COLUMBIA BANKING SYSTEM INC

Form 10-Q

November 07, 2018

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018.

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to .

Commission File Number 0-20288

\_\_\_\_\_

#### COLUMBIA BANKING SYSTEM, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington 91-1422237

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1301 A Street

Tacoma, Washington
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(253) 305-1900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last

report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of common stock outstanding at October 31, 2018 was 73,257,775.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS Columbia Banking System, Inc. (Unaudited)

(Chaudicu)				
			-	, December 31,
			2018	2017
ASSETS			(in thousands)	
Cash and due from banks			\$220,706	\$244,615
Interest-earning deposits with			21,456	97,918
Total cash and cash equivalen			242,162	342,533
Debt securities available for s	ale at fair	value	2,921,114	2,737,751
Equity securities at fair value			4,901	5,080
Federal Home Loan Bank stoo	ck at cost		16,640	10,440
Loans held for sale			5,275	5,766
Loans, net of unearned incom	e		8,514,317	8,358,657
Less: allowance for loan and l	lease loss	es	83,787	75,646
Loans, net			8,430,530	8,283,011
Interest receivable			48,476	40,881
Premises and equipment, net			169,681	169,490
Other real estate owned			7,331	13,298
Goodwill			765,842	765,842
Other intangible assets, net			48,827	58,173
Other assets			295,817	284,621
Total assets			\$12,956,596	\$12,716,886
LIABILITIES AND SHAREI	HOLDER	S' EQUITY		
Deposits:				
Noninterest-bearing			\$5,250,222	\$5,081,901
Interest-bearing			5,353,735	5,450,184
Total deposits			10,603,957	10,532,085
Federal Home Loan Bank adv	ances		166,536	11,579
Securities sold under agreeme	ents to rep	urchase	62,197	79,059
Subordinated debentures	_		35,508	35,647
Junior subordinated debenture	es		_	8,248
Other liabilities			107,003	100,346
Total liabilities			10,975,201	10,766,964
Commitments and contingent	liabilities	(Note 12)		
Shareholders' equity:				
• •	Septemb	odDeccember 31,		
	2018	2017		
	(in thous	sands)		
Common stock (no par value)	•	•		
Authorized shares		115,000		
Issued and outstanding	73,260	73,020	1,640,140	1,634,705
Retained earnings	411,264	337,442		
Accumulated other comprehe		(22,225)		
Total shareholders' equity	1,981,395	1,949,922		
Total liabilities and sharehold	ers' eauit	y	\$12,956,596	\$12,716,886
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See accompanying Notes to unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Columbia Banking System, Inc.

(Unaudited)

(Onaudited)	Tl M	.4 T 1 . 1	NI: Man	d D. d. d
			Nine Mont	
	September		September	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Y Y	(in thousar	ias except	per share ar	nounts)
Interest Income	<b>0.100.7.10</b>	Φ <b>7</b> 0 644	<b>#210.107</b>	<b>\$220.240</b>
Loans	\$109,748	\$78,641	\$318,187	\$228,340
Taxable securities	14,654	8,718	39,285	29,172
Tax-exempt securities	3,069	2,718	9,196	8,125
Deposits in banks	104	226	600	268
Total interest income	127,575	90,303	367,268	265,905
Interest Expense				
Deposits	3,193	1,083	8,274	2,778
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	966	163	2,351	979
Subordinated debentures	468	_	1,404	_
Other borrowings	152	128	288	383
Total interest expense	4,779	1,374	12,317	4,140
Net Interest Income	122,796	88,929	354,951	261,765
Provision (recapture) for loan and lease losses	3,153	(648)	12,980	5,304
Net interest income after provision (recapture) for loan and lease losses	119,643	89,577	341,971	256,461
Noninterest Income				
Deposit account and treasury management fees	9,266	7,685	26,689	22,368
Card revenue	3,714	6,735	16,143	18,660
Financial services and trust revenue	2,975	2,645	8,924	8,520
Loan revenue	3,282	3,154	9,522	9,736
Merchant processing revenue				4,283
Bank owned life insurance	1,402	1,290	4,540	4,003
Investment securities losses, net			(=a	
Change in FDIC loss-sharing asset	_		_	(447)
Gain on sale of merchant card services portfolio		14,000	_	14,000
Other	442	1,558	2,109	4,938
Total noninterest income	21,019	37,067	67,854	86,061
Noninterest Expense	21,017	37,007	07,054	00,001
Compensation and employee benefits	49,419	39,983	148,938	119,201
	8,321	8,085	27,718	22,853
Occupancy Merchant processing expense	0,321	0,003	27,710	2,196
Merchant processing expense	1 472	— 969	4,523	
Advertising and promotion	1,472		-	2,923
Data processing	4,466	4,122	14,957	13,071
Legal and professional fees	4,695	2,880	12,103	9,196
Taxes, licenses and fees	1,562	1,505	4,547	3,494
Regulatory premiums	904	782	2,778	2,299
Net cost of operation of other real estate owned	485	271	1,244	422
Amortization of intangibles	3,070	1,188	9,346	3,786
Other	8,447	7,752	27,317	25,949
Total noninterest expense	82,841	67,537	253,471	205,390
Income before income taxes	57,821	59,107	156,354	137,132
Income tax provision	11,406	18,338	28,220	40,032

Net Income	\$46,415	\$40,769	\$128,134	\$97,100
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$0.63	\$0.70	\$1.75	\$1.67
Diluted	\$0.63	\$0.70	\$1.75	\$1.67
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.26	\$0.22	\$0.74	\$0.66
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	72,427	57,566	72,370	57,459
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding	72,432	57,571	72,374	57,465

See accompanying Notes to unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Columbia Banking System, Inc. (Unaudited)

Net income Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: Unrealized gain (loss) from acquirities.	Three M Ended Septemb 2018 (in thou \$46,415	per 30, 2017
Unrealized gain (loss) from securities: Net unrealized holding gain (loss) from available for sale debt securities arising during the period net of tax of \$4,286 and (\$312)	d, (14,149	) 549
Net unrealized gain (loss) from securities, net of reclassification adjustment Pension plan liability adjustment:	(14,149	) 549
Amortization of unrecognized net actuarial loss included in net periodic pension cost, net of tax (\$19) and (\$26)	of 61	46
Pension plan liability adjustment, net Other comprehensive income (loss) Total comprehensive income	61 (14,088 \$32,327	46 ) 595 ' \$41,364
Net income	Nine Mon September 2018 (in thousan \$128,134	30, 2017 nds)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Unrealized gain (loss) from securities:	,,	+ × · · , = · · ·
Net unrealized holding gain (loss) from available for sale debt securities arising during the period, net of tax of \$14,554 and (\$4,716)	(48,043)	8,284
Reclassification adjustment of net gain from sale of available for sale debt securities included in income, net of tax of \$25 and \$0	(81	
Net unrealized gain (loss) from securities, net of reclassification adjustment Pension plan liability adjustment:	(48,124)	8,284
Reduction in unfunded defined benefit plan liability during the period, net of tax of \$0 and (\$2,622)	_	4,604
Amortization of unrecognized net actuarial loss included in net periodic pension cost, net of tax of (\$56) and (\$101)	183	178
Pension plan liability adjustment, net Other comprehensive income (loss) Total comprehensive income See accompanying Notes to unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.	183 (47,941 ) \$80,193	4,782 13,066 \$110,166

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Columbia Banking System, Inc.

(Unaudited)

	Pre Sto	ferred ck	Commo	n Stock	Retained	Accumulated Other	Total
	Nui Sha	mber of Amount ares	Number Shares	of Amount	Earnings	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Shareholders' Equity
		thousands	,				
Balance at January 1, 2018		<b>\$</b> —	73,020	\$1,634,705	\$337,442	\$ (22,225)	\$1,949,922
Adjustment to opening retained earnings			_		(157)	157	_
pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01					· ·		100 101
Net income	_				128,134		128,134
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_		_	(47,941)	(47,941)
Issuance of common stock - stock option and other plans			45	1,857		_	1,857
Activity in deferred compensation plan	_			7	_	_	7
Issuance of common stock - restricted stock awards, net of canceled awards		_	257	6,231	_	_	6,231
Purchase and retirement of common stock	_	_	(62)	(2,660 )	_	_	(2,660 )
Cash dividends declared on common stock	_	_	_	_	(54,155)	_	(54,155)
Balance at September 30, 2018	_	\$—	73,260	\$1,640,140	\$411,264	\$ (70,009)	\$1,981,395
Balance at January 1, 2017	9	\$2,217	58,042	\$995,837	\$271,957	\$ (18,999 )	\$1,251,012
Adjustment to opening retained earnings pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-09	_	_	_	184	(117 )	_	67
Net income					97,100	_	97,100
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_		_	13,066	13,066
Issuance of common stock - stock option and other plans	_	_	49	1,980	_	_	1,980
Issuance of common stock - restricted stock awards, net of canceled awards		_	238	5,915	_	_	5,915
Preferred stock conversion to common stock	(9)	(2,217)	102	2,217	_	_	_
Purchase and retirement of common stock	_	_	(55)	(2,246 )	_	_	(2,246 )
Cash dividends declared on common stock		_	_	_	(38,466 )	_	(38,466 )
Balance at September 30, 2017	_	<b>\$</b> —	58,376	\$1,003,887	\$330,474	\$ (5,933 )	\$1,328,428

See accompanying Notes to unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Columbia Banking System, Inc.

(Unaudited)

	Nine Mont September 2018 (in thousan	30, 2017	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities  Net income	\$128,134	\$97,100	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities Provision for loan and lease losses Stock-based compensation expense Depreciation, amortization and accretion Investment securities losses, net	12,980 6,231 25,807 73	5,304 5,915 21,483	
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of premises and equipment, loans held for investment and other assets	142	(189	)
Net realized loss on sale and valuation adjustments of other real estate owned Gain on sale of merchant card services portfolio Gain on bank owned life insurance death benefit Termination of FDIC loss share agreements charge Originations of loans held for sale Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	1,299 — — (103,614) 104,105	(2,980 2,409	)
Net change in: Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets	618	(6,089 (21 (4,406	)
Other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities	5,662 171,243	12 22 2	)
Loans originated, net of principal collected Purchases of:	(168,382)		-
Debt securities available for sale	(606,052)		)
Premises and equipment Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(8,253) (136,120)		)
Proceeds from:	(130,120 )	(72,040	,
FDIC reimbursement on loss-sharing asset	_	26	
Sales of debt securities available for sale	32,330		
Principal repayments and maturities of debt securities available for sale	311,956	200,470	
Sales of premises and equipment and loans held for investment	14,956	12,157	
Sale of merchant card services portfolio		14,000	
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	129,920	92,040	
Sales of other real estate and other personal property owned  Bank owned life insurance death benefit	5,868 5,074	1,901 10,745	
Payment to FDIC to terminate loss-sharing agreements	<i>5</i> ,074	(4,666	)
Payments to FDIC related to loss-sharing asset		(210	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(418,703)	•	)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		•	-
Net increase in deposits	72,151	282,336	
Net decrease in sweep repurchase agreements	(16,862)	(39,889	)

Proceeds from:		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	3,403,000	2,301,000
Federal Reserve Bank borrowings	5,010	10
Exercise of stock options	1,857	1,980
Payments for:		
Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(3,248,000	(2,301,000
Repayment of Federal Reserve Bank borrowings	(5,010)	(10)
Common stock dividends	(54,149)	(38,466 )
Repayment of junior subordinated debentures	(8,248)	_
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,660)	(2,246)
Net cash provided by financing activities	147,089	203,715
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(100,371)	98,456
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	342,533	224,238
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$242,162	\$322,694
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#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, Continued

Columbia Banking System, Inc.

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September

30,

2018 2017 (in thousands)

Supplemental Information:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest \$11,699 \$4,161 Income tax \$12,768 \$37,701

Non-cash investing and financing activities

Loans transferred to other real estate owned \$1,200 \$74

Premises and equipment expenditures incurred but not yet paid \$464 \$—

Change in dividends payable on unvested shares included in other liabilities \$6 \$—

See accompanying Notes to unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

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#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Columbia Banking System, Inc.

1. Basis of Presentation, Significant Accounting Policies and Reclassifications Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Columbia Banking System, Inc. ("we", "our", "Columbia" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries, including its wholly owned banking subsidiary Columbia State Bank ("Columbia Bank" or the "Bank") and Columbia Trust Company ("Columbia Trust"). All intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented have been included. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of results to be anticipated for the year ending December 31, 2018. The accompanying interim unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements are disclosed in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have not been any changes in our significant accounting policies compared to those contained in our 2017 Form 10-K disclosure for the year ended December 31, 2017. Reclassifications

Certain amounts reported in prior periods have been reclassified in the Consolidated Financial Statements to conform to the current presentation. The reclassifications have no effect on net income or stockholders' equity as previously

#### 2. Accounting Pronouncements Recently Issued

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2018-15, Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract. The amendments in this ASU align the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The amendments also require the entity to expense the capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract over the term of the hosting arrangement, including reasonably certain renewal periods. The amendments in ASU 2018-15 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period. The Company is assessing the impact that this guidance will have on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The amendments in this ASU provide specific guidance on several statement of cash flow classification issues to reduce diversity in practice. The amendments in ASU 2016-15 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company has reclassified items in the Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to conform with its current presentation based on its adoption of ASU 2016-15.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The amendments included in this ASU require an entity to reflect its current estimate of all expected credit losses for assets held at an amortized cost basis. For available for sale debt securities, credit losses will be measured in a manner similar to current GAAP, however, this ASU will require that credit losses be presented as an allowance rather than as a write-down. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years, and are required to be adopted through a modified retrospective approach, with a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the ASU is effective.

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Currently, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the impact that adoption of ASU 2016-13 will have on its Consolidated Financial Statements; however, the impact may be significant. That assessment is based upon the fact that, unlike the incurred loss models in existing GAAP, the current expected credit loss ("CECL") model in ASU 2016-13 does not specify a threshold for the recognition of an impairment allowance. Rather, the Company will recognize an impairment allowance equal to its estimate of lifetime expected credit losses, adjusted for prepayments, for in-scope financial instruments as of the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the impairment allowance measured under the CECL model could increase significantly from the impairment allowance measured under the Company's existing incurred loss model. The Company has engaged a third-party vendor to assist in the CECL calculation and has developed an internal governance framework to oversee the CECL implementation. Other significant CECL implementation matters being addressed by the Company include selecting loss estimation methodologies, identifying, sourcing and storing data, addressing data gaps, defining a reasonable and supportable forecast period, selecting historical loss information which will be reverted to, documenting the CECL estimation process, assessing the impact to internal controls over financial reporting, capital planning and seeking process approval from audit and regulatory stakeholders.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The amendments included in this ASU create a new accounting model for both lessees and lessors. The new guidance requires lessees to recognize lease liabilities, initially measured as the present value of future lease payments, and corresponding right-of-use assets for all leases with lease terms greater than 12 months. This model differs from the current lease accounting model, which does not require such lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets to be recorded for operating leases. The amendments in ASU 2016-02 must be adopted using the modified retrospective approach and will be effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2018. The FASB subsequently issued ASU 2018-11, which allows for an additional (optional) transition method. Early adoption is permitted. During 2017, the Company selected a third-party lease accounting application to assist in the implementation of this new guidance. Significant implementation matters to be addressed by the Company include assessing the impact to our internal controls over financial reporting and documenting the new lease accounting process. At September 30, 2018 the Company's estimate of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that would be recorded on its January 1, 2019 Consolidated Balance Sheet upon adoption of ASU 2016-02 was between \$40.0 million and \$50.0 million. This estimate may change depending on the Company's lease activity. Additionally, the Company expects to recognize a cumulative effect adjustment upon adoption to increase the beginning balance of retained earnings as of January 1, 2019 for any remaining deferred gains on sale-leaseback transactions which occurred prior to the date of adoption. The Company had \$1.0 million of deferred gains on sale-leaseback transactions as of September 30, 2018. We do not expect a material impact to our Consolidated Statement of Income as a result of this ASU.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The amendments in ASU 2016-01 require all equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income. The amendments in ASU 2016-01 also require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. In addition, the amendments in this update eliminate the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet for public business entities. The amendments in ASU 2016-01 are effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted the amendments of ASU 2016-01 effective January 1, 2018 and recorded a cumulative effect adjustment of \$157 thousand to retained earnings related to the unrealized holding losses on equity securities with readily determinable fair value included in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company also added a separate line item on the Consolidated Balance Sheet for equity securities at fair value and reclassified amounts previously included in securities available for sale at fair value to conform to current period presentation. In addition, as required by the ASU, the fair value disclosure for loans is computed using an exit price notion and deposits with no stated maturity are no longer included in the fair value disclosures in Note 15, "Fair Value Accounting and Measurement."

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides revenue recognition guidance that is intended to create greater consistency with respect to how and when revenue from contracts with customers is shown in the income statement. The guidance requires that revenue from contracts with customers be recognized when transfer of control over goods or services is passed to customers in the amount of consideration expected to be received. Subsequent Accounting Standard Updates have been issued clarifying the original pronouncement (ASU 2016-08, ASU 2016-10, ASU 2016-12 and ASU 2016-20). The majority of the Company's revenue is comprised of interest income from financial assets, which is specifically outside the scope of ASU 2014-09.

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On January 1, 2018, we adopted the accounting guidance in ASU 2014-09 and all the related amendments ("Topic 606") using the modified retrospective method for all contracts that have not been completed (i.e. open contracts). Therefore, the comparative information has not been adjusted and continues to be reported under Topic 605. There was no cumulative effect adjustment as of January 1, 2018, and there were no material changes to the timing or amount of revenue recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2018; however, additional disclosures were incorporated in the footnotes upon adoption. See <a href="Note 17">Note 17</a>, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," for more information. 3. Business Combinations

On November 1, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of Pacific Continental Corporation ("Pacific Continental") and its wholly-owned banking subsidiary Pacific Continental Bank. The Company acquired 100% of the equity interests of Pacific Continental. The primary reasons for the acquisition were to expand in the Eugene, Oregon market and improve branch network efficiencies in the Seattle and Portland markets.

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed have been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities, both tangible and intangible, were recorded at their fair values as of the November 1, 2017 acquisition date. The application of the acquisition method of accounting resulted in the recognition of goodwill of \$383.1 million and a core deposit intangible of \$46.9 million, or 2.34% of core deposits. The goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired. The goodwill is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The table below summarizes the amounts recognized as of the acquisition date for each major class of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

and natiffics assumed.		
	Novembe	r 1, 2017
	(in thousa	inds)
Merger consideration		\$637,103
Identifiable net assets acquired, at fair value		
Assets acquired		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$81,190	
Investment securities	449,291	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	7,084	
Loans	1,873,987	•
Interest receivable	7,827	
Premises and equipment	27,343	
Other real estate owned	10,279	
Core deposit intangible	46,875	
Other assets	50,638	
Total assets acquired		2,554,514
Liabilities assumed		
Deposits	(2,118,98)	2
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(101, 127)	
Subordinated debentures	(35,678)	
Junior subordinated debentures	(14,434)	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(1,617)	
Other liabilities	(28,653)	
Total liabilities assumed		(2,300,49))
Total fair value of identifiable net assets		254,023
Goodwill		\$383,080

See Note 8, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," for further discussion of the accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets.

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The operating results of the Company reported herein include the operating results produced by the acquired assets and assumed liabilities for the period January 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018. Disclosure of the amount of Pacific Continental's revenue and net income (excluding integration costs) included in Columbia's Consolidated Statements of Income is impracticable due to the integration of the operations and accounting for this acquisition. For illustrative purposes only, the following table presents certain unaudited pro forma information for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This unaudited, estimated pro forma financial information was calculated as if Pacific Continental had been acquired as of the beginning of the year prior to the date of acquisition. This unaudited pro forma information combines the historical results of Pacific Continental with the Company's consolidated historical results and includes certain adjustments reflecting the estimated impact of certain fair value adjustments for the respective periods. The pro forma information is not indicative of what would have occurred had the acquisition occurred as of the beginning of the year prior to the acquisition. In particular, no adjustments have been made to eliminate the impact of other-than-temporary impairment losses and losses recognized on the sale of securities that may not have been necessary had the investment securities been recorded at fair value as of the beginning of the year prior to the date of acquisition. The unaudited pro forma information does not consider any changes to the provision for credit losses resulting from recording loan assets at fair value. Additionally, Columbia expects to achieve further operating cost savings and other business synergies, including revenue growth as a result of the acquisition, which are not reflected in the pro forma amounts that follow. As a result, actual amounts would have differed from the unaudited pro forma information presented.

Unaudited

Three Months Nine Months

Pro Forma Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (in thousands except per share) Total revenues (net interest income plus noninterest income) \$432,060 Net income \$122,410 Earnings per share - basic \$1.70 Earnings per share - diluted \$1.70

The following table shows the impact of the acquisition-related expenses related to the acquisition of Pacific Continental for the periods indicated to the various components of noninterest expense:

	Ended		Ended	
	September 30,		Septem	ber 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(in thou	ısands)		
Noninterest Expense				
Compensation and employee benefits	\$923	\$3	\$3,410	\$3
Occupancy	29	593	1,619	945
Advertising and promotion		184	534	201
Data processing	20	66	941	539
Legal and professional fees	102	157	893	1,587
Taxes, licenses and fees			_	3
Other	7	168	771	280

Total impact of acquisition-related costs to noninterest expense \$1,081 \$1,171 \$8,168 \$3,558

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#### 4. Securities

The following table summarizes the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and the resulting fair value of debt securities available for sale:

	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealize	d Fair Value
	Cost	Gains	Losses	
September 30, 2018	(in thousand	ds)		
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	\$1,997,736	\$ 295	\$(69,199	) \$1,928,832
State and municipal securities	578,132	1,927	(12,241	) 567,818
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	433,267	37	(9,087	) 424,217
U.S. government securities	251	_	`	) 247
Total	\$3,009,386	\$ 2,259	\$(90,531	) \$2,921,114
December 31, 2017				
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	\$1,752,236	\$ 1,815	\$(27,326	\$1,726,725
State and municipal securities	593,940	6,023	(3,959	) 596,004
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	416,894	642	(2,762	) 414,774
U.S. government securities	251		(3	) 248
Total	\$2,763,321	\$ 8,480	\$(34,050	) \$2,737,751

The following table provides the proceeds and both gross realized gains and losses on sales of debt securities available for sale as well as other securities gains and losses for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended  Nine Months Ended
	September 30, September 30,
	2018 2017 2018 2017
	(in thousands)
Proceeds from sales of debt securities available for sale	\$— \$ -\$32,330 \$ —
Gross realized gains from sales of debt securities available for sale Gross realized losses from sales of debt securities available for sale	\$— \$ -\$235 \$ — — (129 )—
Other securities losses, net (1)	(62) — $(179)$ —
Investment securities losses, net	\$(62) \$ -\$(73 ) \$

<sup>(1)</sup> Other securities losses, net includes net unrealized loss activity associated with equity securities. There were no sales of equity securities during the periods presented.

The scheduled contractual maturities of debt securities available for sale at September 30, 2018 are presented as follows:

	September 30, 2018				
	Amortized Costr Valu				
	(in thousands)				
Due within one year	\$126,071	\$126,253			
Due after one year through five years	612,279	598,770			
Due after five years through ten years	1,144,161	1,113,290			

Due after ten years 1,126,875 1,082,801 Total debt securities available for sale \$3,009,386 \$2,921,114

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The following table summarizes the carrying value of securities pledged as collateral to secure public deposits, borrowings and other purposes as permitted or required by law:

September 30, 2018
(in thousands)
Washington and Oregon State to secure public deposits
Federal Reserve Bank to secure borrowings
Other securities pledged
Total securities pledged as collateral

September 30, 2018
(in thousands)
\$ 256,078

\$ 119,981

Total securities pledged as collateral
\$ 427,902

The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of the Company's debt securities available for sale with unrealized losses that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

and December 31, 2017.	Less than 12 Months 1		12 Months o	or More	Total			
	Fair	Unrealize	d	Fair	Unrealized	l Fair	Unrealiz	ed
	Value	Losses		Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
September 30, 2018	(in thousand	ds)						
U.S. government agency and								
government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed securities and	\$1,084,529	\$(26,966	)	\$834,985	\$(42,233)	\$1,919,514	\$ (69,199	)
collateralized mortgage obligations								
State and municipal securities	333,523	(6,833	)	96,018	(5,408	429,541	(12,241	)
U.S. government agency and	300,519	(6,269	)	120,102	(2,818	420,621	(9,087	)
government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities				247	(4	247	(4	)
Total	 \$1.718.571	<u>\$ (40,068</u>	)	\$1,051,352	` '		,	) 
December 31, 2017	Ψ1,710,571	Ψ (10,000	,	Ψ1,051,552	Ψ(50,105)	, ψ2,700,020	ν φ (>0,55	,
U.S. government agency and								
government-sponsored enterprise	\$816,678	\$(6,710	)	\$717,211	\$(20,616)	\$1,533,889	\$ (27.326	<b>5</b> )
mortgage-backed securities and	ψ010,070	ψ(0,710	,	Ψ/1/,211	Ψ(20,010)	ψ1,555,005	φ(27,320	, ,
collateralized mortgage obligations	220.010	(1.500	,	55.150	(2.226	205 101	(2.050	,
State and municipal securities	220,019	(1,723	)	75,172	(2,236	295,191	(3,959	)
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	184,046	(1,006	)	155,983	(1,756	340,029	(2,762	)
U.S. government securities	249	(3	)	_	_	249	(3	)
Total	\$1,220,992	\$ (9,442	)	\$948,366	\$(24,608)	\$2,169,358	\$ \$ (34,050	))

At September 30, 2018, there were 481 U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations securities in an unrealized loss position, of which 153 were in a continuous loss position for 12 months or more. The decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates relative to where these investments fall within the yield curve and their individual characteristics. Because the Company does not intend to sell these securities nor does the Company consider it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of amortized cost basis, which may be upon maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2018.

At September 30, 2018, there were 458 state and municipal government securities in an unrealized loss position, of which 92 were in a continuous loss position for 12 months or more. The unrealized losses on state and municipal securities were caused by interest rate changes or widening of market spreads subsequent to the purchase of the individual securities. Management monitors published credit ratings of these securities for adverse changes. As of September 30, 2018, none of the rated obligations of state and local government entities held by the Company had a

below investment grade credit rating. Because the credit quality of these securities are investment grade and the Company does not intend to sell these securities nor does the Company consider it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of amortized cost basis, which may be upon maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2018.

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At September 30, 2018, there were 54 U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities in an unrealized loss position, of which 14 were in a continuous loss position for 12 months or more. The decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates relative to where these investments fall within the yield curve and their individual characteristics. Because the Company does not currently intend to sell these securities nor does the Company consider it more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of amortized cost basis, which may be upon maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2018.

At September 30, 2018, there was one U.S. government security in an unrealized loss position, which was also in a continuous loss position for 12 months or more. The decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates relative to where this investment falls within the yield curve and its individual characteristics. Because the Company does not currently intend to sell this security nor does the Company consider it more likely than not that it will be required to sell this security before the recovery of amortized cost basis, which may be upon maturity, the Company does not consider this investment to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2018.

5. Loans

The Company's loan portfolio includes originated and purchased loans. Originated loans and purchased loans for which there was no evidence of credit deterioration at their acquisition date and it was probable that we would be able to collect all contractually required payments are referred to collectively as loans, excluding purchased credit impaired loans. Purchased loans for which there was, at acquisition date, evidence of credit deterioration since their origination and it was probable that we would be unable to collect all contractually required payments are referred to as purchased credit impaired loans, or "PCI loans."

The following is an analysis of the loan portfolio by segment (net of unearned income):

	September 3	0, 2018		December 31, 2017				
	Loans, excluding PCI loans	PCI Loans	Total	Loans, excluding PCI loans	PCI Loans	Total		
	(in thousand	s)						
Commercial business	\$3,554,147	\$11,164	\$3,565,311	\$3,377,324	\$12,628	\$3,389,952		
Real estate:								
One-to-four family residential	232,924	8,356	241,280	188,396	12,395	200,791		
Commercial and multifamily residential	3,786,615	66,748	3,853,363	3,825,739	75,594	3,901,333		
Total real estate	4,019,539	75,104	4,094,643	4,014,135	87,989	4,102,124		
Real estate construction:								
One-to-four family residential	211,629	159	211,788	200,518	177	200,695		
Commercial and multifamily residential	349,328	579	349,907	371,931	607	372,538		
Total real estate construction	560,957	738	561,695	572,449	784	573,233		
Consumer	327,863	8,930	336,793	334,190	11,269	345,459		
Less: Net unearned income	(44,125)		(44,125)	(52,111)	_	(52,111)		
Total loans, net of unearned income	8,418,381	95,936	8,514,317	8,245,987	112,670	8,358,657		
Less: Allowance for loan and lease losses	(79,770)	(4,017)	(83,787)	(68,739)	(6,907)	(75,646)		
Total loans, net	\$8,338,611	\$91,919	\$8,430,530	\$8,177,248	\$105,763	\$8,283,011		
Loans held for sale	\$5,275	<b>\$</b> —	\$5,275	\$5,766	\$—	\$5,766		

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had no material foreign activities. Substantially all of the Company's loans and unfunded commitments are geographically concentrated in its service areas within the states of Washington, Oregon and Idaho.

The Company has made loans to executive officers and directors of the Company and related interests. These loans are made on the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated persons and do not involve more than the normal risk of collectability. The aggregate dollar amount of these loans was \$9.7 million and \$10.0 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the first nine months of 2018, there were \$14 thousand in advances and \$226 thousand in

repayments.

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At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$3.18 billion and \$2.25 billion of commercial and residential real estate loans were pledged as collateral on Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines ("FHLB") borrowings and additional borrowing capacity. The Company has also pledged \$76.2 million and \$70.2 million of commercial loans to the Federal Reserve Bank for additional borrowing capacity at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The following is an analysis of nonaccrual loans as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Septemb	er 30, 2018	December 31, 2017			
Recorde	dUnpaid Principal	RecordedUnpaid Principal			
Investme	en Balance	Investmentalance			
Nonaccr	uMonaccrual	Nonaccru <b>M</b> onaccrual			
Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans		
(in thous	sands)				
\$45,753	\$ 57,049	\$45,410	\$ 56,865		
	_	50	49		
501	508	785	1,182		
2,461	2,470	2,628	2,623		
1,873	2,523	4,284	5,410		
6,678	6,992	7,029	7,270		
318	318	25	26		
_	_	1,829	1,828		
2,748	2,937	4,149	4,633		
\$60,332	\$ 72,797	\$66,189	\$ 79,886		
	Recorded Investment Nonaccr Loans (in thouse \$45,753 — 501 — 2,461 — 1,873 — 6,678 — 318 — 2,748	Investme Ralance Nonaccrual Loans Loans (in thousands)  \$45,753 \$ 57,049   501 508  2,461 2,470 1,873 2,523 6,678 6,992  318 318	Recorded Unpaid Principal Recorded Investme Ralance Investme Nonaccrub Investme Nonaccrub Investme Nonaccrub Investme Inve		

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Loans, excluding purchased credit impaired loans

The following is an aging of the recorded investment of the loan portfolio as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Current Loans	30 - 59 Days Past Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Nonaccrual Loans	Total Loans
September 30, 2018 Commercial business:	(in thousand	ds)					
Secured Unsecured Real estate:	\$3,365,159 117,801	\$7,141 1,118	\$ 2,258 —	\$ — —	\$9,399 1,118	\$ 45,753 —	\$3,420,311 118,919
One-to-four family residential Commercial & multifamily residential:	229,685	341	784	_	1,125	501	231,311
Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	278,777 1,880,405 1,588,662	3,339 1,929		_ _ _		2,461 1,873 6,678	281,238 1,887,690 1,597,269
One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial & multifamily residential:	5,320 200,484	325 4,144			325 4,144	318	5,963 204,628
Income property Owner occupied Consumer Total	253,470 90,511 322,085 \$8,332,359		166 — 284 \$ 5,565		166  2,072 \$25,690		253,636 90,511 326,905 \$8,418,381
	Current Loans	30 - 59 Days Past Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due	Greater than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Nonaccrual Loans	Total Loans
December 31, 2017 Commercial business:		Days Past Due	Days	than 90 Days Past	Past		
•	Loans	Days Past Due ds)	Days	than 90 Days Past	Past		
Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential	Loans (in thousand \$3,185,321	Days Past Due ds) \$2,530	Days Past Due \$ 2,400	than 90 Days Past Due	Past Due \$4,930	Loans \$ 45,410	Loans \$3,235,661
Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial & multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	Loans (in thousand \$3,185,321 123,524	Days Past Due ds) \$2,530 100	Days Past Due \$ 2,400 501	than 90 Days Past Due	Past Due \$4,930 601	Loans \$ 45,410 50	Loans \$3,235,661 124,175
Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial & multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied	Loans (in thousand \$3,185,321 123,524 184,256 292,680 1,898,655	Days Past Due ds) \$2,530 100 1,111 92 2,426	Days Past Due \$ 2,400 501 402 — 971	than 90 Days Past Due  \$ — —	Past Due \$4,930 601 1,513 673 3,397	\$ 45,410 50 785 2,628 4,284	\$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336

Total

\$8,163,583 \$10,190 \$5,444 \$ 581 \$16,215 \$66,189 \$8,245,987

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The following is an analysis of impaired	Recorded Investment of Loans Collectively	Impaired Recorde	d Loans W d Allowar	Impaired Loans Without Recorded Allowance			
	for Measured f ContingencySpecific Provision Impairment		Recorde	Unpaid d Principal ent Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid d Principal ent Balance
September 30, 2018	(in thousand	ds)					
Commercial business: Secured	\$3,379,535	\$ 40.776	\$7,402	\$7,875	\$ 1,139	\$22 274	\$38,293
Unsecured	118,897	22	φ7, <del>4</del> 02	φ1,013 —	φ 1,1 <i>39</i>	22	21
Real estate:	110,077	22					21
One-to-four family residential	230,915	396	337	606	8	59	256
Commercial & multifamily residential:							
Commercial land	279,008	2,230				2,230	2,274
Income property	1,884,936	2,754	110	175	1	2,644	2,789
Owner occupied	1,587,550	9,719	3,274	4,693	71	6,445	6,692
Real estate construction:							
One-to-four family residential:							
Land and acquisition	5,963						_
Residential construction	204,628						
Commercial & multifamily residential:	252 626						
Income property Owner occupied	253,636 86,461	4,050	_	_	_	4,050	4,050
Consumer	322,162	4,743	3,702	3,953	36	1,041	1,056
Total	\$8,353,691	•		\$17,302		-	\$55,431
Total	Ψ0,333,071	Ψ 01,020	Ψ11,023	Ψ17,302	Ψ 1,233	Ψ 12,003	Ψ33,131
	Recorded	Recorded				Impaired	l Loans
		Investment	•	d Loans W		Without	
	of Loans	of Loans	Recorde	d Allowar	ice	Recorde	
	•	Material ly		TT 11		Allowan	
	for	Measured for	Recorde	Unpaid Principal	Related	Recorde	Unpaid d
	Contingenc Provision	Impairment	Investme	Principal ent Balance	Allowance	Investme	Principal ent
December 31, 2017	(in thousand			Darance			Darance
Commercial business:	(III tilotistili						
Secured	\$3,195,649	\$ 40,012	\$3,808	\$3,937	\$ 1,867	\$36,204	\$42,314
Unsecured	124,150	25	25	24	3	_	_
Real estate:							
One-to-four family residential	185,659	895	867	1,408	103	28	337
Commercial & multifamily residential:							
Commercial land	293,694	2,287		_		2,287	2,282
Income property	1,901,313	5,023	2,768	3,328	185	2,255	2,601
Owner occupied	1,591,298	8,688	77	80	3	8,611	10,077
Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential:							
Land and acquisition	9,907						
Residential construction	188,481	1,210		_	_	1,210	1,210
	100,101	-,				-,	-,

Commercial & multifamily residential:

Income property	293,028	_					_
Owner occupied	68,393	4,050		_	_	4,050	4,050
Consumer	325,210	7,015	5,303	5,568	199	1,712	1,864
Total	\$8,176,782	\$ 69,205	\$12,848	\$14,345	\$ 2,360	\$56,357	\$64,735

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The following table provides additional information on impaired loans for the three and nine month periods indicated:

The following table provides ad-								
	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2018		2017	2017			2017	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorde	RecordedRecognizedRecordedRecog		dRecognize	edRecorde	dRecognize	edRecordedRecognized	
	Investm	Investment Investm		enotn	Investm	emotn	Investmentn	
	Impaire	d Impaired	Impaired	d Impaired	Impaire	d Impaired	Impaired	d Impaired
	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans	Loans
	(in thou	sands)						
Commercial business:								
Secured	\$43,805	\$ 2	\$22,395	\$ 2	\$43,055	\$ 43	\$15,349	\$ 25
Unsecured	444				234	1		_
Real estate:								
One-to-four family residential	545	12	856	15	713	30	688	37
Commercial & multifamily								
residential:								
Commercial land	2,246	26	2,549		2,407	26	2,026	
Income property	2,443	34	4,214	21	3,367	96	4,137	27
Owner occupied	9,349	124	4,530	127	8,986	333	4,496	319
Real estate construction:								
One-to-four family residential:								
Land and acquisition	_	_	_	_	_	_	4	
Residential construction	_	_	_	_	605	_	84	
Commercial & multifamily								
residential:								
Owner occupied	4,050	72	2,025	151	4,050	174	1,012	151
Consumer	5,646	44	6,054	58	6,135	110	5,712	105
Total	\$68,528	\$ \$ 314	\$42,623	\$ 374	\$69,552	\$ 813	\$33,508	\$ 664
			•		,		*	
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The following is an analysis of loans classified as troubled debt restructurings ("TDR") during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

ended september 30, 2010 and 2017.	Three months endo	ed September 30,	Three months ended September 30, 2017				
		Outstanding Recorded Investment	n NurtherModificatio of Outstanding TDRecorded Modificationst	n Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment			
Commercial business:							
Secured	1 \$ 14,511	\$ 14,511	2 \$ 808	\$ 808			
Real estate:							
One-to-four family residential	<del></del>	_	2 201	201			
Commercial and multifamily							
residential:							
Income property	<del></del>	_	1 1,152	1,152			
Owner occupied		_	1 78	78			
Real estate construction:							
Commercial and multifamily							
residential:			1 4,050	4,050			
Owner occupied Consumer	3 123		1 4,050 17 1,672	1,672			
Total	4 \$ 14,634	\$ 14,634	24 \$ 7,961	\$ 7,961			
Total	Nine months ended	·	Nine months ended				
	2018	i September 50,	2017	September 50,			
		on Post-Modificatio	n Nur <del>Piber</del> Modificatio	on Post-Modification			
	of Outstanding	Outstanding	of Outstanding	Outstanding			
	TD <b>R</b> ecorded	Recorded	TD <b>R</b> ecorded	Recorded			
	Modificationst	Investment	Modinfieatioest	Investment			
		III V Cotiffciit		III v Cottiiciit			
	(dollars in thousand		WIOUMMEALINGIST	in vestment			
Commercial business:				mvestment			
Secured			7 \$ 2,586	\$ 2,586			
Secured Real estate:	(dollars in thousand	ds)	7 \$ 2,586	\$ 2,586			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential	(dollars in thousand	ds)					
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily	(dollars in thousand	ds)	7 \$ 2,586	\$ 2,586			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential:	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583	\$ 2,586 583			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property	(dollars in thousand	ds)	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152	\$ 2,586 583 1,152			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583	\$ 2,586 583			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152	\$ 2,586 583 1,152			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: Commercial and multifamily	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152	\$ 2,586 583 1,152			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: Commercial and multifamily residential:	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152 1 78	\$ 2,586 583 1,152 78			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: Commercial and multifamily residential: Owner occupied	(dollars in thousand) 9 \$ 17,605 1 891	s 17,605   891	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152 1 78	\$ 2,586 583 1,152 78			
Secured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: Commercial and multifamily residential:	(dollars in thousand 9 \$ 17,605 — —	ds) \$ 17,605 —	7 \$ 2,586 3 583 1 1,152 1 78	\$ 2,586 583 1,152 78			

The Company's loans classified as TDR are loans that have been modified or the borrower has been granted special concessions due to financial difficulties that, if not for the challenges of the borrower, the Company would not otherwise consider. The TDR modifications or concessions are made to increase the likelihood that these borrowers with financial difficulties will be able to satisfy their debt obligations as amended. The concessions granted in the restructurings summarized in the table above largely consisted of maturity extensions, interest rate modifications or a

combination of both. In limited circumstances, a reduction in the principal balance of the loan could also be made as a concession. Credit losses for loans classified as TDR are measured on the same basis as impaired loans. For impaired loans, an allowance is established when the collateral value less selling costs (or discounted cash flows or observable market price) of the impaired loan is lower than the recorded investment of that loan.

The Company had commitments to lend \$16.2 million of additional funds on loans classified as TDR as of September 30, 2018. The Company had \$506 thousand of such commitments at December 31, 2017. The Company did not have any loans modified as TDR that defaulted within 12 months of being modified as TDR during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

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#### Purchased Credit Impaired Loans

Purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans are accounted for under ASC 310-30 and initially measured at fair value based on expected future cash flows over the life of the loans. Loans that have common risk characteristics are aggregated into pools. The Company remeasures contractual and expected cash flows, at the pool-level, on a quarterly basis. Contractual cash flows are calculated based upon the loan pool terms after applying a prepayment factor. Calculation of the applied prepayment factor for contractual cash flows is the same as described below for expected cash flows. Inputs to the determination of expected cash flows include cumulative default and prepayment data as well as loss severity and recovery lag information. Cumulative default and prepayment data are calculated via a transition matrix, which utilizes probability values of a loan pool transitioning into a particular delinquency state (e.g. 0-30 days past due, 31 to 60 days, etc.) given its delinquency state at the remeasurement date. Loss severity factors are based upon either actual charge-off data within the loan pools or industry averages, and recovery lags are based upon the collateral within the loan pools.

The excess of cash flows expected to be collected over the initial fair value of purchased credit impaired loans is referred to as the accretable yield and is accreted into interest income over the estimated life of the acquired loans using the effective yield method. Other adjustments to the accretable yield include changes in the estimated remaining life of the acquired loans, changes in expected cash flows and changes of indices for acquired loans with variable interest rates.

The following is an analysis of our PCI loans, net of related allowance for losses and remaining valuation discounts as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Septemb	eDecember 31,
	2018	2017
	(in thous	ands)
Commercial business	\$11,603	\$ 13,753
Real estate:		
One-to-four family residential	10,243	14,610
Commercial and multifamily residential	70,344	79,211
Total real estate	80,587	93,821
Real estate construction:		
One-to-four family residential	159	177
Commercial and multifamily residential	552	595
Total real estate construction	711	772
Consumer	9,880	12,412
Subtotal of PCI loans	102,781	120,758
Less:		
Valuation discount resulting from acquisition accounting	6,845	8,088
Allowance for loan losses	4,017	6,907
PCI loans, net of allowance for loan losses	\$91,919	\$ 105,763

The following table shows the changes in accretable yield for PCI loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

•	Three Mo Ended Se		Nine Months Ended September		
	30,	•	30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thousa	ands)			
Balance at beginning of period	\$25,350	\$35,706	\$31,176	\$45,191	
Accretion	(2,233)	(2,766)	(6,435)	(9,830 )	
Disposals	(221)		(387)	(158)	
Reclassifications from (to) nonaccretable difference	279	(892)	(1,179)	(3,155)	
Balance at end of period	\$23,175	\$32,048	\$23,175	\$32,048	

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6. Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses and Unfunded Commitments and Letters of Credit

We record an allowance for loan and lease losses (the "allowance") to recognize management's estimate of credit losses incurred in the loan portfolio at each balance sheet date. We have used the same methodology for allowance calculations during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

The following tables show a detailed analysis of the allowance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Beginnin Balance	ng Charge-of	fs	Recoveries	Provision (Recapture	e)	_	Specific Reserve	General Allocation
Three months ended September 30, 2018	(in thous	sands)							
Commercial business:									
Secured	\$40,350	*	-	\$ 496	\$ 2,912			\$ 1,139	\$ 42,043
Unsecured	2,443	(30	)	51	(41	)	2,423	_	2,423
Real estate:									
One-to-four family residential	461	_		21	(110	)	372	8	364
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Commercial land	3,278			8	(87	-	3,199	_	3,199
Income property	4,102			202	(292	)	4,012	1	4,011
Owner occupied	4,356			3	316		4,675	71	4,604
Real estate construction:									
One-to-four family residential:									
Land and acquisition	848	_		582	(742	)	688		688
Residential construction	4,572	_		1	660		5,233		5,233
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Income property	7,367	_		_	573		7,940		7,940
Owner occupied	2,299	_		_	138		2,437		2,437
Consumer	5,292	(277	)	266	(258	)	5,023	36	4,987
Purchased credit impaired	4,782	(1,208	)	945	(502	)	4,017		4,017
Unallocated					586		586		586
Total	\$80,150	\$ (2,091	)	\$ 2,575	\$ 3,153		\$83,787	\$ 1,255	\$ 82,532
	Beginnin	ng Charge of	fc	Recoveries	Provision		Ending	Specific	General
	Balance	Charge-on	13	Recoveries	(Recapture	(5	Balance	Reserve	Allocation
Nine months ended September 30, 2018	(in thous	ands)							
Commercial business:									
Secured	\$29,341	\$ (8,741	)	\$ 2,536	\$ 20,046		\$43,182	\$1,139	\$ 42,043
Unsecured	2,000	(117	)	356	184		2,423		2,423
Real estate:									
One-to-four family residential	701			389	(718	)	372	8	364
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Commercial land	4,265			92	(1,158	)	3,199		3,199
Income property	5,672	(223	)	901	(2,338	)	4,012	1	4,011
Owner occupied	5,459			19	(803	)	4,675	71	4,604
Real estate construction:									
One-to-four family residential:									
Land and acquisition	963	_		610	(885	)	688		688
Residential construction	3,709	_		6	1,518		5,233		5,233
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Income property	7,053	_		_	887		7,940		7,940
Owner occupied	4,413				(1,976	)	2,437		2,437

Consumer	5,163	(773	)	796	(163	)	5,023	36	4,987
Purchased credit impaired	6,907	(3,786	)	3,096	(2,200	)	4,017	_	4,017
Unallocated	_	_		_	586		586	_	586
Total	\$75,646	\$ (13,640	)	\$ 8,801	\$ 12,980		\$83,787	\$ 1,255	\$ 82,532

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	Beginnir Balance	ng Charge-of	fs	Recoveries	Provision (Recapture	<del>)</del>	_	Specific Reserve	General Allocation
Three months ended September 30, 2017	(in thous	sands)							
Commercial business:	¢20.520	¢ (1 262	`	¢ 550	¢ (060	`	¢27.750	¢	¢ 27 750
Secured Unsecured	\$39,339 1,147	\$ (1,362	)	\$ 550 138	\$ (969 (298	-	\$37,758 987	<b>5</b> —	\$ 37,758 987
Real estate:	1,14/	_		130	(298	)	901	_	901
One-to-four family residential	628	_		40	3		671	26	645
Commercial & multifamily residential:	020			40	3		071	20	043
Commercial land	2,356			45	(97	)	2,304	_	2,304
Income property	6,854	_		9	241	,	7,104	25	7,079
Owner occupied	6,512	_		4	306		6,822	_	6,822
Real estate construction:	- )-						- , -		- , -
One-to-four family residential:									
Land and acquisition	361			14	(83	)	292		292
Residential construction	1,377			6	(272	)	1,111		1,111
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Income property	985	_			279		1,264		1,264
Owner occupied	1,382				(87	)	1,295		1,295
Consumer	3,551	(263		343	42		3,673	51	3,622
Purchased credit impaired	8,061	(1,633	)	1,389	(473	)	7,344		7,344
Unallocated	231				760		991	_	991
Total	\$72,984	\$ (3,258	)	\$ 2,538	\$ (648	)	\$71,616		\$ 71,514
	Beginnir	ng Charge-of	fs	Recoveries	Provision		_	Specific	
N' 1 1 1 2 1 20 2017					(Recapture	)	Balance	Reserve	Allocation
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	(in thous	sands)							
Commercial business:	¢26.050	¢ (C 071	`	¢ 2.750	¢ 4.020		¢27.750	Φ	¢ 27.750
Secured Unsecured	\$30,030 960	\$ (6,071 (18		\$ 3,750 247	\$ 4,029 (202	`	\$37,758 987	<b>3</b> —	\$ 37,758 987
Real estate:	900	(10	)	Z <del>4</del> /	(202	)	901	_	901
One-to-four family residential	599	(460	`	380	152		671	26	645
Commercial & multifamily residential:	377	(400	,	300	132		071	20	043
Commercial land	1,797			45	462		2,304		2,304
Income property	7,342	_		104		)	7,104	25	7,079
Owner occupied	6,439			114	269	,	6,822	_	6,822
Real estate construction:	,						,		,
One-to-four family residential:									
Land and acquisition	316	(14	)	61	(71	)	292		292
Residential construction	669	_		46	396		1,111	_	1,111
Commercial & multifamily residential:									
Income property	404	_		_	860		1,264	_	1,264
Owner occupied	1,192	_			103		1,295		1,295
Consumer	3,534	(1,156	-	876	419		3,673	51	3,622
Purchased credit impaired	10,515	(5,372	)	3,737	(1,536	)	7,344	_	7,344
Unallocated	226	— Ф.(12.001	`		765		991	<u> </u>	991
Total	\$ 70,043	\$ (13,091	)	\$ 9,360	\$ 5,304		\$71,616	\$ 102	\$ 71,514
21									

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Changes in the allowance for unfunded commitments and letters of credit, a component of "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, are summarized as follows:

Consolitation Datation Silvers, are summarized as follows.				
	Three	Months	Nine M	Ionths
	Ended		Ended	
	Septen	nber 30,	Septen	nber 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(in tho	usands)		
Balance at beginning of period	\$3,680	\$3,555	\$3,130	\$2,705
Net changes in the allowance for unfunded commitments and letters of credit	275	(75)	825	775
Balance at end of period	\$3,955	\$3,480	\$3,955	\$3,480
Risk Elements				

The extension of credit in the form of loans or other credit products to individuals and businesses is one of our principal business activities. Our policies and applicable laws and regulations require risk analysis as well as ongoing portfolio and credit management. We manage our credit risk through lending limit constraints, credit review, approval policies and extensive, ongoing internal monitoring. We also manage credit risk through diversification of the loan portfolio by type of loan, type of industry and type of borrower and by limiting the aggregation of debt to a single borrower.

Risk ratings are reviewed and updated whenever appropriate, with more periodic reviews as the risk and dollar value of loss on the loan increases. In the event full collection of principal and interest is not reasonably assured, the loan is appropriately downgraded and, if warranted, placed on nonaccrual status even though the loan may be current as to principal and interest payments. Additionally, we assess whether an impairment of a loan warrants specific reserves or a write-down of the loan.

Pass rated loans are generally considered to have sufficient sources of repayment in order to repay the loan in full in accordance with all terms and conditions. Special Mention rated loans have potential weaknesses that, if left uncorrected, may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the Company's credit position at some future date. Loans with a risk rating of Substandard or worse are reviewed to assess the ability of our borrowers to service all interest and principal obligations and, as a result, the risk rating may be adjusted accordingly. Loans risk rated as Substandard reflect loans where a loss is possible if loan weaknesses are not corrected. Doubtful rated loans have a high probability of loss; however, the amount of loss has not yet been determined. Loss rated loans are considered uncollectable and when identified, are charged off.

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The following is an analysis of the credit quality of our loan portfolio, excluding PCI loans, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
September 30, 2018	(in thousand					
Loans, excluding PCI loans:						
Commercial business:						
Secured	\$3,202,147	\$83,986	\$ 134,178	\$ -	_\$ .	-\$3,420,311
Unsecured	118,885	33	1	_	_	118,919
Real estate:	,					,
One-to-four family residential	229,704		1,607	_		231,311
Commercial and multifamily residential:	- ,		,			- /-
Commercial land	272,838	3,423	4,977	_		281,238
Income property	1,857,338	19,474	10,878	_		1,887,690
Owner occupied	1,532,093	27,182	37,994			1,597,269
Real estate construction:	, ,	,	,			, ,
One-to-four family residential:						
Land and acquisition	5,645		318			5,963
Residential construction	204,628			_		204,628
Commercial and multifamily residential:	•					,
Income property	253,636	_		_		253,636
Owner occupied	86,461		4,050	_		90,511
Consumer	322,595	_	4,310	_		326,905
Total	\$8,085,970	\$134,098	\$ 198,313	\$ -	_\$ -	<del>-8</del> ,418,381
Less:						
Allowance for loan and lease losses						<b>50 55</b> 0
Allowance for loan and lease losses						79,770
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net						79,770 \$8,338,611
	Dage	Special	Substandard	Doubtful	Loca	\$8,338,611
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	\$8,338,611
	Pass (in thousand	Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	\$8,338,611
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net		Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	\$8,338,611
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017		Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	\$8,338,611
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017  Loans, excluding PCI loans:		Mention ds)		Doubtful \$ -		\$8,338,611
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017  Loans, excluding PCI loans:  Commercial business:	(in thousand	Mention ds)				\$8,338,611 Total
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured	(in thousand \$3,049,031	Mention ds)	\$ 122,030 554			\$8,338,611 Total -\$3,235,661
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential	(in thousand \$3,049,031	Mention ds)	\$ 122,030			\$8,338,611 Total -\$3,235,661
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential:	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621	Mention dis) \$ 64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056			\$8,338,611 Total -\$3,235,661 124,175 186,554
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property	\$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied	\$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673	Mention dls) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	\$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336
Loans, excluding PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential:	\$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986 9,907
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction	\$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831			\$8,338,611 Total \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential:	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775 9,882 187,863	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831			\$8,338,611 Total  -\$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986  9,907 189,691
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775 9,882 187,863 293,028	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831 25 1,828			\$8,338,611 Total  \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986  9,907 189,691 293,028
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property Owner occupied	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775 9,882 187,863 293,028 68,393	Mention ds) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831 25 1,828  4,050			\$8,338,611 Total  \$3,235,661 124,175  186,554  295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986  9,907 189,691  293,028 72,443
December 31, 2017 Loans, excluding PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property	(in thousand \$3,049,031 123,621 183,312 283,673 1,857,832 1,546,775 9,882 187,863 293,028	Mention dis) \$64,600	\$ 122,030 554 2,056 7,104 31,323 45,831 25 1,828		\$ - — — — —	\$8,338,611 Total  \$3,235,661 124,175 186,554 295,981 1,906,336 1,599,986  9,907 189,691 293,028

Less:

Allowance for loan and lease losses

Loans, excluding PCI loans, net

68,739

\$8,177,248

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The following is an analysis of the credit quality of our PCI loan portfolio as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

December 31, 2017.						
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
September 30, 2018	(in thous	ands)				
PCI loans:						
Commercial business:						
Secured	\$9,732	\$ -	<b>-</b> \$ 947	\$ -	_\$ -	\$10,679
Unsecured	824	_	100	_	_	924
Real estate:						
One-to-four family residential	10,021	_	222	_	—	10,243
Commercial and multifamily residential:						
Commercial land	10,583	_	_	_	—	10,583
Income property	20,444		1,898	_	—	22,342
Owner occupied	37,042	_	377			37,419
Real estate construction:						
One-to-four family residential:						
Land and acquisition	155	_	4			159
Residential construction		_				
Commercial and multifamily residential:						
Income property	552	_		_	_	552
Owner occupied		_		_	_	
Consumer	9,638	_	242	_	_	9,880
Total	\$98,991	\$ -	\$ 3,790	\$ -	_\$ -	-102,781
Less:						
Valuation discount resulting from acquisi	ition accou	ıntino				6,845
		411tillig				0,015
Allowance for loan losses		anung				4,017
		mung				
Allowance for loan losses		Special	Substandor	d Doubtfr	ıl Loo	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses	Pass	_	Substandar	d Doubtfi	ıl Los	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses		Special Mention	Substandar	d Doubtfi	ıl Los	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	d Doubtfi	ıl Los	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017	Pass	Special Mention	Substandar	d Doubtfi	ıl Los	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans:	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard \$ 723	d Doubtfi \$	ıl Los —\$	4,017 \$91,919
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business:	Pass (in thous	Special Mention ands)	ı			4,017 \$91,919 s Total
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured	Pass (in thous \$11,918	Special Mention ands)	\$ 723			4,017 \$91,919 s Total —\$12,641
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured	Pass (in thous \$11,918	Special Mention ands)	\$ 723			4,017 \$91,919 s Total —\$12,641
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045	Special Mention ands)	\$ 723 67			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045	Special Mention ands)	\$ 723 67			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67			4,017 \$91,919 s Total  -\$12,641 1,112 14,610
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 —			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 —			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981 42,617	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 — 35 769			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016 43,386
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 —			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981 42,617	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 — 35 769			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016 43,386
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981 42,617	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 — 35 769			4,017 \$91,919 s Total  -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016 43,386
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential: Income property	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981 42,617	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 — 35 769			4,017 \$91,919 s Total -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016 43,386
Allowance for loan losses PCI loans, net  December 31, 2017 PCI loans: Commercial business: Secured Unsecured Real estate: One-to-four family residential Commercial and multifamily residential: Commercial land Income property Owner occupied Real estate construction: One-to-four family residential: Land and acquisition Residential construction Commercial and multifamily residential:	Pass (in thous \$11,918 1,045 13,817 9,460 25,981 42,617	Special Mention ands) \$ — —	\$ 723 67 793 — 35 769			4,017 \$91,919 s Total  -\$12,641 1,112 14,610 9,809 26,016 43,386

Total \$117,307 \$ 349 \$ 3,102 \$ —\$ —120,758

Less:
Valuation discount resulting from acquisition accounting
Allowance for loan losses
PCI loans, net

\$105,763

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#### 7. Other Real Estate Owned ("OREO")

The following tables set forth activity in OREO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three M	onths	Nine Mor	nths	
	Ended		Ended September		
	Septemb	er 30,	30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thous	ands)			
Balance, beginning of period	\$7,080	\$4,058	\$13,298	\$5,998	
Transfers in	794	74	1,200	74	
Valuation adjustments	(495)	(138)	(697)	(364)	
Proceeds from sale of OREO property	(47)	(182)	(5,868)	(1,901)	
Loss on sale of OREO, net	(1)	(130)	(602)	(125)	
Balance, end of period	\$7,331	\$3,682	\$7,331	\$3,682	

At September 30, 2018, there were \$60 thousand in foreclosed residential real estate properties held as OREO and the recorded investment of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process was \$736 thousand.

# 8. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

In accordance with the Intangibles – Goodwill and Other topic of the FASB ASC, goodwill is not amortized but is reviewed for potential impairment at the reporting unit level. Management analyzes its goodwill for impairment on an annual basis on July 31 and between annual tests in certain circumstances such as material adverse changes in legal, business, regulatory and economic factors. An impairment loss is recorded to the extent that the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value. The Company performed an annual impairment assessment as of July 31, 2018 and concluded that there was no impairment.

The core deposit intangible ("CDI") is evaluated for impairment if events and circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The CDI is amortized on an accelerated basis over an estimated life of 10 years.

The following table sets forth activity for goodwill and other intangible assets for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September	30,	September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(in thousar	nds)			
Goodwill					
Total goodwill (1)	\$765,842	\$382,762	\$765,842	\$382,762	
Other intangible assets, net					
Core deposit intangible:					
Gross core deposit intangible balance at beginning of period	105,473	58,598	105,473	58,598	
Accumulated amortization at beginning of period	(54,495)	(44,484)	(48,219)	(41,886)	
Core deposit intangible, net at beginning of period	50,978	14,114	57,254	16,712	
CDI current period amortization	(3,070)	(1,188)	(9,346)	(3,786)	
Total core deposit intangible, net at end of period	47,908	12,926	47,908	12,926	
Intangible assets not subject to amortization	919	919	919	919	
Other intangible assets, net at end of period	48,827	13,845	48,827	13,845	
Total goodwill and other intangible assets at end of period	\$814,669	\$396,607	\$814,669	\$396,607	

<sup>(1) &</sup>lt;u>See Note 3, "Business Combinations</u>," for additional information regarding goodwill and intangible assets recorded related to the acquisition of Pacific Continental on November 1, 2017.

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The following table provides the estimated future amortization expense of core deposit intangibles for the remaining three months ending December 31, 2018 and the succeeding four years:

•	
	Amount
	(in
	thousands)
Year ending December 31,	
2018	\$ 2,890
2019	10,479
2020	8,724
2021	7,264

5,880

#### 9. Subordinated Debentures

2022

On November 1, 2017, with its acquisition of Pacific Continental, the Company assumed \$35.0 million in aggregate principal amount of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated debentures (the "Notes"). The Notes are callable at par on June 30, 2021, have a stated maturity of June 30, 2026 and bear interest at a fixed annual rate of 5.875% per year, from and including June 27, 2016, but excluding June 30, 2021. From and including June 30, 2021 through the maturity date or early redemption date, the interest rate will reset quarterly to an annual interest rate equal to the then-current three-month LIBOR plus 471.5 basis points.

#### 10. Junior Subordinated Debentures

On November 1, 2017, with its acquisition of Pacific Continental, the Company assumed \$14.4 million of trust preferred obligations. The Company redeemed \$6.2 million of these obligations during 2017. The remaining \$8.2 million of obligations were redeemed in January 2018.

#### 11. Derivatives and Balance Sheet Offsetting

The Company periodically enters into certain commercial loan interest rate swap agreements in order to provide commercial loan customers the ability to convert from variable to fixed interest rates. Under these agreements, the Company enters into a variable-rate loan agreement with a customer in addition to a swap agreement. This swap agreement effectively converts the customer's variable rate loan into a fixed rate. The Company then enters into a corresponding swap agreement with a third-party in order to offset its exposure on the variable and fixed components of the customer agreement. As the interest rate swap agreements with the customers and third parties are not designated as hedges under the Derivatives and Hedging topic of the FASB ASC, the instruments are marked to market in earnings. The notional amount of open interest rate swap agreements at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was \$368.1 million and \$384.7 million, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, mark-to-market gains of \$1 thousand and \$9 thousand, respectively, were recorded to "Other" noninterest expense. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, mark-to-market gains of \$6 thousand and \$12 thousand, respectively, were recorded to "Other" noninterest expense.

The following table presents the fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

T : 1 :11: D : .:

	Asset Derivati	ves			Liability Deriva	tives		
	September 30,	2018	December 31,	2017	September 30, 2	2018	December 31, 2	017
	Balance Sheet	Foir Volu	Balance Sheet	Foir Wolv	Balance Sheet Location	Foir Volu	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
	Location	ran vanu	Location	raii vaiu	Location	rali value	Location	raii vaiue
	(in thousands)							
Interest rate contracts	Other assets	\$ 10,479	Other assets	\$ 6,707	Other liabilities	\$10,478	Other liabilities	\$ 6,714

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The Company is party to interest rate contracts and repurchase agreements that are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements. Under these agreements, the Company may have the right to net settle multiple contracts with the same counterparty. The following tables show the gross interest rate swap agreements and repurchase agreements in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the respective collateral received or pledged in the form of cash or other financial instruments, which are generally marketable securities. The collateral amounts in these tables are limited to the outstanding balances of the related asset or liability. Therefore, instances of overcollateralization are not shown.

	Gross Amounts of Recogniz Assets/L	Offset in th Consolidate zed Balance	e d	As Pre	et Amounts of sets/Liabilities esented in the onsolidated clance Sheets	Gross Amo Offset in the Consolidate Balance Sh Collateral Posted	ne red neets
September 30, 2018	(in thous	ands)					
Assets							
Interest rate contracts	\$10,479	\$	—5	\$	10,479	<b>\$</b> —	\$10,479
Liabilities							
Interest rate contracts	\$10,478	\$	_5	\$	10,478	\$(9,595)	\$883
Repurchase agreements	\$62,197	\$	—5	\$	62,197	\$(62,197)	<b>\$</b> —
December 31, 2017							
Assets							
Interest rate contracts	\$6,707	\$	—5	\$	6,707	\$—	\$6,707
Liabilities							
Interest rate contracts	\$6,714	\$	—5	\$	6,714	\$(6,714)	<b>\$</b> —
Repurchase agreements	\$79,059	\$	—5	\$	79,059	\$(79,059)	\$—

The following table presents the class of collateral pledged for repurchase agreements as well as the remaining contractual maturity of the repurchase agreements:

> Remaining contractual maturity of the agreements

September 30, 2018

Class of collateral pledged for repurchase agreements

U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed \$62,197 \$ -\$ -\$ securities and collateralized mortgage obligations

**-\$62,197** 

Gross amount of recognized liabilities for repurchase agreements

62,197 \$--

Amounts related to agreements not included in offsetting disclosure

The collateral utilized for the Company's repurchase agreements is subject to market fluctuations as well as prepayments of principal. The Company monitors the risk of the fair value of its pledged collateral falling below acceptable amounts based on the type of the underlying repurchase agreement. The pledged collateral related to the Company's \$62.2 million sweep repurchase agreements, which mature on an overnight basis, is monitored on a daily basis as the underlying sweep accounts can have frequent transaction activity and the amount of pledged collateral is adjusted as necessary.

12. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Lease Commitments: The Company's lease commitments consist primarily of leased locations under various non-cancellable operating leases that expire between 2018 and 2043. The majority of the leases contain renewal

options and provisions for increases in rental rates based on an agreed upon index or predetermined escalation schedule.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk: In the normal course of business, the Company makes loan commitments (typically unfunded loans and unused lines of credit) and issues standby letters of credit to accommodate the financial needs of its customers. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company's loan commitments amounted to \$2.50 billion and \$2.62 billion, respectively.

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Standby letters of credit commit the Company to make payments on behalf of customers under specified conditions. Historically, no significant losses have been incurred by the Company under standby letters of credit. Both arrangements have credit risk essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers and are subject to the Company's normal credit policies, including collateral requirements, where appropriate. Standby letters of credit were \$41.8 million and \$51.3 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. In addition, commitments under commercial letters of credit used to facilitate customers' trade transactions and other off-balance sheet liabilities amounted to \$104 thousand and \$159 thousand at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Legal Proceedings: The Company and its subsidiaries are from time to time defendants in and are threatened with various legal proceedings arising from their regular business activities. Management, after consulting with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from these pending or threatened actions and proceedings will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

13. Shareholders' Equity

Dividends: On January 25, 2018, the Company declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.22 per common share payable on February 21, 2018 to shareholders of record at the close of business on February 7, 2018.

On April 25, 2018, the Company declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.26 per common share payable on May 23, 2018 to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 9, 2018.

On July 25, 2018, the Company declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.26 per common share payable on August 22, 2018 to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 8, 2018.

Subsequent to quarter end, on October 25, 2018, the Company declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.26 per common share and a special cash dividend of \$0.14 per common share payable on November 21, 2018 to shareholders of record at the close of business on November 7, 2018.

The payment of cash dividends is subject to federal regulatory requirements for capital levels and other restrictions. In addition, the cash dividends paid by Columbia Bank to the Company are subject to both federal and state regulatory requirements.

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# 14. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table shows changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

mile month periods ended september 50, 2010 and 2017.			
	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available- Securities (1)	Losses on Pension for-Sale Plan Liability (1)	Total (1)
Three months ended September 30, 2018	(in thousar	nds)	
Beginning balance	\$(53,597)	\$ (2,324)	\$(55,921)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(14,149)		(14,149)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	61	61
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(14,149)	61	(14,088)
Ending balance	\$(67,746)	\$ (2,263)	\$(70,009)
Three months ended September 30, 2017			
Beginning balance	\$(4,969)	\$(1,559)	\$(6,528)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	549		549
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	46	46
Net current-period other comprehensive income	549	46	595
Ending balance	\$(4,420)	\$(1,513)	\$(5,933)
Nine months ended September 30, 2018			
Beginning balance	\$(19,779)	\$ (2,446 )	\$(22,225)
Adjustment pursuant to adoption of ASU 2016-01	157		157
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(48,043)		(48,043)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	(81)	183	102
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(48,124)	183	(47,941)
Ending balance	\$(67,746)	\$ (2,263)	\$(70,009)
Nine months ended September 30, 2017			
Beginning balance	\$(12,704)	\$ (6,295)	\$(18,999)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	8,284	4,604	12,888
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	178	178
Not assumed as all other assumed as also as as			10.000
Net current-period other comprehensive income	8,284	-	13,066
Ending balance	•	4,782 \$ (1,513 )	•

<sup>(1)</sup> All amounts are net of tax. Amounts in parenthesis indicate debits.

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securities

The following table shows details regarding the reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three Months Nine Months Affected line Item in the Ended Ended Consolidated September September 30, 30. 2018 2017 2018 Statement of Income 2017 (in thousands) Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale debt \$106 Investment securities losses, net 106 Total before tax (25 ) — Income tax provision \$81 \$---Net of tax

## Amortization of pension plan liability

Investment securities gains, net

Actuarial losses	\$(80) $$(72)$ $$(230)$ $$(270)$ Compensation and employee
Actualiai losses	\$(80) \$(72) \$(239) \$(279) Compensation and employee benefits
	(80 ) (72 ) (239 ) (279 ) Total before tax
	19 26 56 101 Income tax benefit
	\$(61) \$(46) \$(183) \$(178) Net of tax

## 15. Fair Value Accounting and Measurement

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB ASC defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements about fair value. We hold fixed and variable rate interest-bearing securities, investments in marketable equity securities and certain other financial instruments, which are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined based upon quoted prices when available or through the use of alternative approaches, such as matrix or model pricing, when market quotes are not readily accessible or available. The valuation techniques are based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our own market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 – Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

Fair values are determined as follows:

Securities at fair value are priced using a combination of market activity, industry recognized information sources, yield curves, discounted cash flow models and other factors. These fair value calculations are considered a Level 2 input method under the provisions of the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB ASC for all securities other than U.S. Treasury Notes and equity securities, which are considered a Level 1 input method. Interest rate contract positions are valued in models, which use as their basis, readily observable market parameters and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

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The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 by level within the fair value hierarchy. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement:

measurement.				
		Fair Value M	ng Date Using	
	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
September 30, 2018	(in thousand	ds)		
Assets				
Debt securities available for sale:				
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored				
enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized	\$1,928,832	\$ —	\$ 1,928,832	\$ —
mortgage obligations				
State and municipal debt securities	567,818	_	567,818	_
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	424,217	_	424,217	_
U.S. government securities	247	247	_	
Total debt securities available for sale	\$2,921,114	\$ 247	\$ 2,920,867	\$ — \$ —
Equity securities	\$4,901	\$ 4,901	\$ —	\$ —
Other assets (Interest rate contracts)	\$10,479	\$ —	\$ 10,479	\$ —
Liabilities				
Other liabilities (Interest rate contracts)	\$10,478	\$ —	\$ 10,478	\$ —
Other habilities (interest rate contracts)	Ψ10, 476		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'
Other habilities (interest rate contracts)	Ψ10,+76		leasurements at Reporti	'
Other habilities (interest rate contracts)	Fair value		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'
December 31, 2017		Fair Value M Level 1	leasurements at Reporti	ng Date Using Level
	Fair value	Fair Value M Level 1	leasurements at Reporti	ng Date Using Level
December 31, 2017	Fair value	Fair Value M Level 1	leasurements at Reporti	ng Date Using Level
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored	Fair value (in thousand	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)	leasurements at Reporti	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized	Fair value	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)	leasurements at Reporti	ng Date Using Level
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	Fair value (in thousand	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)	Ieasurements at Reporti Level 2	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities	Fair value (in thousand	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)	Ieasurements at Reporti Level 2	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)	Level 2 \$ 1,726,725 596,004	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774	Fair Value M Level 1 ds) \$ — —	Level 2 \$ 1,726,725	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774 248	Fair Value M Level 1 ds)  \$ — — — — 248	\$ 1,726,725 \$ 596,004 414,774	ng Date Using Level 3  \$ — — —
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities Total debt securities available for sale	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774 248 \$2,737,751	Fair Value M. Level 1 ds)  \$ — — — 248 \$ 248	\$ 1,726,725 \$ 1,726,725 \$ 596,004 414,774 — \$ 2,737,503	ng Date Using Level 3  \$ — — —
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities Total debt securities available for sale Equity securities	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774 248 \$2,737,751 \$5,080	Fair Value M. Level 1 ds)  \$ —   248 \$ 248 \$ 5,080	\$ 1,726,725 \$ 1,726,725 \$ 596,004 414,774 — \$ 2,737,503 \$ —	ng Date Using Level 3
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities Total debt securities available for sale Equity securities Other assets (Interest rate contracts)	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774 248 \$2,737,751	Fair Value M. Level 1 ds)  \$ — — — 248 \$ 248	\$ 1,726,725 \$ 1,726,725 \$ 596,004 414,774 — \$ 2,737,503	ng Date Using Level 3  \$ — — —
December 31, 2017 Assets Debt securities available for sale: U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-back securities and collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal debt securities U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities U.S. government securities Total debt securities available for sale Equity securities	Fair value (in thousand) \$1,726,725 596,004 414,774 248 \$2,737,751 \$5,080	Fair Value M. Level 1 ds)  \$ —   248 \$ 248 \$ 5,080	\$ 1,726,725 \$ 1,726,725 \$ 596,004 414,774 — \$ 2,737,503 \$ —	ng Date Using Level 3  \$ — — —

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy during the nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the valuation hierarchy based on the valuation level at the end of the reporting period.

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#### Nonrecurring Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis after initial recognition such as loans measured for impairment and OREO. The following methods were used to estimate the fair value of each such class of financial instrument:

Impaired loans—A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due (both interest and principal) according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, a loan's observable market price, or the fair market value of the collateral less estimated costs to sell if the loan is a collateral-dependent loan. The impairment evaluations are performed in conjunction with the allowance process on a quarterly basis by officers in the Special Credits group, which reports to the Chief Credit Officer. The Real Estate Appraisal Services Department ("REASD"), which also reports to the Chief Credit Officer, is responsible for obtaining appraisals from third-parties or performing internal evaluations. If an appraisal is obtained from a third-party, the REASD reviews the appraisal to evaluate the adequacy of the appraisal report, including its scope, methods, accuracy and reasonableness.

Other real estate owned—OREO is real property that the Bank has taken ownership of in partial or full satisfaction of a loan or loans. OREO is generally measured based on the property's fair market value as indicated by an appraisal or a letter of intent to purchase. OREO is initially recorded at the fair value less estimated costs to sell. This amount becomes the property's new basis. Any fair value adjustments based on the property's fair value less estimated costs to sell at the date of acquisition are charged to the allowance, or in the event of a write-up without previous losses charged to the allowance, a credit to earnings is recorded. Management periodically reviews OREO in an effort to ensure the property is recorded at its fair value, net of estimated costs to sell. Any fair value adjustments subsequent to acquisition are charged or credited to earnings. The initial and subsequent evaluations are performed by officers in the Special Credits group, which reports to the Chief Credit Officer. The REASD obtains appraisals from third-parties for OREO and performs internal evaluations. If an appraisal is obtained from a third-party, the REASD reviews the appraisal to evaluate the adequacy of the appraisal report, including its scope, methods, accuracy and reasonableness. The following tables set forth information related to the Company's assets that were measured using fair value estimates on a nonrecurring basis during the current and prior year quarterly periods:

	Fair valu	Fair V	/alue Me	easur	ement	s at Reporting Date Usin	_	<b>.</b>		Losses During
	Septemb	)er					Lo	sses During the	t.	he Nine
	•		1 Leve	12	Leve	1.2	Th	ree Months End	led N	Months Ended
	30,	Level	1 Leve	1 4	Leve	21 3	Se	ptember 30, 201	8 8	September 30,
	2018								2	018
	(in thous	sands)								
Impaired loans	\$14,616	\$	— \$	_	\$	14,616	\$	1,208	\$	1,208
OREO	1,240				1,24	0	44	5	4	45
	\$15,856	\$	— \$		\$	15,856	\$	1,653	\$	1,653
	Fair 1	Fair Va	alue Mea	surei	nents	at Reporting Date Using				
	value						Losse	es During the	Loss	es During the
	at				_		Three	Months Ended	Nine	Months Ended
	Septemb	leevel 1	Level	2	Leve	13		mber 30, 2017		ember 30, 2017
	30,						Septe	111001 30, 2017	Бері	cinoci 50, 2017
	2017									
	(in thous	sands)								
Impaired loans	\$843	\$ -	- \$		\$	843	\$	170	\$	170
OREO	625 -	_			625		138		138	
	\$1,468	\$ -	- \$		\$	1,468	\$	308	\$	308

The losses on impaired loans disclosed above represent the amount of the specific reserve and/or charge-offs during the period applicable to loans held at period end. The amount of the specific reserve is included in the allowance for loan and lease losses. The losses on OREO disclosed above represent the write-downs taken at foreclosure that were

charged to the allowance for loan and lease losses, as well as subsequent changes in any valuation allowances from updated appraisals that were recorded to earnings.

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Quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements

The range and weighted-average of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value our Level 3 nonrecurring assets, along with the valuation techniques used, are shown in the following table:

	2018	ne at  er. Valuation Technique  in thousands)	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average) (1)
Impaired loans - collateral-dependent (3)		Fair Market Value of Collateral	Adjustment to Stated Value	0.00% - 54.51% (6.66%)
OREO	\$1,240	Fair Market Value of Collateral	Adjustment to Appraisal Value	N/A (2)

- (1) Discount applied to appraisal value or stated value (in the case of accounts receivable, fixed assets, and inventory).
- (2) Quantitative disclosures are not provided for OREO because there were no adjustments made to the appraisal values.
- (3) Collateral consists of accounts receivable, fixed assets, inventory, cash, real estate and state guarantee.

	Fair value		
	at Valuation Technique September	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average) (1)
	30,		
	2017		
	(dollars in thousands)		
Impaired loans - collateral-dependent (3)	\$715 Fair Market Value of Collateral	Adjustment to Stated Value	N/A (2)
Impaired loans - other (4)	\$128 Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.75%
OREO	\$625 Fair Market Value of Collateral	Adjustment to Appraisal Value	N/A (2)

- (1) Discount rate used in discounted cash flow valuation.
- (2) Quantitative disclosures are not provided for collateral-dependent impaired loans and OREO because there were no adjustments made to the appraisal values or stated values during the current period.
- (3) Collateral consists of government agency guarantee.
- (4) As there was only one impaired loan remeasured using discounted cash flows, a range of discounts could not be provided.

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The following tables summarize carrying amounts and estimated fair values of selected financial instruments by level within the fair value hierarchy at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	September Carrying Amount (in thousa	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets						
Cash and due from banks		\$220,706		\$—	\$	_
Interest-earning deposits with banks	21,456	21,456	21,456			
Debt securities available for sale		2,921,114		2,920,867		
Equity securities	4,901	4,901	4,901			
FHLB stock	16,640	16,640	_	16,640	_	
Loans held for sale	5,275	5,275	_	5,275	_	
Loans	8,430,530	8,425,433	_		8,425,43	33
Interest rate contracts Liabilities	10,479	10,479	_	10,479		
Time deposits	\$131.406	\$423,165	<b>\$</b>	\$423,165	<b>\$</b>	
FHLB advances	166,536	166,999	ψ—	166,999	Ψ	
Repurchase agreements	62,197	62,197		62,197		
Subordinated debentures	35,508	35,001	_	35,001	_	
Interest rate contracts	10,478	10,478		10,478		
interest rate contracts	December			10,170		
	Carrying	-	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	(in thousa	nds)				
Assets						
Cash and due from banks	\$244,615	\$244,615	\$244,615	<b>\$</b> —	\$	
Interest-earning deposits with banks	97,918	97,918	97,918	_		
Debt securities available for sale	2,737,751	2,737,751	248	2,737,503		
Equity securities	5,080	5,080	5,080			
FHLB stock	10,440	10,440	_	10,440		
Loans held for sale	5,766	5,766	_	5,766		
Loans	8,283,011	8,055,817	_		8,055,81	17
Interest rate contracts	6,707	6,707	_	6,707		
Liabilities						
Time deposits	\$491,045	\$483,095	<b>\$</b> —	\$483,095	\$	_
FHLB advances	11,579	12,281		12,281		
Repurchase agreements	79,059	79,070		79,070		
Subordinated debentures	35,647	35,895	_	35,895		
Junior subordinated debentures	8,248	8,248		8,248		
Interest rate contracts	6,714	6,714		6,714		
	,	*		,		

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#### 16. Earnings per Common Share

The Company applies the two-class method of computing basic and diluted EPS. Under the two-class method, EPS is determined for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. The Company issues restricted shares under share-based compensation plans and preferred shares which qualify as participating securities.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mor Ended Septembe	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	(in thous	sands exce	ept per sha	re)
Basic EPS:				
Net income	\$46,415	\$40,769	\$128,134	\$97,100
Less: Earnings allocated to participating securities:				
Preferred shares	_		_	4
Nonvested restricted shares	504	558	1,413	1,325
Earnings allocated to common shareholders	\$45,911	\$40,211	\$126,721	\$95,771
Weighted average common shares outstanding	72,427	57,566	72,370	57,459
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.63	\$0.70	\$1.75	\$1.67
Diluted EPS:				
Earnings allocated to common shareholders	\$45,911	\$40,211	\$126,721	\$95,771
Weighted average common shares outstanding	72,427	57,566	72,370	57,459
Dilutive effect of equity awards	5	5	4	6
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	72,432	57,571	72,374	57,465
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.63	\$0.70	\$1.75	\$1.67
Potentially dilutive share options that were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because to do so would be anti-dilutive	_	12	5	13

#### 17. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue in the scope of Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The vast majority of the Company's revenue is specifically outside the scope of Topic 606. For in-scope revenue, the following is a description of principal activities, separated by the timing of revenue recognition from which the Company generates its revenue from contracts with customers.

Revenue earned at a point in time - Examples of revenue earned at a point in time are ATM transaction fees, wire transfer fees, overdraft fees, interchange fees and foreign exchange transaction fees. Revenue is primarily based on the number and type of transactions and is generally derived from transactional information accumulated by our systems and is recognized immediately as the transactions occur or upon providing the service to complete the customer's transaction. The Company is the principal in each of these contracts, with the exception of interchange fees, in which case we are acting as the agent and record revenue net of expenses paid to the principal.

Revenue earned over time - The Company earns revenue from contracts with customers in a variety of ways where the revenue is earned over a period of time - generally monthly. Examples of this type of revenue are deposit

b. account maintenance fees, investment advisory fees, merchant revenue and safe deposit box fees. Revenue is generally derived from transactional information accumulated by our systems or those of third-parties and is recognized as the related transactions occur or services are rendered to the customer.

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The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers when it satisfies its performance obligations. The Company's performance obligations are typically satisfied as services are rendered and our contracts generally do not include multiple performance obligations. As a result, there are no contract balances as payments and services are rendered simultaneously. Payment is generally collected at the time services are rendered, monthly or quarterly. Unsatisfied performance obligations at the report date are not material to our consolidated financial statements. In certain cases, other parties are involved with providing products and services to our customers. If the Company is principal in the transaction (providing goods or services itself), revenues are reported based on the gross consideration received from the customer and any related expenses are reported gross in noninterest expense. If the Company is an agent in the transaction (arranging for another party to provide goods or services), the Company reports its net fee or commission retained as revenue.

Rebates, waivers and reversals are recorded as a reduction of the transaction price either when the revenue is recognized by the Company or at the time the rebate, waiver or reversal is earned by the customer. Practical expedients

The Company applies the practical expedient in paragraph 606-10-32-18 and does not adjust the consideration from customers for the effects of a significant financing component if at contract inception the period between when the entity transfers the goods or services and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less. The Company pays sales commissions to its employees in accordance with certain incentive plans and in connection with obtaining certain contracts with customers. The Company applies the practical expedient in paragraph 340-40-25-4 and expenses such sales commissions when incurred if the amortization period of the asset the Company otherwise would have recognized is one year or less. Sales commissions are included in compensation and employee benefits expense.

For the Company's contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less, the Company uses the practical expedient in paragraph 606-10-50-14 and has not disclosed the amount of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations as of the end of each reporting period or when the Company expects to recognize this revenue.

#### Disaggregation of revenue

The following table shows the disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018:

Three Nine
Months Months
Ended Ended
September
30, 30,
2018 2018
(dollars in thousands)

#### Noninterest income:

Revenue from contracts with customers:

Deposit account and treasury management fees	\$9,266	\$ 26,689
Card revenue	3,714	16,143
Financial services and trust revenue	2,975	8,924
Total revenue from contracts with customers	15,955	51,756
Other sources of noninterest income	5,064	16,098
Total noninterest income	\$21,019	\$ 67,854

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This discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Columbia Banking System, Inc. (referred to in this report as "we", "our", "Columbia" and "the Company") and notes thereto presented elsewhere in this report and with the December 31, 2017 audited Consolidated Financial Statements and its

accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the following discussion, unless otherwise noted, references to increases or decreases in average balances in items of income and expense for a particular period and balances at a particular date refer to the comparison with corresponding amounts for the period or date one year earlier.

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#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions that are not historical facts, and statements identified by words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "should," "projects," "seeks," "estimates" or the negative version of words or other comparable words or phrases of a future or forward-looking nature. Forward-looking statements are based on current beliefs and expectations of management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. In addition to the factors set forth in the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this report and the factors set forth in the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results expressed or implied by forward-looking statements:

national and global economic conditions could be less favorable than expected or could have a more direct and pronounced effect on us than expected and adversely affect our ability to continue internal growth and maintain the quality of our earning assets;

the markets where we operate and make loans could face challenges;

the risks presented by the economy, which could adversely affect credit quality, collateral values, including real estate collateral, investment values, liquidity and loan originations and loan portfolio delinquency rates;

the efficiencies and enhanced financial and operating performance we expect to realize from investments in personnel, acquisitions, and infrastructure may not be realized;

interest rate changes could significantly reduce net interest income and negatively affect funding sources;

projected business increases following strategic expansion could be lower than expected;

changes in the scope and cost of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance and other coverages; the impact of acquired loans on our earnings;

changes in accounting principles, policies and guidelines applicable to bank holding companies and banking;

changes in laws and regulations affecting our businesses, including changes in the enforcement and interpretation of such laws and regulations by applicable governmental and regulatory agencies;

competition among financial institutions and nontraditional providers of financial services could increase significantly;

continued consolidation in the Northwest financial services industry resulting in the creation of larger financial institutions that may have greater resources could change the competitive landscape;

the goodwill we have recorded in connection with acquisitions could become impaired, which may have an adverse impact on our earnings and capital;

our ability to identify and address cyber-security risks, including security breaches, "denial of service attacks," "hacking" and identity theft;

any material failure or interruption of our information and communications systems or inability to keep pace with technological changes;

our ability to effectively manage credit risk, interest rate risk, market risk, operational risk, legal risk, liquidity risk and regulatory and compliance risk;

the effect of geopolitical instability, including wars, conflicts and terrorist attacks;

our profitability measures could be adversely affected if we are unable to effectively manage our capital;

natural disasters, including earthquakes, tsunamis, flooding, fires and other unexpected events; and

the effects of any damage to our reputation resulting from developments related to any of the items identified above.

You should take into account that forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. Given the described uncertainties and risks, we cannot guarantee our future performance or results of operations and you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required under federal securities laws.

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#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management has identified the accounting policies related to the allowance for loan and lease losses (the "allowance"), business combinations and the valuation and recoverability of goodwill as critical to an understanding of our financial statements. These policies and related estimates are discussed in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" under the headings "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses," "Business Combinations" and "Valuation and Recoverability of Goodwill" in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have not been any material changes in our critical accounting policies as compared to those disclosed in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Our results of operations are dependent to a large degree on our net interest income. We also generate noninterest income from our broad range of products and services including treasury management, wealth management and debit and credit cards. Our operating expenses consist primarily of compensation and employee benefits, occupancy, data processing and legal and professional fees. Like most financial institutions, our interest income and cost of funds are affected significantly by general economic conditions, particularly changes in market interest rates, and by government policies and actions of regulatory authorities.

#### **Earnings Summary**

Comparison of current quarter to prior year period

The Company reported net income for the third quarter of \$46.4 million or \$0.63 per diluted common share, compared to \$40.8 million or \$0.70 per diluted common share for the third quarter of 2017. Net interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$122.8 million, an increase of \$33.9 million from the prior year period. The increase was a result of higher interest income on loans primarily due to higher loan volumes from our acquisition of Pacific Continental and the rising rate environment. Noninterest income for the current quarter was \$21.0 million, a decrease of \$16.0 million from the prior year period. The decrease was primarily due to the one-time gain on the sale of the merchant card services portfolio in the third quarter of 2017 and lower card revenue as we became subject to the interchange fee cap imposed under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

The provision for loan and lease losses for the third quarter of 2018 was \$3.2 million compared to a recapture of \$648 thousand during the third quarter of 2017. The provision expense recorded in the third quarter of 2018 reflected a \$3.3 million provision for loans, excluding PCI loans, and a \$502 thousand provision recapture from PCI loans.

Total noninterest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 was \$82.8 million, an increase from \$67.5 million for the third quarter of 2017. The increase from the prior year period was primarily due to higher compensation and benefits expense and intangible asset amortization expense in the current quarter as a result of the recent Pacific Continental acquisition.

Comparison of current year-to-date to prior year period

acquisition as well as \$4.61 million higher acquisition-related expenses.

Net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$355.0 million, an increase of \$93.2 million from the prior year period. The increase was a result of higher interest income on loans primarily due to higher loan volumes from our acquisition of Pacific Continental and the rising rate environment. Noninterest income for the current period was \$67.9 million, a decrease of \$18.2 million from the prior year period. The decrease was primarily due to the previously noted sale of the merchant card services portfolio and lower card revenue as a result of the interchange fee cap.

The provision for loan and lease losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$13.0 million compared to a provision of \$5.3 million for the first nine months of 2017. During the current year-to-date period, we recorded a large charge-off in our agricultural portfolio. The \$13.0 million provision was due to recording a provision of \$15.2 million for loans, excluding PCI loans, and a provision recapture of \$2.2 million related to PCI loans.

Total noninterest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$253.5 million, a 23% increase from the prior year period. The increase from the prior year period was primarily driven by increased compensation and

employee benefits expense and intangible asset amortization expense as a result of the recent Pacific Continental

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#### Net Interest Income

The following table sets forth the average balances of all major categories of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the total dollar amounts of interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, the average yield earned on interest-earning assets and average cost of interest-bearing liabilities by category and, in total, net interest income and net interest margin:

	Three Month	s Ended Septe	mber 30	Three Months Ended September			
	Timee Wionia	is Linded Septe	30,				
	2018		2017				
	Average	Interest	Average	Average	Interest	Average	
	Balances	Earned / Paid	Rate	Balances	Earned / Paid	l Rate	
	(dollars in th	ousands)					
ASSETS							
Loans, net $(1)(2)$	\$8,456,632	\$ 110,925	5.25 %	\$6,441,537	\$ 80,136	4.98 %	
Taxable securities	2,336,405	14,654	2.51 %	1,784,407	8,718	1.95 %	
Tax exempt securities (2)	513,090	3,885	3.03 %	451,828	4,181	3.70 %	
Interest-earning deposits with banks	20,502	104	2.03 %	72,789	226	1.24 %	
Total interest-earning assets	11,326,629	\$ 129,568	4.58 %	8,750,561	\$ 93,261	4.26 %	
Other earning assets	228,332			173,611			
Noninterest-earning assets	1,250,170			770,833			
Total assets	\$12,805,131			\$9,695,005			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQ	UITY						
Certificates of deposit	\$440,196	\$ 544	0.49 %	\$382,299	\$ 92	0.10 %	
Savings accounts	889,793	31	0.01 %	766,540	19	0.01 %	
Interest-bearing demand	1,246,592	689	0.22 %	1,000,079	223	0.09 %	
Money market accounts	2,799,719	1,929	0.28 %	2,051,662	749	0.15 %	
Total interest-bearing deposits	5,376,300	3,193	0.24 %	4,200,580	1,083	0.10 %	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	167,531	966	2.31 %	33,687	163	1.94 %	
Subordinated debentures	35,530	468	5.27 %		_	%	
Other borrowings and interest-bearing	41,636	152	1.46 %	51 660	128	0.99 %	
liabilities	41,030	132	1.40 %	31,009	120	0.99 %	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	5,620,997	\$ 4,779	0.34 %	4,285,936	\$ 1,374	0.13 %	
Noninterest-bearing deposits	5,102,500			3,986,757			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities	98,317			98,518			
Shareholders' equity	1,983,317			1,323,794			
Total liabilities & shareholders' equity	\$12,805,131			\$9,695,005			
Net interest income (tax equivalent)		\$ 124,789			\$ 91,887		
Net interest margin (tax equivalent)			4.41 %			4.20 %	

Nonaccrual loans have been included in the tables as loans carrying a zero yield. Amortized net deferred loan fees and net unearned discounts on acquired loans were included in the interest income calculations. The amortization (1) of net deferred loan fees was \$2.5 million and \$1.8 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The incremental accretion income on acquired loans was \$3.2 million and \$2.9 million for

Tax-exempt income is calculated on a tax equivalent basis at a rate of 21% for 2018 and 35% for 2017. The tax equivalent yield adjustment to interest earned on loans was \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million for the three months

the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The tax equivalent yield adjustment to interest earned on tax exempt securities was \$816 thousand and \$1.5 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

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The following table sets forth the average balances of all major categories of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the total dollar amounts of interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, the average yield earned on interest-earning assets and average cost of interest-bearing liabilities by category and, in total, net interest income and net interest margin:

mamiles by eurogory unu, in total, not	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018							
	Average Interest Average A			Average	Interest	Aver	age	
	Balances	Earned / Paid	Rate		Balances	Earned / Paid	Rate	
	(dollars in the	ousands)						
ASSETS								
Loans, net (1)(2)	\$8,398,596	\$ 321,542	5.10	%	\$6,322,629	\$ 232,680	4.91	%
Taxable securities	2,202,497	39,285	2.38	%	1,835,693	29,172	2.12	%
Tax exempt securities (2)	518,128	11,640	3.00	%	451,636	12,500	3.69	%
Interest-earning deposits with banks	48,922	600	1.64	%	31,748	268	1.13	%
Total interest-earning assets	11,168,143	\$ 373,067	4.45	%	8,641,706	\$ 274,620	4.24	%
Other earning assets	222,570				174,898			
Noninterest-earning assets	1,255,965				772,865			
Total assets	\$12,646,678				\$9,589,469			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER	S' EQUITY							
Certificates of deposit	\$461,236	\$ 1,619	0.47	%	\$389,260	\$ 282	0.10	%
Savings accounts	881,207	102	0.02	%	753,577	57	0.01	%
Interest-bearing demand	1,264,918	1,832	0.19	%	985,625	574	0.08	%
Money market accounts	2,783,498	4,721	0.23	%	2,019,278	1,865	0.12	%
Total interest-bearing deposits	5,390,859	8,274	0.20	%	4,147,740	2,778	0.09	%
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	150,054	2,351	2.09	%	103,369	979	1.26	%
Subordinated debentures	35,577	1,404	5.26	%			_	%
Other borrowings	43,453	288	0.88	%	54,577	383	0.94	%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	5,619,943	\$ 12,317	0.29	%	4,305,686	\$ 4,140	0.13	%
Noninterest-bearing deposits	4,969,037				3,889,065			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities	95,192				100,820			
Shareholders' equity	1,962,506				1,293,898			
Total liabilities & shareholders' equity	\$12,646,678				\$9,589,469			
Net interest income (tax equivalent)		\$ 360,750				\$ 270,480		
Net interest margin (tax equivalent)			4.31	%			4.17	%

Nonaccrual loans have been included in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. Amortized net deferred loan fees and net unearned discounts on acquired loans were included in the interest income calculations. The amortization (1) of net deferred loan fees was \$6.8 million and \$5.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The incremental accretion income on acquired loans was \$9.9 million and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Tax-exempt income is calculated on a tax equivalent basis at a rate of 21% for 2018 and 35% for 2017. The tax equivalent yield adjustment to interest earned on loans was \$3.4 million and \$4.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The tax equivalent yield adjustment to interest earned on tax exempt securities was \$2.4 million and \$4.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

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The following table sets forth the total dollar amount of change in interest income and interest expense. The changes have been segregated for each major category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities into amounts attributable to changes in volume and changes in rates. Changes attributable to the combined effect of volume and interest rates have been allocated proportionately to the changes due to volume and the changes due to interest rates:

interest rates have been anocated proportionatery	C					
	Three Months Ended					
	September 30, 2018					
	Compared	d to 2017				
	Increase (	Decrease	) Due to			
	Volume	Rate	Total			
	(in thousa	nds)				
Interest Income						
Loans, net (1)	\$26,230	\$4,559	\$30,789			
Taxable securities	3,096	2,840	5,936			
Tax exempt securities (1)	523	(819)	(296)			
Interest earning deposits with banks	(216)	94	(122)			
Interest income	\$29,633	\$6,674	\$36,307			
Interest Expense						
Deposits:						
Certificates of deposit	\$15	\$437	\$452			
Savings accounts	4	8	12			
Interest-bearing demand	67	399	466			
Money market accounts	343	837	1,180			
Total interest on deposits	429	1,681	2,110			
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	766	37	803			
Subordinated debentures	468	_	468			
Other borrowings and interest-bearing liabilities	(17)	41	24			
Interest expense	\$1,646	\$1,759	\$3,405			

<sup>(1)</sup> For tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities, the amount of our tax equivalent adjustment for 2018 was impacted by the lower federal corporate tax rate. As a result, our tax equivalent adjustments for tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities were \$1.2 million and \$837 thousand lower, respectively, than they would have been utilizing the prior federal corporate tax rate. This change in federal corporate tax rate negatively impacted our current quarter net interest margin (tax equivalent) by 7 basis points.

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The following table sets forth the total dollar amount of change in interest income and interest expense. The changes have been segregated for each major category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities into amounts attributable to changes in volume and changes in rates. Changes attributable to the combined effect of volume and interest rates have been allocated proportionately to the changes due to volume and the changes due to interest rates:

interest rates have been unocated pro	interest rates have been unocated proportionately to the changes ade						
	Nine Months Ended						
	September 30, 2018						
	Compared	d to 2017					
	Increase (	Decrease)	Due to				
	Volume Rate Total						
	(in thousa	ınds)					
Interest Income							
Loans, net (1)	\$79,142	\$9,720	\$88,862				
Taxable securities	6,272	3,841	10,113				
Tax exempt securities (1)	1,688	(2,548)	(860)				
Interest earning deposits with banks	181	151	332				
Interest income	\$87,283	\$11,164	\$98,447				
Interest Expense							
Deposits:							
Certificates of deposit	\$61	\$1,276	\$1,337				
Savings accounts	11	34	45				
Interest-bearing demand	202	1,056	1,258				
Money market accounts	889	1,967	2,856				
Total interest on deposits	1,163	4,333	5,496				
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	560	812	1,372				
Subordinated debentures	1,404		1,404				
Other borrowings	(75)	(20)	(95)				
Interest expense	\$3,052	\$5,125	\$8,177				

<sup>(1)</sup> For tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities, the amount of our tax equivalent adjustment for 2018 was impacted by the lower federal corporate tax rate. As a result, our tax equivalent adjustments for tax exempt loans and tax exempt securities were \$3.4 million and \$2.5 million lower, respectively, than they would have been utilizing the prior federal corporate tax rate. This change in federal corporate tax rate negatively impacted our current year to date net interest margin (tax equivalent) by 7 basis points.

The following table shows the impact to interest income of incremental accretion income as well as the net interest margin and operating net interest margin for the periods presented:

	Three Me Ended Se 30,		Nine Mor September	nths Ended er 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	(dollars i	n thousand	s)		
Incremental accretion income due to:					
FDIC purchased credit impaired loans	\$585	\$972	\$1,240	\$3,842	
Other acquired loans	2,643	1,903	8,703	6,207	
Incremental accretion income	\$3,228	\$2,875	\$9,943	\$10,049	
Net interest margin (tax equivalent) Operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) (1)		,.		4.17 % 4.11 %	

(1) Operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) is a non-GAAP measurement. See <u>Non-GAAP measures section of Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysi</u>s.

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Comparison of current quarter to prior year period

Net interest income for the third quarter of 2018 was \$122.8 million, up from \$88.9 million for the same quarter in 2017. The increase was primarily due to higher average earning asset volumes stemming from the Pacific Continental acquisition and higher yields on earning assets due to the current rising rate environment. The Company's net interest margin (tax equivalent) increased to 4.41% in the third quarter of 2018, from 4.20% for the prior year period. This increase was due to higher yields on earning assets as described above offset by a 7 basis point reduction related to a lower federal corporate tax rate. The Company's operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) (see footnote 1 in prior table) increased to 4.38% from 4.15% due to higher rates on interest earning assets, which more than offset the increase in rates on interest-bearing liabilities.

Comparison of current year-to-date to prior year period

Net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$355.0 million, an increase of 36% from \$261.8 million for the prior year period. The increase in net interest income was primarily due to higher average earning asset volumes stemming from the Pacific Continental acquisition and the rising rate environment mentioned above. The Company's net interest margin (tax equivalent) increased to 4.31% for the first nine months of 2018, from 4.17% for the prior year period. The increase in the Company's net interest margin (tax equivalent) was driven by higher earning asset volumes and higher earning asset yields, offset by a 7 basis point reduction due to the lower federal corporate tax rate. The Company's operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 increased to 4.27% from 4.11% also due to higher earning asset yields and volumes.

Provision for Loan and Lease Losses

Comparison of current quarter to prior year period

During the third quarter of 2018, the Company recorded a \$3.2 million net provision compared to a \$648 thousand net recapture during the third quarter of 2017. The \$3.2 million net provision for loan and lease losses recorded during the current quarter was due to a provision expense of \$3.3 million for loans, excluding PCI loans. partially offset by a provision recapture of \$502 thousand for PCI loans. The \$3.3 million provision for loans, excluding PCI loans, was mainly due to loan growth. The provision recapture recorded relating to PCI loans was due to the increase in the present value of expected future cash flows as remeasured during the current quarter, compared to the present value of expected future cash flows measured during the second quarter of 2018. The amount of provision was calculated in accordance with the Company's methodology for determining the allowance, discussed in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)" of this report.

Comparison of current year-to-date to prior year period

The provision for loan and lease losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$13.0 million compared to \$5.3 million during the same period in 2017. The \$13.0 million provision expense for loans recorded for the current year-to-date period included a provision of \$15.2 million for loans, excluding PCI loans, partially offset by a provision recapture of \$2.2 million related to PCI loans. The provision of \$15.2 million related to loans, excluding PCI loans, was due to the combination of loan growth and net loan charge-offs experienced in the period. During the current year-to-date period, we recorded a large charge-off in our agricultural portfolio. The \$2.2 million in provision recapture for PCI loans was primarily due to the increase in the present value of expected future cash flows as remeasured during the current period, compared to the present value of expected future cash flows at the end of 2017, net of activity during the period. The amount of provision was calculated in accordance with the Company's methodology for determining the allowance, discussed in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)" of this report.

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#### Noninterest Income

The following table presents the significant components of noninterest income and the related dollar and percentage change from period to period:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2018	2017	\$ Change	e % Chai	nge	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Cha	nge
	(dollars in thousands)									
Deposit account and treasury management fees	\$9,266	\$7,685	\$1,581	21	%	\$26,689	\$22,368	\$4,321	19	%
Card revenue (1)	3,714	6,735	(3,021	) (45	)%	16,143	18,660	(2,517	(13	)%
Financial services and trust revenue	2,975	2,645	330	12	%	8,924	8,520	404	5	%
Loan revenue	3,282	3,154	128	4	%	9,522	9,736	(214	) (2	)%
Merchant processing revenue	_	_	_		%	_	4,283	(4,283	(100	1)%
Bank owned life insurance	1,402	1,290	112	9	%	4,540	4,003	537	13	%
Investment securities losses, net	(62)	_	(62	) 100	%	(73)	_	(73	100	%
Change in FDIC loss-sharing asset			_		%	_	(447)	447	(100	1)%
Gain on sale of merchant card services portfolio	_	14,000	(14,000	) (100	)%	_	14,000	(14,000	(100	)%
Other	442	1,558	(1,116	) (72	)%	2,109	4,938	(2,829	(57	)%
Total noninterest income	\$21,019	\$37,067	\$(16,048	3) (43	)%	\$67,854	\$86,061	\$(18,207)	(21	)%

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in the first quarter of 2018 and pursuant to the adoption of new revenue recognition accounting guidance, interchange revenue, included in "Card revenue" above, is presented net of related payment card network expenses. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, \$1.3 million and \$3.8 million, respectively, of such expenses were netted from "Card revenue."

## Comparison of current quarter to prior year period

Noninterest income was \$21.0 million for the third quarter of 2018, compared to \$37.1 million for the same period in 2017. The decrease was primarily due to the \$14.0 million one-time gain on sale of the merchant card services portfolio in the third quarter of 2017 in addition to lower card revenue as we became subject to the interchange fee cap imposed under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act as of July 1, 2018. As a result of the merchant card services portfolio sale, we now share with the buyer in merchant services revenue and include such amounts in "Card revenue." For the current quarter, this net revenue share was \$955 thousand, offset by payment card network expenses (see footnote 1 in prior table).

Comparison of current year-to-date to prior year period

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, noninterest income was \$67.9 million compared to \$86.1 million for the same period in 2017. The decrease was due to the previously noted sale of the merchant card services portfolio and lower card revenue offset by an increase in treasury management fees. For the current year period, the net revenue share of merchant services revenue included in "Card revenue" was \$2.5 million.

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#### Noninterest Expense

The following table presents the significant components of noninterest expense and the related dollar and percentage change from period to period:

	Three M	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2018	2017	\$ Change % Change 20			e2018	2017	\$ Change	% Ch	ange	
	(dollars in thousands)										
Compensation and employee benefits	\$49,419	\$39,983	\$9,436	24	%	\$148,938	\$119,201	\$29,737	25	%	
Occupancy	8,321	8,085	236	3	%	27,718	22,853	4,865	21	%	
Merchant processing expense		_	_	_	%	_	2,196	(2,196)	(100	)%	
Advertising and promotion	1,472	969	503	52	%	4,523	2,923	1,600	55	%	
Data processing	4,466	4,122	344	8	%	14,957	13,071	1,886	14	%	
Legal and professional services	4,695	2,880	1,815	63	%	12,103	9,196	2,907	32	%	
Taxes, license and fees	1,562	1,505	57	4	%	4,547	3,494	1,053	30	%	
Regulatory premiums	904	782	122	16	%	2,778	2,299	479	21	%	
Net cost of operation of other real estate owned	485	271	214	79	%	1,244	422	822	195	%	
Amortization of intangibles	3,070	1,188	1,882	158	%	9,346	3,786	5,560	147	%	
Other (1)	8,447	7,752	695	9	%	27,317	25,949	1,368	5	%	
Total noninterest expense	\$82,841	\$67,537	\$15,304	23	%	\$253,471	\$205,390	\$48,081	23	%	

<sup>(1)</sup> In the first quarter of 2018, there was a change to net presentation of interchange revenue pursuant to the adoption of new revenue recognition accounting guidance on January 1, 2018. As a result, card revenue for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 includes \$1.3 million and \$3.8 million, respectively, of payment card network expenses that would have historically been presented in other noninterest expense.

The following table shows the impact of the acquisition-related expenses for the periods indicated to the various components of noninterest expense:

Three Months Wine Months

	Three I	Months	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	Ended					
	Septem	ber 30,				
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	(in thousands)					
Acquisition-related expenses:						
Compensation and employee benefits	\$923	\$3	\$3,410	\$3		
Occupancy	29	593	1,619	945		
Advertising and promotion		184	534	201		
Data processing	20	66	941	539		
Legal and professional fees	102	157	893	1,587		
Taxes, licenses and fees				3		
Other	7	168	771	280		
Total impact of acquisition related appears to posintaged appears	¢ 1 00 1	¢ 1 171	00 160	¢2 550		

Total impact of acquisition-related expense to noninterest expense \$1,081 \$1,171 \$8,168 \$3,558

Comparison of current quarter to prior year period

Total noninterest expense for the third quarter of 2018 was \$82.8 million, an increase of \$15.3 million from the prior year period. The increase was due to higher compensation and benefits expense in the current quarter and an increase in amortization of intangibles, both a result of the recent Pacific Continental acquisition.

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Comparison of current year-to-date to prior year period

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, noninterest expense was \$253.5 million, an increase of \$48.1 million, or 23%, from \$205.4 million a year earlier. The increase from the prior year period was driven by higher compensation and employee benefits, an increase in amortization of intangibles as well as \$4.61 million higher acquisition-related expenses, all as a result of the recent Pacific Continental acquisition.

Income Taxes

We recorded an income tax provision of \$11.4 million for the third quarter of 2018, compared to a provision of \$18.3 million for the same period in 2017, with effective tax rates of 20% for the third quarter of 2018 and 31% for the same period in 2017. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we recorded income tax provisions of \$28.2 million and \$40.0 million, respectively, with effective tax rates of 18% for the current year and 29% for the prior year period. The decrease in our effective tax rate was principally attributable to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act on December 22, 2017, which reduced the federal corporate tax rate to 21%. The prior year period's effective tax rate reflected the then-enacted 35% corporate tax rate reduced by favorable tax attributes of certain earning assets and discrete tax benefits from share-based compensation. Our effective tax rate remains lower than the statutory tax rate due to tax-exempt income from municipal securities, bank owned life insurance and certain loan receivables. In addition, the current period's rate reflects the tax benefit of discrete items such as share-based compensation. For additional information, please refer to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Total assets were \$12.96 billion at September 30, 2018, an increase of \$239.7 million from \$12.72 billion at December 31, 2017. Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$100.4 million. Loans increased \$155.7 million during the current year, which was primarily the result of increased loan production, offset by payments. Debt securities available for sale were \$2.92 billion at September 30, 2018, an increase of \$183.4 million from December 31, 2017. Total liabilities were \$10.98 billion as of September 30, 2018, an increase of \$208.2 million from \$10.77 billion at December 31, 2017. The increase was primarily due to an increase in FLHB advances.

#### **Investment Securities**

At September 30, 2018, the Company's investment portfolio primarily consisted of debt securities available for sale totaling \$2.92 billion compared to \$2.74 billion at December 31, 2017. The increase in the debt securities portfolio from year-end is due to \$606.1 million in purchases, partially offset by \$344.2 million in maturities, repayments and sales, a \$62.7 million increase in net unrealized loss and \$15.8 million in premium amortization. The average duration of our debt securities investment portfolio was approximately 4 years and 3 months at September 30, 2018. This duration takes into account calls, where appropriate, and consensus prepayment speeds.

The investment securities are used by the Company as a component of its balance sheet management strategies. From time-to-time, securities may be sold to reposition the portfolio in response to strategies developed by the Company's asset liability management committee. In accordance with our investment strategy, management monitors market conditions with a view to realize gains on its available for sale securities portfolio when prudent.

The Company performs a quarterly assessment of the debt securities available for sale in its investment portfolio that have an unrealized loss to determine whether the decline in the fair value of these securities below their amortized cost basis is other-than-temporary. Impairment is considered other-than-temporary when it becomes probable that the Company will be unable to recover the entire amortized cost basis of its investment. The Company's impairment assessment takes into consideration factors such as the length of time and the extent to which the market value has been less than cost, defaults or deferrals of scheduled interest or principal, external credit ratings and recent downgrades, internal assessment of credit quality, and whether the Company intends to sell the security and whether it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security prior to recovery of its amortized cost basis. If a decline in fair value is judged to be other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the individual security is written down to fair value which then becomes the new cost basis. The new cost basis is not adjusted for subsequent recoveries in fair value. When there are credit losses associated with an impaired debt security and the Company does not have the intent to sell the security and it is more likely than not that it will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, the Company will separate the amount of the impairment into the amount that is credit-related and the amount related

to non-credit factors. The credit-related impairment is recognized in earnings and the non-credit-related impairment is recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income.

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At September 30, 2018, the market value of debt securities available for sale had a net unrealized loss of \$88.3 million compared to a net unrealized loss of \$25.6 million at December 31, 2017. The change in valuation was the result of fluctuations in market interest rates during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. At September 30, 2018, the Company had \$2.77 billion of debt securities available for sale with gross unrealized losses of \$90.5 million; however, we did not consider these investment securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

The following table sets forth our securities portfolio by type for the dates indicated:

		- ,
	2018	2017
	(in thousand	ls)
Debt securities available for sale:		
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	\$1,928,832	\$ 1,726,725
State and municipal securities	567,818	596,004
U.S. government agency and government-sponsored enterprise securities	424,217	414,774
U.S. government securities	247	248
Total debt securities available for sale	\$2,921,114	\$ 2,737,751
Equity securities	4,901	5,080
Total investment securities	\$2,926,015	\$ 2,742,831

For further information on our investment portfolio, see <u>Note 4 of the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>" of this report.

Credit Risk Management

The extension of credit in the form of loans or other credit substitutes to individuals and businesses is one of our principal commerce activities. Our policies, applicable laws, and regulations require risk analysis as well as ongoing portfolio and credit management. We manage our credit risk through lending limit constraints, credit review, approval policies, and extensive, ongoing internal monitoring. We also manage credit risk through diversification of the loan portfolio by type of loan, type of industry and type of borrower and by limiting the aggregation of debt to a single borrower.

In analyzing our existing portfolio, we review our consumer and residential loan portfolios by their performance as a pool of loans, since no single loan is individually significant or judged by its risk rating, size or potential risk of loss. In contrast, the monitoring process for the commercial business, real estate construction, and commercial real estate portfolios includes periodic reviews of individual loans with risk ratings assigned to each loan and performance judged on a loan-by-loan basis.

We review these loans to assess the ability of our borrowers to service all interest and principal obligations and, as a result, the risk rating may be adjusted accordingly. In the event that full collection of principal and interest is not reasonably assured, the loan is appropriately downgraded and, if warranted, placed on nonaccrual status even though the loan may be current as to principal and interest payments. Additionally, we assess whether an impairment of a loan warrants specific reserves or a write-down of the loan. For additional discussion on our methodology in managing credit risk within our loan portfolio, see the "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses" section in this Management's Discussion and Analysis and Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Loan policies, credit quality criteria, portfolio guidelines and other controls are established under the guidance of our Chief Credit Officer and approved, as appropriate, by the Board of Directors. Credit Administration, together with the management loan committee, has the responsibility for administering the credit approval process. As another part of its control process, we use an internal credit review and examination function to provide reasonable assurance that loans and commitments are made and maintained as prescribed by our credit policies. This includes a review of documentation when the loan is initially extended and subsequent examination to ensure continued performance and proper risk assessment.

September 3December 31,

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#### Loan Portfolio Analysis

Our wholly owned banking subsidiary Columbia State Bank is a full service commercial bank, which originates a wide variety of loans, and focuses its lending efforts on originating commercial business and commercial real estate loans.

The following table sets forth the Company's loan portfolio by type of loan for the dates indicated:

	September 3	0% of	December 31,	, % of	
	2018	Total	2017	Total	
	(dollars in th	ousands)			
Commercial business	\$3,554,147	41.7 %	\$3,377,324	40.4	%
Real estate:					
One-to-four family residential	232,924	2.7 %	188,396	2.3	%
Commercial and multifamily residential	3,786,615	44.5 %	3,825,739	45.8	%
Total real estate	4,019,539	47.2 %	4,014,135	48.1	%
Real estate construction:					
One-to-four family residential	211,629	2.5 %	200,518	2.4	%
Commercial and multifamily residential	349,328	4.1 %	371,931	4.4	%
Total real estate construction	560,957	6.6 %	572,449	6.8	%
Consumer	327,863	3.9 %	334,190	4.0	%
Purchased credit impaired	95,936	1.1 %	112,670	1.3	%
Subtotal	8,558,442	100.5 %	8,410,768	100.6	%
Less: Net unearned income	(44,125)	(0.5)%	(52,111)	(0.6	)%
Loans, net of unearned income (before Allowance for Loan and Lease	\$8,514,317	100.0 %	\$8,358,657	100.0	%
Losses)					
Loans held for sale	\$5,275		\$5,766		

Total loans increased \$155.7 million from year-end 2017 primarily the result of organic loan production, partially offset by principal pay downs. The loan portfolio continues to be diversified, with the intent to mitigate risk by monitoring concentration in any one sector. The \$44.1 million in unearned income recorded at September 30, 2018 was comprised of \$27.5 million in net purchase discounts and \$16.6 million in net deferred loan fees. The \$52.1 million in unearned income recorded at December 31, 2017 consisted of \$36.3 million in net purchase discounts and \$15.8 million in net deferred loan fees.

The following table provides additional detail related to the net discount of acquired and purchased loans, excluding PCI loans, by acquisition:

, , ,			
	Septembe	er <b>De</b> çember	31,
	2018	2017	
Acquisition:	(in thousa	ınds)	
Pacific Continental	\$19,807	\$ 24,556	
Intermountain	2,565	3,892	
West Coast	5,183	7,995	
Other	(12)	(134	)
Total net discount at period end	\$27,543	\$ 36,309	

Commercial Loans: We are committed to providing competitive commercial lending in our primary market areas. Management expects a continued focus within its commercial lending products and to emphasize, in particular, relationship banking with businesses and business owners.

Real Estate Loans: One-to-four family residential loans are secured by properties located within our primary market areas and, typically, have loan-to-value ratios of 80% or lower at origination. Our underwriting standards for commercial and multifamily residential loans generally require that the loan-to-value ratio for these loans not exceed 75% of appraised value, cost, or discounted cash flow value, as appropriate, and that commercial properties maintain debt coverage ratios (net operating income divided by annual debt servicing) of 1.2 or better. However, underwriting standards can be influenced by competition and other factors. We endeavor to maintain the highest practical

underwriting standards while balancing the need to remain competitive in our lending practices.

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Real Estate Construction Loans: We originate a variety of real estate construction loans. Underwriting guidelines for these loans vary by loan type but include loan-to-value limits, term limits and loan advance limits, as applicable. Our underwriting guidelines for commercial and multifamily residential real estate construction loans generally require that the loan-to-value ratio not exceed 75% and stabilized debt coverage ratios (net operating income divided by annual debt servicing) of 1.2 or better. As noted above, underwriting standards can be influenced by competition and other factors. However, we endeavor to maintain the highest practical underwriting standards while balancing the need to remain competitive in our lending practices.

Consumer Loans: Consumer loans include automobile loans, boat and recreational vehicle financing, home equity and home improvement loans and miscellaneous personal loans.

Foreign Loans: The Company has no material foreign activities. Substantially all of the Company's loans and unfunded commitments are geographically concentrated in its service areas within the states of Washington, Oregon and Idaho. Purchased Credit Impaired Loans: PCI loans are comprised of loans and loan commitments acquired in connection with the 2011 FDIC-assisted acquisitions of First Heritage Bank and Summit Bank, as well as the 2010 FDIC-assisted acquisitions of Columbia River Bank and American Marine Bank. PCI loans are generally accounted for under ASC Topic 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ("ASC 310-30").

For additional information on our loan portfolio, including amounts pledged as collateral on borrowings, see <u>Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)"</u> of this report.

# Nonperforming Assets

Nonperforming assets consist of: (i) nonaccrual loans, which generally are loans placed on a nonaccrual basis when the loan becomes past due 90 days or when there are otherwise serious doubts about the collectability of principal or interest within the existing terms of the loan, (ii) OREO and (iii) other personal property owned, if applicable. The following table sets forth, at the dates indicated, information with respect to our nonaccrual loans and total nonperforming assets:

	September 30, 2018 (in thousands)	December 3 2017	1,	
Nonperforming assets				
Nonaccrual loans:				
Commercial business	\$45,753	\$45,460		
Real estate:				
One-to-four family residential	501	785		
Commercial and multifamily residential	11,012	13,941		
Total real estate	11,513	14,726		
Real estate construction:				
One-to-four family residential	318	1,854		
Consumer	2,748	4,149		
Total nonaccrual loans	60,332	66,189		
Other real estate owned and other personal property owned	7,415	13,298		
Total nonperforming assets	\$67,747	\$79,487		
Loans, net of unearned income	\$8,514,317	\$8,358,657		
Total assets	\$12,956,596	\$12,716,880	6	
Nonperforming loans to period and loans	0.71 %	0.79	%	
Nonperforming loans to period end loans				
Nonperforming assets to period end assets	0.52 %	0.63	%	

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At September 30, 2018, nonperforming assets were \$67.7 million, compared to \$79.5 million at December 31, 2017. Nonperforming assets decreased \$11.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. This decrease was primarily due to \$6.5 million in OREO sales and a \$5.9 million decrease in nonaccrual loans. For further information on OREO, see <a href="Note 7">Note 7</a> of the Consolidated Financial Statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)" of this report.

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") is an accounting estimate of incurred credit losses in our loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. The provision for loan and lease losses is the expense recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income to adjust the allowance to the levels deemed appropriate by management, as measured by the Company's credit loss estimation methodologies. The allowance for unfunded commitments and letters of credit is maintained at a level believed by management to be sufficient to absorb estimated probable losses related to these unfunded credit facilities at the balance sheet date.

At September 30, 2018, our allowance was \$83.8 million, or 0.98% of total loans (excluding loans held for sale). This compares with an allowance of \$75.6 million, or 0.91% of total loans (excluding loans held for sale) at December 31, 2017 and an allowance of \$71.6 million or 1.10% of total loans (excluding loans held for sale) at September 30, 2017.

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The following table provides an analysis of the Company's allowance for loans at the dates and the periods indicated:

The following table provides an analysis of the Company s	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			cu.
	2018 2017			2018	30	2017		
	(in thousa	nde`			2010		2017	
Beginning balance, loans excluding PCI loans	\$75,368	ius,	\$64,923		\$68,739		\$59,528	
Beginning balance, PCI loans	4,782		8,061		6,907		10,515	
Beginning balance	80,150		72,984		75,646		70,043	
Charge-offs:	00,130		12,704		73,040		70,043	
Commercial business	(606	)	(1,362	)	(8,858	)	(6,089	)
One-to-four family residential		,		,		,	(460	)
Commercial and multifamily residential	_				(223	)	_	,
One-to-four family residential construction	_					,	(14	)
Consumer	(277	)	(263	)	(773	)	(1,156	)
PCI loans	(1,208	)	(1,633	)	(3,786	)	(5,372	)
Total charge-offs	(2,091	)	(3,258	)	(13,640	)	(13,091	)
Recoveries:	(2,0)1	,	(3,230	,	(13,010	,	(13,0)1	,
Commercial business	547		688		2,892		3,997	
One-to-four family residential	21		40		389		380	
Commercial and multifamily residential	213		58		1,012		263	
One-to-four family residential construction	583		20		616		107	
Consumer	266		343		796		876	
PCI loans	945		1,389		3,096		3,737	
Total recoveries	2,575		2,538		8,801		9,360	
Net recoveries (charge-offs)	484		(720	)	(4,839	)	(3,731	)
Provision (recapture) for loan and lease losses, loans						,		,
excluding PCI loans	3,655		(175	)	15,180		6,840	
Recapture for loan and lease losses, PCI loans	(502	)	(473	)	(2,200	)	(1,536	)
Provision (recapture) for loan and lease losses	3,153		(648	)	12,980		5,304	,
Ending balance, loans excluding PCI loans	79,770		64,272		79,770		64,272	
Ending balance, PCI loans	4,017		7,344		4,017		7,344	
Ending balance	\$83,787		\$71,616		\$83,787		\$71,616	
Total loans, net at end of period, excluding loans held of	\$8,514,31	7	\$6,512,00	6	\$8,514,31	7	\$6,512,00	)6
sale	\$6,514,51	,	\$0,512,00	U	Φ0,514,51	,	\$0,512,00	,0
Allowance for loan and lease losses to period-end loans	0.98	%	1.10	%	0.98	%	1.10	%
Allowance for unfunded commitments and letters of credit								
Beginning balance	\$3,680		\$3,555		\$3,130		\$2,705	
Net changes in the allowance for unfunded commitments	275		(75	)	825		775	
and letters of credit				,				
Ending balance	\$3,955		\$3,480		\$3,955		\$3,480	
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#### Liquidity and Sources of Funds

Our primary sources of funds are customer deposits. Additionally, we utilize advances from the FHLB of Des Moines ("FHLB"), the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco ("FRB"), and sweep repurchase agreements to supplement our funding needs. These funds, together with loan repayments, loan sales, retained earnings, equity and other borrowed funds are used to make loans, to acquire securities and other assets and to fund continuing operations.

In addition, we have a shelf registration statement on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission registering an unspecified amount of any combination of debt or equity securities, depositary shares, purchase contracts, units and warrants in one or more offerings. Specific information regarding the terms of and the securities being offered will be provided at the time of any offering. Proceeds from any future offerings are expected to be used for general corporate purposes, including, but not limited to, the repayment of debt, repurchasing or redeeming outstanding securities, working capital, funding future acquisitions or other purposes identified at the time of any offering.

# Deposit Activities

Our deposit products include a wide variety of transaction accounts, savings accounts and time deposit accounts. Core deposits (demand deposit, savings, money market accounts and certificates of deposit less than \$250,000) increased \$45.1 million from year-end 2017.

We have established a branch system to serve our consumer and business depositors. In addition, management's strategy for funding asset growth is to make use of brokered and other wholesale deposits on an as-needed basis. The Company participates in the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS®) program. CDARS® is a network that allows participating banks to offer extended FDIC deposit insurance coverage on time deposits. The Company also participates in a similar program to offer extended FDIC deposit insurance coverage on money market accounts. These extended deposit insurance programs are generally available only to existing customers and are not used as a means of generating additional liquidity. At September 30, 2018, brokered and other wholesale deposits (excluding public deposits) totaled \$429.4 million, or 4.0% of total deposits, compared to \$392.9 million or 3.7% at year-end 2017. These deposits have varied maturities.

The following table sets forth the Company's deposit base by type of product for the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Balance % of Total			Balance	% of	
				Darance	Total	
	(dollars in the	usand	s)			
Core deposits:						
Demand and other noninterest-bearing	\$5,250,222	49.5	%	\$5,081,901	48.2	%
Interest-bearing demand	1,260,543	11.9	%	1,265,212	12.0	%
Money market	2,413,185	22.8	%	2,543,712	24.2	%
Savings	908,945	8.6	%	861,941	8.2	%
Certificates of deposit, less than \$250,000	251,792	2.4	%	286,791	2.7	%
Total core deposits	10,084,687	95.2	%	10,039,557	95.3	%
Certificates of deposit, \$250,000 or more	90,387	0.9	%	100,399	1.0	%
Certificates of deposit insured by CDARS®	23,841	0.2	%	25,374	0.2	%
Brokered certificates of deposit	65,476	0.6	%	78,481	0.7	%
Reciprocal money market accounts	340,044	3.1	%	289,031	2.8	%
Subtotal	10,604,435	100.0	)%	10,532,842	100.0	)%
Discount resulting from acquisition date fair value adjustment	(478)			(757)		
Total deposits	\$10,603,957			\$10,532,085		

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#### **Borrowings**

We rely on FHLB advances and FRB borrowings as another source of both short and long-term funding. FHLB advances and FRB borrowings are secured by investment securities, and residential, commercial and commercial real estate loans. At September 30, 2018, we had FHLB advances of \$166.5 million compared to \$11.6 million at December 31, 2017.

We also utilize wholesale and retail repurchase agreements to supplement our funding sources. Our wholesale repurchase agreements are secured by mortgage-backed securities. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had deposit customer sweep-related repurchase agreements of \$62.2 million and \$54.1 million, respectively, which mature on a daily basis. Management anticipates we will continue to rely on FHLB advances, FRB borrowings and wholesale and retail repurchase agreements in the future and we will use those funds primarily to make loans and purchase securities.

Contractual Obligations, Commitments & Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are party to many contractual financial obligations, including repayment of borrowings, operating and equipment lease payments, off-balance sheet commitments to extend credit and investments in affordable housing partnerships. At September 30, 2018, we had commitments to extend credit of \$2.55 billion compared to \$2.67 billion at December 31, 2017.

# Capital Resources

Shareholders' equity at September 30, 2018 was \$1.98 billion, essentially unchanged from December 31, 2017. Shareholders' equity was 15% of total period-end assets at both September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Regulatory Capital

In July 2013, the federal bank regulators approved the New Capital Rules (as discussed in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K, "Item 1. Business—Supervision and Regulation and —Regulatory Capital Requirements"), which implement the Basel III capital framework and various provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act. We and the Bank were required to comply with these rules as of January 1, 2015, subject to the phase-in of certain provisions. We believe that, as of September 30, 2018, we and the Bank would meet all capital adequacy requirements under the New Capital Rules on a fully phased-in basis as if all such requirements were then in effect.

FDIC regulations set forth the qualifications necessary for a bank to be classified as "well-capitalized," primarily for assignment of FDIC insurance premium rates. Failure to qualify as "well-capitalized" can negatively impact a bank's ability to expand and to engage in certain activities. The Company and the Bank qualified as "well-capitalized" at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The following table presents the capital ratios and the capital conservation buffer, as applicable, for the Company and its banking subsidiary at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Company			Columbia Bank			
	September December 31,			September	<b>De</b> cember	: 31,	
	2018	2017		2018	2017		
Common equity tier 1 (CET1) risk-based capital ratio	12.4399%	11.7421	%	12.6699%	12.0133	%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	12.4399%	11.8196	%	12.6699%	12.0133	%	
Total risk-based capital ratio	13.6815%	12.9796	%	13.5540%	12.8123	%	
Leverage ratio	10.2418%	10.9611	%	10.4320%	10.8186	%	
Capital conservation buffer	5.6815 %	4.9796	%	5.5540 %	4.8123	%	
Stock Repurchase Program							

On September 27, 2017, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program. The program authorizes the Company to repurchase up to 2.9 million shares of our outstanding common stock. The Company intends to purchase the shares from time to time in the open market or in private transactions, under conditions which allow such repurchases to be accretive to earnings per share while maintaining capital ratios that exceed the guidelines for a well-capitalized financial institution.

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#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company considers operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) to be a useful measurement as it more closely reflects the ongoing operating performance of the Company. Additionally, presentation of the operating net interest margin allows readers to compare certain aspects of the Company's net interest margin to other organizations that may not have had significant acquisitions. Despite the usefulness of the operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) to the Company, there is no standardized definition for it and, as a result, the Company's calculations may not be comparable with other organizations. The Company encourages readers to consider its Consolidated Financial Statements in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure.

The following table reconciles the Company's calculation of the operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) to the net interest margin (tax equivalent) for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
	September 3	September 30,			September 30,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017	
Operating net interest margin non-GAAP reconciliation:	(dollars in th	ou	sands)					
Net interest income (tax equivalent) (1)	\$124,789		\$91,887		\$360,750		\$270,480	
Adjustments to arrive at operating net interest income								
(tax equivalent):								
Incremental accretion income on FDIC purchased credit impaired loans	(585	)	(972	)	(1,240	)	(3,842	)
Incremental accretion income on other acquired loans	(2,643	)	(1,903	)	(8,703	)	(6,207	)
Premium amortization on acquired securities	1,859		1,527		6,065		4,658	
Interest reversals on nonaccrual loans	477		311		1,147		1,323	
Operating net interest income (tax equivalent) (1)	\$123,897		\$90,850		\$358,019		\$266,412	
Average interest earning assets	\$11,326,629	)	\$8,750,561		\$11,168,143	3	\$8,641,706	)
Net interest margin (tax equivalent) (1)	4.41	%	4.20	%	4.31	%	4.17	%
Operating net interest margin (tax equivalent) (1)	4.38	%	4.15	%	4.27	%	4.11	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax-exempt interest income has been adjusted to a tax equivalent basis. The amount of such adjustment was an addition to net interest income of \$2.0 million and \$3.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and an addition to net interest income of \$5.8 million and \$8.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. The amount of our tax equivalent adjustment for 2018 was impacted by the lower federal corporate tax rate. As a result, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, our tax equivalent adjustments for tax exempt loans was lower by \$1.2 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, and tax exempt securities was lower by \$837 thousand and \$2.5 million, respectively, than they would have been utilizing the prior federal corporate tax rate. This change in federal corporate tax rate negatively impacted both our current quarter and current year-to-date net interest margin (tax equivalent) by 7 basis points.

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#### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

A number of measures are used to monitor and manage interest rate risk, including income simulations and interest sensitivity (gap) analysis. An income simulation model is the primary tool used to assess the direction and magnitude of changes in net interest income resulting from changes in interest rates. Basic assumptions in the model include prepayment speeds on mortgage-related assets, cash flows and maturities of other investment securities, loan and deposit volumes and pricing. These assumptions are inherently subjective and, as a result, the model cannot precisely estimate net interest income or precisely predict the impact of higher or lower interest rates on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, magnitude and frequency of interest rate changes and changes in market conditions and management strategies, among other factors. At September 30, 2018, based on the measures used to monitor and manage interest rate risk, there has not been a material change in the Company's interest rate risk since December 31, 2017. For additional information, refer to Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures** 

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is (i) accumulated and communicated to our management (including the CEO and CFO) to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (ii) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal controls over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company and its subsidiaries are party to routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business.

Management believes that, based on information currently known to it, any liabilities arising from such litigation will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial conditions, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Refer to Item 1A of Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for a discussion of risk factors relating to the Company's business. The Company believes that there has been no material change in its risk factors as previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K.

## Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) Not applicable
- (b) Not applicable
- The following table provides information about repurchases of common stock by the Company during the quarter ended September 30, 2018:

Period	Total Number of Common Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Common Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan (2)	Maximum Number of Remaining Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan (2)
7/1/2018 - 7/31/2018	75	\$ 42.52		2,900,000
8/1/2018 - 8/31/2018	162	42.27		2,900,000
9/1/2018 - 9/30/2018	576	39.93	_	2,900,000
	813	\$ 40.63		

- Common shares repurchased by the Company during the quarter consisted of cancellation of 813 shares of common stock to pay the shareholders' withholding taxes.
- (2) The repurchase plan, which was approved in 2017, authorized the Company to repurchase up to 2.9 million shares of its outstanding common stock.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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- 10.1\*\*+ Columbia State Bank Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan Agreement, by and between the Bank and Gregory A. Sigrist, effective July 25, 2018
- 10.2\*\*+ Columbia State Bank Endorsement Method Split Dollar Agreement (SERP Benefit), by and between the Bank and Gregory A. Sigrist, effective July 25, 2018
- 10.3\*\*+ Columbia State Bank Endorsement Method Split Dollar Agreement (Base Salary Benefit), by and between the Bank and Gregory A. Sigrist, effective July 25, 2018
- 10.4\*\*+ First Amendment to Amended and Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan of Columbia Banking System, Inc., dated as of September 26, 2018
- 31.1+ Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2+ Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32+ Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The following financial information from Columbia Banking System, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 is formatted in XBRL: (i) the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, (v) the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

<sup>+</sup> Filed herewith

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### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COLUMBIA BANKING SYSTEM, INC.

Date: November 6, 2018 By /s/ HADLEY S. ROBBINS

Hadley S. Robbins
President and
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 6, 2018 By /s/ GREGORY A. SIGRIST

Gregory A. Sigrist Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: November 6, 2018 By /s/ BROCK M. LAKELY

Brock M. Lakely

Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)