model. The expected term of an option is based on historical employee exercise behavior, vesting terms and a contractual life of nine and one half years to ten years for options and seven years for SSAR's. The risk-free rate for periods within the expected life of the award is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatility is based on an average of implied and historical volatility of the price of our common shares over the calculated expected life. The Company anticipates paying cash dividends in the future and therefore uses an expected dividend yield in the valuation model using current cash dividends of \$.185 per share each quarter for options granted during 2006. The adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) did not change the way that the Company has accounted for stock options in prior periods.

Stock option and SSAR activity was as follows:

	Shares Subject to Options/SSAR's	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Term	A Intr (in
Balance at January 1, 2006	6,698,428	\$32.52		
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	187,535	\$29.80		
Cancelled	54,126	\$30.55		
Balance at March 31, 2006	6,456,767	\$32.61	5.7	\$
Granted	353,374	\$35.66		
Exercised	552,168	\$30.13		
Cancelled	160,784	\$46.09		
Balance at June 30, 2006	6,097,189	\$32.70	5.8	\$
Exercisable at March 31, 2006	6,144,512	\$32.34	5.6	\$
Exercisable at June 30, 2006	5,505,544	\$32.24	5.5	\$

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the second quarter and six-month period ended June 30, 2006 was \$2.5 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

The Company stock option and SSAR activity for non-vested awards was as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Non-vested at January 1, 2006	1,074,140	\$33.05
Options/SSAR's granted	-	
Options/SSAR's vested	701,056	
Options/SSAR's cancelled	60,829	

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Non-vested at March 31, 2006	312,255	\$37.88
Options/SSAR's granted	353,374	
Options/SSAR's vested	50,990	
Options/SSAR's cancelled	1,668	

Non-vested at June 30, 2006	612,971	\$37.12
	=====	

As of June 30, 2006, there was \$4.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option and SSAR awards granted under the equity incentive plans relating to future periods. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years.

Restricted Stock and Units

The Company may grant restricted shares and RSU's to eligible employees, giving them in most instances all of the rights of stockholders, except that they may not sell, assign, pledge or otherwise encumber such shares. Such shares and RSU's are subject to forfeiture if certain employment conditions are not met. RSU's generally vest 100% at the end of three years; however, RSU's granted to all officers and senior management have a performance restriction which if not attained terminates the RSU's prior to vesting. The fair value of the RSU's is equal to the market price of the Company's stock at date of grant and is amortized to expense ratably over the vesting period. The Company recorded compensation expense related to restricted stock and RSU's of \$4.0 million and \$5.5 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively.

Restricted stock and RSU activity was as follows:

	Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
	-----	-----
Balance at January 1, 2006	909,385	\$38.84
Granted	-	
Vested	45,281	
Forfeited	98,398	

Balance at March 31, 2006	765,706	\$38.49
Granted	535,276	
Vested	-	
Forfeited	13,157	

Balance at June 30, 2006	1,287,825	\$37.12
	=====	

The total value of RSU's which vested during the first quarter was \$1.6 million. The adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) resulted in a cumulative effect gain of \$0.5 million which reflects the net cumulative impact of estimating future forfeitures in the determination of periodic expense for unvested RSU awards, rather than recording forfeitures only when they occur. The cumulative effect was recorded in operating expenses and not as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle because the amount was not material.

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Note 8. Segment Information:

The Company manages its operations by major geographical region. Flavors and fragrances have similar economic and operational characteristics including research and development, the nature of the creative and production processes, the type of customers, and the methods by which products are distributed. Accounting policies used for segment reporting are identical to those described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's 2005 Annual Report.

The Company evaluates the performance of its geographic regions based on segment profit which is income before taxes on income, excluding interest expense, other income and expense and the effects of restructuring and other charges and accounting changes. The Company is divided into five geographic regions for management purposes: North America, Europe, India, Latin America and Asia Pacific. The Global Expenses caption represents corporate and headquarters-related expenses including legal, finance, human resource and other administrative expenses not allocable to individual regions. Transfers between geographic regions are accounted for at prices that approximate arm's-length market prices. The Company's reportable segment information follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30					
(Dollars in thousands)	North America	Europe	India	Latin America	Asia Pacific	GL Exp
Sales to unaffiliated customers	\$164,018	\$199,173	\$ 16,288	\$ 66,283	\$ 84,743	\$
Transfers between areas	16,449	46,170	28	153	12,014	
Total sales	\$180,467	\$245,343	\$ 16,316	\$ 66,436	\$ 96,757	\$
Segment profit	\$ 16,995	\$ 59,935	\$ 4,117	\$ 8,976	\$ 15,761	\$ (
Restructuring and other charges	(721)	1,176	22	(3)	(170)	
Operating profit	\$ 16,274	\$ 61,111	\$ 4,139	\$ 8,973	\$ 15,591	\$ (
Interest expense						
Other income (expense), net						
Income before taxes on income						

	Three Months Ended June 30					
(Dollars in thousands)	North America	Europe	India	Latin America	Asia Pacific	GL Exp
Sales to unaffiliated customers	\$157,075	199,144	\$ 15,779	\$ 62,477	\$ 81,103	\$
Transfers between areas	19,058	51,879	3	120	11,305	
Total sales	\$176,133	251,023	\$ 15,782	\$ 62,597	\$ 92,408	\$
Segment profit	\$ 15,927	\$ 57,285	\$ 3,938	\$ 6,474	\$ 14,926	\$ (
Restructuring and other charges	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating profit	\$ 15,927	\$ 57,285	\$ 3,938	\$ 6,474	\$ 14,926	\$ (

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Interest expense
Other income (expense), net

Income before taxes on income

	Six Months Ended June 30, 200					
(Dollars in thousands)	North America	Europe	India	Latin America	Asia Pacific	GL
Sales to unaffiliated customers	\$324,722	\$389,890	\$ 34,168	\$ 129,929	\$163,228	\$
Transfers between areas	31,627	91,319	298	252	23,036	
Total sales	\$356,349	\$481,209	\$ 34,466	\$ 130,181	\$186,264	\$
Segment profit	\$ 31,653	\$118,813	\$ 8,646	\$ 16,610	\$ 27,539	\$ (
Restructuring and other charges	(721)	1,170	(363)	(3)	(440)	
Operating profit	\$ 30,932	\$119,983	\$ 8,283	\$ 16,607	\$ 27,099	\$ (
Interest expense						
Other income (expense), net						
Income before taxes on income						

	Six Months Ended June 30, 200					
(Dollars in thousands)	North America	Europe	India	Latin America	Asia Pacific	GL
Sales to unaffiliated customers	\$312,170	\$410,940	\$ 31,954	\$120,440	\$163,126	\$
Transfers between areas	40,361	98,762	4	438	21,238	
Total sales	\$352,531	\$509,702	\$ 31,958	\$120,878	\$184,364	\$
Segment profit	\$ 30,554	\$112,659	\$ 8,016	\$ 12,038	\$ 29,193	\$ (
Restructuring and other charges	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating profit	\$ 30,554	\$112,659	\$ 8,016	\$ 12,038	\$ 29,193	\$ (
Interest expense						
Other income (expense), net						
Income before taxes on income						

Note 9. Retirement Benefits:

As described in Note 14 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's 2005 Annual Report, the Company and most of its subsidiaries have pension and/or other retirement benefit plans covering substantially all employees. For the second quarter and six months ended June

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30, 2006 and 2005, pension expense for the U.S. and non - U.S. plans included the following components:

U.S. Plans	Three Months Ended June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2006	2005
-----	-----	-----
Service cost for benefits earned	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,390
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	5,465	5,200
Expected return on plan assets	(5,493)	(5,243)
Net amortization and deferrals	2,015	1,191
	-----	-----
Defined benefit plans	4,623	3,538
Defined contribution and other retirement plans	731	714
	-----	-----
Total pension expense	\$ 5,354	\$ 4,252
	=====	=====

Non - U.S. Plans	Three Months Ended June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2006	2005
-----	-----	-----
Service cost for benefits earned	\$ 3,189	\$ 2,663
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	7,007	7,431
Expected return on plan assets	(9,459)	(8,419)
Net amortization and deferrals	2,103	2,190
	-----	-----
Defined benefit plans	2,840	3,865
Defined contribution and other retirement plans	812	827
	-----	-----
Total pension expense	\$ 3,652	\$ 4,692
	=====	=====

The Company expects to contribute \$5.0 million to its qualified U.S. pension plans in the second half of 2006. No contributions were made to these plans in the first six months of 2006. In the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.4 million and \$2.1 million of benefit payments were made, respectively, with respect to the non-qualified plan. The Company expects to contribute \$22.1 million to its non-U.S. pension plans in 2006. In the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.7 million and \$5.9 million of contributions were made, respectively, to these plans.

For the quarter and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, expense recognized for postretirement benefits other than pensions included the following components:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months En
(Dollars in thousands)	2006	2005	2006
-----	-----	-----	-----
Service cost for benefits earned	\$ 856	\$ 622	\$ 1,712
Interest on benefit obligation	1,575	1,226	3,150
Net amortization and deferrals	191	(107)	382
	-----	-----	-----

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Total postretirement benefit expense	\$ 2,622	\$ 1,741	\$ 5,244
	=====	=====	=====

The Company expects to contribute \$3.9 million to its postretirement benefit plans in 2006. In the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2006, \$1.2 million and \$2.2 million of contributions were made, respectively.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies:

The Company is party to a number of lawsuits and claims related primarily to flavoring supplied by the Company to manufacturers of butter flavor popcorn. At each balance sheet date, or more frequently as conditions warrant, the Company reviews the status of each pending claim, as well as its insurance coverage for such claims with due consideration given to potentially applicable deductibles,

retentions and reservation of rights under its insurance policies, and the advice of its outside legal counsel and a third party expert in modeling insurance deductible amounts with respect to all these matters. While the ultimate outcome of any litigation cannot be predicted, management believes that adequate provision has been made with respect to all known claims. There can be no assurance that future events will not require the Company to increase the amount it has accrued for any matter or accrue for a matter that has not been previously accrued. Based on information presently available and in light of the merits of its defenses and the availability of insurance, the Company does not expect the outcome of the above cases, singly or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operation or liquidity.

The Company recorded its expected liability with respect to these claims in Other liabilities and expected recoveries from its insurance carrier group in Other Assets. The Company believes that realization of the insurance receivable is probable due to the terms of the insurance policies, the financial strength of the insurance carrier group and the payment experience to date of the insurance carrier group as it relates to these claims.

Note 11. Reclassifications:

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statements to conform to 2006 classifications.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and

Financial Condition

Overview

The Company is a leading creator and manufacturer of flavor and fragrance compounds used to impart or improve the flavor or fragrance in a wide variety of consumer products.

Fragrance compounds are used in perfumes, cosmetics, toiletries, hair care products, deodorants, soaps, detergents and softeners as well as air care products. Flavor products are sold to the food and beverage industries for use in consumer products such as prepared foods, beverages, dairy, food and confectionery products. The Company is also a leading manufacturer of synthetic ingredients used in making fragrances.

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Changing social habits resulting from such factors as increases in personal income and dual-earner households, leisure time, health concerns, urbanization and population growth stimulate demand for consumer products utilizing flavors and fragrances. These developments expand the market for products with finer fragrance quality, as well as the market for colognes and toiletries. Such developments also stimulate demand for convenience foods, soft drinks and low-fat food products that must conform to expected tastes. These developments necessitate the creation and development of flavors and fragrances and ingredients that are compatible with newly introduced materials and methods of application used in consumer products.

Flavors and fragrances are generally:

- created for the exclusive use of a specific customer;
- sold in solid or liquid form, in amounts ranging from a few kilograms to many tons depending on the nature of the end product in which they are used;
- a small percentage of the volume and cost of the end product sold to the consumer; and
- a major factor in consumer selection and acceptance of the product.

Flavors and fragrances have similar economic and operational characteristics, including research and development, the nature of the creative and production processes, the manner in which products are distributed and the type of customer; many of the Company's customers purchase both flavors and fragrances.

The flavor and fragrance industry is impacted by macroeconomic factors in all product categories and geographic regions. In addition, pricing pressure placed on the Company's customers by large and powerful retailers and distributors is inevitably passed along to the Company, and its competitors. Leadership in innovation and creativity mitigates the impact of pricing pressure. Success and growth in the industry is dependent upon creativity and innovation in meeting the many and varied needs of the customers' products in a cost-efficient and effective manner, and with a consistently high level of timely service and delivery.

The Company's strategic focus is:

- To improve customer service, in terms of both on-time deliveries and responsiveness to new product development initiatives, and to improve the win rate for new business with the Company's customers.
- To critically evaluate the profitability and growth potential of the Company's product portfolio, and to focus on those categories and customers considered to be the best opportunities for long-term profitable growth.
- To align resources of the Company with those of its major international key customers using the global reach of the Company to provide and enhance strategic partnerships.
- To focus research and development initiatives on those areas considered to be most likely, in the long-term, to yield the greatest value to the Company's customers and shareholders.

The Company has made strides to implement a number of these initiatives. On time delivery and continuous improvement in operations are supported by the global implementation of the enterprise requirements planning software package ("SAP"), and related initiatives, implementation of which are substantially completed at June 30, 2006. Product and category growth and strategic analysis of these objectives is a continual focus for management and a number of new ingredients are employed in flavor and fragrance compounds.

Operations

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Second Quarter 2006

Second quarter 2006 sales totaled \$531 million, increasing 3% over the prior year quarter; fragrance and flavor sales increased 3% and 2%, respectively. Reported sales for the 2006 period were affected by the strength of the U.S. dollar; had exchange rates remained constant, sales would have been one percentage point higher.

Fragrance sales were led by fine fragrance, which increased 9%; much of the growth resulted from new product introductions. Sales of functional fragrances increased 1% while fragrance ingredient sales declined 3%.

The flavor sales performance benefited from new wins as well as from ease of comparison with the prior year quarter, when flavor sales were affected by a vendor-supplied raw material contamination issue, the impact of which approximated \$5 million in the 2005 quarter.

Sales performance by region and product category in comparison to the prior year quarter follows:

		Second Quarter 2006 vs. 2005 % Change in Sales by Region of Destination				
		Fine	Func'l.	Ingr.	Total Frag.	Fla
North America	Reported	18%	1%	13%	10%	
Europe	Reported	3%	3%	-13%	-1%	
	Local Currency	5%	5%	-11%	1%	
Latin America	Reported	17%	-4%	-2%	1%	
Asia Pacific	Reported	2%	10%	-4%	5%	
	Local Currency	2%	10%	-1%	6%	
India	Reported	8%	-8%	18%	-1%	
	Local Currency	8%	-8%	20%	-	
Total	Reported	9%	1%	-3%	3%	
	Local Currency	10%	2%	-2%	4%	

- North America fine fragrance and flavor growth was driven mainly by new product introductions of approximately \$10 million while increases in ingredients and functional fragrances were primarily volume related.
- European growth was strongest in Eastern Europe, Africa and the Middle East, collectively increasing 15% over the 2005 quarter; a 2% decline in Western Europe offset this growth. Fine and functional fragrance growth was mainly the result of new product introductions approximating \$12 million while the decline in ingredients and flavor sales was mainly volume related.
- Latin America fine fragrance sales growth resulted from new product introductions of \$2 million while declines in functional fragrance and ingredients were primarily volume related. Flavor sales were strong throughout the region mainly as a result of new product introductions approximating \$2 million.
- Asia Pacific fine and functional fragrance sales growth resulted mainly from new product introductions of approximately \$2.5 million, while volume

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declines negatively impacted ingredient sales. Flavor sales growth was mainly the result of new product introductions in excess of \$2 million.

- India fragrance sales performance in all product categories resulted primarily from volume fluctuations while flavor sales increased due to the combined benefit of new product introductions and volume growth.

The percentage relationship of cost of goods sold and other operating expenses to sales for the second quarter 2006 and 2005 are detailed below.

	Second Quarter	
	2006	2005
Costs of Goods Sold	57.1%	58.0%
Research and Development Expenses	8.6%	8.6%
Selling and Administrative Expenses	16.5%	16.1%

- Gross profit, as a percentage of sales, improved nearly 1% compared to the prior year quarter. The improvement resulted from a combination of the local currency sales performance leading to improved manufacturing expense absorption and favorable product mix. The second quarter 2005 margin was unfavorably impacted by costs attributable to the raw material contamination matter.
- Research and Development ("R&D") expenses totaled 8.6% of sales, consistent with the prior year quarter.
- Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") expenses, as a percentage of sales, increased to 16.5% from 16.1%, mainly as a result of higher incentive plan accruals and an additional \$2 million in equity compensation expense recorded in the 2006 second quarter.
- Interest expense increased 4% from the prior year quarter mainly due to slightly higher average rates on borrowing compared to the prior year quarter and higher debt levels prior to the maturity of \$500 million of 5 year notes on May 15, 2006.
- The effective tax rate was 28.0% compared to 30.8% in the prior year quarter; variations in the effective rate are mainly attributable to fluctuations in earnings in the countries in which the Company operates.

Net income for the 2006 second quarter increased 8% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily as a result of the above factors.

First Six Months 2006

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, sales totaled \$1,042 million, essentially flat with the 2005 period. Reported sales for the 2006 period were affected by the strength of the U.S. dollar; had exchange rates remained constant, sales would have been three percentage points higher.

Fragrance sales were led by fine fragrance, which increased 6%; much of the growth resulted from new product introductions. Sales of functional fragrances declined 1% and fragrance ingredient sales declined 4%.

The flavor sales performance benefited from new wins as well as from ease of comparison with the prior year period, when flavor sales were affected by a vendor-supplied raw material contamination issue, the impact of which approximated \$5 million in the 2005 second quarter.

Sales performance by region and product category in comparison to the prior year period follows:

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		Six Months 2006 vs. 2005 % Change in Sales by Region of Destination			
		Fine	Func'l.	Ingr.	Total Frag. F
North America	Reported	20%	-3%	13%	8%
Europe	Reported	-2%	-2%	-16%	-6%
	Local Currency	4%	4%	-12%	-1%
Latin America	Reported	13%	1%	4%	4%
Asia Pacific	Reported	2%	-1%	-5%	-1%
	Local Currency	2%	-	-1%	-
India	Reported	14%	4%	16%	8%
	Local Currency	15%	5%	20%	10%
Total	Reported	6%	-1%	-4%	-
	Local Currency	9%	1%	-1%	3%

- North America fine fragrance and flavor growth resulted mainly from new product introductions of nearly \$15 million while the decline in functional fragrances was volume related. Ingredients sales growth was due to a combination of volume and price.
- European growth was strongest in Eastern Europe, Africa and the Middle East, which was offset by an overall sales decline in Western Europe. Fine and functional fragrance growth resulted from new product introductions of approximately \$24 million while the decline in ingredients was volume related, as was the decline in flavor sales.
- Latin America fine fragrance sales growth resulted from new product introductions of approximately \$3 million while increases in functional fragrance and ingredients were primarily volume related. Flavor sales were strong throughout the region, mainly benefiting from new product introductions of approximately \$4 million.
- Asia Pacific fine fragrance sales growth resulted mainly from new product introductions totaling nearly \$3 million, while volume declines unfavorably impacted functional fragrance and ingredients. Flavor sales growth was mainly the result of new product introductions greater than \$3 million.
- India fragrance sales performance in all product categories resulted primarily from volume growth while flavor sales increased due to the combined benefit of new product introductions and volume growth.

The percentage relationship of cost of goods sold and other operating expenses to sales for the first six-month period ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are detailed below.

		First Six Months	
		2006	2005
Costs of Goods Sold		57.4%	58.5%

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Research and Development Expenses	8.8%	8.6%
Selling and Administrative Expenses	16.6%	16.1%

- Gross profit, as a percentage of sales, improved greater than 1% compared to the prior year period. The improvement resulted mainly from the local currency sales performance, improved manufacturing expense absorption and favorable product mix. The 2005 six-month period margin was unfavorably impacted by costs attributable to the raw material contamination matter.
- R&D expenses totaled 8.8% of sales, slightly higher than the prior year period.
- SG&A expenses, as a percentage of sales, increased to 16.6% from 16.1%, mainly as a result of higher incentive plan accruals and \$3 million in additional equity compensation expense than the 2005 first six months partially offset by the Company's ongoing cost control initiatives.
- Interest expense was essentially unchanged from the prior year period.
- The effective tax rate was 28.3% compared to 31.0% in the prior year period; variations in the effective rate are mainly attributable to fluctuations in earnings in the countries in which the Company operates and realizing benefits of tax planning strategies put in place. The Company expects the effective tax rate to approximate 28.5% for 2006.

Net income for the first six months of 2006 increased 5% compared with the prior year period, primarily as a result of the improved sales performance, cost control initiatives and the above factors.

Restructuring and Other Charges

As described in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's 2005 Annual Report, the Company has undertaken a significant reorganization, including management changes, consolidation of production facilities and related actions.

As a result of these actions, the Company recognized pre-tax charges of \$23.3 million in 2005 and \$0.4 million in the first six months of 2006. A net gain of \$0.3 million was recognized in the second quarter 2006 primarily as the result of a \$1.6 million gain recorded on the disposition of the Dijon, France land and building, the carrying value of which was reduced to its estimated net realizable value in connection with the closure of the facility in 2005; the amount realized on disposition exceeded the original estimate. The Dijon gain was offset by \$1.3 million in restructuring expense incurred in the 2006 second quarter. The remaining charges are expected to be recognized over the balance of 2006. Annual savings from these actions are expected to approximate \$16.0 million to \$18.0 million.

Movements in the liabilities related to the restructuring charges, included in Restructuring and other charges or Other liabilities as appropriate, were (in millions):

	Employee- Related	Asset- Related and Other	Total
	-----	-----	-----
Balance December 31, 2005	\$ 29.5	\$ 4.9	\$ 34.4
Additional charges	1.4	(1.0)	0.4
Cash and other costs	(14.0)	1.8	(12.2)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance June 30, 2006	\$ 16.9	\$ 5.7	\$ 22.6
	=====	=====	=====

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Consistent with the original plan, the balance of the employee-related liabilities are expected to be utilized by 2008 as obligations are satisfied; the asset-related charges will be utilized in 2007 on final decommissioning and disposal of the affected equipment.

Equity Compensation Plans

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R) "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS No. 123 (R)") using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost of all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognition of compensation expense over the service periods for awards expected to vest. Under this transition method, compensation cost in 2006 includes the portion vesting in the period for (1) all share-based payments granted prior to, but not vested, as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"), and (2) all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). The Company will recognize the cost of all employee stock options on a straight-line attribution basis over their respective vesting periods, net of estimated forfeitures. Results for prior periods have not been restated. Other equity based awards will be measured based on fair value as of the grant date, expensed over the vesting period and adjusted for forfeitures.

The Company previously applied the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," ("APB 25") and provided the pro forma disclosures required by SFAS No. 123. No compensation expense for employee stock options was previously reflected in net earnings.

The Company changed its valuation model used for estimating the fair value of options granted after January 1, 2006, from a Black-Scholes option-pricing model to a Binomial lattice-pricing model. This change was made in order to provide a

better estimate of fair value since the Binomial model is a more flexible method for valuing employee stock options than the Black-Scholes model. The flexibility of the simulated Binomial model stems from the ability to incorporate inputs that change over time, such as volatility and interest rates, and to allow for actual exercise behavior of option holders. The Company is using an average of implied and historical volatility while the expected term assumption was determined based on historical patterns.

The Company has various equity plans under which the Company's officers, senior management, directors and other key employees may be granted options to purchase the Company's common stock or other forms of equity-based awards. Prior to 2004, stock options were the primary form of equity compensation. Beginning in 2004, the Company granted Restricted Stock Units ("RSU's") as an element of its incentive compensation plan for all eligible U.S. - based employees and a majority of eligible overseas employees. Vesting of the RSU's for the Company's officers and senior management has been performance and time based, and for the remainder of eligible employees, vesting is time based; the vesting period is primarily three years from date of grant, however vesting can be adjusted within certain parameters. For a small group of primarily overseas employees, the Company continues to issue stock options.

In 2006, the Board of Directors approved a Long-Term Incentive Choice program (the "Program") for the Company's senior management under the Company's 2000 Stock Award and Incentive Plan ("2000 SAIP"). Under the Program, eligible

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employees can choose from among three alternative equity awards and will be granted such equity awards under the 2000 SAIP up to certain dollar awards depending on the participant's grade level. The participant may chose among (1) Purchase Restricted Stock ("PRS"), (2) Stock Settled Appreciation Rights ("SSAR's") or (3) RSU's. The balance of employees who are not eligible under the Program receive RSU's or, as noted above, options.

Developing the assumptions used in the binomial model requires significant judgment on the part of the Company and, generally, may involve analyzing all available historical data, considering whether historical data is relevant to predicting future behavior, making appropriate adjustments to historical data for future expectations, supplementing or replacing Company-specific historical data with data from other supportable sources and appropriately weighting each of the inputs. These assumptions are evaluated at each grant date. If factors change and the Company employs different assumptions for estimating share-based compensation expense in future periods or if the Company decides to use a different valuation model, the future periods may differ significantly from what the Company has recorded in the current period and could materially affect operating income, net income and net income per share. In addition, existing valuation models, including the Black-Scholes and binomial lattice-pricing model, may not provide reliable measures of the fair values of the Company's share-based compensation. Consequently, there is a significant risk that the Company's estimates of the fair values of share-based compensation awards on the grant dates may not reflect the actual values realized upon the vesting, exercise, expiration, early termination or forfeiture of those share-based payments in the future. There currently is no market-based mechanism or other practical application to verify the reliability and accuracy of the estimates stemming from these valuation makels.

The future impact of the cost of share-based compensation on our results of operations, including net income and earnings per diluted share, will depend on, among other factors, the level of our equity awards as well as the market price of our shares at the time of award as well as various other assumptions used in valuing such awards.

See Note 7 of the Notes to the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of the impact of the adoption of, and the method of determining fair values under, SFAS No. 123(R).

Financial Condition

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments totaled \$30.2 million at June 30, 2006. Working capital at June 30, 2006 was \$291.1 million compared to \$(11.4) million at December 31, 2005. The change in working capital relates to the long-term refinancing of debt previously classified as current. Gross additions to property, plant and equipment during the first six months were \$19.8 million. The Company expects additions to property, plant and equipment to approximate \$60.0 to \$65.0 million for the full year 2006.

At June 30, 2006, the Company had \$724.7 million of debt outstanding. Debt, excluding deferred interest swap gains, includes \$281.5 million of commercial paper classified as long-term due to the Company's refinance intent, \$308.9 million in bank borrowings and overdrafts and \$134.2 million in long-term Japanese Yen denominated debt. On July 12, 2006, the Company issued an aggregate of \$375.0 million of Senior Unsecured Notes. The Notes were issued in four series: (i) \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.89% Series A Senior Notes due July 12, 2009, (ii) \$100.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.96% Series B Notes due July 12, 2011, (iii) \$100.0 million in aggregate

principal amount of 6.05% Series C Notes due July 12, 2013 and (iv) \$125.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.14% Series D Notes due July 12, 2016.

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Proceeds of the Notes were used to repay the commercial paper and for other general corporate purposes.

In April 2006, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$.185 per share to shareholders unchanged from the prior quarter dividend payment.

Under the share repurchase program of \$200.0 million authorized in May 2005, the Company repurchased approximately 0.4 million shares in the second quarter of 2006 at a cost of \$15.8 million. For 2006, the Company has repurchased 2.7 million shares at a cost of \$91.3 million. Repurchases will be made from time to time on the open market or through private transactions as market and business conditions warrant. Repurchased shares will be available for use in connection with the Company's employee compensation plans and for other general corporate purposes. At June 30, 2006, the Company had approximately \$86 million remaining under this repurchase plan.

The Company anticipates that its financing requirements will be funded from internal sources and credit facilities currently in place. As disclosed in the 2005 Annual Report, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a revolving credit agreement with certain banks which replaced existing credit facilities to meet short and long term financing requirements. Cash flows from operations and availability under its existing credit facilities are expected to be sufficient to fund the Company's anticipated normal capital spending, dividends and other expected requirements for at least the next twelve to eighteen months.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement the Company's financial results presented in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), the Company uses certain non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures as disclosed by the Company may also be calculated differently from similar measures disclosed by other companies. To ease the use and understanding of our supplemental non-GAAP financial measures, the Company includes the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

The Company discloses, and management internally monitors, the sales performance of international operations on a basis that eliminates the positive or negative effects that result from translating foreign currency sales into U.S. dollars. Management uses this measure because it believes that it enhances the assessment of the sales performance of its international operations and the comparability between reporting periods.

Cautionary Statement Under The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Statements in this Quarterly Report, which are not historical facts or information, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are based on management's reasonable current assumptions and expectations. Such forward-looking statements which may be identified by such words as "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "outlook," "guidance," "may," and similar forward-looking terminology, involve significant risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause the actual results of the Company to be materially different from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, and there can be no assurance that actual results will not differ materially from management's expectations. Such factors include, among others, the following: general economic and business conditions in the Company's

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markets, including economic, population health and political uncertainties; weather, geopolitical, civil hostilities and region specific uncertainties; interest rates; the price, quality and availability of raw materials; the Company's ability to implement its business strategy, including the achievement of anticipated cost savings, profitability, growth and market share targets; the impact of currency fluctuation or devaluation in the Company's principal foreign markets and the success of the Company's hedging and risk management strategies; the impact of possible pension funding obligations and increased pension expense on the Company's cash flow and results of operations; and the effect of legal and regulatory proceedings, as well as restrictions imposed on the Company, its operations or its representatives by foreign governments; and the fact that the outcome of litigation is highly uncertain and unpredictable and there can be no assurance that the triers of fact or law, at either the trial level or at any appellate level, will accept the factual assertions, factual defenses or legal positions of the Company or its factual or expert witnesses in any such litigation or other proceedings. The Company intends its forward-looking statements to speak only as of the time of such statements and does not plan to update or revise them as more information becomes available or to reflect changes in expectations, assumptions or results.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There are no material changes in market risk from the information provided in the Company's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the assistance of other members of the Company's management, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the reporting period covered by this report.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have also concluded that there have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to various claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of its business.

In September 2001, the Company was named as a defendant in a purported class action brought against it in the Circuit Court of Jasper County, Missouri, on behalf of employees of a plant owned and operated by Gilster-Mary Lee Corp. in Jasper, Missouri ("Benavides case"). The plaintiffs alleged that they sustained respiratory injuries in the workplace due to the use by Gilster-Mary Lee of a BBA and/or IFF flavor. For purposes of reporting these actions, BBA and/or IFF are referred to as the "Company".

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In January 2004, the Court ruled that class action status was not warranted. As a result of this decision, each of the 47 plaintiff cases was to be tried separately. Subsequently, 8 cases were tried to a verdict, 4 verdicts resulted for the plaintiffs and 4 verdicts resulted for the Company, all of which were appealed by the losing party. Subsequently all plaintiff cases related to the Benavides case have been settled or are in the process of settlement.

Thirteen other actions based on similar claims of alleged respiratory illness due to workplace exposure to flavor ingredients are currently pending against the Company and other flavor suppliers and related companies.

Trial has been scheduled in the action brought against the Company and another flavor supplier by 23 former and current workers at a Marion, Ohio factory. This case was filed in March 2003 and is pending in the Court of Common Pleas of Hamilton County, Ohio. The Plaintiffs in this case have been divided into 7 trial groups. The first trial group consists of 2 workers and 1 spouse, and their case will be tried on August 29, 2006. No other trial dates have been set (Arthur case). In May 2004, the Company and another flavor supplier were named defendants in a lawsuit by 4 former workers at a Ridgeway, Illinois factory in an action brought in the Circuit Court for the Second Judicial Circuit, Gallatin County, Illinois (Barker case) and another concerning 8 other workers at this same plant was filed in July 2004 and is pending in this same Court against the Company and another flavor supplier (Batteese case). In an action filed in June 2004, the Company, three other flavor suppliers, a flavor trade association and a consulting agency are defendants in a lawsuit by 1 worker at a Sioux City, Iowa facility which is pending in U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Iowa. Plaintiff voluntarily dismissed his claim against Bush Boake Allen, Inc. Trial is set for December 4, 2006 (Remmes case). Another case concerning 1 other worker at this same plant was filed in January 2006 and is pending in this same court against the same parties. The trial ready date is November 5, 2007 (Kuiper case). In June 2004, the Company and 3 other flavor suppliers were named defendants in a lawsuit by 1 plaintiff brought in the Court of Common Pleas, Hamilton County, Ohio. Trial is set for January 16, 2007 (Mitchell case). In June 2004, the Company and 2 other flavor suppliers were named defendants in a lawsuit by 1 former worker at a Northlake, Illinois facility in an action brought in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois (Lopez case). In August 2004, the Company and another flavor supplier were named defendants in a lawsuit by 15 former workers at a Marion, Ohio factory in an action brought in the Court of Common Pleas, Marion County, Ohio. The Plaintiffs will be divided into 9 trial groups, the trials will be held consecutively from May through October, 2007 (Williams case). In March 2005, the Company and 10 other companies were named defendants in a lawsuit by 1 former employee of Bell Flavors and Fragrances, Inc. in an action brought in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois. On June 29, 2006, Plaintiffs voluntarily dismissed their claims against one of the defendants, EMCO Chemical Distributors. There is no trial date pending (Robinson case). In July 2005, the Company and 9 other flavor and chemical suppliers were named defendants in a lawsuit by 1 former worker of Brach's Confections, Inc. in an action brought in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois. There is no trial date pending (Campbell case). In August 2005, the Company and 8 other companies, including a flavor trade association and consulting agency, were named defendants in a lawsuit by 3 former employees of the Gilster-Mary Lee facility in McBride, Missouri in the Missouri Circuit Court, 22nd Judicial Circuit. Trial is set for May 7, 2007 (Fults case). In September 2005, the Company and 9 other companies were named defendants in a lawsuit by 2 former employees of the Gilster-Mary Lee facility in McBride, Missouri in the Circuit Court of St. Louis County. Trial is set for September 24, 2007 (Bowling case). In November 2005, the Company, a flavor trade association, and a consulting agency were named defendants in a lawsuit by 1 former employee of the Snappy Popcorn Company in Breda, Iowa brought in U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Iowa, Western Division. The trial

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ready date is June 30, 2007 (Weimer case). All these cases remain in the pretrial stage.

The Company believes that all IFF and BBA flavors at issue in these matters meet the requirements of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and are safe for handling and use by workers in food manufacturing plants when used according to specified safety procedures. These procedures are detailed in instructions that

IFF and BBA provided to all their customers for the safe handling and use of their flavors. It is the responsibility of IFF's customers to ensure that these instructions, which include the use of appropriate engineering controls, such as adequate ventilation, prior handling procedures and respiratory protection for workers, are followed in the workplace.

At each balance sheet date, or more frequently as conditions warrant, the Company reviews the status of each pending claim, as well as its insurance coverage for such claims with due consideration given to potentially applicable deductibles, retentions and reservation of rights under its insurance policies, and the advice of its outside legal counsel and a third party expert in modeling insurance deductible amounts with respect to all these matters. While the ultimate outcome of any litigation cannot be predicted, management believes that adequate provision has been made with respect to all known claims. Based on information presently available and in light of the merits of its defenses and the availability of insurance, the Company does not expect the outcome of the above cases, singly or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operation or liquidity. There can be no assurance that future events will not require the Company to increase the amount it has accrued for any matter or accrue for a matter that has not been previously accrued. See Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Over the past 20 years, various federal and state authorities and private parties have claimed that the Company is a potentially responsible party as a generator of waste materials for alleged pollution at a number of waste sites operated by third parties located principally in New Jersey and seek to recover costs incurred and to be incurred to clean up the sites.

The waste site claims and suits usually involve million dollar amounts, and most of them are asserted against many potentially responsible parties. Remedial activities typically consist of several phases carried out over a period of years. Most site remedies begin with investigation and feasibility studies, followed by physical removal, destruction, treatment or containment of contaminated soil and debris, and sometimes by groundwater monitoring and treatment. To date, the Company's financial responsibility for some sites has been settled through agreements granting the Company, in exchange for one or more cash payments made or to be made, either complete release of liability or, for certain sites, release from further liability for early and/or later remediation phases, subject to certain "re-opener" clauses for later-discovered conditions. Settlements in respect of some sites involve, in part, payment by the Company and other parties of a percentage of the site's future remediation costs over a period of years.

The Company believes that the amounts it has paid and anticipates paying in the future for clean-up costs and damages at all sites are not and will not be material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity, because of the involvement of other large potentially responsible parties at most sites, because payment will be made over an extended time period and because, pursuant to an agreement reached in July 1994 with three of the Company's liability insurers, defense costs and indemnity amounts payable by the Company in respect of the sites will be shared by the insurers up to an agreed amount.

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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

	Total Number of Shares Purchased(1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program(2)
April 1 - 30, 2006	-	-	-
May 1 - 31, 2006	320,000	\$35.61	320,000
June 1 - 30, 2006	122,800	\$35.48	122,800

- (1) An aggregate of 442,800 shares of common stock were repurchased during the second quarter of 2006 under a repurchase program announced in May 2005. Under the program, the Board of Directors approved the repurchase by the Company of up to \$200.0 million of its common stock.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The following matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the Company's annual meeting of shareholders held on May 9, 2006:

1.)	Election of Directors	Votes Cast For	Authority Withheld	
	Margaret Hayes Adame	74,509,355	1,956,610	
	Gunter Blobel	75,848,325	617,640	
	J. Michael Cook	75,473,676	992,289	
	Peter A. Georgescu	75,499,673	966,292	
	Alexandra A. Herzan	75,852,019	613,946	
	Henry W. Howell, Jr.	75,384,120	1,081,845	
	Arthur C. Martinez	74,175,119	2,290,846	
	Burton M. Tansky	75,417,093	1,048,872	
2.)		For	Against	Abstentions
	Ratification of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as	74,977,260	1,068,406	420,299

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independent registered public
accounting firm

Item 6. Exhibits

- 3(ii) By-Laws of the Company, as amended effective as of July 1, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 30, 2006).
- 10.1 Retirement Agreement dated as of April 3, 2006 between Richard A. Goldstein, former Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2006).
- 10.2 Letter Agreement dated June 28, 2006 between the Company and Robert M. Amen, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 29, 2006).
- 10.3 Restricted Stock Units Agreement dated July 25, 2006 between the Company and Arthur C. Martinez (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 26, 2006).
- 4.1 Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 12, 2006, by and among the Company and the various purchasers named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 13, 2006).
- 4.2 Form of Series A, Series B, Series C and Series D Senior Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 13, 2006).
- 31.1 Certification of Robert M. Amen pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Douglas J. Wetmore pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32 Certification of Robert M. Amen and Douglas J. Wetmore pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES INC.

Dated: August 7, 2006

By: /s/ DOUGLAS J. WETMORE

Douglas J. Wetmore, Senior Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

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Dated: August 7, 2006

By: /s/ DENNIS M. MEANY

Dennis M. Meany, Senior Vice President,
General Counsel and Secretary

EXHIBIT INDEX

Number -----	Description -----
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Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert M. Amen, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.;

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2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 7, 2006

By: /s/ Robert M. Amen

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Name: Robert M. Amen
Title: Chairman of the Board
and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Douglas J. Wetmore, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to

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the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 7, 2006

By: /s/ Douglas J. Wetmore

Name: Douglas J. Wetmore
Title: Senior Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32

CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of International Flavors & Fragrances Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Robert M. Amen, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Douglas J. Wetmore, as Chief Financial Officer, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. (section) 1350, as adopted pursuant to (section) 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Robert M. Amen

Name: Robert M. Amen
Title: Chairman of the Board
and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 7, 2006

By: /s/ Douglas J. Wetmore

Name: Douglas J. Wetmore
Title: Senior Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

Dated: August 7, 2006

