ENTERGY CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q November 03, 2017 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____ Registrant, State of Incorporation or Organization, Registrant, State of Incorporation or Address of Principal Executive Organization, Address of Principal Executive Commission Commission Offices, Telephone Number, Offices, Telephone Number, and IRS Employer File Number File Number Identification No. and IRS Employer Identification No. ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, **ENTERGY CORPORATION** INC. (a Delaware corporation) (a Louisiana corporation) 639 Loyola Avenue 1600 Perdido Street 1-11299 1-35747 New Orleans, Louisiana 70113 New Orleans, Louisiana 70112 Telephone (504) 576-4000 Telephone (504) 670-3700 72-1229752 72-0273040 ENTERGY TEXAS, INC. ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. (an Arkansas corporation) (a Texas corporation) 10055 Grogans Mill Road 425 West Capitol Avenue 1-10764 1-34360 Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 The Woodlands, Texas 77380 Telephone (501) 377-4000 Telephone (409) 981-2000 71-0005900 61-1435798 1-09067 1-32718 ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC SYSTEM ENERGY (a Texas limited liability company) RESOURCES, INC. 4809 Jefferson Highway (an Arkansas corporation) Jefferson, Louisiana 70121 1340 Echelon Parkway Telephone (504) 576-4000 Jackson, Mississippi 39213 47-4469646 Telephone (601) 368-5000

72-0752777

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

(a Mississippi corporation)

1-31508 308 East Pearl Street

Jackson, Mississippi 39201 Telephone (601) 368-5000

64-0205830

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrants (1) have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrants were required to file such reports), and (2) have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants have submitted electronically and posted on Entergy's corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrants were required to submit and post such files). Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether each registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

	Large	Accelerated	Non-	Smaller	Emerging
	accelerated	filer	accelerated	reporting	growth
	filer	IIIei	filer	company	company
Entergy Corporation	ü				
Entergy Arkansas, Inc.			ü		
Entergy Louisiana, LLC			ü		
Entergy Mississippi, Inc.			ü		
Entergy New Orleans, Inc.			ü		
Entergy Texas, Inc.			ü		
System Energy Resources, Inc.			ü		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrants have elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants are shell companies (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

Common Stock Outstanding Outstanding at October 31, 2017

Entergy Corporation (\$0.01 par value) 180,251,407

Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC, Entergy Mississippi, Inc., Entergy New Orleans, Inc., Entergy Texas, Inc., and System Energy Resources, Inc. separately file this combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Information contained herein relating to any individual company is filed by such company on its own behalf. Each company reports herein only as to itself and makes no other representations whatsoever as to any other company. This combined Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q supplements and updates the Annual Report on Form 10 K for the calendar year ended December 31, 2016 and the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, filed by the individual registrants with the SEC, and should be read in conjunction therewith.

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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

In this combined report and from time to time, Entergy Corporation and the Registrant Subsidiaries each makes statements as a registrant concerning its expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, and future events or performance. Such statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "may," "will," "could," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "expect," "estimate," "potential," "plan," "predict," "forecast," and other similar words or expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the only means to identify these statements. Although each of these registrants believes that these forward-looking statements and the underlying assumptions are reasonable, it cannot provide assurance that they will prove correct. Any forward-looking statement is based on information current as of the date of this combined report and speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made. Except to the extent required by the federal securities laws, these registrants undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties. There are factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed or incorporated by reference in (a) Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Form 10-K, (b) Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis in the Form 10-K and in this report, and (c) the following factors (in addition to others described elsewhere in this combined report and in subsequent securities filings):

resolution of pending and future rate cases and negotiations, including various performance-based rate discussions, Entergy's utility supply plan, and recovery of fuel and purchased power costs; long-term risks and uncertainties associated with the termination of the System Agreement in 2016, including the potential absence of federal authority to resolve certain issues among the Utility operating companies and their retail regulators;

regulatory and operating challenges and uncertainties and economic risks associated with the Utility operating companies' participation in MISO, including the effect of current or projected MISO market rules and market and system conditions in the MISO markets, the allocation of MISO system transmission upgrade costs, and the effect of planning decisions that MISO makes with respect to future transmission investments by the Utility operating companies;

changes in utility regulation, including the beginning or end of retail and wholesale competition, the ability to recover net utility assets and other potential stranded costs, and the application of more stringent transmission reliability requirements or market power criteria by the FERC or the U.S. Department of Justice;

changes in the regulation or regulatory oversight of Entergy's nuclear generating facilities and nuclear materials and fuel, including with respect to the planned, potential, or actual shutdown of nuclear generating facilities owned or operated by Entergy Wholesale Commodities, and the effects of new or existing safety or environmental concerns regarding nuclear power plants and nuclear fuel;

resolution of pending or future applications, and related regulatory proceedings and litigation, for license renewals or modifications or other authorizations required of nuclear generating facilities and the effect of public and political opposition on these applications, regulatory proceedings, and litigation;

the performance of and deliverability of power from Entergy's generation resources, including the capacity factors at its nuclear generating facilities;

the operation and maintenance of Entergy's nuclear generating facilities require the commitment of substantial human and capital resources that can result in increased costs and capital expenditures;

Entergy's ability to develop and execute on a point of view regarding future prices of electricity, natural gas, and other energy-related commodities;

prices for power generated by Entergy's merchant generating facilities and the ability to hedge, meet credit support requirements for hedges, sell power forward or otherwise reduce the market price risk associated with those facilities, including the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear plants;

the prices and availability of fuel and power Entergy must purchase for its Utility customers, and Entergy's ability to meet credit support requirements for fuel and power supply contracts;

volatility and changes in markets for electricity, natural gas, uranium, emissions allowances, and other energy-related commodities, and the effect of those changes on Entergy and its customers;

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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION (Concluded)

changes in law resulting from federal or state energy legislation or legislation subjecting energy derivatives used in hedging and risk management transactions to governmental regulation;

changes in environmental laws and regulations or associated litigation, including requirements for reduced emissions of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, greenhouse gases, mercury, particulate matter, heat, and other regulated air and water emissions, and changes in costs of compliance with environmental laws and regulations;

the effects of changes in federal, state or local laws and regulations, and other governmental actions or policies, including changes in monetary, fiscal, tax, environmental, or energy policies;

uncertainty regarding the establishment of interim or permanent sites for spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste storage and disposal and the level of spent fuel and nuclear waste disposal fees charged by the U.S. government or other providers related to such sites;

variations in weather and the occurrence of hurricanes and other storms and disasters, including uncertainties associated with efforts to remediate the effects of hurricanes, ice storms, or other weather events and the recovery of costs associated with restoration, including accessing funded storm reserves, federal and local cost recovery mechanisms, securitization, and insurance;

effects of climate change, including the potential for increases in sea levels or coastal land and wetland loss;

changes in the quality and availability of water supplies and the related regulation of water use and diversion;

Entergy's ability to manage its capital projects and operation and maintenance costs;

Entergy's ability to purchase and sell assets at attractive prices and on other attractive terms;

the economic climate, and particularly economic conditions in Entergy's Utility service area and the Northeast United States and events and circumstances that could influence economic conditions in those areas, including power prices, and the risk that anticipated load growth may not materialize;

•he effects of Entergy's strategies to reduce tax payments;

changes in the financial markets and regulatory requirements for the issuance of securities, particularly as they affect access to capital and Entergy's ability to refinance existing securities, execute share repurchase programs, and fund investments and acquisitions;

actions of rating agencies, including changes in the ratings of debt and preferred stock, changes in general corporate ratings, and changes in the rating agencies' ratings criteria;

changes in inflation and interest rates;

the effect of litigation and government investigations or proceedings;

changes in technology, including with respect to new, developing, or alternative sources of generation;

the effects, including increased security costs, of threatened or actual terrorism, cyber-attacks or data security breaches, natural or man-made electromagnetic pulses that affect transmission or generation infrastructure, accidents, and war or a catastrophic event such as a nuclear accident or a natural gas pipeline explosion;

Entergy's ability to attract and retain talented management and directors;

changes in accounting standards and corporate governance;

declines in the market prices of marketable securities and resulting funding requirements and the effects on benefits costs for Entergy's defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans;

future wage and employee benefit costs, including changes in discount rates and returns on benefit plan assets; changes in decommissioning trust fund values or earnings or in the timing of, requirements for, or cost to decommission Entergy's nuclear plant sites and the implementation of decommissioning of such sites following shutdown;

the decision to cease merchant power generation at all Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plants by 2022, including the implementation of the planned shutdown of Pilgrim, Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades; the effectiveness of Entergy's risk management policies and procedures and the ability and willingness of its counterparties to satisfy their financial and performance commitments;

factors that could lead to impairment of long-lived assets; and

the ability to successfully complete strategic transactions Entergy may undertake, including mergers, acquisitions, or divestitures, regulatory or other limitations imposed as a result of any such strategic transaction, and the success of the

business following any such strategic transaction.

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DEFINITIONS

Certain abbreviations or acronyms used in the text and notes are defined below:

Abbreviation or

Term

Acronym

ALJ Administrative Law Judge

ANO 1 and 2 Units 1 and 2 of Arkansas Nuclear One (nuclear), owned by Entergy Arkansas

APSC Arkansas Public Service Commission

ASU Accounting Standards Update issued by the FASB

Board Board of Directors of Entergy Corporation
Cajun Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.

capacity factor Actual plant output divided by maximum potential plant output for the period

City Council Council of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana

D.C. Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit

DOE United States Department of Energy

Entergy Entergy Corporation and its direct and indirect subsidiaries

Entergy

Corporation Entergy Corporation, a Delaware corporation

Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, L.L.C., a Louisiana limited liability company formally created as part

Entergy Gulf States Louisiana of the jurisdictional separation of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and the successor company to Entergy Gulf States, Inc. for financial reporting purposes. The term is also used to refer to the Louisiana

jurisdictional business of Entergy Gulf States, Inc., as the context requires. Effective October 1, 2015, the business of Entergy Gulf States Louisiana was combined with Entergy Louisiana. Entergy Louisiana, LLC, a Texas limited liability company formally created as part of the

Entergy combination of Entergy Gulf States Louisiana and the company formerly known as Entergy

Louisiana, LLC (Old Entergy Louisiana) into a single public utility company and the successor to

Old Entergy Louisiana for financial reporting purposes.

Entergy Texas, Inc., a Texas corporation formally created as part of the jurisdictional separation of

Entergy Texas Entergy Gulf States, Inc. The term is also used to refer to the Texas jurisdictional business of

Entergy Gulf States, Inc., as the context requires.

Entergy Entergy's non-utility business segment primarily comprised of the ownership, operation, and Wholesale decommissioning of nuclear power plants, the ownership of interests in non-nuclear power plants, and the sale of the electric power produced by its operating power plants to wholesale customers

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

FitzPatrick James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant (nuclear), previously owned by an Entergy subsidiary in

the Entergy Wholesale Commodities business segment, which was sold in March 2017

Form 10-K

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the calendar year ended December 31, 2016 filed with the SEC by

Entergy Corporation and its Registrant Subsidiaries

Grand Gulf Unit No. 1 of Grand Gulf Nuclear Station (nuclear), 90% owned or leased by System Energy

GWh Gigawatt-hour(s), which equals one million kilowatt-hours

Independence Steam Electric Station (coal), owned 16% by Entergy Arkansas, 25% by Entergy

Mississippi, and 7% by Entergy Power, LLC

Indian Point 2 Unit 2 of Indian Point Energy Center (nuclear), owned by an Entergy subsidiary in the Entergy

Wholesale Commodities business segment

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DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Abbreviation or

Term

Acronym

Unit 3 of Indian Point Energy Center (nuclear), owned by an Entergy subsidiary in the Entergy

Indian Point 3

Wholesale Commodities business segment

IRS Internal Revenue Service
ISO Independent System Operator

kW Kilowatt, which equals one thousand watts

kWh Kilowatt-hour(s)

LPSC Louisiana Public Service Commission

MISO Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc., a regional transmission organization

MMBtu One million British Thermal Units
MPSC Mississippi Public Service Commission

MW Megawatt(s), which equals one thousand kilowatts

MWh Megawatt-hour(s)

Net debt to net Gross debt less cash and cash equivalents divided by total capitalization less cash and cash

capital ratio equivalents

Net MW in

operation Installed capacity owned and operated

NRC Nuclear Regulatory Commission NYPA New York Power Authority

Palisades Nuclear Plant (nuclear), owned by an Entergy subsidiary in the Entergy Wholesale

Commodities business segment

Parent & Other

The portions of Entergy not included in the Utility or Entergy Wholesale Commodities segments,

primarily consisting of the activities of the parent company, Entergy Corporation

Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station (nuclear), owned by an Entergy subsidiary in the Entergy Wholesale

Commodities business segment

PPA Purchased power agreement or power purchase agreement

PUCT Public Utility Commission of Texas

Registrant Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC, Entergy Mississippi, Inc., Entergy New Orleans,

Subsidiaries Inc., Entergy Texas, Inc., and System Energy Resources, Inc. River Bend River Bend Station (nuclear), owned by Entergy Louisiana

SEC Securities and Exchange Commission

Agreement, effective January 1, 1983, as modified, among the Utility operating companies relating to the sharing of generating capacity and other power resources. The agreement terminated effective

August 2016.

System Energy System Energy Resources, Inc.

TWh Terawatt-hour(s), which equals one billion kilowatt-hours

Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, as amended and approved by FERC, among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy,

Agreement relating to the sale of capacity and energy from System Energy's share of Grand Gulf

Utility Entergy's business segment that generates, transmits, distributes, and sells electric power, with a

small amount of natural gas distribution

Utility operating Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy

companies Texas

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DEFINITIONS (Concluded)

Abbreviation or Acronym

Term

,

Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station (nuclear), owned by an Entergy subsidiary in the

Vermont Yankee

Entergy Wholesale Commodities business segment, which ceased power production in

December 2014

Waterford 3

Unit No. 3 (nuclear) of the Waterford Steam Electric Station, 100% owned or leased by Entergy

Louisiana

weather-adjusted

usage

Electric usage excluding the effects of deviations from normal weather

White Bluff

White Bluff Steam Electric Generating Station, 57% owned by Entergy Arkansas

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Entergy operates primarily through two business segments: Utility and Entergy Wholesale Commodities.

The Utility business segment includes the generation, transmission, distribution, and sale of electric power in portions of Arkansas, Mississippi, Texas, and Louisiana, including the City of New Orleans; and operation of a small natural gas distribution business.

The Entergy Wholesale Commodities business segment includes the ownership, operation, and decommissioning of nuclear power plants located in the northern United States and the sale of the electric power produced by its operating plants to wholesale customers. Entergy Wholesale Commodities also provides services to other nuclear power plant owners and owns interests in non-nuclear power plants that sell the electric power produced by those plants to wholesale customers. See "Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" below and in the Form 10-K for discussion of the operation and planned shutdown or sale of each of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plants.

See Note 7 to the financial statements herein for financial information regarding Entergy's business segments.

Results of Operations

Third Quarter 2017 Compared to Third Quarter 2016

Following are income statement variances for Utility, Entergy Wholesale Commodities, Parent & Other, and Entergy comparing the third quarter 2017 to the third quarter 2016 showing how much the line item increased or (decreased) in comparison to the prior period:

	Utility	Entergy Wholesale Commoditie	Parent & s Other (a)	Entergy
	(In Thousa	ands)		
3rd Quarter 2016 Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$447,782	\$8,221	(\$62,799)	\$393,204
Net revenue (operating revenue less fuel expense, purchased power, and other regulatory charges/credits)	(47,749)	(4,637	(4)	(52,390)
Other operation and maintenance	6,617	(37,089	1,831	(28,641)
Asset write-offs, impairments, and related charges		(2,620		(2,620)
Taxes other than income taxes	16,064	(5,694	28	10,398
Depreciation and amortization	14,849	(751	242	14,340
Other income	19,674	16,574	(1,624)	34,624
Interest expense	(2,184)	(41	1,929	(296)
Other expenses	5,584	(8,860	_	(3,276)
Income taxes	(24,956)	19,448	(10,603)	(16,111)
3rd Quarter 2017 Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$403,733	\$55,765	(\$57,854)	\$401,644

(a) Parent & Other includes eliminations, which are primarily intersegment activity.

Refer to "ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES - SELECTED OPERATING RESULTS" for further information with respect to operating statistics.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Net Revenue

Utility

Following is an analysis of the change in net revenue comparing the third quarter 2017 to the third quarter 2016:

Amount
(In
Millions)
2016 net revenue \$1,859
Volume/weather (68)
Retail electric price 17
Other 3
2017 net revenue \$1,811

The volume/weather variance is primarily due to the effect of less favorable weather, partially offset by an increase in industrial, residential, and commercial usage. The increase in industrial usage is primarily due to new customers in the primary metals industry, expansion projects in the chemicals industry, and an increase in demand for existing customers in the chemicals, petroleum refining, and industrial gases industries.

The retail electric price variance is primarily due to:

the implementation of formula rate plan rates at Entergy Arkansas, as approved by the APSC, effective with the first billing cycle of January 2017;

the implementation of the transmission cost recovery factor rider at Entergy Texas, effective September 2016, and an increase in the transmission cost recovery factor rider rate, effective March 2017, as approved by the PUCT; and the timing of recovery of purchased power capacity costs at Entergy Louisiana through the formula rate plan mechanism.

The retail electric price variance was partially offset by:

lower storm damage rider revenues at Entergy Mississippi due to resetting the storm damage provision to zero beginning with the November 2016 billing cycle. Entergy Mississippi resumed billing the storm damage rider effective with the September 2017 billing cycle; and

a decrease in the purchased power and capacity acquisition cost recovery rider at Entergy New Orleans primarily due to credits to customers as part of the Entergy New Orleans internal restructuring agreement in principle, effective with the first billing cycle of June 2017.

See Note 2 to the financial statements herein and in the Form 10-K for further discussion of the rate proceedings.

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Other

2017 net revenue

Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Entergy Wholesale Commodities

Following is an analysis of the change in net revenue comparing the third quarter 2017 to the third quarter 2016:

Amount (In Millions) 2016 net revenue \$396 FitzPatrick sale (50) Nuclear fuel expenses 40 6

\$392

As shown in the table above, net revenue for Entergy Wholesale Commodities decreased by \$4 million in the third quarter 2017 as compared to the third quarter 2016 primarily due to the absence of net revenue from the FitzPatrick plant after it was sold to Exelon in March 2017, partially offset by a decrease in nuclear fuel expenses primarily related to the impairments of the Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades plants and related assets. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the impairments and related charges.

Following are key performance measures for Entergy Wholesale Commodities for the third quarter 2017 and 2016:

2016 2017 Owned capacity (MW) (a) 3,962 4,880 GWh billed 8,234 9,372

Entergy Wholesale Commodities Nuclear Fleet (b)

Capacity factor 98% 90% GWh billed 7.633 8.674 \$48.82 \$47.41 Average energy and capacity revenue per MWh

The reduction in owned capacity is due to Entergy's sale of the 838 MW FitzPatrick plant to Exelon in March 2017 and Entergy's sale of its 50% membership interest in Top Deer Wind Ventures, LLC in November 2016. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick and Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Top Deer Wind Ventures, LLC sale.

The Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plants had no refueling outage days in the third quarter 2017 and the third quarter 2016.

Other Income Statement Items

Utility

Other operation and maintenance expenses increased from \$592 million for the third quarter 2016 to \$599 million for the third quarter 2017 primarily due to:

the effects of recording in third quarter 2016 final court decisions in several lawsuits against the DOE related to spent nuclear fuel storage costs. The damages awarded included the reimbursement of approximately \$14 million of spent nuclear fuel storage costs previously recorded as other operation and maintenance expense. See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the spent nuclear fuel litigation; and

an increase of \$11 million in nuclear generation expenses primarily due to higher nuclear labor costs, including contract labor, to position the nuclear fleet to meet its operational goals. See "MANAGEMENT'S

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – Nuclear Matters" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the increased operating costs to position the nuclear fleet to meet its operational goals.

The increase was partially offset by a decrease of \$13 million in fossil-fueled generation expenses primarily due to lower long-term service agreement costs and a decrease of \$5 million in storm damage provisions. See Note 2 to the financial statements herein and in the Form 10-K for a discussion on storm cost recovery.

Taxes other than income taxes increased primarily due to increases in ad valorem taxes and local franchise taxes. Ad valorem taxes increased primarily due to higher assessments, including the assessment of ad valorem taxes on the Union Power Station beginning in 2017. Local franchise taxes increased primarily due to higher revenues in 2017 as compared to 2016.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased primarily due to additions to plant in service and the effects of recording in the third quarter 2016 final court decisions in several lawsuits against the DOE related to spent nuclear fuel storage costs. The damages awarded included the reimbursement of approximately \$8 million of spent nuclear fuel storage costs previously recorded as depreciation expense. See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the spent nuclear fuel litigation.

Other income increased primarily due to an increase in the allowance for equity funds used during construction due to higher construction work in progress in 2017, including the St. Charles Power Station project, and higher realized gains in the third quarter 2017 as compared to the third quarter 2016 on the decommissioning trust fund investments.

Entergy Wholesale Commodities

Other operation and maintenance expenses decreased from \$236 million for the third quarter 2016 to \$199 million for the third quarter 2017 primarily due to the absence of other operation and maintenance expenses from the FitzPatrick plant after it was sold to Exelon in March 2017. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick.

Other income increased primarily due to higher realized gains in the third quarter 2017 as compared to the third quarter 2016 on the decommissioning trust fund investments.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate was 37.6% for the third quarter 2017. The difference in the effective income tax rate for the third quarter 2017 versus the federal statutory rate of 35% was primarily due to state income taxes, partially offset by book and tax differences related to the allowance for equity funds used during construction.

The effective income tax rate was 39.6% for the third quarter 2016. The difference in the effective income tax rate for the third quarter 2016 versus the federal statutory rate of 35% was primarily due to state income taxes, a valuation allowance recorded on a deferred tax asset, and certain book and tax differences related to utility plant items, partially offset by flow-through tax accounting.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

Following are income statement variances for Utility, Entergy Wholesale Commodities, Parent & Other, and Entergy comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 showing how much the line item increased or (decreased) in comparison to the prior period:

		Entergy		
	Utility	Wholesale	Parent &	Entergy
	Offifty	Commodities	Other (a)	Lincigy
	(In Thousan	ids)		
2016 Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$1,027,751	\$338,651	(\$165,367)	\$1,201,035
Not assessed (assessing assessed loss first assessed assessed				
Net revenue (operating revenue less fuel expense, purchased	6,657	(19,524)	(17)	(12,884)
power, and other regulatory charges/credits)	07.201	70.114	0.524	160.020
Other operation and maintenance	87,381	78,114	2,534	168,029
Asset write-offs, impairments, and related charges		388,414		388,414
Taxes other than income taxes	34,270	(13,702)	419	20,987
Depreciation and amortization	40,131	1,837	25	41,993
Gain on sale of assets	_	16,270	_	16,270
Other income	45,956	73,341	(971)	118,326
Interest expense	(15,417) (81	5,474	(10,024)
Other expenses	15,924	32,794	_	48,718
Income taxes	100,337	(331,093)	(5,678)	(236,434)
2017 Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$817,738	\$252,455	(\$169,129)	\$901,064

(a) Parent & Other includes eliminations, which are primarily intersegment activity.

Refer to "ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES - SELECTED OPERATING RESULTS" for further information with respect to operating statistics.

Results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 include \$422 million (\$274 million net-of-tax) of impairment charges due to costs being charged to expense as incurred as a result of the impaired value of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear plants' long-lived assets due to the significantly reduced remaining estimated operating lives associated with management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet and a reduction of income tax expense, net of unrecognized tax benefits, of \$373 million as a result of tax elections to treat as corporations for federal income tax purposes two subsidiaries that each own an Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plant. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" below and in the Form 10-K for a discussion of management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet and Note 10 to the financial statements herein for additional discussion of the tax elections.

Results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 include a reduction of income tax expense, net of unrecognized tax benefits, of \$238 million as a result of a tax election to treat as a corporation for federal income tax purposes a subsidiary that owns an Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plant; income tax benefits as a result of the settlement of the 2010-2011 IRS audit, including a \$75 million tax benefit recognized by Entergy Louisiana related to the treatment of the Vidalia purchased power agreement and a \$54 million net benefit recognized by Entergy Louisiana related to the treatment of proceeds received in 2010 for the financing of Hurricane Gustav and

Hurricane Ike storm costs pursuant to Louisiana Act 55; and a reduction in expenses of \$70 million (\$44 million net-of-tax) due to the effects of recording in 2016 the final court decisions in several lawsuits against the DOE related to spent nuclear fuel storage costs. See Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for additional discussion of the income tax items and Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the DOE litigation.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Net Revenue

Utility

Following is an analysis of the change in net revenue comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to the nine months ended September 30, 2016:

	Amount	t
	(In	
	Millions	s)
2016 net revenue	\$4,758	
Retail electric price	62	
Grand Gulf recovery	38	
Louisiana Act 55 financing savings obligation	17	
Volume/weather	(99)
Other	(11)
2017 net revenue	\$4,765	

The retail electric price variance is primarily due to:

an increase in base rates effective February 24, 2016 and the implementation of formula rate plan rates effective with the first billing cycle of January 2017 at Entergy Arkansas, each as approved by the APSC. A significant portion of the base rate increase was related to the purchase of Power Block 2 of the Union Power Station in March 2016; the implementation of the transmission cost recovery factor rider at Entergy Texas, effective September 2016, and an increase in the transmission cost recovery factor rider rate, effective March 2017, as approved by the PUCT; an increase in rates at Entergy Mississippi, as approved by the MPSC, effective with the first billing cycle of July 2016; and

the timing of recovery of purchased power capacity costs at Entergy Louisiana through the formula rate plan mechanism.

The retail electric price variance is partially offset by a decrease in formula rate plan revenues for Entergy Louisiana, implemented with the first billing cycle of September 2016, to reflect the effects of the termination of the System Agreement.

See Note 2 to the financial statements herein and in the Form 10-K for further discussion of the rate proceedings. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Union Power Station purchase.

The Grand Gulf recovery variance is primarily due to increased recovery of higher operating costs.

The Louisiana Act 55 financing savings obligation variance results from a regulatory charge in 2016 for tax savings to be shared with customers per an agreement approved by the LPSC. The tax savings resulted from the 2010-2011 IRS audit settlement on the treatment of the Louisiana Act 55 financing of storm costs for Hurricane Gustav and Hurricane Ike. See Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for additional discussion of the settlement and benefit sharing.

The volume/weather variance is primarily due to the effect of less favorable weather on residential and commercial sales, partially offset by an increase in industrial usage. The increase in industrial usage is primarily due to new customers in the primary metals and industrial gases industries, an increase in demand for existing customers in the

chemicals industry, and expansion projects in the chemicals industry.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Entergy Wholesale Commodities

Following is an analysis of the change in net revenue comparing the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to the nine months ended September 30, 2016:

	Amount	t	
	(In		
	Millions)		
2016 net revenue	\$1,155		
FitzPatrick sale	(122)	
Nuclear volume	(76)	
Nuclear fuel expenses	76		
FitzPatrick reimbursement agreement	98		
Other	5		
2017 net revenue	\$1,136		

As shown in the table above, net revenue for Entergy Wholesale Commodities decreased by \$19 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 primarily due to the absence of net revenue from the FitzPatrick plant after it was sold to Exelon in March 2017 and lower volume in the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear fleet resulting from more outage days in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick. The decrease was partially offset by a decrease in nuclear fuel expenses primarily related to the impairments of the Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades plants and related assets and an increase resulting from the reimbursement agreement with Exelon pursuant to which Exelon reimbursed Entergy for specified out-of-pocket costs associated with preparing for the refueling and operation of FitzPatrick that otherwise would have been avoided had Entergy shut down FitzPatrick in January 2017. Revenues received from Exelon in 2017 under the reimbursement agreement were offset in other operation and maintenance expenses and taxes other than income taxes and had no effect on net income. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the impairments and related charges. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein and Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for further discussion of the reimbursement agreement.

Following are key performance measures for Entergy Wholesale Commodities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

September 30, 2017 and 2016:		
	2017	2016
Owned capacity (MW) (a)	3,962	4,880
GWh billed	22,616	26,484
Entergy Wholesale Commodities Nuclear Fleet		
Capacity factor	79%	85%
GWh billed	20,861	24,670
Average energy and capacity revenue per MWh	\$51.82	\$48.99
Refueling outage days:		
FitzPatrick	42	
Indian Point 2		102
Indian Point 3	66	
Pilgrim	43	
Palisades	27	

The reduction in owned capacity is due to Entergy's sale of the 838 MW FitzPatrick plant to Exelon in March 2017 and Entergy's sale of its 50% membership interest in Top Deer Wind Ventures, LLC in November 2016. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick and Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Top Deer Wind Ventures, LLC sale.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Other Income Statement Items

Utility

Other operation and maintenance expenses increased from \$1,688 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1,776 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 primarily due to:

an increase of \$27 million in nuclear generation expenses primarily due to higher nuclear labor costs, including contract labor, to position the nuclear fleet to meet its operational goals and additional training and initiatives to support management's operational goals at Grand Gulf, partially offset by a decrease in regulatory compliance costs. The decrease in regulatory compliance costs is primarily related to additional NRC inspection activities in 2016 as a result of the NRC's March 2015 decision to move ANO into the "multiple/repetitive degraded cornerstone column" of the NRC's reactor oversight process action matrix. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – Nuclear Matters" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the increased operating costs to position the nuclear fleet to meet its operational goals. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - ANO Damage, Outage, and NRC Reviews" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the ANO stator incident and subsequent NRC reviews;

the deferral in the first quarter 2016 of \$7.7 million of previously-incurred costs related to ANO post-Fukushima compliance and \$9.9 million of previously-incurred costs related to ANO flood barrier compliance, as approved by the APSC in February 2016 as part of the Entergy Arkansas 2015 rate case settlement. These costs are being amortized over a ten-year period beginning March 2016. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for further discussion of the rate case settlement;

the effects of recording in 2016 final court decisions in several lawsuits against the DOE related to spent nuclear fuel storage costs. The damages awarded included the reimbursement of approximately \$16 million of spent nuclear fuel storage costs previously recorded as other operation and maintenance expense. See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the spent nuclear fuel litigation;

an increase of \$13 million in transmission and distribution expenses due to higher vegetation maintenance costs; and an increase of \$11 million in compensation and benefits costs primarily due to a downward revision to estimated incentive compensation expense in the first quarter 2016.

The increase was partially offset by a decrease of \$11 million in fossil-fueled generation expenses primarily due to lower long-term service agreement costs.

Taxes other than income taxes increased primarily due to increases in ad valorem taxes and local franchise taxes. Ad valorem taxes increased primarily due to higher assessments, including the assessment of ad valorem taxes on the Union Power Station beginning in 2017. Local franchise taxes increased primarily due to higher revenues in 2017 as compared to 2016.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased primarily due to additions to plant in service, including the Union Power Station purchased in March 2016. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Union Power Station purchase.

Other income increased primarily due to higher realized gains in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 on the decommissioning trust fund investments, including portfolio rebalancing in second quarter 2017, and an increase in the allowance for equity funds used during construction due to higher construction work in progress in 2017, including the St. Charles Power Station project.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Entergy Wholesale Commodities

Other operation and maintenance expenses increased from \$621 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$698 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 primarily due to:

FitzPatrick's nuclear refueling outage expenses and expenditures for capital assets being classified as other operation and maintenance expenses as a result of the sale and reimbursement agreements Entergy entered into with Exelon. These costs would have not been incurred absent the sale agreement with Exelon because Entergy planned to shut the plant down in January 2017. The expenses were offset by revenue realized pursuant to the reimbursement agreement and had no effect on net income. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein and Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the reimbursement agreement; the effect of recording in 2016 final court decisions in litigation against the DOE for the reimbursement of spent nuclear fuel storage costs, which reduced other operation and maintenance expenses in 2016 by \$42 million. See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the DOE litigation; and an increase of \$36 million in severance and retention costs in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 due to management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet. See

"MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" below and in the Form 10-K for a discussion of management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet.

The increase was partially offset by a decrease due to the absence of other operation and maintenance expenses from the FitzPatrick plant after it was sold to Exelon in March 2017. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick.

The asset write-offs, impairments, and related charges variance is primarily due to \$422 million (\$274 million net-of-tax) of impairment charges in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 due to nuclear fuel spending, nuclear refueling outage spending, and expenditures for capital assets being charged to expense as incurred as a result of the impaired value of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear plants' long-lived assets due to the significantly reduced remaining estimated operating lives associated with management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet. The increase in impairment charges in 2017 is primarily due to management's decisions in the fourth quarter 2016 and the resulting impairments of the Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades plants and the timing of nuclear fuel spending and nuclear refueling outage spending for the impaired Pilgrim plant. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" below and in the Form 10-K for a discussion of management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet.

Taxes other than income taxes decreased primarily due to the absence of ad valorem taxes and employment taxes from the FitzPatrick plant after it was sold to Exelon in March 2017. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick.

The gain on sale of assets resulted from the sale in March 2017 of the 838 MW FitzPatrick plant to Exelon. Entergy sold the FitzPatrick plant for approximately \$110 million, including the \$10 million non-refundable signing fee paid in August 2016, in addition to the assumption by Exelon of certain liabilities related to the FitzPatrick plant, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$16 million on the sale. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for a discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick.

Other income increased primarily due to higher realized gains in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 on the decommissioning trust fund investments, including the result of portfolio rebalancing in second quarter 2017, and the increase in value from year-end realized upon the receipt from NYPA of the decommissioning trust funds for the Indian Point 3 and FitzPatrick plants in January 2017. See Note 9 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the trust transfer agreement with NYPA.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Other expenses increased primarily due to increases in decommissioning expenses primarily as a result of a trust transfer agreement Entergy entered into with NYPA in August 2016, which closed in January 2017, to transfer the decommissioning trusts and decommissioning liabilities for the Indian Point 3 and FitzPatrick plants to Entergy and revisions to the estimated decommissioning cost liabilities for the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' Indian Point 2 and Palisades plants as a result of revised decommissioning cost studies in the fourth quarter 2016. See Note 9 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the trust transfer agreement with NYPA and the revised decommissioning cost studies. The increase was partially offset by a reduction in deferred refueling outage amortization costs related to the impairments of the Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades plants and related assets. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the impairments and related charges.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate was (10.8%) for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The difference in the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 versus the federal statutory rate of 35% was primarily due to tax elections to treat as corporations for federal income tax purposes two subsidiaries that each own an Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plant, which resulted in both permanent and temporary differences under the income tax accounting standards, and the re-determined tax basis of the FitzPatrick plant as a result of its sale on March 31, 2017, partially offset by state income taxes. See Note 10 to the financial statements herein for further discussion of the tax elections and the tax benefit associated with the sale of FitzPatrick.

The effective income tax rate was 11% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The difference in the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 versus the federal statutory rate of 35% was primarily due to a tax election to treat as a corporation for federal income tax purposes a subsidiary that owns an Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear power plant, which resulted in reduced income tax expense and the reversal of a portion of the provision for uncertain tax positions as a result of the settlement of the 2010-2011 IRS audit in the second quarter 2016, partially offset by state income taxes. See Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for additional discussion of the tax election and the tax settlements.

ANO Damage, Outage, and NRC Reviews

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - ANO Damage, Outage, and NRC Reviews" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the ANO stator incident, subsequent NRC reviews, and the deferral of replacement power costs.

Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet. Following are updates to that discussion.

Sale of FitzPatrick

In March 2017 the NRC approved the sale of the FitzPatrick plant, an 838 MW nuclear power plant owned by Entergy in the Entergy Wholesale Commodities segment, to Exelon. The transaction closed in March 2017 for a purchase price of \$110 million, including the \$10 million non-refundable signing fee paid in August 2016, in addition to the assumption by Exelon of certain liabilities related to the FitzPatrick plant, resulting in a pre-tax gain on the sale of \$16 million. At the transaction close, Exelon paid an additional \$8 million for the proration of certain expenses prepaid by

Entergy. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for further discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick. As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements herein, as a result of the sale of FitzPatrick, Entergy re-determined the plant's tax basis, resulting in a \$44 million income tax benefit in the first quarter 2017.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Planned Shutdown of Palisades

As discussed in the Form 10-K, most of the Palisades plant output is sold under a power purchase agreement (PPA) with Consumers Energy, entered into when the plant was acquired in 2007, that is scheduled to expire in April 2022. The PPA prices currently exceed market prices and escalate each year, up to \$61.50/MWh in 2022. In December 2016, Entergy reached an agreement with Consumers Energy to amend the existing PPA to terminate early, on May 31, 2018. Pursuant to the agreement to amend the PPA, Consumers Energy would pay Entergy \$172 million for the early termination of the PPA. The PPA amendment agreement was subject to regulatory approvals, including approval by the Michigan Public Service Commission. Separately, Entergy intended to shut down the Palisades nuclear power plant permanently on October 1, 2018, after refueling in the spring of 2017 and operating through the end of that fuel cycle.

In September 2017 the Michigan Public Service Commission issued an order conditionally approving the PPA amendment transaction, but only granting Consumers Energy recovery of \$136.6 million of the \$172 million requested early termination payment. As a result, Entergy and Consumers Energy agreed to terminate the PPA amendment agreement. Entergy will continue to operate Palisades under the current PPA with Consumers Energy, instead of shutting down in the fall of 2018 as previously planned. Entergy intends to shut down the Palisades nuclear power plant permanently in the spring of 2022. As a result of the change in expected operating life of the plant, the expected probability-weighted undiscounted net cash flows as of September 30, 2017 exceed the carrying value of the plant and related assets. Accordingly, nuclear fuel spending, nuclear refueling outage spending, and expenditures for capital assets incurred at Palisades after September 30, 2017 will no longer be charged to expense as incurred, but will be recorded as assets and depreciated or amortized. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the liability amortization associated with the PPA and see Note 14 to the financial statements herein for discussion of the associated asset retirement obligation revision.

Costs Associated with Entergy Wholesale Commodities Strategic Transactions

Entergy expects to incur employee retention and severance expenses associated with management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet of approximately \$110 million in 2017, of which \$89 million had been incurred as of September 30, 2017, and approximately \$400 million from 2018 through the spring of 2022. In addition, Entergy Wholesale Commodities incurred impairment charges related to nuclear fuel spending, nuclear refueling outage spending, and expenditures for capital assets of \$16 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and \$422 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. These costs were charged to expense as incurred as a result of the impaired value of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear plants' long-lived assets due to the significantly reduced remaining estimated operating lives associated with management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet. Entergy expects to continue to incur costs associated with nuclear fuel-related spending and expenditures for capital assets and, except for Palisades, expects to continue to charge these costs to expense as incurred because Entergy expects the value of the plants to continue to be impaired.

Entergy Wholesale Commodities Authorizations to Operate Its Nuclear Power Plants

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Authorizations to Operate Its Nuclear Power Plants" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the NRC operating licensing proceedings for Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3 and the settlement reached with New York State. Following are updates to that discussion.

In accordance with the settlement with New York State, in March 2017 the New York State Department of State issued a concurrence with Indian Point's new Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) consistency certification and, on Entergy's motion, the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of New York dismissed Entergy's appeal related to the initial Indian Point CZMA consistency certification. Also in March 2017 the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board of the NRC granted the motion of New York State and Riverkeeper to withdraw their pending contentions on

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

the NRC license renewal application and terminated the proceedings. Subsequent to the issuance of the water quality certification and water discharge permit in January 2017 by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), in April 2017 the NYSDEC updated its environmental analysis to reflect the early shutdown per the settlement agreement. Both the water quality certification and the CZMA concurrence were filed with the NRC in April 2017.

In May 2017 a plaintiff filed two parallel state court appeals challenging New York State's actions in signing and implementing the Indian Point settlement with Entergy on the basis that the State failed to perform sufficient environmental analysis of its actions. All signatories to the settlement agreement, including the Entergy affiliates that hold NRC licenses for Indian Point, were named.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of Entergy's capital structure, capital expenditure plans and other uses of capital, and sources of capital. Following are updates to that discussion.

Capital Structure

Entergy's capitalization is balanced between equity and debt, as shown in the following table.

	Septe	September December		
	30,		31,	
	2017		2016	
Debt to capital	64.6	%	64.8	%
Effect of excluding securitization bonds	(0.8)	%)	(1.0)	%)
Debt to capital, excluding securitization bonds (a)	63.8	%	63.8	%
Effect of subtracting cash	(0.9)	%)	(2.0)	%)
Net debt to net capital, excluding securitization bonds (a)	62.9	%	61.8	%

Calculation excludes the Arkansas, Louisiana, New Orleans, and Texas securitization bonds, which are non-recourse to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy Texas, respectively.

Net debt consists of debt less cash and cash equivalents. Debt consists of notes payable and commercial paper, capital lease obligations, and long-term debt, including the currently maturing portion. Capital consists of debt, common shareholders' equity, and subsidiaries' preferred stock without sinking fund. Net capital consists of capital less cash and cash equivalents. Entergy uses the debt to capital ratios excluding securitization bonds in analyzing its financial condition and believes they provide useful information to its investors and creditors in evaluating Entergy's financial condition because the securitization bonds are non-recourse to Entergy, as more fully described in Note 5 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K. Entergy also uses the net debt to net capital ratio excluding securitization bonds in analyzing its financial condition and believes it provides useful information to its investors and creditors in evaluating Entergy's financial condition because net debt indicates Entergy's outstanding debt position that could not be readily satisfied by cash and cash equivalents on hand.

Entergy Corporation has in place a credit facility that has a borrowing capacity of \$3.5 billion and expires in August 2022. The facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against 50% of the total borrowing capacity of the credit facility. The commitment fee is currently 0.225% of the undrawn commitment amount. Commitment fees and interest rates on loans under the credit facility can fluctuate depending on the senior unsecured debt ratings of Entergy

Corporation. The weighted average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 2.50% on the drawn portion of the facility. Following is a summary of the borrowings outstanding and capacity available under the facility as of September 30, 2017:

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis

Capacity Borrowings Letters Capacity of Credit Available (In Millions) \$3,500 \$150 \$6 \$3,344

A covenant in Entergy Corporation's credit facility requires Entergy to maintain a consolidated debt ratio, as defined, of 65% or less of its total capitalization. The calculation of this debt ratio under Entergy Corporation's credit facility is different than the calculation of the debt to capital ratio above. Entergy is currently in compliance with the covenant and expects to remain in compliance with this covenant. If Entergy fails to meet this ratio, or if Entergy or one of the Utility operating companies (except Entergy New Orleans) defaults on other indebtedness or is in bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, an acceleration of the facility's maturity date may occur. See Note 4 to the financial statements herein for additional discussion of the Entergy Corporation credit facility and discussion of the Registrant Subsidiaries' credit facilities.

Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee has a credit facility guaranteed by Entergy Corporation with a borrowing capacity of \$100 million, which expires in January 2018. As of September 30, 2017, \$80 million in cash borrowings were outstanding under the credit facility. The weighted average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 2.56% on the drawn portion of the facility. Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee also has an uncommitted credit facility guaranteed by Entergy Corporation with a borrowing capacity of \$85 million, which expires in January 2018. As of September 30, 2017, there were no cash borrowings outstanding under the uncommitted credit facility. See Note 4 to the financial statements herein for additional discussion of the Vermont Yankee facilities.

Entergy Corporation has a commercial paper program with a Board-approved program limit of up to \$1.5 billion. As of September 30, 2017, Entergy Corporation had \$1.3 billion of commercial paper outstanding. The weighted-average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 1.45%.

Capital Expenditure Plans and Other Uses of Capital

See the table and discussion in the Form 10-K under "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Liquidity and Capital Resources - Capital Expenditure Plans and Other Uses of Capital," that sets forth the amounts of planned construction and other capital investments by operating segment for 2017 through 2019. Following are updates to the discussion.

Preliminary Capital Investment Plan Estimate for 2018-2020

Entergy is developing its capital investment plan for 2018 through 2020 and currently anticipates that the Utility will make approximately \$10.7 billion in capital investments during that period and that Entergy Wholesale Commodities will make approximately \$0.4 billion in capital investments, not including nuclear fuel, during that period. The preliminary Utility estimate includes amounts associated with specific investments such as the Lake Charles Power Station, New Orleans Power Station, and Montgomery County Power Station, each discussed below, and the St. Charles Power Station; transmission projects to enhance reliability, reduce congestion, and enable economic growth; distribution spending to enhance reliability and improve service to customers, including initial investment to support advanced metering; resource planning, including potential generation projects; system improvements; investments in the nuclear fleet; and other investments. The preliminary Entergy Wholesale Commodities estimate includes amounts associated with specific investments, such as the investments in the nuclear fleet, component replacement, software and security, and dry cask storage. Estimated capital expenditures are subject to periodic review and modification and

may vary based on the ongoing effects of business restructuring, regulatory constraints and requirements, environmental regulations, business opportunities, market volatility, economic trends, changes in project plans, and the ability to access capital.

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Lake Charles Power Station

In November 2016, Entergy Louisiana filed an application with the LPSC seeking certification that the public convenience and necessity would be served by the construction of the Lake Charles Power Station, a nominal 994 MW combined-cycle generating unit in Westlake, Louisiana, on land adjacent to the existing Nelson plant in Calcasieu Parish. The current estimated cost of the Lake Charles Power Station is \$872 million, including estimated costs of transmission interconnection and other related costs. In May 2017 the parties to the proceeding agreed to an uncontested stipulation finding that construction of the Lake Charles Power Station is in the public interest and authorizing an in-service rate recovery plan. In July 2017 the LPSC issued an order unanimously approving the stipulation. Subject to the timely receipt of other permits and approvals, commercial operation is estimated to occur by mid-2020.

New Orleans Power Station

In June 2016, Entergy New Orleans filed an application with the City Council seeking a public interest determination and authorization to construct the New Orleans Power Station, a 226 MW advanced combustion turbine in New Orleans, Louisiana, at the site of the existing Michoud generating facility, which was retired effective May 31, 2016. In January 2017 several intervenors filed testimony opposing the construction of the New Orleans Power Station on various grounds. In July 2017, Entergy New Orleans submitted a supplemental and amending application to the City Council seeking approval to construct either the originally proposed 226 MW advanced combustion turbine, or alternatively, a 128 MW unit composed of natural gas-fired reciprocating engines and a related cost recovery plan. The application included an updated cost estimate of \$232 million for the 226 MW advanced combustion turbine. The cost estimate for the alternative 128 MW unit is \$210 million. In addition, the application renewed the commitment to pursue up to 100 MW of renewable resources to serve New Orleans. In August 2017 the City Council established a procedural schedule that provided for a hearing in December 2017 with a City Council decision expected in February 2018. In October 2017 several intervenors filed testimony opposing the New Orleans Power Station or, in one case, supporting a slightly smaller configuration of Entergy New Orleans's alternative proposal. The commercial operation date is dependent on the alternative selected by the City Council and the receipt of other permits and approvals.

Montgomery County Power Station

In October 2016, Entergy Texas filed an application with the PUCT seeking certification that the public convenience and necessity would be served by the construction of the Montgomery County Power Station, a nominal 993 MW combined-cycle generating unit in Montgomery County, Texas on land adjacent to the existing Lewis Creek plant. The current estimated cost of the Montgomery County Power Station is \$937 million, including estimated costs of transmission interconnection and network upgrades and other related costs. The independent monitor, who oversaw the request for proposal process, filed testimony and a report affirming that the Montgomery County Power Station was selected through an objective and fair request for proposal process that showed no undue preference to any proposal. In June 2017, parties to the proceeding filed an unopposed stipulation and settlement agreement. The stipulation contemplates that Entergy Texas's level of cost-recovery for generation construction costs for Montgomery County Power Station is capped at \$831 million, subject to certain exclusions such as force majeure events. The costs of the transmission interconnection and network upgrades and other related costs included in the total current estimated cost of the Montgomery County Power Station are not subject to the \$831 million cap. Also in June 2017, the ALJ issued a proposed order and remanded the proceeding to the PUCT for final decision. In July 2017 the PUCT approved the stipulation. Subject to the timely receipt of other permits and approvals, commercial operation is estimated to occur by mid-2021.

Washington Parish Energy Center

In April 2017, Entergy Louisiana signed a purchase and sale agreement with a subsidiary of Calpine Corporation for the acquisition of a peaking plant. Calpine will construct the plant, which will consist of two natural gas-fired combustion turbine units with a total nominal capacity of approximately 360 MW. The plant, named the Washington Parish Energy Center, will be located in Bogalusa, Louisiana and, subject to permits and approvals, is expected to be

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completed in 2021. Subject to regulatory approvals, Entergy Louisiana will purchase the plant once it is complete for an estimated total investment of approximately \$261 million, including transmission and other related costs. In May 2017, Entergy Louisiana filed an application with the LPSC seeking certification of the plant. A procedural schedule has been established, with a hearing in April 2018.

Dividends

Declarations of dividends on Entergy's common stock are made at the discretion of the Board. Among other things, the Board evaluates the level of Entergy's common stock dividends based upon earnings per share from the Utility operating segment and the Parent and Other portion of the business, financial strength, and future investment opportunities. At its October 2017 meeting, the Board declared a dividend of \$0.89 per share, an increase from the previous \$0.87 quarterly dividend per share that Entergy has paid since the fourth quarter 2016.

Cash Flow Activity

As shown in Entergy's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

2017 2016 (In Millions)

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period \$1,188 \$1,351

Cash flow provided by (used in):

Operating activities	1,713	2,252
Investing activities	(2,828)	(2,983)
Financing activities	473	687
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(642)	(44)

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$546 \$1,307

Operating Activities

Net cash flow provided by operating activities decreased by \$539 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 primarily due to:

an increase of \$182 million in spending on nuclear refueling outages in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016; lower Entergy Wholesale Commodities net revenue, excluding the effect of revenues resulting from the FitzPatrick reimbursement agreement with Exelon, in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016, as discussed above. See Note 13 to the financial statements herein and Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the reimbursement agreement;

an increase of \$95 million in severance and retention payments in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" above and in the Form 10-K for a discussion of management's strategy to reduce the size of the Entergy Wholesale Commodities' merchant fleet;

a refund to customers in January 2017 of approximately \$71 million as a result of the settlement approved by the LPSC related to the Waterford 3 replacement steam generator project. See Note 2 to the financial statements herein and in the Form 10-K for discussion of the settlement and refund;

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proceeds of \$23 million received in 2017 compared to proceeds of \$64 million received in 2016 from the DOE resulting from litigation regarding spent nuclear fuel storage costs that were previously expensed. See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the DOE litigation; and

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a decrease due to the timing of recovery of fuel and purchased power costs in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016. See Note 2 to the financial statements herein and in the Form 10-K for a discussion of fuel and purchased power cost recovery.

The decrease was partially offset by:

income tax refunds of \$12 million in 2017 compared to income tax payments of \$80 million in 2016. Entergy received income tax refunds in 2017 resulting from the carryback of net operating losses. Entergy made income tax payments in 2016 related to the effect of the 2006-2007 IRS audit and for jurisdictions that do not have net operating loss carryovers or jurisdictions in which the utilization of net operating loss carryovers are limited. See Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the income tax audit; and a decrease of \$76 million in interest paid in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 primarily due to an interest payment of \$60 million made in March 2016 related to the purchase of a beneficial interest in the Waterford 3 leased assets. See Note 10 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of Entergy Louisiana's purchase of a beneficial interest in the Waterford 3 leased assets.

Investing Activities

Net cash flow used in investing activities decreased \$155 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 primarily due to the purchase of the Union Power Station for approximately \$949 million in March 2016 and proceeds of \$100 million from the sale in March 2017 of the FitzPatrick plant to Exelon. See Note 14 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Union Power Station purchase and Note 13 to the financial statements herein for a discussion of the sale of FitzPatrick.

The decrease was partially offset by:

an increase of \$619 million in construction expenditures, primarily in the Utility business. The increase in construction expenditures in the Utility business is primarily due to an increase of \$363 million in fossil-fueled generation construction expenditures primarily due to higher spending in 2017 on the St. Charles Power Station project and the Lake Charles Power Station project and a higher scope of work performed on various other fossil projects in 2017, an increase of \$107 million in nuclear construction expenditures primarily due to increased spending on various nuclear projects in 2017, an increase of \$87 million in distribution construction expenditures primarily due to a higher scope of work performed in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016, an increase of \$44 million in transmission construction expenditures primarily due to a higher scope of work performed in 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016, and an increase of \$42 million in information technology construction expenditures primarily due to increased spending on advanced metering infrastructure;

\$113 million in funds held on deposit for principal and interest payments due October 1, 2017; proceeds of \$25 million received in 2017 compared to proceeds of \$122 million received in 2016 from the DOE resulting from litigation regarding spent nuclear fuel storage costs that were previously capitalized. See Note 1 to the financial statements herein and Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the DOE litigation; and

fluctuations in nuclear fuel activity because of variations from year to year in the timing and pricing of fuel reload requirements in the Utility business, material and services deliveries, and the timing of cash payments during the nuclear fuel cycle.

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Financing Activities

Net cash flow provided by financing activities decreased \$214 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 primarily due to:

long-term debt activity using approximately \$309 thousand of cash in 2017 compared to providing approximately \$1,279 million of cash in 2016. Included in the long-term debt activity is \$550 million in 2017 and \$655 million in 2016 for the repayment of borrowings on the Entergy Corporation long-term credit facility; and a decrease of \$87 million in 2017 in short-term borrowings by the nuclear fuel company variable interest entities.

The decrease was partially offset by:

Entergy's net issuances of \$928 million of commercial paper in 2017 compared to net repayments of \$158 million of commercial paper in 2016; and

the redemptions of Entergy Arkansas's \$75 million of 6.45% Series preferred stock and \$10 million of 6.08% Series preferred stock in 2016.

For the details of Entergy's commercial paper program, the nuclear fuel company variable interest entities' short-term borrowings, and long-term debt see Note 4 to the financial statements herein and Note 5 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K.

Rate, Cost-recovery, and Other Regulation

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Rate, Cost-recovery, and Other Regulation" in the Form 10-K for discussions of rate regulation, federal regulation, and related regulatory proceedings.

State and Local Rate Regulation and Fuel-Cost Recovery

See Note 2 to the financial statements herein for updates to the discussion in the Form 10-K regarding these proceedings.

Federal Regulation

See Note 2 to the financial statements herein for updates to the discussion in the Form 10-K regarding federal regulatory proceedings.

Market and Credit Risk Sensitive Instruments

Commodity Price Risk

Power Generation

As a wholesale generator, Entergy Wholesale Commodities' core business is selling energy, measured in MWh, to its customers. Entergy Wholesale Commodities enters into forward contracts with its customers and also sells energy in the day ahead or spot markets. In addition to selling the energy produced by its plants, Entergy Wholesale Commodities sells unforced capacity, which allows load-serving entities to meet specified reserve and related requirements placed on them by the ISOs in their respective areas. Entergy Wholesale Commodities' forward physical

power contracts consist of contracts to sell energy only, contracts to sell capacity only, and bundled contracts in which it sells both capacity and energy. While the terminology and payment mechanics vary in these contracts, each of these types of contracts requires Entergy Wholesale Commodities to deliver MWh of energy, make capacity available, or

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both. In addition to its forward physical power contracts, Entergy Wholesale Commodities also uses a combination of financial contracts, including swaps, collars, and options, to manage forward commodity price risk. Certain hedge volumes have price downside and upside relative to market price movement. The contracted minimum, expected value, and sensitivities are provided in the table below to show potential variations. The sensitivities may not reflect the total maximum upside potential from higher market prices. The information contained in the following table represents projections at a point in time and will vary over time based on numerous factors, such as future market prices, contracting activities, and generation. Following is a summary of Entergy Wholesale Commodities' current forward capacity and generation contracts as well as total revenue projections based on market prices as of September 30, 2017 (2017 represents the remainder of the year):

Entergy Wholesale Commodities Nuclear Portfolio 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022						
Energy	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022
Percent of planned generation under						
contract (a):						
Unit-contingent (b)	88%	98%	70%	38%	70%	67%
Firm LD (c)	9%	8%	—%	_%	 %	—%
Offsetting positions (d)	(9%)	(9%)	- %	_%	- %	— %
Total	88%	97%	70%	38%	70%	67%
Planned generation (TWh) (e) (f)	7.6	28.0	25.5	17.9	9.7	2.8
Average revenue per MWh on	,,,	20.0	20.00	17.19	<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
contracted volumes:						
Minimum	\$39.8	\$38.9	\$43.3	\$55.3	\$59.8	\$58.8
Expected based on market prices as of	Φ20.0	Φ20.0	ф.4.2. Q	Φ.Σ.Σ. Ο	Φ.7.0.0	Φ.50.0
September 30, 2017	\$39.8	\$38.9	\$43.3	\$55.3	\$59.8	\$58.8
Sensitivity: -/+ \$10 per MWh market	\$20.0 \$20.0	¢20.0	¢42.2	Ф <i>Б</i> .Б. 2	Φ 5 0.0	Φ 5 0 0
price change	\$39.8-\$39.9	\$38.9	\$43.3	\$55.3	\$59.8	\$58.8
Capacity						
Percent of capacity sold forward (g):						
Bundled capacity and energy contracts	23%	22%	25%	36%	69%	99%
(h)	2370	2270	2570	30%	0970	9970
Capacity contracts (i)	38%	21%	10%	— %	<u></u> %	<u></u> %
Total	61%	43%	35%	36%	69%	99%
Planned net MW in operation (average)	3,568	3,568	3,167	2,195	1,158	338
(f)	3,300	3,300	3,107	2,173	1,130	330
Average revenue under contract per						
kW per month (applies to capacity	\$8.3	\$9.1	\$10.5	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
contracts only)						
Total Nuclear Energy and Capacity						
Revenues (j)						
Expected sold and market total revenue	\$44.5	\$46.7	\$46.8	\$49.1	\$56.3	\$47.7
per MWh		,	,	,=	,	,
Sensitivity: -/+ \$10 per MWh market	\$43.3-\$45.7	\$46.6-\$46.7	\$43.8-\$49.8	\$43.3-\$55.0	\$53.3-\$59.3	\$44.3-\$51.0
price change	, +	, 2.2 + .0.7	, 212 4 1710	, 2.2 420.0	,	, +

- Percent of planned generation output sold or purchased forward under contracts, forward physical contracts, forward financial contracts, or options that mitigate price uncertainty that may require regulatory approval or approval of transmission rights. Positions that are not classified as hedges are netted in the planned generation under contract.
- Transaction under which power is supplied from a specific generation asset; if the asset is not operating, the seller is generally not liable to buyer for any damages. Certain unit-contingent sales include a guarantee of

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availability. Availability guarantees provide for the payment to the power purchaser of contract damages, if incurred, in the event the seller fails to deliver power as a result of the failure of the specified generation unit to generate power at or above a specified availability threshold. All of Entergy's outstanding guarantees of availability provide for dollar limits on Entergy's maximum liability under such guarantees.

Transaction that requires receipt or delivery of energy at a specified delivery point (usually at a market hub not associated with a specific asset) or settles financially on notional quantities; if a party fails to deliver or receive

- (c) energy, defaulting party must compensate the other party as specified in the contract, a portion of which may be capped through the use of risk management products. This also includes option transactions that may expire without being exercised.
- (d) Transactions for the purchase of energy, generally to offset a Firm LD transaction.
- Amount of output expected to be generated by Entergy Wholesale Commodities resources considering plant operating characteristics, outage schedules, and expected market conditions that affect dispatch.

 Assumes the planned shutdown of Pilgrim on May 31, 2019, planned shutdown of Indian Point 2 on April 30, 2020, planned shutdown of Indian Point 3 on April 30, 2021, and planned shutdown of Palisades in the spring of 2022, and reflects the sale of FitzPatrick in March 2017. Assumes NRC license renewals for two units, as follows (with current license expirations in parentheses): Indian Point 2 (September 2013 and now operating under its
- period of extended operations while its application is pending) and Indian Point 3 (December 2015 and now operating under its period of extended operations while its application is pending). For a discussion regarding the planned shutdown of the Pilgrim, Indian Point 2, Indian Point 3, and Palisades plants, see "Entergy Wholesale Commodities Exit from the Merchant Power Business" above and in the Form 10-K. For a discussion regarding the license renewals for Indian Point 2 and Indian Point 3, see "Entergy Wholesale Commodities Authorizations to Operate Its Nuclear Power Plants" above and in the Form 10-K.
- (g) Percent of planned qualified capacity sold to mitigate price uncertainty under physical or financial transactions.
- (h) A contract for the sale of installed capacity and related energy, priced per megawatt-hour sold.
- (i) A contract for the sale of an installed capacity product in a regional market.
- Includes assumptions on converting a portion of the portfolio to contracted with fixed price cost or discount and
- (j) excludes non-cash revenue from the amortization of the Palisades below-market purchased power agreement, mark-to-market activity, and service revenues.

Entergy estimates that a positive \$10 per MWh change in the annual average energy price in the markets in which the Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear business sells power, based on September 30, 2017 market conditions, planned generation volumes, and hedged positions, would have a corresponding effect on pre-tax net income of \$9 million for the remainder of 2017. As of September 30, 2016, a positive \$10 per MWh change would have had a corresponding effect on pre-tax income of \$20 million for the remainder of 2016. A negative \$10 per MWh change in the annual average energy price in the markets based on September 30, 2017 market conditions, planned generation volumes, and hedged positions, would have a corresponding effect on pre-tax net income of (\$9) million for the remainder of 2017. As of September 30, 2016, a negative \$10 per MWh change would have had a corresponding effect on pre-tax income of (\$10) million for the remainder of 2016.

Some of the agreements to sell the power produced by Entergy Wholesale Commodities' power plants contain provisions that require an Entergy subsidiary to provide credit support to secure its obligations under the agreements. The Entergy subsidiary is required to provide credit support based upon the difference between the current market prices and contracted power prices in the regions where Entergy Wholesale Commodities sells power. The primary form of credit support to satisfy these requirements is an Entergy Corporation guaranty. Cash and letters of credit are also acceptable forms of credit support. At September 30, 2017, based on power prices at that time, Entergy had liquidity exposure of \$105 million under the guarantees in place supporting Entergy Wholesale Commodities transactions and \$9 million of posted cash collateral. In the event of a decrease in Entergy Corporation's

credit rating to below investment grade, based on power prices as of September 30, 2017, Entergy would have been required to provide approximately \$50 million of additional cash or letters of credit under some of the agreements. As of September 30, 2017, the liquidity exposure associated with Entergy Wholesale Commodities assurance requirements, including return of previously posted collateral from counterparties, would increase by \$295 million for a \$1 per MMBtu increase in gas prices in both the short-and long-term markets.

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As of September 30, 2017, substantially all of the credit exposure associated with the planned energy output under contract for Entergy Wholesale Commodities nuclear plants through 2022 is with counterparties or their guarantors that have public investment grade credit ratings.

Nuclear Matters

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – Nuclear Matters" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of nuclear matters. The following is an update to that discussion.

Indian Point

During the scheduled refueling and maintenance outage at Indian Point 2 in the first quarter 2016, comprehensive inspections were done as part of the aging management program that calls for an in-depth inspection of the reactor vessel. Inspections of more than 2,000 bolts in the reactor's removable insert liner identified issues with roughly 11% of the bolts that required further analysis. Entergy replaced bolts as appropriate, and the unit returned to service in June 2016. In 2016, Entergy evaluated the scope and duration of Indian Point 3's scheduled refueling outage planned for 2017, which began in March 2017. Based on the results of the 2016 evaluation and analysis, Entergy extended Indian Point 3's planned 2017 outage duration. Entergy performed the same in-depth inspection of the reactor vessel at Indian Point 3 during Indian Point 3's spring 2017 refueling and maintenance outage that it performed for Indian Point 2. Based on inspection data, Entergy replaced approximately the same number of bolts at Indian Point 3 that it replaced at Indian Point 2 before returning the plant to service in May 2017.

Critical Accounting Estimates

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Critical Accounting Estimates" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the estimates and judgments necessary in Entergy's accounting for nuclear decommissioning costs, utility regulatory accounting, unbilled revenue, impairment of long-lived assets and trust fund investments, taxation and uncertain tax positions, qualified pension and other postretirement benefits, and other contingencies.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - New Accounting Pronouncements" in the Form 10-K for a discussion of new accounting pronouncements. Following are updates to that discussion.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" is effective for Entergy for the first quarter 2018. Entergy has selected the modified retrospective transition method. Entergy's evaluation of ASU 2014-09 has not identified any effects that it expects will affect materially its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows, other than changes in required financial statement disclosures. Entergy continues to monitor the development and finalization of industry-specific application guidance that could have an effect on this assessment.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, ASU No. 2016-16, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory" is effective for Entergy for the first quarter 2018. The ASU requires entities to recognize the income tax consequences of intra-entity asset transfers, other than inventory, at the time the transfer occurs. Entergy is evaluating the ASU and currently expects to record a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, ASU No. 2016-01 "Financial Instruments (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" is effective for Entergy for the first quarter 2018. Unrealized gains and losses on investments in equity securities held by the nuclear decommissioning trust funds will be required

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to be recorded in earnings rather than in other comprehensive income. In accordance with the regulatory treatment of the decommissioning trust funds of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy, an offsetting amount of unrealized gains/losses will continue to be recorded in other regulatory liabilities/assets. Entergy expects to record an adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 for the cumulative effect of the unrealized gains and losses on investments in equity securities held by the decommissioning trust funds that do not meet the criteria for regulatory accounting treatment.

In March 2017 the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, "Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost." The ASU requires entities to report the service cost component of defined benefit pension cost and postretirement benefit cost (net benefit cost) in the same line item as other compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations. In addition, the ASU allows only the service cost component of net benefit cost to be eligible for capitalization. ASU 2017-07 is effective for Entergy for the first quarter 2018. Entergy does not expect ASU 2017-07 to affect materially its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In August 2017 the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities." The ASU makes a number of amendments to hedge accounting, most significantly changing the recognition and presentation of highly effective hedges. Upon adoption of the standard there will no longer be separate recognition or presentation of the ineffective portion of highly effective hedges. In addition, the ASU allows entities to designate a contractually-specified component as the hedged risk, simplifies the process for assessing the effectiveness of hedges, and adds additional disclosure requirements for hedges. ASU 2017-12 is effective for Entergy for the first quarter 2019, with early adoption permitted. Entergy expects that ASU 2017-12 will affect its net income by eliminating volatility in earnings related to the ineffective portion of designated hedges on nuclear power sales. Entergy is evaluating ASU 2017-12 for other effects on its results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

ODED A TING DEVENIUES	Three Mont 2017 (In Thousan	hs Ended 2016 ds, Except Sh	Nine Month 2017 are Data)	s Ended 2016
OPERATING REVENUES Electric Natural gas Competitive businesses TOTAL	\$2,793,798 26,585 423,245 3,243,628	\$2,624,562 24,796 475,345 3,124,703	\$7,056,758 100,011 1,293,867 8,450,636	\$6,760,054 95,530 1,341,534 8,197,118
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and Maintenance:				
Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and gas purchased for resale	612,950	460,990	1,426,462	1,347,422
Purchased power	408,140	375,107	1,182,404	880,102
Nuclear refueling outage expenses	43,273	56,675	124,126	154,951
Other operation and maintenance	804,535	833,176	2,492,379	2,324,350
Asset write-offs, impairments, and related charges	16,221	18,841	421,584	33,170
Decommissioning Taxes other than income taxes	95,392	85,266	310,062	230,519
Depreciation and amortization	159,474 354,739	149,076 340,399	469,090 1,052,332	448,103 1,010,339
Other regulatory charges (credits)	19,435	33,113		55,626
TOTAL	2,514,159	2,352,643	7,419,125	6,484,582
TOTAL	2,314,137	2,332,043	7,419,123	0,101,302
Gain on sale of assets	_	_	16,270	_
OPERATING INCOME	729,469	772,060	1,047,781	1,712,536
OTHER INCOME				
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	24,338	15,451	65,722	48,242
Interest and investment income	58,332	37,534	194,978	116,662
Miscellaneous - net	(1,801	(6,740	(3,172)	(25,702)
TOTAL	80,869	46,245	257,528	139,202
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest expense	178,391	174,902	522,857	526,344
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction				(24,520)
TOTAL	166,899	167,195	491,800	501,824
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	643,439	651,110	813,509	1,349,914
Income taxes	241,795	257,906	(87,555)	148,879
CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME	401,644	393,204	901,064	1,201,035
Preferred dividend requirements of subsidiaries	3,446	5,034	10,338	15,586

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NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO ENTERGY CORPORATION	\$398,198	\$388,170	\$890,726	\$1,185,449
Earnings per average common share:				
Basic	\$2.22	\$2.17	\$4.96	\$6.63
Diluted	\$2.21	\$2.16	\$4.94	\$6.60
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.87	\$0.85	\$2.61	\$2.55
Basic average number of common shares outstanding	179,563,819	179,023,351	179,458,914	178,804,148
Diluted average number of common shares outstanding	180,464,069	179,990,888	180,163,074	179,490,060

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended			
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(In Thous	ands)		
Net Income	\$401,644	\$393,204	\$901,064	\$1,201,035
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Cash flow hedges net unrealized gain (loss) (net of tax expense (benefit) of \$7,062, \$11,172, \$17,387, and (\$28,605))	13,213	20,972	32,634	(52,575)
Pension and other postretirement liabilities (net of tax expense of \$6,818, \$4,064, \$19,034, and \$7,101)	12,297	5,044	31,845	17,649
Net unrealized investment gains (net of tax expense of \$30,644, \$20,635, \$72,808, and \$58,508)	33,395	21,367	82,918	65,391
Foreign currency translation (net of tax benefit of \$-, \$48, \$403, and \$688)		(92)	(748)	(1,280)
Other comprehensive income	58,905	47,291	146,649	29,185
Comprehensive Income Preferred dividend requirements of subsidiaries Comprehensive Income Attributable to Entergy Corporation	460,549 3,446 \$457,103	440,495 5,034 \$435,461	1,047,713 10,338 \$1,037,375	1,230,220 15,586 \$1,214,634

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

	2017 2016
	(In Thousands)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Consolidated net income	\$901,064 \$1,201,035
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash flow provided by operating	
activities:	
Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning, including nuclear fuel amortization	1,561,565 1,548,872
Deferred income taxes, investment tax credits, and non-current taxes accrued	(90,607) 119,603
Asset write-offs, impairments, and related charges	241,838 33,170
Gain on sale of assets	(16,270) —
Changes in working capital:	
Receivables	(198,029) (270,847)
Fuel inventory	20,746 28,900
Accounts payable	(75,962) 99,933
Taxes accrued	66,895 29,429
Interest accrued	(6,111) (13,487)
Deferred fuel costs	(117,636) (159,592)
Other working capital accounts	(81,779) (78,553)
Changes in provisions for estimated losses	(10,073) 2,760
Changes in other regulatory assets	117,430 164,716
Changes in other regulatory liabilities	22,124 110,999
Changes in pensions and other postretirement liabilities	(354,297) (305,200)
Other	(268,147) (259,343)
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	1,712,751 2,252,395
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Construction/capital expenditures	(2,622,10) (2,003,427)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	66,437 48,807
Nuclear fuel purchases	(226,054) (160,343)
Payment for purchase of plant	— (949,329)
Proceeds from sale of assets	100,000 —
Insurance proceeds received for property damages	26,157 —
Changes in securitization account	(6,494) (3,911)
Payments to storm reserve escrow account	(1,925) (1,203)
Receipts from storm reserve escrow account	8,836 —
Decreases (increases) in other investments	(112,217) 12,374
Litigation proceeds for reimbursement of spent nuclear fuel storage costs	25,493 122,488
Proceeds from nuclear decommissioning trust fund sales	1,902,783 1,796,566
Investment in nuclear decommissioning trust funds	(1,988,63) (1,844,514)
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(2,827,72) (2,982,492)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			
	2017	2016	
	(In Thousa	.nds)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•	,	
Proceeds from the issuance of:			
Long-term debt	1,222,606	5,508,461	
Treasury stock	15,121	33,120	
Retirement of long-term debt	(1,222,915)	(4,229,599)
Repurchase/redemption of preferred stock	<u> </u>	(85,283)
Changes in credit borrowings and commercial paper - net	937,677)
Other	(337))
Dividends paid:			
Common stock	(468,396)	(455,993)
Preferred stock	(10,338)	(16,947)
Net cash flow provided by financing activities	473,418	686,570	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(641,553)	(43,527)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,187,844	1,350,961	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$546,291	\$1,307,434	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid (received) during the period for:			
Interest - net of amount capitalized Income taxes	\$507,912 (\$11,883)	•	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)		
	2017	2016
	(In Thousand	s)
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$87,297	\$129,579
Temporary cash investments	458,994	1,058,265
Total cash and cash equivalents	546,291	1,187,844
Accounts receivable:	,	, ,
Customer	754,484	654,995
Allowance for doubtful accounts	*	(11,924)
Other	152,329	158,419
Accrued unbilled revenues	420,099	368,677
Total accounts receivable	1,313,343	1,170,167
Deferred fuel costs	185,066	108,465
Fuel inventory - at average cost	158,854	179,600
Materials and supplies - at average cost	719,782	698,523
Deferred nuclear refueling outage costs	181,571	146,221
Prepayments and other	366,324	193,448
TOTAL	3,471,231	3,684,268
TOTAL	3,471,231	3,004,200
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS		
Investment in affiliates - at equity	198	198
Decommissioning trust funds	6,982,928	5,723,897
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	252,621	233,641
Other	447,349	469,664
TOTAL	7,683,096	6,427,400
	, ,	, ,
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT		
Electric	46,190,075	45,191,216
Property under capital lease	618,321	619,527
Natural gas	435,313	413,224
Construction work in progress	2,191,320	1,378,180
Nuclear fuel	905,837	1,037,899
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT	50,340,866	48,640,046
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	21,380,100	20,718,639
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT - NET	28,960,766	27,921,407
	, ,	, ,
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS		
Regulatory assets:		
Regulatory asset for income taxes - net	775,148	761,280
Other regulatory assets (includes securitization property of \$513,223 as of September 30,	1 620 615	4.760.012
2017 and \$600,996 as of December 31, 2016)	4,638,615	4,769,913
Deferred fuel costs	239,248	239,100
Goodwill	377,172	377,172

Accumulated deferred income taxes	123,953	117,885
Other	129,213	1,606,009
TOTAL	6,283,349	7,871,359

TOTAL ASSETS \$46,398,442 \$45,904,434

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

(======================================	2017	2016	
	(In Thousand	is)	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$869,207	\$364,900	
Notes payable and commercial paper	1,352,688	415,011	
Accounts payable	1,105,038	1,285,577	
Customer deposits	403,262	403,311	
Taxes accrued	248,009	181,114	
Interest accrued	181,118	187,229	
Deferred fuel costs	61,867	102,753	
Obligations under capital leases	2,043	2,423	
Pension and other postretirement liabilities	64,904	76,942	
Other	172,735	180,836	
TOTAL	4,460,871	3,200,096	
NON CURRENT LA DILITRICA			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	7.520.620	7 405 200	
Accumulated deferred income taxes and taxes accrued	7,538,630	7,495,290	
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	219,892	227,147	
Obligations under capital leases	22,783	24,582	
Other regulatory liabilities Decommissioning and asset retirement cost liabilities	1,595,053 6,116,010	1,572,929 5,992,476	
Accumulated provisions	471,383	481,636	
Pension and other postretirement liabilities	2,693,751	3,036,010	
Long-term debt (includes securitization bonds of \$582,274 as of September 30, 2017 and	2,093,731	3,030,010	
\$661,175 as of December 31, 2016)	13,977,522	14,467,655	
Other	409,125	1,121,619	
TOTAL	33,044,149	34,419,344	
TOTAL	33,011,117	51,117,511	
Commitments and Contingencies			
Subsidiaries' preferred stock without sinking fund	203,185	203,185	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 254,752,788 shares	2,548	2,548	
in 2017 and in 2016	2,540		
Paid-in capital	5,420,608	5,417,245	
Retained earnings	8,617,901	8,195,571	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	111,678	(34,971)
Less - treasury stock, at cost (75,127,186 shares in 2017 and 75,623,363 shares in 2016)	5,462,498	5,498,584	
TOTAL	8,690,237	8,081,809	
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND SHADEHOLDEDS FOLLOW	¢46 200 442	Φ45 OO4 42	4
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$46,398,442	Φ45,904,43 4	+

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

	Commo	on Shareholder	rs' Equity				
	Subsidiarie Commo Preferred Stock Stock	es' offreasury Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total	
	(In Thousa	inds)					
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$-\$2,548	(\$5,552,379)	\$5,403,758	\$9,393,913	\$8,951	\$9,256,791	
Consolidated net income (a) Other comprehensive income	15, 58 6 — —	_	_	1,185,449 —		1,201,035 29,185	
Preferred stock repurchases / redemptions		_		(283)	_	(283)
Common stock issuances related to stock plans		53,684	229		_	53,913	
Common stock dividends declared		_	_	(455,993)	_	(455,993)
Preferred dividend requirements of subsidiaries (a)	(1)5,586	_	_	_	_	(15,586)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$-\$2,548	(\$5,498,695)	\$5,403,987	\$10,123,086	\$38,136	\$10,069,062	,
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$-\$2,548	(\$5,498,584)	\$5,417,245	\$8,195,571	(\$34,971)	\$8,081,809	
Consolidated net income (a) Other comprehensive income	10, 33 8			890,726 —	<u> </u>	901,064 146,649	
Common stock issuances related to stock plans		36,086	3,363	_	_	39,449	
Common stock dividends declared		_	_	(468,396)	_	(468,396)
Preferred dividend requirements of subsidiaries (a)	(1)0,338	_	_		_	(10,338)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$-\$2,548	(\$5,462,498)	\$5,420,608	\$8,617,901	\$111,678	\$8,690,237	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

⁽a) Consolidated net income and preferred dividend requirements of subsidiaries for 2017 and 2016 include \$10.3 million and \$15.6 million, respectively, of preferred dividends on subsidiaries' preferred stock without sinking fund that is not presented within equity.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED OPERATING RESULTS

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Description Utility electric operating revenues: Residential Commercial Industrial	Ended 2017 (Dollar	s in Mil \$1,106 678		e)	% 6 17
Governmental		58			7
Total retail	-	2,458			6
Sales for resale	78				16
Other	105	100	5		5
Total	\$2,794	\$2,625	\$169		6
Utility billed electric energy sales (GWh): Residential Commercial Industrial Governmental Total retail Sales for resale Total Entergy Wholesale Commodities: Operating Payanuas	8,271 12,503 682 32,289 3,387 35,676	33,187 2,733 35,920	(379 486 (21 (898 654 (244)	(3) 24 (1)
Operating Revenues Billed Electric Energy Sales (GWh)		\$475 9,372)	(11) (12)
Description Utility electric operating revenues: Residential				e)	%
Commercial	1,861	1,759	102		6
Industrial	1,937		210		12
Governmental	172	161	11		7
Total retail	6,530	-	366		6
Sales for resale Other	202 325	194 402	8 (77)	4 (19)
Total		\$6,760		,	4
Utility billed electric energy sales (GWh): Residential	25,810	27,035	(1,225)	(5)

Commercial	21 505 21 029 (242) (2)
Commerciai	21,595 21,938 (343) (2)
Industrial	35,829 34,581 1,248	4
Governmental	1,885 1,912 (27) (1)
Total retail	85,119 85,466 (347) —
Sales for resale	8,255 9,452 (1,197) (13)
Total	93,374 94,918 (1,544) (2)
Entergy Wholesale Commodities:		
Operating revenues	\$1,294 \$1,342 (\$48) (4)
Billed electric energy sales (GWh)	22,616 26,484 (3,868) (15)

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Texas, and System Energy)

Entergy and the Registrant Subsidiaries are involved in a number of legal, regulatory, and tax proceedings before various courts, regulatory commissions, and governmental agencies in the ordinary course of business. While management is unable to predict with certainty the outcome of such proceedings, management does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on Entergy's results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition, except as otherwise discussed in the Form 10-K or in this report. Entergy discusses regulatory proceedings in Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K and herein and discusses tax proceedings in Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K and Note 10 to the financial statements herein.

Vidalia Purchased Power Agreement

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information on Entergy Louisiana's Vidalia purchased power agreement.

ANO Damage, Outage, and NRC Reviews

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the ANO stator incident, subsequent NRC reviews, and the deferral of replacement power costs.

Pilgrim NRC Oversight and Planned Shutdown

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the NRC's enhanced inspections of Pilgrim and Entergy's planned shutdown of Pilgrim no later than June 1, 2019.

Spent Nuclear Fuel Litigation

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information on Entergy's spent nuclear fuel litigation.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in April 2016 the U.S. Court of Federal Claims issued a partial judgment in the amount of \$42 million in favor of Entergy Louisiana and against the DOE in the first round River Bend damages case, reserving the issue of cask loading costs pending resolution of the appeal on the same issues in the Entergy Arkansas and System Energy cases. Entergy Louisiana received payment from the U.S. Treasury in August 2016. In September 2016 the U.S. Court of Federal Claims issued a further judgment in the River Bend case in the amount of \$5 million. Entergy Louisiana received payment from the U.S. Treasury in January 2017. The River Bend damages awarded included \$2 million related to costs previously recorded as nuclear fuel expense and \$3 million related to costs previously recorded as other operation and maintenance expense.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in September 2016 the U.S. Court of Federal Claims issued a judgment in the Entergy Nuclear Palisades case in the amount of \$14 million, including \$11 million related to costs previously capitalized and \$3 million related to costs previously recorded as other operation and maintenance expense. Entergy Nuclear Palisades recorded a receivable for that amount, and subsequently received payment from the U.S. Treasury in January 2017.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in October 2016 the U.S. Court of Federal Claims issued a judgment in the second round Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2 case in the amount of \$34 million, including \$14 million related to costs previously capitalized, \$15 million related to costs previously recorded as other operation and maintenance expense,

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

\$3 million related to previously recorded decommissioning expense, and \$2 million related to costs previously recorded as taxes other than income taxes. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2 recorded a receivable for that amount, and subsequently received payment from the U.S. Treasury in January 2017.

Nuclear Insurance

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information on nuclear liability and property insurance associated with Entergy's nuclear power plants.

Conventional Property Insurance

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information on Entergy's non-nuclear property insurance program.

Employment and Labor-related Proceedings

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information on Entergy's employment and labor-related proceedings.

Asbestos Litigation (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy Texas)

See Note 8 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information regarding asbestos litigation.

NOTE 2. RATE AND REGULATORY MATTERS (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Texas, and System Energy)

Regulatory Assets and Regulatory Liabilities

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for information regarding regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the Utility business presented on the balance sheets of Entergy and the Registrant Subsidiaries. The following are updates to that discussion.

Fuel and purchased power cost recovery

Entergy Arkansas

Energy Cost Recovery Rider

In March 2017, Entergy Arkansas filed its annual redetermination of its energy cost rate pursuant to the energy cost recovery rider, which reflected an increase in the rate from \$0.01164 per kWh to \$0.01547 per kWh. The APSC staff filed testimony in March 2017 recommending that the redetermined rate should be implemented with the first billing cycle of April 2017 under the normal operation of the tariff. Accordingly, the redetermined rate went into effect on March 31, 2017 pursuant to the tariff. In July 2017 the Arkansas Attorney General requested additional information to support certain of the costs included in Entergy Arkansas's 2017 energy cost rate redetermination.

Entergy Louisiana

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in June 2016 the LPSC staff provided notice of audits of Entergy Louisiana's fuel adjustment clause filings and purchased gas adjustment clause filings. The audit included a review of the reasonableness of charges flowed through Entergy Louisiana's fuel adjustment clause for the period from 2014 through

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements

2015 and charges flowed through Entergy Louisiana's purchased gas adjustment clause for the period from 2012 through 2015. Discovery commenced in March 2017.

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in April 2010 the LPSC authorized its staff to initiate an audit of Entergy Louisiana's fuel adjustment clause filings. The audit included a review of the reasonableness of the charges flowed through the fuel adjustment clause by Entergy Louisiana for the period from 2005 through 2009. In December 2016 the LPSC opened a new docket in order to resolve an issue regarding the proper methodology for the recovery of nuclear dry fuel storage costs. In October 2017 the LPSC approved the continued recovery of the nuclear dry fuel storage costs through the fuel adjustment clause, resolving the open issue in the audit.

Entergy Mississippi

Mississippi Attorney General Complaint

As discussed in the Form 10-K, the Mississippi attorney general filed a complaint in state court in December 2008 against Entergy Corporation, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy Services, and Entergy Power alleging, among other things, violations of Mississippi statutes, fraud, breach of good faith and fair dealing, and requesting an accounting and restitution. The complaint is wide ranging and relates to tariffs and procedures under which Entergy Mississippi purchases power not generated in Mississippi to meet electricity demand. The defendants have denied the allegations. In June 2017 the District Court issued a case management order setting a trial date in November 2018. Discovery is currently in progress.

Entergy Texas

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in July 2016, Entergy Texas filed an application to reconcile its fuel and purchased power costs for the period April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2016. In December 2016, Entergy Texas entered into a stipulation and settlement agreement resulting in a \$6 million disallowance not associated with any particular issue raised and a refund of the over-recovery balance of \$21 million as of November 30, 2016, to most customers beginning April 2017 through June 2017. The fuel reconciliation settlement was approved by the PUCT in March 2017 and the refunds were made.

In June 2017, Entergy Texas filed an application for a fuel refund of approximately \$30.7 million for the months of December 2016 through April 2017. For most customers, the refunds flowed through bills for the months of July 2017 through September 2017. The fuel refund was approved by the PUCT in August 2017.

Retail Rate Proceedings

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for detailed information regarding retail rate proceedings involving the Utility operating companies. The following are updates to that information.

Filings with the APSC

2016 Formula Rate Plan Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, Entergy Arkansas is required to make a supplemental filing supporting the recovery of certain nuclear costs. In April 2017, Entergy Arkansas filed a motion consented to by all parties requesting that it be permitted to submit its supplemental filing in conjunction with its 2017 formula rate plan filing, which was

subsequently made in July 2017 and is discussed below. In May 2017 the APSC approved the joint motion and proposal to review Entergy Arkansas's supplemental filing on a concurrent schedule with the 2017 formula rate plan filing. In doing so, however, the APSC noted that a determination of whether the supplemental information supporting certain nuclear expenditures will be considered in the hearing for the 2017 formula rate plan filing or a separate hearing will be made at a later time. In October 2017, Entergy Arkansas and the parties to the proceeding filed a joint motion to

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries
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approve a unanimous settlement agreement resolving all issues in the docket and providing for recovery of the 2017 and 2018 nuclear costs.

2017 Formula Rate Plan Filing

In July 2017, Entergy Arkansas filed with the APSC its 2017 formula rate plan filing showing Entergy Arkansas's projected earned return on common equity for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018 test period to be below the formula rate plan bandwidth. The filing projected a \$129.7 million revenue requirement increase to achieve Entergy Arkansas's target earned return on common equity of 9.75%. Entergy Arkansas's formula rate plan is subject to a four percent annual revenue constraint and the projected annual revenue requirement increase exceeds the four percent, resulting in a proposed increase for the 2017 formula rate plan of \$70.9 million. In October 2017, Entergy Arkansas filed with the APSC revised formula rate plan attachments that projected a \$126.2 million revenue requirement increase based on acceptance of certain adjustments and recommendations made by the APSC staff and other intervenors. The revised formula rate plan filing included a proposed \$71.1 million revenue requirement increase based on a revision to the four percent cap calculation. In October 2017, Entergy Arkansas and the parties to the proceeding filed a joint motion to approve a unanimous settlement agreement resolving all issues in the docket and providing for recovery of the 2017 and 2018 nuclear costs. The settlement agreement does not affect Entergy Arkansas's proposed \$71.1 million revenue requirement increase. If a final order is not issued by December 13, 2017, the proposed formula rate plan adjustment will become effective January 2, 2018, subject to refund.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in September 2016, Entergy Arkansas filed an application seeking a finding from the APSC that Entergy Arkansas's deployment of advanced metering infrastructure is in the public interest. In June 2017 the APSC staff and Arkansas Attorney General filed direct testimony. The APSC staff generally supported Entergy Arkansas's AMI deployment conditioned on various recommendations. The Arkansas Attorney General's consultant primarily recommended denial of Entergy Arkansas's application but alternatively suggested recommendations in the event the APSC approves Entergy Arkansas's proposal. Entergy Arkansas filed rebuttal testimony in June 2017, substantially accepting the APSC staff's recommendations. In August 2017, Entergy Arkansas and the parties to the proceeding filed a joint motion to approve a unanimous settlement agreement. Also in August 2017 supplemental testimony was filed and a settlement hearing was held. In October 2017 the APSC issued an order finding that Entergy Arkansas's AMI deployment is in the public interest and approving the settlement agreement subject to a minor modification. Entergy Arkansas expects to recover the undepreciated balance of its existing meters through a regulatory asset to be amortized over 15 years.

Filings with the LPSC

Retail Rates - Electric

2014 Formula Rate Plan Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in September 2015, Entergy Louisiana filed its formula rate plan evaluation report for Entergy Gulf States Louisiana's and Entergy Louisiana's 2014 calendar year operations. In June 2017 the LPSC staff and Entergy Louisiana filed an unopposed joint report of proceedings, which was accepted by the LPSC in June 2017, finalizing the results of this proceeding with no changes to rates already implemented.

2015 Formula Rate Plan Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in May 2016, Entergy Louisiana filed its formula rate plan evaluation report for its 2015 calendar year operations. In June 2017 the LPSC staff and Entergy Louisiana filed a joint report of proceedings, which was accepted by the LPSC in June 2017, finalizing the results of the May 2016 evaluation report, interim updates, and corresponding proceedings with no changes to rates already implemented.

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In November 2016, Entergy Louisiana filed with the LPSC a request to extend the MISO cost recovery mechanism rider provision of its formula rate plan. In March 2017 the LPSC staff submitted direct testimony generally supportive of a one-year extension of the MISO cost recovery mechanism and the intervenor in the proceeding did not oppose an extension for this period of time. In June 2017 an uncontested joint stipulation authorizing a one-year extension of the MISO cost recovery mechanism rider was filed and the LPSC approved the stipulation in July 2017.

2016 Formula Rate Plan Filing

In May 2017, Entergy Louisiana filed its formula rate plan evaluation report for its 2016 calendar year operations. The evaluation report reflects an earned return on common equity of 9.84%. As such, no adjustment to base formula rate plan revenue is required. The following adjustments, however, are required under the formula rate plan. The 2016 formula rate plan evaluation report shows a decrease in formula rate plan revenue of approximately \$16.9 million, comprised of a decrease in legacy Entergy Louisiana formula rate plan revenue of \$3.5 million, a decrease in legacy Entergy Gulf States Louisiana formula rate plan revenue of \$9.7 million, and a decrease in incremental formula rate plan revenue of \$3.7 million. Additionally, the formula rate plan evaluation report calls for a decrease of \$40.5 million in the MISO cost recovery revenue requirement from the current level of \$46.8 million to \$6.3 million. Rates reflecting these adjustments were implemented with the first billing cycle of September 2017, subject to refund, pending the review proceedings. Parties have intervened in the proceedings. No procedural schedule has been established. In September 2017 the LPSC issued its report indicating that no changes to Entergy Louisiana's original formula rate plan evaluation report are required but reserved for several issues, including Entergy Louisiana's September 2017 update to its formula rate plan evaluation report.

Formula Rate Plan Extension Request

In August 2017, Entergy Louisiana filed a request with the LPSC seeking to extend its formula rate plan for three years (2017-2019) with limited modifications of its terms. Those modifications include: a one-time resetting of base rates to the midpoint of the band at Entergy Louisiana's authorized return on equity of 9.95% for the 2017 test year; narrowing of the formula rate plan bandwidth from a total of 160 basis points to 80 basis points; and a forward-looking mechanism that would allow Entergy Louisiana to recover certain transmission-related costs contemporaneously with when those projects begin delivering benefits to customers. Entergy Louisiana has requested that the LPSC consider its request on an expedited basis and render a decision by December 2017, in an effort to maintain Entergy Louisiana's current cycle for implementing rate adjustments, i.e., September 2018, without the need for filing a full base rate case proceeding.

Waterford 3 Replacement Steam Generator Project

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of the Waterford 3 replacement steam generator project prudence review proceeding. The refund to customers of approximately \$71 million as a result of the settlement approved by the LPSC was made in January 2017. Following a review by the parties, an unopposed joint report of proceedings was filed by the LPSC staff and Entergy Louisiana in May 2017. In May 2017 the LPSC accepted the joint report of proceedings resolving the matter.

Deactivation or Retirement Decisions for Entergy Louisiana Plants

As a term of the LPSC-approved settlement authorizing the purchase of Power Blocks 3 and 4 of the Union Power Station, Entergy Louisiana agreed to make a filing with the LPSC to review its decisions to deactivate Ninemile 3 and Willow Glen 2 and 4 and its decision to retire Little Gypsy 1. In January 2016, Entergy Louisiana made its

compliance filing with the LPSC. Entergy Louisiana, LPSC staff, and intervenors participated in a technical conference in March 2016 where Entergy Louisiana presented information on its deactivation/retirement decisions for these four units in addition to information on the current deactivation decisions for the ten-year planning horizon. Parties have requested further proceedings on the prudence of the decision to deactivate Willow Glen 2 and 4. No party contests the prudence of the decision to deactivate Willow Glen 2 and 4 or suggests reactivation of these units; however, issues

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have been raised related to Entergy Louisiana's decision to give up its transmission service rights in MISO for Willow Glen 2 and 4 rather than placing the units into suspended status for the three-year term permitted by MISO. An evidentiary hearing was held in August 2017 and post-hearing briefs were submitted in October 2017. A decision is expected in 2018.

Retail Rates - Gas

2016 Rate Stabilization Plan Filing

In January 2017, Entergy Louisiana filed with the LPSC its gas rate stabilization plan for the test year ended September 30, 2016. The filing of the evaluation report for test year 2016 reflected an earned return on common equity of 6.37%. As part of the original filing, pursuant to the extraordinary cost provision of the rate stabilization plan, Entergy Louisiana sought to recover approximately \$1.5 million in deferred operation and maintenance expenses incurred to restore service and repair damage resulting from flooding and widespread rainfall in southeast Louisiana that occurred in August 2016. Entergy Louisiana requested to recover the prudently incurred August 2016 storm restoration costs over ten years, outside of the rate stabilization plan sharing provisions. As a result, Entergy Louisiana's filing sought an annual increase in revenue of \$1.4 million. Following review of the filing, except for the proposed extraordinary cost recovery, the LPSC staff confirmed Entergy Louisiana's filing was consistent with the principles and requirements of the rate stabilization plan. The extraordinary cost recovery request associated with the 2016 flood-related deferred operation and maintenance expenses incurred for gas operations was removed from the rate stabilization plan pending LPSC consideration in a separate docket. In April 2017 the LPSC approved a joint report of proceedings and Entergy Louisiana submitted a revised evaluation report reflecting a \$1.2 million annual increase in revenue with rates implemented with the first billing cycle of May 2017.

In connection with the joint report of proceedings accepted by the LPSC, in May 2017, Entergy Louisiana filed an application to initiate a separate proceeding to recover the deferred operation and maintenance expenses of \$1.4 million incurred to restore service and repair damage resulting from flooding and widespread rainfall in southeast Louisiana that occurred in August 2016 through the extraordinary cost provision of the gas rate stabilization plan. The LPSC staff submitted its direct testimony in the proceeding recommending recovery of \$0.9 million. The procedural schedule includes a hearing in February 2018.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in November 2016, Entergy Louisiana filed an application seeking a finding from the LPSC that Entergy Louisiana's deployment of advanced electric and gas metering infrastructure is in the public interest. The parties reached an uncontested stipulation permitting implementation of Entergy Louisiana's proposed AMI system, with modifications to the proposed customer charge. The stipulation also confirmed that Entergy Louisiana shall continue to include in rate base the remaining book value of the existing electric meters and also to depreciate those assets using current depreciation rates. In July 2017 the LPSC approved the stipulation.

Filings with the MPSC

Formula Rate Plan

In March 2017, Entergy Mississippi submitted its formula rate plan 2017 test year filing and 2016 look-back filing showing Entergy Mississippi's earned return for the historical 2016 calendar year and projected earned return for the 2017 calendar year to be within the formula rate plan bandwidth, resulting in no change in rates. In June 2017,

Entergy Mississippi and the Mississippi Public Utilities Staff entered into a stipulation that confirmed that Entergy Mississippi's earned returns for both the 2016 look-back filing and 2017 test year were within the respective formula rate plan bandwidths. In June 2017 the MPSC approved the stipulation, which resulted in no change in rates.

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Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in November 2016, Entergy Mississippi filed an application seeking a finding from the MPSC that Entergy Mississippi's deployment of advanced metering infrastructure is in the public interest. In May 2017 the Mississippi Public Utilities Staff and Entergy Mississippi entered into and filed a joint stipulation supporting Entergy Mississippi's filing, and the MPSC issued an order approving the filing without any material changes, finding that Entergy Mississippi's deployment of AMI is in the public interest and granting a certificate of public convenience and necessity. The MPSC order also confirmed that Entergy Mississippi shall continue to include in rate base the remaining book value of existing meters that will be retired as part of the AMI deployment and also to depreciate those assets using current depreciation rates.

Filings with the City Council

Retail Rates

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in February 2017, Entergy New Orleans filed a proposed implementation plan for the Energy Smart program from April 2017 through March 2020. As part of the proposal, Entergy New Orleans requested that the City Council identify its desired level of funding for the program during this time period and approve a cost recovery mechanism. In April 2017 the City Council approved an implementation plan for the Energy Smart program from April 2017 through December 2019. The City Council directed that the \$11.8 million balance reported for Energy Smart funds be used to continue funding the program for Entergy New Orleans's legacy customers and that the Energy Smart Algiers program continue to be funded through the Algiers fuel adjustment clause, until additional customer funding is required for the legacy customers. In September 2017, Entergy New Orleans filed a supplemental plan and proposed several options for an interim cost recovery mechanism necessary to recover program costs during the period between when existing funds directed to Energy Smart programs are depleted (estimated to be June 2018) and when new rates from the anticipated 2018 combined rate case, which will include a cost recovery mechanism for Energy Smart funding, take effect (estimated to be August 2019). Entergy New Orleans requested that the City Council approve a cost recovery mechanism prior to June 2018.

Internal Restructuring

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in July 2016, Entergy New Orleans filed an application with the City Council seeking authorization to undertake a restructuring that would result in the transfer of substantially all of the assets and operations of Entergy New Orleans to a new entity, which would ultimately be owned by an existing Entergy subsidiary holding company. In May 2017 the City Council adopted a resolution approving the proposed internal restructuring pursuant to an agreement in principle with the City Council advisors and certain intervenors. Pursuant to the agreement in principle, Entergy New Orleans will credit retail customers \$10 million in 2017, \$1.4 million in the first quarter of the year after the transaction closes, and \$117,500 each month in the second year after the transaction closes until such time as new base rates go into effect as a result of the anticipated 2018 base rate case. Entergy New Orleans began crediting retail customers in June 2017. In June 2017 the FERC approved the transaction and, pursuant to the agreement in principle, Entergy New Orleans will provide additional credits to retail customers of \$5 million in each of the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Entergy New Orleans expects to complete the internal restructuring in fourth quarter 2017.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Filing

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in October 2016, Entergy New Orleans filed an application seeking a finding from the City Council that Entergy New Orleans's deployment of advanced electric and gas metering infrastructure is in the public interest. In April 2017, Entergy New Orleans received intervenor testimony that was generally supportive of AMI deployment. The City Council's advisors filed testimony in May 2017 recommending the adoption of AMI subject to certain modifications, including the denial of Entergy New Orleans's proposed customer charge as a cost recovery mechanism. In June 2017 the procedural schedule was suspended to allow for settlement discussions. A

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status conference was held in October 2017, and the parties set another status conference for February 2018 with the intent to continue to pursue settlement in the interim.

Filings with the PUCT

Retail Rates

2011 Rate Case

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of Entergy Texas's 2011 rate case. As discussed in the Form 10-K, several parties, including Entergy Texas, appealed various aspects of the PUCT's order to the Travis County District Court. In October 2014 the Travis County District Court issued an order upholding the PUCT's decision except as to the line-loss factor issue referenced in the Form 10-K, which was found in favor of Entergy Texas. In November 2014, Entergy Texas and other parties, including the PUCT, appealed the Travis County District Court decision to the Third Court of Appeals. Oral argument before the court panel was held in September 2015. In April 2016 the Third Court of Appeals issued its opinion affirming the District Court's decision on all points. Entergy Texas and other parties petitioned the Texas Supreme Court to hear its appeal of the Third Court's ruling. In September 2017 the Texas Supreme Court denied the petitions for review. Entergy Texas filed a motion for rehearing of the Texas Supreme Court's denial of the petition for review. That motion is pending.

Other Filings

In September 2016, Entergy Texas filed with the PUCT a request to amend its transmission cost recovery factor (TCRF) rider. The proposed amended TCRF rider is designed to collect approximately \$29.5 million annually from Entergy Texas's retail customers. This amount includes the approximately \$10.5 million annually that Entergy Texas is currently authorized to collect through the TCRF rider. In December 2016, Entergy Texas and the PUCT reached a settlement agreeing to the amended TCRF annual revenue requirement of \$29.5 million. The PUCT approved the settlement and issued a final order in March 2017. Entergy Texas implemented the amended TCRF rider beginning with bills covering usage on and after March 20, 2017.

In June 2017, Entergy Texas filed an application to amend its distribution cost recovery factor (DCRF) rider by increasing the total collection from \$8.65 million to approximately \$19 million. In July 2017, Entergy Texas, the PUCT, and the parties in the proceeding entered into an unopposed stipulation and settlement agreement resulting in an amended DCRF annual revenue requirement of \$18.3 million, with the resulting rates effective for usage no later than October 1, 2017. In September 2017 the PUCT issued its final order approving the unopposed stipulation and settlement agreement. The amended DCRF rider rates became effective for usage on and after September 1, 2017.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) Filing

In April 2017 the Texas legislature enacted legislation that extends statutory support for AMI deployment to Entergy Texas and directs that if Entergy Texas elects to deploy AMI, it shall do so as rapidly as practicable. In July 2017, Entergy Texas filed an application seeking an order from the PUCT approving Entergy Texas's deployment of AMI. Entergy Texas proposed to replace existing meters with advanced meters that enable two-way data communication; design and build a secure and reliable network to support such communications; and implement support systems. AMI is intended to serve as the foundation of Entergy Texas's modernized power grid. The filing identified a number of quantified and unquantified benefits, with Entergy Texas showing that its AMI deployment is expected to produce nominal net operational cost savings to customers of \$33 million. Entergy Texas also sought to continue to

include in rate base the remaining book value, approximately \$41 million at December 31, 2016, of existing meters that will be retired as part of the AMI deployment and also to depreciate those assets using current depreciation rates. Entergy Texas proposed a seven-year depreciable life for the new advanced meters, the three-year deployment of which is expected to begin in 2019. Entergy Texas also proposed a surcharge tariff to recover the reasonable and necessary costs it has and will incur under the deployment plan for the full deployment of advanced meters. Further, Entergy

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Texas is seeking approval of fees that would be charged to customers who choose to opt out of receiving service through an advanced meter and instead receive electric service with a non-standard meter. Subject to approval by the PUCT, deployment of the communications network is expected to begin in 2018. In October 2017, Entergy Texas and other parties entered into and filed an unopposed stipulation and settlement agreement. PUCT action on the stipulation and settlement agreement remains pending. Entergy Texas expects a decision from the PUCT by December 2017.

Storm Cost Recovery

Entergy Mississippi

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for discussion of Entergy Mississippi's storm damage provision. As of July 31, 2017, the balance in Entergy Mississippi's accumulated storm damage provision was less than \$10 million, therefore Entergy Mississippi resumed billing the monthly storm damage provision effective with September 2017 bills.

System Agreement Cost Equalization Proceedings

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the proceedings regarding the System Agreement, including the LPSC's petition for review of the FERC's October 2011 and February 2014 orders with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. In August 2017 the D.C. Circuit issued a decision addressing the LPSC's appeal of the FERC's October 2011 and February 2014 orders. On the issue of the FERC's implementation of the prospective remedy as of June 2005 and whether the bandwidth remedy should be extended for an additional 17 months in years 2004-2005, the D.C. Circuit affirmed the FERC's implementation of the remedy and denied the LPSC's appeal. On the issue of whether the operating companies should be required to issue refunds for the 20-month period from September 2001 to May 2003, the D.C. Circuit granted the FERC's request for agency reconsideration and remanded that issue back to the FERC for further proceedings as requested by all parties to the appeal.

Entergy Arkansas Opportunity Sales Proceedings

As discussed in the Form 10-K, in June 2009 the LPSC filed a complaint requesting that the FERC determine that certain of Entergy Arkansas's sales of electric energy to third parties: (a) violated the provisions of the System Agreement that allocated the energy generated by Entergy System resources, (b) imprudently denied the Entergy System and its ultimate consumers the benefits of low-cost Entergy System generating capacity, and (c) violated the provision of the System Agreement that prohibited sales to third parties by individual companies absent an offer of a right-of-first-refusal to other Utility operating companies. The LPSC's complaint challenges sales made beginning in 2002 and requests refunds.

In April 2016 the FERC issued orders addressing requests for rehearing filed in July 2012 and an ALJ's August 2013 initial decision. The first order denies Entergy's request for rehearing and affirms FERC's earlier rulings that Entergy's original methodology for allocating energy costs to the opportunity sales was incorrect and, as a result, Entergy Arkansas must make payments to the other Utility operating companies to put them in the same position that they would have been in absent the incorrect allocation. The FERC clarified that interest should be included with the payments. The second order affirmed in part, and reversed in part, the rulings in the ALJ's August 2013 initial decision regarding the methodology that should be used to calculate the payments Entergy Arkansas is to make to the other Utility operating companies. The FERC affirmed the ALJ's ruling that a full re-run of intra-system bills should be performed, but required that methodology be modified so that the sales have the same priority for purposes of energy allocation as joint account sales. The FERC reversed the ALJ's decision that any payments by Entergy Arkansas

should be reduced by 20%. The FERC also reversed the ALJ's decision that adjustments to other System Agreement service schedules and excess bandwidth payments should not be taken into account when calculating the payments to be made by Entergy Arkansas. The FERC held that such adjustments and excess bandwidth payments should be taken into account, but ordered further proceedings before an ALJ to address whether a cap on any reduction due to bandwidth payments was necessary and to implement the other adjustments to the calculation methodology.

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In May 2016, Entergy Services filed a request for rehearing of the FERC's April 2016 order arguing that payments made by Entergy Arkansas should be reduced as a result of the timing of the LPSC's approval of certain contracts. Entergy Services also filed a request for clarification and/or rehearing of the FERC's April 2016 order addressing the ALJ's August 2013 initial decision. The APSC and the LPSC also filed requests for rehearing of the FERC's April 2016 order. In September 2017 the FERC issued an order denying the request for rehearing on the issue of whether any payments by Entergy Arkansas to the other Utility operating companies should be reduced due to the timing of the LPSC's approval of Entergy Arkansas's wholesale baseload contract with Entergy Louisiana.

Pursuant to the procedural schedule established in the case, Entergy Services re-ran intra-system bills for the ten-year period 2000-2009 to quantify the effects of the FERC's ruling. In November 2016 the LPSC submitted testimony disputing certain aspects of the calculations, and Entergy Services submitted answering testimony in January 2017. In February 2017 the FERC staff filed testimony and Entergy Services filed responsive testimony. In March 2017 the LPSC filed rebuttal testimony. A hearing was held in May 2017. In July 2017 the ALJ issued an initial decision concluding that Entergy Arkansas should pay \$86 million plus interest to the other Utility operating companies. In August 2017 the Utility operating companies, the LPSC, the APSC, and FERC staff filed individual briefs on exceptions challenging various aspects of the initial decision. In September 2017 the Utility operating companies, the LPSC, the APSC, the MPSC, the City Council, and FERC staff filed separate briefs opposing exceptions taken by various parties. The case is pending before the FERC. No payments will be made or received by the Utility operating companies until the FERC issues an order reviewing the initial decision and Entergy submits a subsequent filing to comply with that order.

The effect of the FERC's decisions thus far in the case would be that Entergy Arkansas will make payments to some or all of the other Utility operating companies. Because further proceedings will still occur in the case, the amount and recipients of payments by Entergy Arkansas are unknown at this time. Based on testimony previously submitted in the case and its assessment of the April 2016 FERC orders, in the first quarter 2016, Entergy Arkansas recorded a liability of \$87 million, which includes interest, for its estimated increased costs and payment to the other Utility operating companies. This estimate is subject to change depending on how the FERC resolves the issues that are still outstanding in the case, including its review of the July 2017 initial decision. Entergy Arkansas's increased costs will be attributed to Entergy Arkansas's retail and wholesale businesses, and it is not probable that Entergy Arkansas will recover the wholesale portion. Entergy Arkansas, therefore, recorded a regulatory asset in the first quarter 2016 of approximately \$75 million, which represents its estimate of the retail portion of the costs.

Complaint Against System Energy

In January 2017 the APSC and MPSC filed a complaint with the FERC against System Energy. The complaint seeks a reduction in the return on equity component of the Unit Power Sales Agreement pursuant to which System Energy sells its Grand Gulf capacity and energy to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans. Entergy Arkansas also sells some of its Grand Gulf capacity and energy to Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans under separate agreements. The current return on equity under the Unit Power Sales Agreement is 10.94%. The complaint alleges that the return on equity is unjust and unreasonable because current capital market and other considerations indicate that it is excessive. The complaint requests the FERC to institute proceedings to investigate the return on equity and establish a lower return on equity, and also requests that the FERC establish January 23, 2017 as a refund effective date. The complaint includes return on equity analysis that purports to establish that the range of reasonable return on equity for System Energy is between 8.37% and 8.67%. System Energy answered the complaint in February 2017 and disputes that a return on equity of 8.37% to 8.67% is just and reasonable. The LPSC and the City Council intervened in the proceeding expressing support for the complaint. System Energy is recording a provision against revenue for the potential outcome of this proceeding. In

September 2017 the FERC established a refund effective date of January 23, 2017, consolidated the return on equity complaint proceeding with the proceeding related to System Energy's Unit Power Sales Agreement amendments, discussed below, and directed the parties to engage in settlement proceedings before an ALJ. If the parties fail to come to an agreement during settlement proceedings, a prehearing conference will be held to establish a procedural schedule for hearing proceedings.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements

Unit Power Sales Agreement

In August 2017, System Energy submitted to the FERC proposed amendments to the Unit Power Sales Agreement pursuant to which System Energy sells its Grand Gulf capacity and energy to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans. The filing proposes limited amendments to the Unit Power Sales Agreement to adopt (1) updated rates for use in calculating Grand Gulf plant depreciation and amortization expenses and (2) updated nuclear decommissioning cost annual revenue requirements, both of which are recovered through the Unit Power Sales Agreement rate formula. The proposed amendments would result in lower charges to the Utility operating companies that buy capacity and energy from System Energy under the Unit Power Sales Agreement. The proposed changes are based on updated depreciation and nuclear decommissioning studies that take into account the renewal of Grand Gulf's operating license for a term through November 1, 2044. System Energy requested that the FERC accept the amendments effective October 1, 2017.

In September 2017 the FERC accepted System Energy's proposed Unit Power Sales Agreement amendments, subject to further proceedings to consider the justness and reasonableness of the amendments. Because the amendments propose a rate decrease, the FERC also initiated an investigation under Section 206 of the Federal Power Act to determine if the rate decrease should be lower than proposed. The FERC accepted the proposed amendments effective October 1, 2017, subject to refund pending the outcome of the further settlement and/or hearing proceedings, and established a refund effective date of October 11, 2017 with respect to the rate decrease. The FERC also consolidated the Unit Power Sales Agreement amendment proceeding with the proceeding related to the complaint filed by the APSC and MPSC, discussed above, and directed the parties to engage in settlement proceedings before an ALJ. If the parties fail to come to an agreement during settlement proceedings, a prehearing conference will be held to establish a procedural schedule for hearing proceedings.

NOTE 3. EQUITY (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louisiana)

Common Stock

Earnings per Share

The following table presents Entergy's basic and diluted earnings per share calculations included on the consolidated income statements:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					
	2017			2016		
	(In Mill	ions, E	xcept Pe	r Share	Data)	
Basic earnings per share	Income	Shares	\$/share	Income	Shares	\$/share
Net income attributable to Entergy Corporation	\$398.2	179.6	\$2.22	\$388.2	179.0	\$2.17
Average dilutive effect of:						
Stock options		0.2			0.3	_
Other equity plans		0.7	(0.01)		0.7	(0.01)
Diluted earnings per share	\$398.2	180.5	\$2.21	\$388.2	180.0	\$2.16

The number of stock options not included in the calculation of diluted common shares outstanding due to their antidilutive effect was approximately 2.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and approximately 3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2017			2016			
	(In Millions, Except Per Share			r Share Da	re Data)		
Basic earnings per share	Income	Shares	\$/share	Income	Shares	\$/share	
Net income attributable to Entergy Corporation	\$890.7	179.5	\$4.96	\$1,185.4	178.8	\$6.63	
Average dilutive effect of:							
Stock options		0.2	(0.01)		0.2	(0.01)	
Other equity plans		0.5	(0.01)		0.5	(0.02)	
Diluted earnings per share	\$890.7	180.2	\$4.94	\$1,185.4	179.5	\$6.60	

The number of stock options not included in the calculation of diluted common shares outstanding due to their antidilutive effect was approximately 3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and approximately 4.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Entergy's stock options and other equity compensation plans are discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements herein and in Note 12 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K.

Treasury Stock

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, Entergy Corporation issued 496,177 shares of its previously repurchased common stock to satisfy stock option exercises, vesting of shares of restricted stock, and other stock-based awards. Entergy Corporation did not repurchase any of its common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Retained Earnings

On October 27, 2017, Entergy Corporation's Board of Directors declared a common stock dividend of \$0.89 per share, payable on December 1, 2017, to holders of record as of November 9, 2017.

Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is included in the equity section of the balance sheets of Entergy and Entergy Louisiana. The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy for the three months ended September 30, 2017 by component:

	Cash				
	flow	Pension	Net		Total
	hedges	and	unrealized	Foreign	Accumulated
	net	other	_	currency	Other
	unrealize	edpostretiremen	investment gain (loss)	translatio	o@comprehensive
	gain	liabilities	gain (1088)		Income (Loss)
	(loss)				
	(In Thou	sands)			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2017	\$23,414	(\$449,898)	\$479,257	\$ —	\$52,773
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	27,884	_	35,630		63,514
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(14,671)	12,297	(2,235)	_	(4,609)

Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period 13,213 12,297 33,395 — 58,905 Ending balance, September 30, 2017 \$36,627 (\$437,601) \$512,652 \$— \$111,678

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy for the three months ended September 30, 2016 by component:

	gain (loss)	Pension and other dpostretireme liabilities	n	Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	Foreign currency translation	, On	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
D 1 1 1 1 2016	(In Thous	,		Φ411 7 01	00.40		(00.155
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016	\$32,423	(\$453,999)	\$411,581	\$840		(\$9,155)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	45,162	_		23,039	(92)	68,109
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(24,190)	5,044		(1,672)	_		(20,818)
Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period Ending balance, September 30, 2016	20,972 \$53,395	5,044 (\$448,955)	21,367 \$432,948	(92 \$748)	47,291 \$38,136

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 by component:

	Cash flow hedges net unrealize gain (loss) (In Thous	Pension and other dpostretirement liabilities	Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	Foreign currency translation	Total Accumulated Other nComprehensive Income (Loss)
Beginning balance, January 1, 2017	\$3,993		\$429,734	\$748	(\$34,971)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	88,550	_	109,372	(748)	197,174
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(55,916)	31,845	(26,454)	_	(50,525)
Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period Ending balance, September 30, 2017	32,634 \$36,627	31,845 (\$437,601)	82,918 \$512,652	(748) \$—	146,649 \$111,678

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 by component:

	Cash flow hedges net unrealized gain (loss) (In Thousa	and other postretirement liabilities	l nt	Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	Foreign currency translation	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensi Income (Loss	ve
Beginning balance, January 1, 2016	\$105,970	(\$466,604) 5	\$367,557	\$2,028	\$8,951	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	101,071	_	,	72,087	(1,280)	171,878	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(153,646)	17,649	((6,696)	_	(142,693)
Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(52,575)	17,649	(65,391	(1,280)	29,185	
Ending balance, September 30, 2016	\$53,395	(\$448,955) 5	\$432,948	\$748	\$38,136	

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy Louisiana for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Pension and Other Postretirement Liabilities 2017 2016 (In Thousands) (\$49,122) (\$56,905) Beginning balance, July 1, Amounts reclassified from accumulated other (370) (232) comprehensive income (loss) Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period (370) (232 Ending balance, September 30, (\$49,492) (\$57,137)

The following table presents changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for Entergy Louisiana for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Pension and Other Postretirement Liabilities 2017 2016 (In Thousands) Beginning balance, January 1, (\$48,442) (\$56,412) Amounts reclassified from accumulated other (1,050) (725)) comprehensive income (loss) Net other comprehensive income (loss) for the period (1,050) (725)Ending balance, September 30, (\$49,492) (\$57,137)

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

Total reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) for Entergy for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Amounts reclassified Income Statement Location from AOCI 2017 2016 (In Thousands)
Cash flow hedges net unrealized gain (loss)	
Power contracts	\$22,756 \$37,550 Competitive business operating revenues
Interest rate swaps	(185) (334) Miscellaneous - net
Total realized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	22,571 37,216
	(7,900) (13,026) Income taxes
Total realized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges (net of tax)	\$14,671 \$24,190
Pension and other postretirement liabilities	
Amortization of prior-service credit	\$6,565 \$7,354 (a)
Amortization of loss	(21,480) (15,183) (a)
Settlement loss	(4,200) (1,279) (a)
Total amortization	(19,115) (9,108)
	6,818 4,064 Income taxes
Total amortization (net of tax)	(\$12,297) (\$5,044)
Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	
Realized gain (loss)	\$4,382 \$3,279 Interest and investment income
	(2,147) (1,607) Income taxes
Total realized investment gain (loss) (net of tax)	\$2,235 \$1,672
Total reclassifications for the period (net of tax)	\$4,609 \$20,818

These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and other postretirement cost. See Note 6 to the financial statements herein for additional details.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

Total reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) for Entergy for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Cash flow hedges net unrealized gain (loss)	Amounts reclassified from AOCI 2017 2016 (In Thousands) Income Statement Location
•	Competitive business operating
Power contracts	\$86,678 \$237,483 revenues
Interest rate swaps	(654) (1,104) Miscellaneous - net
Total realized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	86,024 236,379
	(30,108) (82,733) Income taxes
Total realized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges (net of	\$55,916 \$153,646
tax)	
Pension and other postretirement liabilities	
Amortization of prior-service credit	\$19,691 \$22,064 (a)
Amortization of loss	(64,605) (45,535) (a)
Settlement loss	(5,965) (1,279) (a)
Total amortization	(50,879) (24,750)
	19,034 7,101 Income taxes
Total amortization (net of tax)	(\$31,845) (\$17,649)
Net unrealized investment gain (loss)	
Realized gain (loss)	\$51,871 \$13,129 Interest and investment income
realized gain (1988)	(25,417) (6,433) Income taxes
Total realized investment gain (loss) (net of tax)	\$26,454 \$6,696
Total reclassifications for the period (net of tax)	\$50,525 \$142,693

⁽a) These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and other postretirement cost. See Note 6 to the financial statements herein for additional details.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

Total reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) for Entergy Louisiana for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Amounts reclassified **Income Statement Location** from AOCI 2017 2016 (In Thousands) Pension and other postretirement liabilities Amortization of prior-service credit \$1,934 \$1,947 (a) Amortization of loss (1,332) (1,570) (a) Total amortization 377 602 (232) (145) Income taxes 232 Total amortization (net of tax) 370 Total reclassifications for the period (net of tax) \$370 \$232

Total reclassifications for the period (net of tax) \$370 \$232

Total reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) for Entergy Louisiana for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Amounts reclassified **Income Statement Location** from AOCI 2017 2016 (In Thousands) Pension and other postretirement liabilities Amortization of prior-service credit \$5,802 \$5,841 (a) Amortization of loss (3,996) (4,712) (a) Total amortization 1,806 1,129 (756) (404) Income taxes Total amortization (net of tax) 1,050 725

Total reclassifications for the period (net of tax) \$1,050 \$725

NOTE 4. REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITIES, LINES OF CREDIT, SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS, AND LONG-TERM DEBT (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Texas, and System Energy)

Entergy Corporation has in place a credit facility that has a borrowing capacity of \$3.5 billion and expires in August 2022. The facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against 50% of the total borrowing capacity of the credit facility. The commitment fee is currently 0.225% of the undrawn commitment amount. Commitment fees and interest rates on loans under the credit facility can fluctuate depending on the senior unsecured debt ratings of Entergy

⁽a) These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and other postretirement cost. See Note 6 to the financial statements herein for additional details.

⁽a) These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and other postretirement cost. See Note 6 to the financial statements herein for additional details.

Corporation. The weighted average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 2.50% on the

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

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drawn portion of the facility. Following is a summary of the borrowings outstanding and capacity available under the facility as of September 30, 2017.

Capacity Borrowings Letters Capacity of Credit Available (In Millions) \$3,500 \$150 \$6 \$3,344

Entergy Corporation's credit facility requires Entergy to maintain a consolidated debt ratio, as defined, of 65% or less of its total capitalization. Entergy is in compliance with this covenant. If Entergy fails to meet this ratio, or if Entergy Corporation or one of the Utility operating companies (except Entergy New Orleans) defaults on other indebtedness or is in bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, an acceleration of the facility maturity date may occur.

Entergy Corporation has a commercial paper program with a Board-approved program limit of up to \$1.5 billion. At September 30, 2017, Entergy Corporation had \$1.3 billion of commercial paper outstanding. The weighted-average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 1.45%.

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy Texas each had credit facilities available as of September 30, 2017 as follows:

Company	Expiration Date	Amount of Facility	Interest Rate (a)	Amount Drawn as of September 30, 2017	Letters of Credit Outstanding as of September 30, 2017
Entergy Arkansas	April 2018	\$20 million (b)	2.49%	\$—	\$ —
Entergy Arkansas	August 2022	\$150 million (c)	2.49%	\$—	\$ —
Entergy Louisiana	August 2022	\$350 million (d)	2.49%	\$—	\$9.1 million
Entergy Mississippi	May 2018	\$37.5 million (e)	2.74%	\$—	\$ —
Entergy Mississippi	May 2018	\$35 million (e)	2.74%	\$	\$ —
Entergy Mississippi	May 2018	\$20 million (e)	2.74%	\$—	\$ —
Entergy Mississippi	May 2018	\$10 million (e)	2.74%	\$	\$ —
Entergy New Orleans	November 2018	\$25 million (f)	2.71%	\$	\$0.8 million
Entergy Texas	August 2022	\$150 million (g)	2.74%	\$	\$24.4 million

⁽a) The interest rate is the rate as of September 30, 2017 that would most likely apply to outstanding borrowings under the facility.

⁽b) Borrowings under the Entergy Arkansas credit facility may be secured by a security interest in its accounts receivable at Entergy Arkansas's option.

⁽c) The credit facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against 50% of the borrowing capacity of the facility.

⁽d) The credit facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against 50% of the borrowing capacity of the facility.

- (e) Borrowings under the Entergy Mississippi credit facilities may be secured by a security interest in its accounts receivable at Entergy Mississippi's option.
- The credit facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against \$10 million of the borrowing capacity of the facility.
- (g) The credit facility permits the issuance of letters of credit against 50% of the borrowing capacity of the facility.

The commitment fees on the credit facilities range from 0.075% to 0.275% of the undrawn commitment amount. Each of the credit facilities requires the Registrant Subsidiary borrower to maintain a debt ratio, as defined, of 65% or less of its total capitalization. Each Registrant Subsidiary is in compliance with this covenant.

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In addition, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy Texas each entered into one or more uncommitted standby letter of credit facilities as a means to post collateral to support its obligations to MISO. Following is a summary of the uncommitted standby letter of credit facilities as of September 30, 2017:

Company	Amount of Uncommitted Facility	Letter of Credit Fee	Letters of Credit Issued as of September 30, 2017 (a)
Entergy Arkansas	\$25 million	0.70%	\$2 million
Entergy Louisiana	\$125 million	0.70%	\$38.5 million
Entergy Mississippi	\$40 million	0.70%	\$12.8 million
Entergy New Orleans	\$15 million	0.75%	\$7.1 million
Entergy Texas	\$50 million	0.70%	\$19.6 million

As of September 30, 2017, letters of credit posted with MISO covered financial transmission rights exposure of (a) \$0.2 million for Entergy Arkansas and \$0.1 million for Entergy Mississippi. See Note 8 to the financial statements herein for discussion of financial transmission rights.

The short-term borrowings of the Registrant Subsidiaries are limited to amounts authorized by the FERC. The current FERC-authorized limits are effective through October 31, 2019. In addition to borrowings from commercial banks, these companies may also borrow from the Entergy System money pool and from other internal short-term borrowing arrangements. The money pool and the other internal borrowing arrangements are inter-company borrowing arrangements designed to reduce the Utility subsidiaries' dependence on external short-term borrowings. Borrowings from internal and external short term borrowings combined may not exceed the FERC-authorized limits. The following are the FERC-authorized limits for short-term borrowings and the outstanding short-term borrowings as of September 30, 2017 (aggregating both internal and external short-term borrowings) for the Registrant Subsidiaries:

	Authorized	Borrowings			
	(In Millions)				
Entergy Arkansas	\$250	\$95			
Entergy Louisiana	\$450	\$ —			
Entergy Mississippi	\$175	\$106			
Entergy New Orleans	\$100	\$—			
Entergy Texas	\$200	\$89			
System Energy	\$200	\$			

Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee Credit Facilities

Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee has a credit facility guaranteed by Entergy Corporation with a borrowing capacity of \$100 million, which expires in January 2018. Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee does not have the ability to issue letters of credit against the credit facility. This facility provides working capital to Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee for general business purposes including, without limitation, the decommissioning of Vermont Yankee. The commitment fee is currently 0.20% of the undrawn commitment amount. As of September 30, 2017, \$80 million in cash borrowings were outstanding under the credit facility. The weighted average interest rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 2.56% on the drawn portion of the facility.

Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee also has an uncommitted credit facility guaranteed by Entergy Corporation with a borrowing capacity of \$85 million, which expires in January 2018. Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee does not have the ability to issue letters of credit against the credit facility. This facility provides an additional funding source to

Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee for general business purposes including, without limitation, the decommissioning of Vermont Yankee. As of September 30, 2017, there were no cash borrowings outstanding under the credit facility.

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Notes to Financial Statements

The rate as of September 30, 2017 that would most likely apply to outstanding borrowings under the facility was 2.73%.

Variable Interest Entities (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy)

See Note 17 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of the consolidation of the nuclear fuel company variable interest entities (VIEs). To finance the acquisition and ownership of nuclear fuel, the nuclear fuel company VIEs have credit facilities and three of the four VIEs also issue commercial paper as of September 30, 2017 as follows:

Company	Expiration Date	Amount of Facility	Weighted Average Interest Rate on Borrowings (a)	Amount Outstanding as of September 30, 2017
		(Dollars i	n Millions)	
Entergy Arkansas VIE	May 2019	\$80	2.49%	\$23.3 (b)
Entergy Louisiana River Bend VIE	May 2019	\$105	2.33%	\$78.8
Entergy Louisiana Waterford VIE	May 2019	\$85	2.55%	\$76.9 (c)
System Energy VIE	May 2019	\$120	2.44%	\$81.8 (d)

- (a) Includes letter of credit fees and bank fronting fees on commercial paper issuances by the nuclear fuel company variable interest entities for Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy. The nuclear fuel company variable interest entity for Entergy Louisiana River Bend does not issue commercial paper, but borrows directly on its bank credit facility.
- (b) Includes borrowings on the credit facility and commercial paper. Commercial paper is classified as a current liability and the amount outstanding for Entergy Arkansas VIE as of September 30, 2017 was \$8.3 million. Includes borrowings on the credit facility and commercial paper. Commercial paper is classified as a current
- (c) liability and the amount outstanding for Entergy Louisiana Waterford VIE as of September 30, 2017 was \$40.6 million.
- (d) liability and the amount outstanding for System Energy VIE as of September 30, 2017 was \$31.8 million.

The commitment fees on the credit facilities are 0.10% of the undrawn commitment amount for the Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy VIEs. Each credit facility requires the respective lessee of nuclear fuel (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, or Entergy Corporation as guarantor for System Energy) to maintain a consolidated debt ratio, as defined, of 70% or less of its total capitalization.

The nuclear fuel company variable interest entities had notes payable that are included in debt on the respective balance sheets as of September 30, 2017 as follows:

Company	Description	Amount
Entergy Arkansas VIE	2.62% Series K due December 2017	\$60 million
Entergy Arkansas VIE	3.65% Series L due July 2021	\$90 million
Entergy Arkansas VIE	3.17% Series M due December 2023	\$40 million
Entergy Louisiana River Bend VIE	3.38% Series R due August 2020	\$70 million
Entergy Louisiana Waterford VIE	3.92% Series H due February 2021	\$40 million

Entergy Louisiana Waterford VIE 3.22% Series I due December 2023 \$20 million System Energy VIE 3.78% Series I due October 2018 \$85 million

In accordance with regulatory treatment, interest on the nuclear fuel company variable interest entities' credit facilities, commercial paper, and long-term notes payable is reported in fuel expense.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements

Debt Issuances and Retirements

(Entergy Arkansas)

In May 2017, Entergy Arkansas issued \$220 million of 3.5% Series first mortgage bonds due April 2026. These bonds were a further issuance of the 3.5% Series first mortgage bonds issued in January 2016 and June 2016. Entergy Arkansas used a portion of the proceeds from the May 2017 issuance for general corporate purposes and used the remainder of the proceeds to pay, at maturity, its \$54.7 million of 1.55% pollution control revenue refunding bonds due October 2017.

(Entergy Louisiana)

In May 2017, Entergy Louisiana issued \$450 million of 3.12% collateral trust mortgage bonds due September 2027. Entergy Louisiana used the proceeds to finance the construction of the St. Charles Power Station, to pay, at maturity, its \$45.3 million of Waterford Series collateral trust mortgage notes, and for general corporate purposes.

In July 2017 the Entergy Louisiana River Bend nuclear fuel company variable interest entity paid, at maturity, its \$75 million of 3.25% Series Q notes.

In July 2017 the Entergy Louisiana Waterford nuclear fuel company variable interest entity paid, at maturity, its \$25 million of 3.25% Series G notes.

(System Energy)

In February 2017 the System Energy nuclear fuel company variable interest entity paid, at maturity, its \$50 million of 4.02% Series H notes.

Fair Value

The book value and the fair value of long-term debt for Entergy Corporation and the Registrant Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

Book Value Fair Value of of Long-Term Long-Term Debt (a) (b) (In Thousands)

Entergy \$14,846,729 \$15,216,502
Entergy Arkansas \$3,063,310 \$2,979,162
Entergy Louisiana \$6,167,496 \$6,454,620
Entergy Mississippi \$1,121,606 \$1,142,048
Entergy New Orleans \$444,310 \$468,770
Entergy Texas \$1,451,643 \$1,533,790
System Energy \$551,391 \$533,855

(b)

⁽a) The values exclude lease obligations of \$34 million at System Energy and long-term DOE obligations of \$183 million at Entergy Arkansas, and include debt due within one year.

Fair values are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements herein and are based on prices derived from inputs such as benchmark yields and reported trades.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

The book value and the fair value of long-term debt for Entergy Corporation and the Registrant Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Book Value Fair Value of of Long-Term Long-Term Debt (a) (b) (In Thousands)

Entergy \$14,832,555 \$14,815,535 Entergy Arkansas \$2,829,785 \$2,623,910 Entergy Louisiana \$5,812,791 \$5,929,488 Entergy Mississippi \$1,120,916 \$1,086,203 Entergy New Orleans \$448,994 \$455,459 Entergy Texas \$1,508,407 \$1,600,156 System Energy \$551,132 \$529,520

- (a) The values exclude lease obligations of \$57 million at Entergy Louisiana and \$34 million at System Energy and long-term DOE obligations of \$182 million at Entergy Arkansas, and include debt due within one year.
- (b) Fair values are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements herein and are based on prices derived from inputs such as benchmark yields and reported trades.

NOTE 5. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Entergy Corporation)

Entergy grants stock and stock-based awards, which are described more fully in Note 12 to the financial statements in the Form 10-K. Awards under Entergy's plans generally vest over three years.

Effective January 1, 2017, Entergy adopted ASU 2016-09, which permits the election of an accounting policy change to the method of recognizing forfeitures of stock-based compensation. Previously, Entergy recorded an estimate of the number of forfeitures expected to occur each period. Entergy elected to change this policy to account for forfeitures when they occur. This accounting change was applied retrospectively, but did not result in an adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2017.

Stock Options

Entergy granted options on 791,900 shares of its common stock under the 2015 Equity Ownership Plan during the first quarter 2017 with a weighted-average fair value of \$6.54 per option. As of September 30, 2017, there were options on 6,055,226 shares of common stock outstanding with a weighted-average exercise price of \$81.85. The intrinsic value, which has no effect on net income, of the outstanding stock options is calculated by the positive difference between the weighted average exercise price of the stock options granted and Entergy Corporation's common stock price as of September 30, 2017. Because Entergy's common stock price at September 30, 2017 was less than the weighted average exercise price, the aggregate intrinsic value of the stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2017 was zero. The intrinsic value of all "in the money" stock options was \$19.7 million as of September 30, 2017.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

The following table includes financial information for outstanding stock options for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

•	2017 2016
	(In
	Millions)
Compensation expense included in Entergy's net income	\$1.1 \$1.1
Tax benefit recognized in Entergy's net income	\$0.5 \$0.5
Compensation cost capitalized as part of fixed assets and inventory	\$0.2 \$0.2

The following table includes financial information for outstanding stock options for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	2017 2016
	(In
	Millions)
Compensation expense included in Entergy's net income	\$3.3 \$3.3
Tax benefit recognized in Entergy's net income	\$1.3 \$1.3
Compensation cost capitalized as part of fixed assets and inventory	\$0.6 \$0.6

Other Equity Awards

In January 2017 the Board approved and Entergy granted 379,850 restricted stock awards and 220,450 long-term incentive awards under the 2015 Equity Ownership Plan. The restricted stock awards were made effective as of January 26, 2017 and were valued at \$70.53 per share, which was the closing price of Entergy's common stock on that date. One-third of the restricted stock awards will vest upon each anniversary of the grant date. In addition, long-term incentive awards were granted in the form of performance units that represent the value of, and are settled with, one share of Entergy Corporation common stock at the end of the three-year performance period, plus dividends accrued during the performance period on the number of performance units earned. The performance units were granted effective as of January 26, 2017 and were valued at \$71.40 per share. Entergy considers various factors, primarily market conditions, in determining the value of the performance units. Shares of restricted stock have the same dividend and voting rights as other common stock, are considered issued and outstanding shares of Entergy upon vesting, and are expensed ratably over the 3-year vesting period. Performance units have the same dividend rights as shares of Entergy common stock, are considered issued and outstanding shares of Entergy upon vesting, and are expensed ratably over the 3-year vesting period.

The following table includes financial information for other outstanding equity awards for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	2017 2016
	(In
	Millions)
Compensation expense included in Entergy's net income	\$7.6 \$8.5
Tax benefit recognized in Entergy's net income	\$3.0 \$3.3
Compensation cost capitalized as part of fixed assets and inventory	\$2.1 \$2.0

The following table includes financial information for other outstanding equity awards for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	(In Millio	ons)
Compensation expense included in Entergy's net income	\$24.1	,
Tax benefit recognized in Entergy's net income	\$9.3	\$9.8
Compensation cost capitalized as part of fixed assets and inventory	\$6.3	\$5.7

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Texas, and System Energy)

Components of Qualified Net Pension Cost

Entergy's qualified pension cost, including amounts capitalized, for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

2017	2016
(In Thous	ands)
\$33,410	\$35,811
65,206	65,403
(102,056)	(97,366)
65	270
56,930	48,824
\$53,555	\$52,942
	(In Thous \$33,410 65,206 (102,056)

Entergy's qualified pension cost, including amounts capitalized, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, included the following components: 2017

2016

	2017	2016
	(In Thousa	nds)
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$100,230	\$107,433
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	195,618	196,209
Expected return on assets	(306,168)	(292,098)
Amortization of prior service cost	195	810
Amortization of loss	170,790	146,472
Net pension costs	\$160,665	\$158,826

The Registrant Subsidiaries' qualified pension cost, including amounts capitalized, for their employees for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

<i>C</i> 3	Mississinni	New	Entergy Texas	System Energy
Thousands)				
090 \$6,925	\$1,472	\$625	\$1,364	\$1,536
944 14,809	3,732	1,791	3,392	3,091
,427) (23,017)	(6,131)	(2,800)	(6,180)	(4,663)
640 12,354	3,053	1,658	2,310	2,964
247 \$11,071	\$2,126	\$1,274	\$886	\$2,928
,,	ansasLouisiana Thousands) 090 \$6,925 044 14,809 427 (23,017) 640 12,354	Thousands) 090 \$6,925 \$1,472 044 14,809 3,732 427) (23,017) (6,131) 640 12,354 3,053	ansasLouisiana Mississippi New Orleans Thousands) 090 \$6,925 \$1,472 \$625 044 14,809 3,732 1,791 427) (23,017) (6,131) (2,800) 640 12,354 3,053 1,658	Thousands) 090 \$6,925 \$1,472 \$625 \$1,364 044 14,809 3,732 1,791 3,392 427) (23,017) (6,131) (2,800) (6,180) 640 12,354 3,053 1,658 2,310

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

2016	Entergy Entergy ArkansasLouisian	0,5	New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thousands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$5,181 \$7,049	\$1,562	\$656	\$1,416	\$1,566
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	13,055 14,870	3,811	1,814	3,557	2,992
Expected return on assets	(19,772) (22,096) (5,981)	(2,687)	(6,062)	(4,459)
Amortization of loss	10,936 11,946	2,985	1,615	2,340	2,604
Net pension cost	\$9,400 \$11,769	\$2,377	\$1,398	\$1,251	\$2,703

The Registrant Subsidiaries' qualified pension cost, including amounts capitalized, for their employees for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

2017	Entergy Arkansas	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thous	ands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$15,270	\$20,775	\$4,416	\$1,875	\$4,092	\$4,608
Interest cost on projects benefit obligation	38,832	44,427	11,196	5,373	10,176	9,273
Expected return on assets	(61,281)	(69,051)	(18,393)	(8,400)	(18,540)	(13,989)
Amortization of loss	34,920	37,062	9,159	4,974	6,930	8,892
Net pension cost	\$27,741	\$33,213	\$6,378	\$3,822	\$2,658	\$8,784
2016	Entergy Arkansas	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thous	ands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$15,543	\$21,147	\$4,686	\$1,968	\$4,248	\$4,698
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	39,165	44,610	11,433	5,442	10,671	8,976
Expected return on assets	(59,316)	(66,288)	(17,943)	(8,061)	(18,186)	(13,377)
Amortization of loss	32,808	35,838	8,955	4,845	7,020	7,812
Net pension cost	\$28,200	\$35,307	\$7,131	\$4,194	\$3,753	\$8,109

Non-Qualified Net Pension Cost

Entergy recognized \$15.8 million and \$8 million in pension cost for its non-qualified pension plans in the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, respectively. Reflected in the pension cost for non-qualified pension plans in the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, respectively, is a \$11.6 million and \$3.7 million settlement charge related to the payment of lump sum benefits out of the plan. Entergy recognized \$28.9 million and \$16.5 million in pensions costs for its non-qualified pension plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Reflected in the pension cost for non-qualified pension plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, is a \$15.5 million and \$3.7 million settlement charge related to the payment of lump sum benefits out of this plan.

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

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The Registrant Subsidiaries recognized the following pension cost for their employees for their non-qualified pension plans in the third quarters of 2017 and 2016:

Entergyntergy Arkankasuisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas
(In Thousands)			
2017\$111 \$46	\$62	\$18	\$124
2016\$105 \$58	\$60	\$16	\$126

Reflected in Entergy Arkansas's non-qualified pension costs in the third quarter of 2017 is \$10 thousand in settlement charges related to the payment of lump sum benefits out of the plan.

The Registrant Subsidiaries recognized the following pension cost for their employees for their non-qualified pension plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Entergyntergy Arkankasuisiana	Entergy	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas
(In Thousands)			
2017\$483 \$141	\$189	\$55	\$377
2016\$317 \$176	\$179	\$48	\$380

Reflected in Entergy Arkansas's non-qualified pension costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is \$173 thousand in settlement charges related to the payment of lump sum benefits out of this plan.

Components of Net Other Postretirement Benefit Cost

Entergy's other postretirement benefit cost, including amounts capitalized, for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

	2017	2016
	(In Thou	ısands)
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$6,729	\$8,073
Interest cost on accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO)	13,960	14,083
Expected return on assets	(9,408)	(10,455)
Amortization of prior service credit	(10,356)	(11,373)
Amortization of loss	5,476	4,554
Net other postretirement benefit cost	\$6,401	\$4,882

Entergy's other postretirement benefit cost, including amounts capitalized, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

	2017	2016
	(In Thous	ands)
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$20,187	\$24,219
Interest cost on accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO)	41,880	42,249
Expected return on assets	(28,224)	(31,365)
Amortization of prior service credit	(31,068)	(34,119)
Amortization of loss	16,428	13,662
Net other postretirement benefit cost	\$19,203	\$14,646

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Notes to Financial Statements

The Registrant Subsidiaries' other postretirement benefit cost, including amounts capitalized, for their employees for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

2017	Entergy Entergy Arkansas Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thousands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$863 \$1,593	\$290	\$142	\$372	\$320
Interest cost on APBO	2,255 3,025	690	469	1,124	559
Expected return on assets	(3,959) —	(1,200)	(1,159)	(2,180)	(717)
Amortization of prior service credit	(1,278) (1,934)	(456)	(186)	(579)	(378)
Amortization of loss	1,115 465	419	105	826	390
Net other postretirement benefit cost	(\$1,004) \$3,149	(\$257)	(\$629)	(\$437)	\$174
2016	Entergy Entergy Arkansas Louisiana	Entergy a Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thousands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$978 \$1,869	\$386	\$156	\$398	\$334
Interest cost on APBO	2,324 3,260	709	448	1,039	529
Expected return on assets	(4,464) —	(1,379)	(1,154)	(2,394	(814)
Amortization of prior service credit	(1,368) (1,947)	(234)	(186)	(681	(393)
Amortization of loss	1,064 732	223	37	537	287
Net other postretirement benefit cost	(\$1,466) \$3,914	(\$295)	(\$699)	(\$1,101)	(\$57)

The Registrant Subsidiaries' other postretirement benefit cost, including amounts capitalized, for their employees for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, included the following components:

2017	Entergy Enter Arkansas Lou		Entergy	New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thousand	ls)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$2,589 \$4,7	779	\$870	\$426	\$1,116	\$960
Interest cost on APBO	6,765 9,07	75	2,070	1,407	3,372	1,677
Expected return on assets	(11,877) —		(3,600)	(3,477)	(6,540)	(2,151)
Amortization of prior service credit	(3,834) (5,8	302)	(1,368)	(558)	(1,737)	(1,134)
Amortization of loss	3,345 1,39	95	1,257	315	2,478	1,170
Net other postretirement benefit cost	(\$3,012) \$9,4	447	(\$771)	(\$1,887)	(\$1,311)	\$522
Interest cost on APBO Expected return on assets Amortization of prior service credit Amortization of loss	6,765 9,0° (11,877) — (3,834) (5,8 3,345 1,39	75 802) 95	2,070 (3,600) (1,368) 1,257	1,407 (3,477) (558) 315	3,372 (6,540) (1,737) 2,478	1,677 (2,151) (1,134) 1,170

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

2016	Entergy Arkansas		E.IIIELVV	Entergy New Orleans	Entergy Texas	System Energy
	(In Thou	sands)				
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$2,934	\$5,607	\$1,158	\$468	\$1,194	\$1,002
Interest cost on APBO	6,972	9,780	2,127	1,344	3,117	1,587
Expected return on assets	(13,392)	_	(4,137)	(3,462)	(7,182)	(2,442)
Amortization of prior service credit	(4,104)	(5,841)	(702)	(558)	(2,043)	(1,179)
Amortization of loss	3,192	2,196	669	111	1,611	861
Net other postretirement benefit cost	(\$4,398)	\$11,742	(\$885)	(\$2,097)	(\$3,303)	(\$171)

Reclassification out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Entergy and Entergy Louisiana reclassified the following costs out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (before taxes and including amounts capitalized) for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016:

2017	Qualified Pension Costs (In Thousa	Postretiremen Costs	t Non-Qualifi Pension Cos	ed ts Total
T	(III THOUS	alius)		
Entergy		* · = · ·		
Amortization of prior service (cost)/credit		\$6,718	(\$88) \$6,565
Amortization of loss	(18,451)	(2,202)	(827) (21,480)
Settlement loss		_	(4,200) (4,200)
	(\$18,516)	\$4,516	(\$5,115) (\$19,115)
Entergy Louisiana				
Amortization of prior service credit	\$ —	\$1,934	\$ —	\$1,934
Amortization of loss	(865)	(465)	(2) (1,332)
	(\$865)	\$1,469	(\$2) \$602
	Qualified (Other ,		
2016	Pension I	Postretirement 1	Non-Qualified	Total
	Costs (Costs	Pension Costs	
	(In Thousa			
Entergy	(=== ==================================	/		
Amortization of prior service (cost)/credit	(\$270)\$	57,738	\$114	\$7,354
Amortization of loss	(12,482)(•		(15,183)
Settlement loss			•	(1,279)
Settlement 1655	(\$12,752)\$		•	(\$9,108)
Entergy Louisiana	$(\Psi 12,732)\Psi$,5,075	φ2,031	(ψ2,100)
Amortization of prior service credit	\$—	\$1,947	S—	\$1,947
Amortization of loss				
Amoruzation of 1088		732) (•	(1,570)
	(\$836)\$	\$1,215	(\$2)	\$377

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

Entergy and Entergy Louisiana reclassified the following costs out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (before taxes and including amounts capitalized) for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

2017	Qualified Other Pension Postretireme Costs Costs	Non-Qualifie Pension Cost	d Total
	(In Thousands)		
Entergy			
Amortization of prior service (cost)/credit		`	\$19,691
Amortization of loss	(55,351)(6,606) (2,648) (64,605)
Settlement loss		(5,965	(5,965)
	(\$55,546)\$13,546	(\$8,879	(\$50,879)
Entergy Louisiana			
Amortization of prior service credit	\$— \$5,802	\$ —	\$5,802
Amortization of loss	(2,594)(1,395) (7	(3,996)
	(\$2,594)\$4,407	(\$7	\$1,806
	Qualified Other	N O 1'	C' - 1
2016	Pension Postretiren	Non-Quali	Total
	Costs Costs	Pension Co	osts
	(In Thousands)		
Entergy	,		
Amortization of prior service (cost)/credit	(\$810) \$23,214	(\$340) \$22,064
Amortization of loss	(37,446) (6,189) (1,900) (45,535)
Settlement loss		(1,279) (1,279)
	(\$38,256) \$17,025	(\$3,519) (\$24,750)
Entergy Louisiana	(+,) +,	(+++,+-+)) (+- 1,1 = 1)
Amortization of prior service credit	\$— \$5,841	\$ —	\$5,841
Amortization of loss	(2,508) (2,196) (8) (4,712)
7 HITOTHERMON OF TOSS	(\$2,508) \$3,645	(\$8) \$1,129
	(Ψ2,500) Ψ5,0-τ5	(ΨΟ	, Ψ1,12)

Employer Contributions

Based on current assumptions, Entergy expects to contribute \$409.9 million to its qualified pension plans in 2017. As of September 30, 2017, Entergy had contributed \$318 million to its pension plans. Based on current assumptions, the Registrant Subsidiaries expect to contribute the following to qualified pension plans for their employees in 2017:

	Entergy Entergy ArkansasLouisiana		Entergy New Orleans		System Energy
	(In Thousands)				
Expected 2017 pension contributions	\$79,725 \$86,728	\$19,063	\$9,842	\$16,908	\$18,307
Pension contributions made through September 2017	\$62,252 \$67,993	\$14,922	\$7,832	\$13,131	\$14,498
Remaining estimated pension contributions to be made in 2017	\$17,473 \$18,735	\$4,141	\$2,010	\$3,777	\$3,809

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Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 7. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Texas, and System Energy)

Entergy Corporation

Entergy's reportable segments as of September 30, 2017 are Utility and Entergy Wholesale Commodities. Utility includes the generation, transmission, distribution, and sale of electric power in portions of Arkansas, Mississippi, Texas, and Louisiana, including the City of New Orleans; and operation of a small natural gas distribution business. Entergy Wholesale Commodities includes the ownership, operation, and decommissioning of nuclear power plants located in the northern United States and the sale of the electric power produced by its operating plants to wholesale customers. Entergy Wholesale Commodities also provides services to other nuclear power plant owners and owns interests in non-nuclear power plants that sell the electric power produced by those plants to wholesale customers. "All Other" includes the parent company, Entergy Corporation, and other business activity.

Entergy's segment financial information for the third quarters of 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

		Entergy			
	Utility	Wholesale	All Other	Elimination	s Entergy
		Commodities			
	(In Thousar	nds)			
2017					
Operating revenues	\$2,820,421	\$423,245	\$ —	(\$38	\$3,243,628
Income taxes	\$230,647	\$25,563	(\$14,415)	\$	\$241,795
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$403,733	\$55,765	(\$25,956)	(\$31,898	\$401,644
2016					
Operating revenues	\$2,649,392	\$475,345	\$ —	(\$34	\$3,124,703
Income taxes	\$255,603	\$6,115	(\$3,812)	\$	\$257,906
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$447,782	\$8,221	(\$30,901)	(\$31,898	\$393,204

Entergy's segment financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

		Emergy			
	Utility	Wholesale	All Other	Eliminations	Entergy
		Commodities			
	(In Thousand	ls)			
2017					
Operating revenues	\$7,156,865	\$1,293,867	\$ —	(\$96)	\$8,450,636
Income taxes	\$459,990	(\$507,719)	(\$39,826)	\$	(\$87,555)
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$817,738	\$252,455	(\$73,434)	(\$95,695)	\$901,064
Total assets as of September 30, 2017	\$42,669,606	\$5,630,207	\$985,466	(\$2,886,837)	\$46,398,442
2016					
Operating revenues	\$6,855,664	\$1,341,534	\$ —	(\$80	\$8,197,118
Income taxes	\$359,653	(\$176,626)	(\$34,148)	\$	\$148,879