DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Form 424B2 December 31, 2015

PRICING SUPPLEMENT NO. 2602B

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2) Registration Statement No. 333-206013

Dated December 29, 2015

\$2,226,500 Deutsche Bank AG Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities

Linked to the Lesser Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the MSCI EAFE® Index due January 4, 2019

Investment Description

Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities (the "Securities") are unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch (the "Issuer") with returns linked to the lesser performing of the Russell 2000 Index and the MSCI EAFE® Index (each, an "Index" and together, the "Indices"). If the closing levels of both Indices on the applicable quarterly Observation Date are greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a quarterly contingent coupon (a "Contingent Coupon"). Otherwise, no coupon will be accrued or payable with respect to that Observation Date. Deutsche Bank AG will not automatically call the Securities for the first six months. However, after the first six months, if the closing levels of both Indices on any Observation Date (starting from the second Observation Date and ending on the Final Valuation Date) are greater than or equal to their respective Initial Levels, Deutsche Bank AG will automatically call the Securities and, for each \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, pay you the Face Amount plus the applicable Contingent Coupon for that Observation Date and no further amounts will be owed to you. If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Levels of both Indices are greater than or equal to their respective Trigger Levels (which are the same levels as their respective Coupon Barriers), Deutsche Bank AG will pay you at maturity a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities equal to the Face Amount plus the applicable Contingent Coupon for the final quarter. However, if the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of either Index is less than its respective Trigger Level, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity that is less than the Face Amount, resulting in a loss of 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% decline in the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index as compared to its Initial Level. The "Lesser Performing Index" is the Index with the larger percentage decrease from its Initial Level to its Final Level. In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment. Investing in the Securities is subject to significant risks, including the risk of losing your entire investment. You will be exposed to the market risk of each Index and any decline in the level of one Index may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of the other Index. The contingent repayment of your initial investment applies only if you hold the Securities to maturity. Generally, the higher the Contingent Coupon Rate on the Securities, the greater the risk of loss on such Securities. Any payment on the Securities, including any payment of a Contingent Coupon, any payment upon an automatic call and any payment of your initial investment at maturity, is subject to the creditworthiness of the Issuer. If the Issuer were to default on its payment obligations or become subject to a Resolution Measure (as described on page 2), you might not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Securities and you could lose your entire investment.

Features Key Dates

- q **Contingent Coupon** If the closing levels of *both* Indices on the applicable quarterly Observation Date are greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you the Contingent Coupon applicable to such Coupon Observation Date. Otherwise, no coupon will be accrued or payable with respect to that Observation Date.
- q Automatically Callable Deutsche Bank AG will *not* automatically call the Securities for the first six months. However, after the first six months, if the closing level of *both* Indices on any Observation Date (starting from the second Observation Date and ending on the Final Valuation Date) are greater than or equal to their respective Initial Levels, Deutsche Bank AG will automatically call the Securities and, for each \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, pay you the Face Amount *plus* the applicable Contingent Coupon for that Observation Date and no further amounts will be owed to you. If the Securities are not automatically called, investors may have downside market exposure to the Lesser Performing Index at maturity, subject to any contingent repayment of your initial investment.
- q Downside Exposure with Contingent Repayment of Your Initial Investment at Maturity If you hold the Securities to maturity and the Final Level of both Indices are greater than or equal to their respective Trigger Levels (or Coupon Barriers), for each \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you at maturity the Face Amount plus the applicable Contingent Coupon for the final quarter. However, if the Final Level of either Index is less than its respective Trigger Level, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity that is less than the Face Amount, resulting in a loss of 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% decline in the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index as compared to its Initial Level. In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment. The contingent repayment of your initial investment applies only if you hold the Securities to maturity. Any payment on the Securities, including any payment of a Contingent Coupon, any payment upon an automatic call and any payment of your initial investment at maturity, is subject to the creditworthiness of the Issuer. If the Issuer were to default on its payment obligations or become subject to a Resolution Measure, you might not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Securities and you could lose your entire investment.

Trade Date December 29, 2015 Settlement Date December 31, 2015

Observation Dates¹ Quarterly (callable after 6 months)

Final Valuation Date¹ December 28, 2018 Maturity Date¹ January 4, 2019

¹ See page 4 for additional details

NOTICE TO INVESTORS: THE SECURITIES ARE SIGNIFICANTLY RISKIER THAN CONVENTIONAL DEBT SECURITIES. THE ISSUER IS NOT NECESSARILY OBLIGATED TO REPAY THE FULL FACE AMOUNT OF SECURITIES AT MATURITY AND THE SECURITIES CAN HAVE DOWNSIDE MARKET RISK SIMILAR TO THE LESSER PERFORMING INDEX. THIS MARKET RISK IS IN ADDITION TO THE CREDIT RISK INHERENT IN PURCHASING AN OBLIGATION OF DEUTSCHE BANK AG. YOU SHOULD NOT PURCHASE THE SECURITIES IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND OR ARE NOT

COMFORTABLE WITH THE SIGNIFICANT RISKS INVOLVED IN INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES. THE SECURITIES WILL NOT BE LISTED ON ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE.

YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS DESCRIBED UNDER "KEY RISKS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 6 OF THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT AND UNDER "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 7 OF THE ACCOMPANYING PRODUCT SUPPLEMENT, PAGE PS-5 OF THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND PAGE 12 OF THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS BEFORE PURCHASING ANY SECURITIES. EVENTS RELATING TO ANY OF THOSE RISKS, OR OTHER RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OF, AND THE RETURN ON, YOUR SECURITIES. YOU MAY LOSE A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OR ALL OF YOUR INITIAL INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES.

Security Offering

We are offering Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities linked to the lesser performing of the Russell 2000[®] Index and the MSCI EAFE[®] Index. The Securities are our unsubordinated and unsecured obligations and are offered at a minimum investment of \$1,000 in denominations of \$10.00 and integral multiples thereof.

Indices	Contingent Coupon Rate	Initial Level	Trigger Level	Coupon Barrier	CUSIP/ISIN
Russell 2000®	8.40% per annum	,	812.365, equal to	812.365, equal to	
Index (Ticker:			70.00% of its Initial	70.00% of its Initial	
RTY)			Level	Level	25190F509 /
MSCI EAFE®		1,731.54	1,212.08, equal to	1,212.08, equal to	US25190F5098
Index (Ticker:			70.00% of its Initial	70.00% of its Initial	
MXEA)			Level	Level	

See "Additional Terms Specific to the Securities" in this pricing supplement. The Securities will have the terms specified in underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015, product supplement B dated July 31, 2015, the prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to our Series A global notes of which these Securities are a part, the prospectus dated July 31, 2015 and this pricing supplement.

The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date is \$9.706 per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, which is less than the Issue Price. Please see "Issuer's Estimated Value of the Securities" on the following page of this pricing supplement for additional information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying underlying supplement No. 1, product supplement B, prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Securities are not bank deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Dries to Dublic	Discounts and	Proceeds to Us
Price to Public	Commissions ⁽¹⁾	

Offering of Securities	Total	Per Security	Total	Per Security	Total	Per Security	
Securities linked to the lesser performing of							
the Russell 2000® Index and the MSCI	\$2,226,500.00\$10.00		\$44,530.00\$0.20		\$2,181,970.00\$9.80		
EAFE® Index							

For more detailed information about discounts and commissions, please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)"in this pricing supplement.

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. ("**DBSI**") is our affiliate. For more information, see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in this pricing supplement.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities Offered Maximum Aggregate Offering Price Amount of Registration Fee Securities \$2,226,500.00 \$224.21

UBS Financial Services Inc. Deutsche Bank Securities

Issuer's Estimated Value of the Securities

The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities is equal to the sum of our valuations of the following two components of the Securities: (i) a bond and (ii) an embedded derivative(s). The value of the bond component of the Securities is calculated based on the present value of the stream of cash payments associated with a conventional bond with a principal amount equal to the Face Amount of Securities, discounted at an internal funding rate, which is determined primarily based on our market-based yield curve, adjusted to account for our funding needs and objectives for the period matching the term of the Securities. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent's commissions, if any, and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities, reduces the economic terms of the Securities to you and is expected to adversely affect the price at which you may be able to sell the Securities in any secondary market. The value of the embedded derivative(s) is calculated based on our internal pricing models using relevant parameter inputs such as expected interest and dividend rates and mid-market levels of price and volatility of the assets underlying the Securities or any futures, options or swaps related to such underlying assets. Our internal pricing models are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect.

The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this pricing supplement) is less than the Issue Price of the Securities. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent's commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates' expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge.

The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date does not represent the price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Securities in the secondary market at any time. Assuming no changes in market conditions or our creditworthiness and other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the Securities from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, would generally be lower than both the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date. Our purchase price, if any, in secondary market transactions will be based on the estimated value of the Securities determined by reference to (i) the then-prevailing internal funding rate (adjusted by a spread) or another appropriate measure of our cost of funds and (ii) our pricing models at that time, less a bid spread determined after taking into account the size of the repurchase, the nature of the assets underlying the Securities and then-prevailing market conditions. The price we report to financial reporting services and to distributors of our Securities for use on customer account statements would generally be determined on the same basis. However, during the period of approximately six months beginning from the Trade Date, we or our affiliates may, in our sole discretion, increase the purchase price determined as described above by an amount equal to the declining differential between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date, prorated over such period on a straight-line basis, for transactions that are individually and in the aggregate of the expected size for ordinary secondary market repurchases.

Resolution Measures

Under the German Recovery and Resolution Act (*Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz*, or "**Resolution Act**"), which became effective on January 1, 2015, the Securities may be subject to any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, "non-viable"

(as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. A "Resolution Measure" may include: (i) a write down, including to zero, of any payment (or delivery obligations) on the Securities; (ii) a conversion of the Securities into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital; and/or (iii) any other resolution measure, including (but not limited to) a transfer of the Securities to another entity, an amendment of the terms and conditions of the Securities or the cancellation of the Securities. By acquiring the Securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority as set forth in the accompanying prospectus dated July 31, 2015. Please read the risk factor "The Securities may become subordinated to the claims of other creditors, be written down, be converted or become subject to other Resolution Measures. You may lose some or all of your investment if any such measure becomes applicable to us" in this pricing supplement and see the prospectus for further information.

Additional Terms Specific to the Securities

You should read this pricing supplement, together with underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015, product supplement B dated July 31, 2015, the prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to our Series A global notes of which these Securities are a part and the prospectus dated July 31, 2015. You may access these documents on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") at.www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

Underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006546/crt_dp58829-424b2.pdf

- .. Product supplement B dated July 31, 2015: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006059/crt_dp58181-424b2.pdf
- .. Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161 424b2.pdf
- .. Prospectus dated July 31, 2015: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm

Deutsche Bank AG has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the offering to which this pricing supplement relates. Before you invest in the Securities offered hereby, you should read these documents and any other documents relating to this offering that Deutsche Bank AG has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Deutsche Bank AG and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at.www.sec.gov. Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001159508. Alternatively, Deutsche Bank AG, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement, product supplement, underlying supplement and this pricing supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 1-800-311-4409.

If the terms described in this pricing supplement are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying underlying supplement, product supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus, the terms described in this pricing supplement shall control.

References to "Deutsche Bank AG," "we," "our" and "us" refer to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches. In this pricing supplement, "Securities" refers to the Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities that are offered hereby, unless the context otherwise requires. This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the Securities and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative

pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Key Risks" in this pricing supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus, as the Securities involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the Securities.

Investor Suitability

The suitability considerations identified below are not exhaustive. Whether or not the Securities are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances, and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the Securities in light of your particular circumstances. You should also review "Key Risks" on page 6 of this pricing supplement and "Risk Factors" on page 7 of the accompanying product supplement, page PS-5 of the accompanying prospectus supplement and page 12 of the accompanying prospectus.

The Securities may be suitable for you if, among other considerations:

.. You fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of your entire investment.

You can tolerate the loss of a significant portion or all of your investment and you are willing to make an investment "in which you could have the same downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the Lesser Performing Index or the stocks included in the Lesser Performing Index.

- ". You believe the closing levels of both Indices will be greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers on the applicable Observation Dates, including the Final Valuation Date.
- "You believe the Final Levels of both Indices will be greater than or equal to their respective Trigger Levels."

You understand that the linkage to two Indices in this Security does not provide any portfolio diversification benefits ...and instead means that a decrease in the level beyond the relevant Coupon Barrier or Trigger Level of either Index will result in no Contingent Coupons and/or a loss on your investment, respectively, even if the level of the other Index increases.

- .. You are willing to make an investment whose return is limited to the applicable Contingent Coupons, regardless of any potential increase in the levels of the Indices, which could be significant.
- .. You can tolerate fluctuations in the value of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the level of the lesser performing Index.

- "You are willing to invest in the Securities based on the Contingent Coupon Rate specified on the cover of this pricing supplement.
- "You do not seek guaranteed current income from this investment and you are willing to forgo any dividends and any other distributions paid on the stocks composing the Indices.

You are willing and able to hold Securities that will be called on any Observation Date (starting from the second Observation Date and ending on the Final Valuation Date) on which the closing levels of both Indices are greater "than or equal to their respective Initial Levels, you are otherwise willing and able to hold the Securities to the Maturity Date as set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement and you are not seeking an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.

"You seek an investment with exposure to companies with relatively small market capitalization in the U.S. and companies in the developed non-U.S. equity markets.

You are willing and able to assume the credit risk associated with Deutsche Bank AG as Issuer of the Securities and ...you understand that, if Deutsche Bank AG defaults on its obligations or becomes subject to a Resolution Measure, you might not receive any amounts due to you, including any payment of a Contingent Coupon, any payment of your initial investment at maturity or any payment upon an earlier automatic call.

The Securities may *not* be suitable for you if, among other considerations:

.. You do not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of your entire investment.

You cannot tolerate the loss of a significant portion or all of your investment or you are unwilling to make an "investment in which you could have the same downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the Lesser Performing Index or the stocks included in the Lesser Performing Index.

You require an investment designed to provide a full return of your initial investment at maturity.

You believe the Securities will not be called and the closing level of either Index will be less than its respective "Coupon Barrier on the specified Observation Dates and less than its respective Trigger Level on the Final Valuation Date.

You believe the Final Level of either Index will be less than its respective Trigger Level.

You are not comfortable with an investment linked to two Indices such that a decline in the level beyond the relevant "Coupon Barrier or Trigger Level of either Index will result in no Contingent Coupons and/or a loss on your investment, respectively, even if the level of the other Index increases.

- ". You seek an investment that participates in any increase in the levels of the Indices or that has unlimited return potential.
- "You cannot tolerate fluctuations in the value of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the level of the lesser performing Index.
- "You are unwilling to invest in the Securities based on the Contingent Coupon Rate specified on the cover of this pricing supplement.
- ..You prefer the lower risk and, therefore, accept the potentially lower returns of fixed income investments with comparable maturities and credit ratings.
- .. You seek guaranteed current income from this investment or you prefer to receive any dividends or any other distributions paid on the stocks composing the Indices.

You are unwilling or unable to hold Securities that will be called on any Observation Date (starting from the second Observation Date and ending on the Final Valuation Date) on which the closing levels of both Indices are greater "than or equal to their respective Initial Levels, you are otherwise unwilling or unable to hold the Securities to the Maturity Date as set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement or you seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.

.. You do not seek an investment with exposure to companies with relatively small market capitalization in the U.S. and companies in the developed non-U.S. equity markets.

You are unwilling or unable to assume the credit risk associated with Deutsche Bank AG as Issuer of the Securities "for all payments on the Securities, including any payment of a Contingent Coupon, any payment of your initial investment at maturity or any payment upon an earlier automatic call.

Final Terms

Issuer Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch
Issue Price 100% of the Face Amount of Securities

Face

\$10.00

Amount

Term Approximately 3 years, subject to an earlier automatic call

Trade Date December 29, 2015

Settlement

Date

December 31, 2015

Final

Valuation December 28, 2018

Date¹

Maturity

Date¹ January 4, 2019

Indices The Russell 2000® Index and the MSCI EAFE® Index

The Securities will not be automatically called during the first six months following the Trade Date.

Call Feature on any Observation Date (starting from the second Observation Date, which we refer to as the "First Autocall Observation Date," and ending on the Final Valuation Date) are greater than or equal to their respective Initial Levels. If the Securities are automatically called, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you on the applicable Call Settlement Date a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities equal to the Face Amount *plus* the applicable Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such day pursuant to the contingent coupon feature. No further amounts will be owed to you under the Securities.

After the first six months, the Securities will be automatically called if the closing levels of **both** Indices

Observation Dates¹ Quarterly, on the dates set forth in the table below.

Observation Dates Coupon Payment Dates/ Call Settlement Dates

March 29, 2016* March 31, 2016* June 29, 2016 July 1, 2016 September 29, 2016 October 3, 2016 December 29, 2016 January 3, 2017 March 29, 2017 March 31, 2017 June 29, 2017 July 3, 2017 September 29, 2017 October 3, 2017 December 29, 2017 January 3, 2018 March 29, 2018 April 4, 2018 June 29, 2018 July 3, 2018 September 28, 2018 October 2, 2018 December 28, 2018 January 4, 2019

* The Securities will not be automatically called until any Observation Date starting from June 29, 2016 (the First Autocall Observation Date). The expected Call Settlement Date for the First Autocall Observation

Date is July 1, 2016.

Call Settlement Dates1

As set forth in the table under "Observation Dates" above. The Call Settlement Date for the final Observation Date will be the Maturity Date.

If the closing levels of **both** Indices on any Observation Date are greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you the Contingent Coupon per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities applicable to such Observation Date on the related Coupon Payment Date.

If the closing level of either Index on any Observation Date is less than its respective Coupon Barrier, the Contingent Coupon applicable to such Observation Date will not be accrued or payable and Deutsche Bank AG will not make any payment to you on the related Coupon Payment Date.

Contingent Coupon

The Contingent Coupon for the Securities will be a fixed amount based upon equal quarterly installments at the Contingent Coupon Rate set forth below. For each Observation Date, the Contingent Coupon for the Securities that would be payable for such Observation Date on which the closing levels of both Indices are greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers is set forth below under "Contingent Coupon Payments."

Contingent Coupon Payments on the Securities are not guaranteed. Deutsche Bank AG will not pay you the Contingent Coupon for any Observation Date on which the closing level of either Index is less than its applicable Coupon Barrier.

Contingent Coupon 8.40% per annum.

Rate

Payments

Coupon Payment

Dates1

Contingent Coupon \$0.2100 per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities.

As set forth in the table under "Observation Dates" above. The Coupon Payment Date for the final Observation Date will be the Maturity Date.

If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index is greater than or equal to its Trigger Level and Coupon Barrier, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on the Maturity Date.

If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Payment at Maturity.

Index is less than its Trigger Level, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity that is less than the Face Amount, equal to:

(per \$10.00 Face

Amount of

Securities)

\$10.00 + (\$10.00 x Index Return of Lesser Performing Index)

In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment in an amount proportionate to the negative Index Return of the Lesser Performing Index, regardless of the performance of the other Index. You will be exposed to the market risk of each Index and any decline in the level of one Index may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of the other Index.

Lesser Performing

Index

The Index with the larger percentage decrease from its Initial Level to its Final Level, as measured by its Index Return. If the calculation agent determines that the two Indices have equal Index Returns, then the calculation agent will, in its sole discretion, designate either Index as the

Lesser Performing Index.

Index Return

With respect to each Index, the Index Return will be calculated as follows:

Final Level - Initial Level

Initial Level

With respect to the Russell 2000[®] Index, 812.365, equal to 70.00% of its Initial Level.

Trigger Level

With respect to the MSCI EAFE® Index, 1,212.08, equal to 70.00% of its Initial Level. With respect to the Russell 2000® Index, 812.365, equal to 70.00% of its Initial Level.

Coupon Barrier

With respect to the MSCI EAFE $^{\circledR}$ Index, 1,212.08, equal to 70.00% of its Initial Level.

With respect to each Index, the closing level of such Index on the Trade Date.

Initial Level With respect to the Russell 2000® Index, 1,160.522.

With respect to the MSCI EAFE® Index, 1,731.54.

Final Level With respect to each Index, the closing level of such Index on the Final Valuation Date

INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES INVOLVES SIGNIFICANT RISKS. YOU MAY LOSE A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OR ALL OF YOUR INITIAL INVESTMENT. ANY PAYMENT ON THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING ANY PAYMENT OF A CONTINGENT COUPON, ANY PAYMENT UPON AN AUTOMATIC CALL AND ANY PAYMENT OF YOUR INITIAL INVESTMENT AT MATURITY, IS SUBJECT TO THE CREDITWORTHINESS OF THE ISSUER. IF DEUTSCHE BANK AG WERE TO DEFAULT ON ITS PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS OR BECOME SUBJECT TO A RESOLUTION MEASURE, YOU MIGHT NOT RECEIVE ANY AMOUNTS OWED TO YOU UNDER THE SECURITIES AND YOU COULD LOSE YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

Subject to adjustment as described under "Description of Securities — Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates" in the accompanying product supplement. If an Observation Date is postponed, the corresponding Coupon Payment Date and Call Settlement Date will be postponed as described under "Description of Securities — Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates" in the accompanying product supplement.

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Investment Timeline

Trade Date:

For each Index, the Initial Level is observed and the Contingent Coupon Rate, Trigger Level and Coupon Barrier are determined.

If the closing levels of *both* Indices on any Observation Date are greater than or equal to their respective Coupon Barriers, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you the Contingent Coupon per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities applicable to such Observation Date on the related Coupon Payment Date.

Quarterly (callable after 6 months):

After the first six months, the Securities will be automatically called if the closing levels of *both* Indices on any Observation Date (starting from the First Autocall Observation Date and ending on the Final Valuation Date) are greater than or equal to their respective Initial Levels. If the Securities are automatically called, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you on the applicable Call Settlement Date a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities equal to the Face Amount *plus* the applicable Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such day pursuant to the contingent coupon feature.

Maturity Date:

For each Index, the Final Level is determined and the Index Return is calculated on the Final Valuation Date.

If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index is greater than or equal to its Trigger Level and Coupon Barrier, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on the Maturity Date.

If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index is less than its Trigger Level, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you a cash payment per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity that is less than the Face Amount, equal to:

\$10.00 + (\$10.00 x Index Return of the Lesser Performing Index)

In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment in an amount proportionate to the negative Index Return of the Lesser Performing Index, regardless of the performance of the other Index. You will be exposed to the market risk of each Index and any decline in the level of one Index may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of the other Index.

Key Risks

An investment in the Securities involves significant risks. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in the Indices or in the stocks composing the Indices. Some of the risks that apply to an investment in the Securities are summarized below, but we urge you to read the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the Securities generally in the "Risk Factors" sections of the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the Securities.

Your Investment in the Securities May Result in a Loss of Your Initial Investment — The Securities differ from ordinary debt securities in that Deutsche Bank AG will not necessarily pay you the Face Amount per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity. If the Securities are not automatically called, the return on the Securities at maturity will depend on whether the Final Level of both Indices are greater than or equal to their respective Trigger Levels. If the Securities are not automatically called and the Final Level of both Indices are greater than or equal to their respective Trigger Levels, for each \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you at maturity the Face Amount plus the applicable Contingent Coupon otherwise due on the Maturity Date. However, if the Securities are not automatically called on any Observation Date and the Final Level of either Index is less than its respective Trigger Level, you will be fully exposed to any negative Index Return of the Lesser Performing Index and, for each \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities, you will lose 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% decline in the Final Level of the Lesser Performing Index as compared to its Initial Level. In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment at maturity.

Your Investment is Exposed to a Decline in the Level of Each Index — Your return on the Securities, if any, is not linked to a basket consisting of the Indices. Rather, any payment on the Securities will be determined by reference to the performance of each individual Index. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all of the basket components, you will be fully exposed to the risks related to each of the Indices. Poor performance by either of the Indices over the term of the Securities may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a positive performance by the other Index. For the Securities to be automatically called or to receive any Contingent Coupon or contingent repayment of your initial investment at maturity, the closing levels of both Indices are required to be greater than their respective Initial Levels, Coupon Barriers and Trigger Levels, on the applicable Observation Date or Final Valuation Date, as applicable. In addition, if not called prior to maturity, you may incur a loss proportionate to the negative Index Return of the Lesser Performing Index even if the level of the other Index increases during the term of the Securities. Accordingly, your investment is exposed to a decline in the level of each Index.

Because the Securities are Linked to the Lesser Performing Index, You are Exposed to Greater Risk of Receiving No Contingent Coupons or a Loss on your Investment than if the Securities were Linked to just One Index — The risk that you will not receive any Contingent Coupons and/or lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment in the Securities is greater in these Securities than in substantially similar securities that are linked to the performance of just one of the Indices. With two Indices, it is more likely that the closing level of either Index will be less than its respective Coupon Barrier on the quarterly Observation Dates and the Final Level of either Index will be less than its respective Trigger Level on the Final Valuation Date than if the Securities were linked to only one of the Indices, and therefore it is more likely that you will not receive any Contingent Coupons and will receive an amount in cash less than your initial investment on the Maturity Date. In addition, the performance of the Indices may not be correlated. If the performance of the Indices is not correlated, or is negatively correlated, the potential for the level of one Index to close below its Coupon Barrier or Trigger Level on an Observation Date or the Final

Valuation Date, respectively, is even greater. Although the correlation of the Indices' performance may change over the term of the Securities, the Contingent Coupon Rate is determined, in part, based on the correlation of the Indices' performance at the time when the terms of the Securities are finalized. A higher Contingent Coupon Rate is generally associated with lower correlation of the Indices, which reflects a greater potential for loss on your investment at maturity.

You Will Not Participate in Any Increase in the Level of Either Index — The Securities will not pay more than the Face Amount *plus* any Contingent Coupons payable over the term of the Securities. Therefore, your potential return on the Securities will be limited to the Contingent Coupon Rate, but the total return will vary based on the number of Observation Dates on which the requirement for a Contingent Coupon has been met prior to maturity or an automatic call. If the Securities are automatically called, you will not participate in any increase in the level of either Index and you will not receive any Contingent Coupons in respect of any Observation Date after the applicable Call Settlement Date. If the Securities are automatically called on the First Autocall Observation Date (approximately six months following the Trade Date), the total return on the Securities will be minimal. If the Securities are not automatically called, you may be subject to the full downside performance of the Lesser Performing Index even though you were not able to participate in any potential increase in the level of either Index.

You May Not Receive Any Contingent Coupons — Deutsche Bank AG will not necessarily make periodic coupon payments on the Securities. If the closing level of either Index on any Observation Date is less than its respective ...Coupon Barrier, Deutsche Bank AG will not pay you the Contingent Coupon applicable to such Observation Date. If the closing level of either Index is less than its respective Coupon Barrier on each of the Observation Dates, Deutsche Bank AG will not pay you any Contingent Coupons during the term of, and you will not receive a positive return on, your Securities.

Contingent Repayment of Your Initial Investment Applies Only If You Hold the Securities to Maturity — If your Securities are not automatically called, you should be willing to hold your Securities to maturity. If you are able to "sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market, you may have to sell them at a loss relative to your initial investment even if the closing levels of both Indices are greater than their respective Trigger Levels at the time of sale.

Higher Contingent Coupon Rates Are Generally Associated with a Greater Risk of Loss — Lower expected correlation and greater expected volatility with respect to the Indices reflects a higher expectation as of the Trade Date that the Final Level of either Index could be less than its respective Trigger Level on the Final Valuation Date "of the Securities. This greater expected risk will generally be reflected in a higher Contingent Coupon Rate for the Securities. However, while the Contingent Coupon Rate is a fixed amount, the volatility of the Indices can change significantly over the term of the Securities. The level of either Index could fall sharply, which could result in a significant loss of your initial investment.

Reinvestment Risk — If your Securities are automatically called, the holding period over which you would receive "any applicable Contingent Coupon, which is based on the Contingent Coupon Rate as specified on the cover hereof, could be as little as approximately

six months. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the Securities at a comparable return for a similar level of risk in the event the Securities are automatically called prior to the Maturity Date.

The Securities Are Subject to the Credit of Deutsche Bank AG — The Securities are unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment(s) to be made on the Securities, including any payment of a Contingent Coupon, any payment upon an automatic call or any repayment of the Face Amount per \$10.00 Face Amount of Securities at maturity, depends on the ability of Deutsche Bank AG to satisfy its obligations as they become due. An actual or anticipated downgrade in Deutsche Bank AG's credit rating or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking Deutsche Bank AG's credit risk will likely have an adverse effect on the value of the Securities. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank AG will affect the value of the Securities and, in the event Deutsche Bank AG were to default on its obligations or become subject to a Resolution Measure, you might not receive any amount(s) owed to you under the terms of the Securities and you could lose your entire investment.

"The Securities May Become Subordinated to the Claims of Other Creditors, Be Written Down, Be Converted or Become Subject to Other Resolution Measures. You May Lose Some or All of Your Investment If Any Such Measure Becomes Applicable to Us — On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union published a directive for establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (commonly referred to as the "Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive"). The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. To implement the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive, Germany has adopted the Resolution Act, which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Resolution Act may result in the Securities being subject to the powers exercised by our competent resolution authority to impose a Resolution Measure on us, which may include: writing down, including to zero, any payment on the Securities; converting the Securities into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital; or applying any other resolution measure, including (but not limited to) transferring the Securities to another entity, amending the terms and conditions of the Securities or cancelling of the Securities. Furthermore, because the Securities are subject to any Resolution Measure, secondary market trading in the Securities may not follow the trading behavior associated with similar types of securities issued by other financial institutions which may be or have been subject to a Resolution Measure. Imposition of a Resolution Measure would have to be conducted in accordance with a set order of priority and would likely occur if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, "non-viable" (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. We expect additional Resolution Measures to become applicable to us when the European regulation of July 15, 2014 relating to the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund (commonly referred to as the "SRM Regulation") becomes effective on January 1, 2016. On May 26, 2015, the German Federal Government published a draft bill of a Resolution Mechanism Act. In addition to conforming German law to the SRM Regulation, the draft bill proposes to adjust the order of priority of obligations in the event of an insolvency proceeding. Specifically, senior unsecured debt instruments would by operation of law rank junior to all other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations, but in priority to all contractually subordinated instruments. The proposed subordination would not apply if the terms of the senior unsecured debt instruments provide that (i) the repayment amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, or will be settled in kind, or (ii) the interest amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, unless it depends solely on a fixed or variable reference interest rate and will be settled in cash. The proposed order of priorities would apply to insolvency proceedings commenced on or after January 1, 2016. If the proposed subordination of senior unsecured debt instruments were

enacted and were applied to the Securities, it would most likely result in a larger share of loss being allocated to the Securities in the event of an insolvency proceeding or the imposition of any Resolution Measures by the competent resolution authority. The final version of the Resolution Mechanism Act may provide for additional Resolution Measures that may become applicable to us. You may lose some or all of your investment in the Securities if a Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us.

By acquiring the Securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any subordination or Resolution Measure and the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the Securities, under the senior indenture or for the purpose of the U.S. Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. In addition, the trustee, the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and any participant in DTC or other intermediary through which you hold such Securities may take any and all necessary action, or abstain from taking any action, if required, to implement the imposition of any Resolution Measure with respect to the Securities. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of our competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. Please see the accompanying prospectus dated July 31, 2015, including the risk factors under the heading "Securities May Be Subject to Resolution Measures" on page 12 of the prospectus.

The Issuer's Estimated Value of the Securities on the Trade Date Will Be Less Than the Issue Price of the Securities — The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this pricing supplement) is less than the Issue Price of the Securities. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent's commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates' expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge. The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities is determined by reference to an internal funding rate and our pricing models. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent's commissions, if any, and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities, reduces the economic terms of the Securities to you and is expected to adversely affect the price at which you may be able to sell the Securities in any secondary market. In addition, our internal pricing models are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. If at any time a third party dealer were to quote a price to purchase your Securities or otherwise value your Securities, that price or value may differ materially from the estimated value of the Securities determined by reference to our internal funding rate and pricing models. This difference is due to, among other things, any difference in funding rates, pricing models or assumptions used by any dealer who may purchase the Securities in the secondary market.

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Investing in the Securities Is Not the Same as Investing in the Indices or the Stocks Composing the Indices — ...The return on your Securities may not reflect the return you would realize if you invested directly in the Indices or the stocks composing the Indices. For instance, your return on the Securities is limited to the applicable Contingent Coupons you receive, regardless of any increase in the level of either Index, which could be significant.

If the Levels of the Indices Change, the Value of the Securities May Not Change in the Same Manner — The "Securities may trade quite differently from the levels of the Indices. Changes in the levels of the Indices may not result in comparable changes in the value of the Securities.

No Dividend Payments or Voting Rights — As a holder of the Securities, you will not have any voting rights or rights "to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the stocks composing the Indices would have.

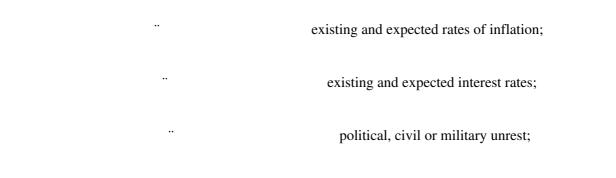
Each Index Reflects the Price Return of the Stocks Composing Such Index, Not Their Total Return Including All Dividends and Other Distributions — Each Index reflects the changes in the market prices of the stocks "composing such Index. Neither Index is, however, a "total return" index, which, in addition to reflecting those price returns, would also reflect the reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions paid on the stocks composing such Index.

The Sponsor of an Index May Adjust the Relevant Index in Ways That Affect the Level of Such Index and Has No Obligation to Consider Your Interests — The sponsor of an Index (the "Index Sponsor") is responsible for calculating and maintaining the relevant Index. The Index Sponsor can add, delete or substitute the relevant Index components or make other methodological changes that could change the level of such Index. You should realize that the changing of such Index components may affect such Index, as a newly added component may perform significantly better or worse than the component it replaces. Additionally, the Index Sponsor may alter, discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the relevant Index. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of, and your return on, the Securities. The Index Sponsor has no obligation to consider your interests in calculating or revising the relevant Index.

The Securities Are Subject to Risks Associated with Small-Capitalization Companies — The stocks composing the Russell 2000® Index are issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and, therefore, the level of the Russell 2000® Index may be less liquid and more volatile than the levels of indices that consist of large-capitalization stocks. Stock prices of small-capitalization companies are also generally more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments and the stocks of small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded. In addition, small-capitalization companies are typically less well-established and less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Such small-capitalization companies tend to have lower revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products. These companies may also be more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products or services.

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The Securities Are Subject to Currency Exchange Rate Risk — Because the MXEA EAPHndex consists of securities denominated in foreign currencies that are converted into U.S. dollars for purposes of calculating the level of the MXEA EAFE® Index, holders of the Securities will be exposed to currency exchange rate risk with respect to each of the currencies represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index. Of particular importance to currency exchange rate risk are:



[&]quot; the balance of payments between the countries represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index and the U.S.; and

All of these factors are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of the countries represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index, the U.S. and other countries important to international trade and finance. An investor's net exposure to currency exchange rate risk will depend on the extent to which the currencies represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index strengthen or weaken against the U.S. dollar and the relative weight of each currency represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index. If, taking into account such weighting, the U.S. dollar strengthens against the component currencies as a whole, the level of the MXEA EAFE® Index will be adversely affected and the value of the Securities may be reduced. Additionally, the volatility and/or the correlation (including the direction and the extent of such correlation) of the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the currencies represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index could affect the value of the Securities.

There Are Risks Associated with Investments in Securities Linked to the Values of Equity Securities Issued by Non-U.S. Companies — The MXEA EAPHndex includes component stocks that are issued by companies incorporated outside of the U.S. Because the component stocks also trade outside the U.S., the Securities are subject to the risks associated with non-U.S. securities markets. Generally, non-U.S. securities markets may be less liquid and more volatile than U.S. securities markets and market developments may affect non-U.S. securities markets differently than U.S. securities markets, which may adversely affect the level of the MXEA EAFE® Index and the value of your Securities. Furthermore, there are risks associated with investments in securities linked to the values of equity securities issued by non-U.S. companies. There is generally less publicly available information about non-U.S. "companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies. In addition, the prices of equity securities issued by non-U.S. companies may be adversely affected by political, economic, financial and social factors that may be unique to the particular countries in which the non-U.S. companies are incorporated. These factors include the possibility of recent or future changes in a non-U.S. government's economic and fiscal policies (including any direct or indirect intervention to stabilize the economy and/or securities market of the country of such non-U.S. government), the presence, and extent, of cross shareholdings in non-U.S. companies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other non-U.S. laws or

[&]quot;the extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in the countries represented in the MXEA EAFE® Index and the U.S.

restrictions applicable to non-U.S. companies or investments in non-U.S. securities and the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies. Moreover, certain aspects of a particular non-U.S. economy may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

Past Performance of the Indices Is No Guide to Future Performance — The actual performance of the Indices may ...bear little relation to the historical closing levels of the Indices and/or the hypothetical return examples set forth elsewhere in this pricing supplement. We cannot predict the future performance of the Indices or whether the performance of the Indices will result in the return of any of your investment.

Assuming No Changes in Market Conditions and Other Relevant Factors, the Price You May Receive for Your Securities in Secondary Market Transactions Would Generally Be Lower Than Both the Issue Price and the Issuer's Estimated Value of the Securities on the Trade Date — While the payment(s) on the Securities described in this pricing supplement is based on the full Face Amount of Securities, the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this pricing supplement) is less than the Issue Price of the Securities. The Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date does not represent the price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Securities in the secondary market at any time. Assuming no changes in market conditions or our creditworthiness and other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the Securities from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, would generally be lower than both the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the Securities on the Trade Date. Our purchase price, if any, in secondary market transactions would be based on the estimated value of the Securities determined by reference to (i) the then-prevailing internal funding rate (adjusted by a spread) or another appropriate measure of our cost of funds and (ii) our pricing models at that time, less a bid spread determined after taking into account the size of the repurchase, the nature of the assets underlying the Securities and then-prevailing market conditions. The price we report to financial reporting services and to distributors of our Securities for use on customer account statements wo