HENRY SCHEIN INC Form 10-Q May 07, 2013

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T ACT OF 1934	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the quarterly period ended March 30, 2013	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TACT OF 1934	or TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the transition period from to to Commission File Number: 0-27078	
	IENRY SCHEIN, INC.  registrant as specified in its charter)
Delaware	11-3136595
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	135 Duryea Road
	Melville, New York
(Address	of principal executive offices)
	11747
	(Zip Code)
	(631) 843-5500
(Registrant's te	lephone number, including area code)
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the precedent	has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the eding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was abject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X	No
any, every Interactive Data File required to be s	has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during iod that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
Yes X	No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated file X	r	Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check man	k whether the registrant is a shell com	pany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Y	es	No X
As of April 26, 2013,	there were 87,132,889 shares of the re	gistrant's common stock outstanding.

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. INDEX

		Page
	PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
ITEM 1.	Consolidated Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheets as of March 30, 2013 and December 29, 2012	3
	Statements of Income for the three months ended  March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012	4
	Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012	5
	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended March 30, 2013	6
	Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012	7
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
ITEM 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	21
ITEM 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	35
ITEM 4.	Controls and Procedures	35
	PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
ITEM 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	36
ITEM 1A.	Risk Factors	36
ITEM 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	37
ITEM 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	38
	Signature	39

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS HENRY SCHEIN, INC.

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

ASSETS		March 30, 2013 (unaudited)	Γ	December 29, 2012
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,562	\$	122,080
Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$71,256 and	Ψ	70,302	Ψ	122,000
\$75,240		1,028,163		1,015,194
Inventories, net		1,136,043		1,203,507
Deferred income taxes		65,071		64,049
Prepaid expenses and other		265,576		299,547
Total current assets		2,585,415		2,704,377
Property and equipment, net		262,825		273,458
Goodwill		1,610,996		1,601,046
Other intangibles, net		453,502		462,182
Investments and other		292,948		292,934
Total assets	\$	5,205,686	\$	5,333,997
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	609,028	\$	787,658
Bank credit lines		50,073		27,166
Current maturities of long-term debt		1,908		17,992
Accrued expenses:				
Payroll and related		154,845		207,381
Taxes		137,114		132,774
Other		289,601		299,738
Total current liabilities		1,242,569		1,472,709
Long-term debt		600,599		488,121
Deferred income taxes		199,768		196,814
Other liabilities		119,713		125,314
Total liabilities		2,162,649		2,282,958
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		463,363		435,175
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares				
authorized,				
none outstanding		-		-
- U				

Common stock, \$.01 par value, 240,000,000 shares authorized,

www.		
87,381,543 outstanding on March 30, 2013 and		
87,850,671 outstanding on December 29, 2012	874	879
Additional paid-in capital	339,856	375,946
Retained earnings	2,223,037	2,183,905
Accumulated other comprehensive income	14,462	52,855
Total Henry Schein, Inc. stockholders' equity	2,578,229	2,613,585
Noncontrolling interests	1,445	2,279
Total stockholders' equity	2,579,674	2,615,864
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests		
and stockholders' equity	\$ 5,205,686	\$ 5,333,997

See accompanying notes.

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended					
		March 30, 2013		1	March 31, 2012		
Net sales	\$	2,293,511		\$	2,099,019		
Cost of sales		1,646,520			1,488,440		
Gross profit		646,991			610,579		
Operating expenses:							
Selling, general and administrative		493,362			465,452		
Restructuring costs		-			11,832		
Operating income		153,629			133,295		
Other income (expense):							
Interest income		3,205			3,330		
Interest expense		(12,727	)		(7,640)		
Other, net		(370	)		525		
Income before taxes and equity in earnings of		·	·				
affiliates		143,737			129,510		
Income taxes		(45,852	)		(41,840)		
Equity in earnings of affiliates		801			1,391		
Net income		98,686			89,061		
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling							
interests		(7,208	)		(8,309)		
Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.	\$	91,478		\$	80,752		
Earnings per share attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.:							
Basic	\$	1.06		\$	0.92		
Diluted	\$	1.03		\$	0.89		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:							
Basic		86,654			88,216		
Diluted		88,792			90,666		
See accom	panying	g notes.					
4							
4							

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands) (unaudited)

	March 30, 2013	Three Months Ended	March 31, 2012
Net income	\$ 98,686	\$	89,061
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(40,441	)	31,661
Unrealized gain (loss) from foreign currency			
hedging activities	(159	)	915
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	(9	)	33
Pension adjustment gain (loss)	738		(435)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(39,871	)	32,174
Comprehensive income	58,815		121,235
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Net income	(7,208	)	(8,309)
Foreign currency translation loss (gain)	1,478		(1,014)
Comprehensive income attributable to			
noncontrolling interests	(5,730	)	(9,323)
Comprehensive income attributable to Henry Schein,			
Inc.	\$ 53,085	\$	111,912

See accompanying notes.

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

		`	, 1	1	Accumulated	1	
	Common	Stock	Additional		Other		Total
	\$.01 Par	Value	Paid-in	Retained	Comprehensiv	Neoncontrollin	ngStockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Income	Interests	Equity
Balance, December			_				
29, 2012	87,850,671	\$ 879	\$ 375,946	\$ 2,183,905	\$ 52,855	\$ 2,279	\$ 2,615,864
Net income							
(excluding \$7,134							
attributable to							
Redeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests)	-	-	-	91,478	-	74	91,552
Foreign currency							
translation loss							
(excluding \$1,478							
attributable to							
Redeemable							
noncontrolling					(20.062.)		(20.062
interests)	-	-	-	-	(38,963)	-	(38,963)
Unrealized loss from							
foreign currency							
hedging activities,					(150		(150
net of tax of \$83	-	-	-	-	(159)	-	(159)
Unrealized							
investment loss, net of tax benefit of \$6					(9)		(0)
Pension adjustment	-	-	-	-	(9)	<u>-</u>	(9)
gain, net of tax of							
\$182	_	_	_	_	738	_	738
Dividends paid	_	_	_	_	-	(109)	
Initial noncontrolling						(10)	(10)
interests and							
adjustments related							
to							
business acquisitions	_	-	-	-	-	(799 )	(799 )
Change in fair value						, ,	, ,
of redeemable							
securities	-	-	(17,656)	-	-	-	(17,656)
Other adjustments	-	-	(36)	-	-	-	(36)
Repurchase and							
retirement of							
common stock	(839,450)	(8)	(21,095)	(52,346	) -	-	(73,449)
Stock issued upon							
exercise of stock							

options,							
including tax benefit of \$8,035	291,418	2	19,832	-	-	-	19,834
Stock-based compensation							
expense	325,757	3	5,307	-	-	-	5,310
Shares withheld for payroll taxes	(246,853)	(2)	(22,308)	_	_	_	(22,310 )
Liability for cash settlement stock-based compensation							
awards	-	-	(134)	-	-	-	(134)
Balance, March 30, 2013	87,381,543	\$ 874	\$ 339,856 See accompar	\$ 2,223,037 mying notes.	\$ 14,462	\$ 1,445	\$ 2,579,674
6							

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				
	March 30,		March 31,		
	2013		2012		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$ 98,686	\$	89,061		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used					
in					
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	32,393		30,420		
Accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs	6,203		-		
Stock-based compensation expense	5,310		8,754		
Provision for losses on trade and other accounts					
receivable	840		1,144		
Provision for (benefit from) deferred income taxes	6,371		(8,182	)	
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(801	)	(1,391	)	
Distributions from equity affiliates	2,881	,	3,324		
Other	3,291		2,901		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of					
acquisitions:					
Accounts receivable	(25,392	)	(57,433	3 )	
Inventories	54,011		(12,532		
Other current assets	14,003		12,404		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(235,843	)	(117,07		
Net cash used in operating activities	(38,047	)	(48,605		
	(0.0,0.1)	,	(15,555		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of fixed assets	(11,862	)	(12,223	3)	
Payments for equity investments and business	(,	,	(,	,	
acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(32,359	)	(18,980	)	
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	-	)	1,150	,	
Other	(68	)	(2,051	)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(44,289	)	(32,104	1 )	
The cush used in investing activities	(11,20)	,	(32,10	. ,	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from (repayments of) bank borrowings	22,827		(50,016	<b>5</b> )	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	328,000		100,000		
Debt issuance costs	(236	)	-		
Principal payments for long-term debt	(232,905	)	(10,650	)	
Proceeds from issuance of stock upon exercise of	(232,703		(10,030	, ,	
stock options	11,799		30,039		
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(73,449	)	(38,565		
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(73,449	)	(38,303	)	

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Excess tax benefits related to stock-based				
compensation	3,364		8,548	
Distributions to noncontrolling shareholders	(2,792	)	(2,081	)
Acquisitions of noncontrolling interests in				
subsidiaries	(535	)	(6,366	)
Net cash provided by financing activities	56,073		30,909	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(26,263	)	(49,800	)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash				
equivalents	(5,255	)	4,329	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	122,080		147,284	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 90,562		\$ 101,813	

See accompanying notes.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

#### Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts, as well as those of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Our accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnote disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated results of operations and financial position for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2012.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the three months ended March 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 28, 2013.

#### Note 2 – Segment Data

We conduct our business through two reportable segments; health care distribution and technology and value-added services. These segments offer different products and services to the same customer base. The health care distribution reportable segment aggregates our global dental, medical and animal health operating segments. This segment consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.

Our global dental group serves office-based dental practitioners, schools and other institutions. Our global medical group serves office-based medical practitioners, ambulatory surgery centers, other alternate-care settings and other institutions. Our global animal health group serves animal health practices and clinics. Our global dental, medical and animal health groups serve practitioners in 25 countries worldwide.

Our global technology and value-added services group provides software, technology and other value-added services to health care practitioners. Our technology group offerings include practice management software systems for dental and medical practitioners and animal health clinics. Our value-added practice solutions include financial services on a non-recourse basis, e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

#### **Table of Contents**

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 2 – Segment Data – (Continued)

The following tables present information about our reportable and operating segments:

	Three Months Ended			nded
		March 30,		March 31,
		2013		2012
Net Sales:				
Health care distribution (1):				
Dental	\$	1,190,795	\$	1,155,666
Medical		388,862		354,826
Animal health		639,142		525,590
Total health care distribution		2,218,799		2,036,082
Technology and value-added services (2)		74,712		62,937
Total	\$	2,293,511	\$	2,099,019

- Consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.
- Consists of practice management software and other value-added products, which are distributed primarily to health care providers, and financial and other services, including e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

	Three Months Ended			Ended
	N	March 30, 2013	N	March 31, 2012
Operating Income:				
Health care distribution	\$	134,460	\$	117,221
Technology and value-added services		19,169		16,074
Total	\$	153,629	\$	133,295

Note 3 – Debt

#### Credit Facilities

On September 12, 2012, we entered into a new \$500 million revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a \$200 million expansion feature, which expires on September 12, 2017. This credit facility replaced our then existing \$400 million revolving credit facility with a \$100 million expansion feature, which would have expired on September 5, 2013. The borrowings outstanding under this revolving credit facility were \$305.0 million as of March 30, 2013. The interest rate is based on USD LIBOR plus a spread based on our leverage ratio at the end of each financial reporting quarter. The Credit Agreement provides, among other things, that we are required to maintain certain

interest coverage and maximum leverage ratios, and contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions on liens, indebtedness, significant corporate changes (including mergers), dispositions and certain restrictive agreements. As of March 30, 2013, there were \$9.2 million of letters of credit provided to third parties under the credit facility.

As of March 30, 2013, we had various other short-term bank credit lines available, of which \$50.1 million was outstanding. At March 30, 2013, borrowings under all of our credit lines had a weighted average interest rate of 1.62%.

Our credit lines are collateralized by assets with an aggregate net carrying value of \$94.5 million.

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 3 – Debt – (Continued)

#### **Private Placement Facilities**

On August 10, 2010, we entered into \$400 million private placement facilities with two insurance companies. On April 30, 2012, we increased our available credit facilities by \$375 million by entering into a new agreement with one insurance company and amending our existing agreements with two insurance companies. These facilities are available on an uncommitted basis at fixed rate economic terms to be agreed upon at the time of issuance, from time to time during a three year issuance period, through April 26, 2015. The facilities allow us to issue senior promissory notes to the lenders at a fixed rate based on an agreed upon spread over applicable treasury notes at the time of issuance. The term of each possible issuance will be selected by us and can range from five to 15 years (with an average life no longer than 12 years). The proceeds of any issuances under the facilities will be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures, to refinance existing indebtedness and/or to fund potential acquisitions. The agreement provides, among other things, that we maintain certain maximum leverage ratios, and contains restrictions relating to subsidiary indebtedness, liens, affiliate transactions, disposal of assets and certain changes in ownership. These facilities contain a make-whole provision in the event that we pay off the facility prior to the due date.

The components of our private placement facility borrowings as of March 30, 2013 are presented in the following table:

		Amount of Borrowing	Borrowing	
Date of Borrowing	C	utstanding	Rate	Due Date
September 2, 2010	\$	100,000	3.79 %	September 2, 2020
January 20, 2012		50,000	3.45	January 20, 2024
January 20, 2012 (1)		50,000	3.09	January 20, 2022
December 24, 2012		50,000	3.00	December 24, 2024
	\$	250,000		

(1) Annual repayments of approximately \$7.1 million for this borrowing will commence on January 20, 2016.

#### Butler Schein Animal Health

During the first quarter of 2013, we repaid the then outstanding debt related to the Butler Schein Animal Health ("BSAH") transaction using our existing Credit Agreement. As part of this transaction, we recorded a one-time interest expense charge of \$6.2 million related to the accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs. On April 17, 2013, we entered into a facility agreement of up to \$300 million with a bank, as agent, based on the securitization of our U.S. trade accounts receivable. The new facility allowed us to replace public debt (approximately \$220 million) at a higher interest rate at BSAH during February 2013 and will provide funding for working capital and general corporate purposes. See Note 14 – "Subsequent Event" for details related to the new facility agreement.

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

#### Note 4 – Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value. Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480-10 is applicable for noncontrolling interests where we are or may be required to purchase all or a portion of the outstanding interest in a consolidated subsidiary from the noncontrolling interest holder under the terms of a put option contained in contractual agreements. The components of the change in the Redeemable noncontrolling interests for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and the year ended December 29, 2012 are presented in the following table:

	March 30, 2013	December 29, 2012	r
Balance, beginning of period	\$435,175	\$402,050	
Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to			
redemptions	-	(23,637	)
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to business			
acquisitions	7,691	30,935	
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	7,134	34,803	
Dividends declared	(2,815	) (21,013	)
Effect of foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to			
redeemable noncontrolling interests	(1,478	) 904	
Change in fair value of redeemable securities	17,656	53,769	
Other adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests	-	(42,636	)
Balance, end of period	\$463,363	\$435,175	

Changes in the estimated redemption amounts of the noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted at each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share.

#### **Table of Contents**

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

#### Note 5 – Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes certain gains and losses that, under U.S. GAAP, are excluded from net income as such amounts are recorded directly as an adjustment to stockholders' equity. Our comprehensive income is primarily comprised of net income, foreign currency translation gain (loss), unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency hedging activities, unrealized investment gain (loss) and pension adjustment gain (loss).

The following table summarizes our Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as of:

	December	
March 30,	29,	
2013	2012	
\$(2,327	) \$(849 )	j
\$33,197	\$72,160	
1,028	1,187	
(424	) (415 )	)
(19,339	) (20,077 )	)
\$14,462	\$52,855	
\$12,135	\$52,006	
	\$(2,327) \$(2,327) \$33,197 1,028 (424) (19,339) \$14,462	March 30, 29, 2012  \$(2,327) \$(849)  \$33,197 \$72,160  1,028 1,187  (424) (415) (19,339) (20,077) \$14,462 \$52,855

The following table summarizes the components of comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as follows:

	Three Months Ended			ļ
	March 30, March		March 3	1,
	2013		2012	
Net income	\$98,686		\$89,061	
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(40,441	)	31,661	
Tax effect	-		-	
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(40,441	)	31,661	
Unrealized gain (loss) from foreign currency hedging activities	(76	)	1,160	
Tax effect	(83	)	(245	)
Unrealized gain (loss) from foreign currency hedging activities	(159	)	915	
Unrealized investment loss	(15	)	(73	)
Tax effect	6		106	
Unrealized investment gain (loss)	(9	)	33	
Pension adjustment gain (loss)	920		(359	)
Tax effect	(182	)	(76	)

Pension adjustment gain (loss)	738	(435)
Comprehensive income	\$58,815	\$121,235

The following table summarizes our total comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 30,	March 31,
	2013	2012
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Henry Schein, Inc.	\$53,085	\$111,912
Comprehensive income attributable to		
noncontrolling interests	74	104
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	5,656	9,219
Comprehensive income	\$58,815	\$121,235

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 6 – Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC Topic 820") provides a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles.

ASC Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs).

The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC Topic 820 are described as follows:

- •Level 1— Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date.
- Level 2— Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3— Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies that we used to measure different financial instruments at fair value.

Investments and notes receivable

There are no quoted market prices available for investments in unconsolidated affiliates and notes receivable; however, we believe the carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

#### Debt

The fair value of our debt as of March 30, 2013 and December 29, 2012 was estimated at \$652.6 million and \$533.3 million, respectively. Factors that we considered when estimating the fair value of our debt include market conditions, prepayment and make-whole provisions, liquidity levels in the private placement market, variability in pricing from multiple lenders and term of debt.

#### Derivative contracts

Derivative contracts are valued using quoted market prices and significant other observable and unobservable inputs. We use derivative instruments to minimize our exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange

rates. Our derivative instruments primarily include foreign currency forward agreements related to intercompany loans and certain forecasted inventory purchase commitments with suppliers.

The fair values for the majority of our foreign currency derivative contracts are obtained by comparing our contract rate to a published forward price of the underlying market rates, which is based on market rates for comparable transactions and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 6 – Fair Value Measurements – (Continued)

#### Redeemable noncontrolling interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value based on third-party valuations. The future value of redeemable noncontrolling interests is subject to expected earnings and, if such earnings are not achieved, the value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests might be impacted. The noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted to their estimated redemption amounts each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share. The values for Redeemable noncontrolling interests are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The details of the changes in Redeemable noncontrolling interests are presented in Note 4.

The following table presents our assets and liabilities that are measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis classified under the appropriate level of the fair value hierarchy as of March 30, 2013 and December 29, 2012:

March 30, 2013

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$ 631	\$ -	\$ 631
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 631	\$ -	\$ 631
Liabilities:				
Derivative contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,820	\$ -	\$ 1,820
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 1,820	\$ -	\$ 1,820
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 463,363	\$ 463,363
			nber 29, 2012	
	Level 1	Decen Level 2	nber 29, 2012 Level 3	Total
Accate	Level 1			Total
Assets:		Level 2	Level 3	
Available-for-sale securities	Level 1	Level 2		\$ 2,816
Available-for-sale securities Derivative contracts	\$ -	Level 2 \$ - 710	\$ 2,816	\$ 2,816 710
Available-for-sale securities		Level 2	Level 3	\$ 2,816
Available-for-sale securities Derivative contracts Total assets	\$ -	Level 2 \$ - 710	\$ 2,816	\$ 2,816 710
Available-for-sale securities Derivative contracts Total assets Liabilities:	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - 710 \$ 710	\$ 2,816 - \$ 2,816	\$ 2,816 710 \$ 3,526
Available-for-sale securities Derivative contracts Total assets Liabilities: Derivative contracts	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - 710 \$ 710 \$ 1,159	\$ 2,816 - \$ 2,816	\$ 2,816 710 \$ 3,526 \$ 1,159
Available-for-sale securities Derivative contracts Total assets Liabilities:	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - 710 \$ 710	\$ 2,816 - \$ 2,816	\$ 2,816 710 \$ 3,526

#### **Table of Contents**

#### HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

#### Note 7 – Business Acquisitions

The operating results of all acquisitions are reflected in our financial statements from their respective acquisition dates.

We completed certain acquisitions during the three months ended March 30, 2013. Such acquisitions were immaterial to our financial statements individually and in the aggregate.

Some prior owners of such acquired subsidiaries are eligible to receive additional purchase price cash consideration if certain financial targets are met. For acquisitions completed prior to 2009, we accrue liabilities that may arise from these transactions when we believe that the outcome of the contingency is determinable beyond a reasonable doubt. For acquisitions completed in subsequent periods, we have accrued liabilities for the estimated fair value of additional purchase price consideration at the time of the acquisition. Any adjustments to these accrual amounts are recorded in our consolidated statements of income. For the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, there were no material adjustments recorded in our consolidated statement of income relating to changes in estimated contingent purchase price liabilities.

#### Note 8 – Plans of Restructuring

During the years ended December 29, 2012 and December 25, 2010, we incurred restructuring costs of \$15.2 million (\$10.5 million after taxes) and \$12.3 million (\$8.3 million after taxes), respectively, consisting of employee severance pay and benefits related to the elimination of approximately 200 positions and 184 positions, respectively, facility closing costs, representing primarily lease terminations and property and equipment write-off costs, and outside professional and consulting fees directly related to the restructuring plan. These restructuring programs are complete and we do not expect any additional costs from these programs.

The costs associated with these restructurings are included in a separate line item, "Restructuring costs" within our consolidated statements of income.

The following table shows the amounts expensed and paid for restructuring costs that were incurred during the three months ended March 30, 2013 and during our 2012, 2011 and 2010 fiscal years and the remaining accrued balance of restructuring costs as of March 30, 2013, which is included in Accrued expenses: Other and Other liabilities within our consolidated balance sheet:

		Facility		
	Severance	Closing		
	Costs	Costs	Total	
Balance, December 26, 2009	\$2,267	\$2,030	\$4,297	
Provision	8,930	3,355	12,285	
Payments and other adjustments	(9,205	(3,034	) (12,239	)
Balance, December 25, 2010	\$1,992	\$2,351	\$4,343	
Provision	-	-	-	
Payments and other adjustments	(1,423	(1,800	) (3,223	)
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$569	\$551	\$1,120	
Provision	12,841	2,351	15,192	

Payments and other adjustments	(11,584	) (1,671	) (13,255	)
Balance, December 29, 2012	\$1,826	\$1,231	\$3,057	
Provision	-	-	-	
Payments and other adjustments	(1,002	) (510	) (1,512	)
Balance, March 30, 2013	\$824	\$721	\$1,545	

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 8 – Plans of Restructuring – (Continued)

The following table shows, by reportable segment, the restructuring costs incurred during the three months ended March 30, 2013 and the fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010 and the remaining accrued balance of restructuring costs as of March 30, 2013:

	Technolog	gy
	and	
	Health Care Value-Add	led
	Distribution Services	s Total
Balance, December 26, 2009	\$4,225 \$ 72	\$4,297
Provision	12,063 222	12,285
Payments and other adjustments	(11,945 ) (294	) (12,239 )
Balance, December 25, 2010	\$4,343	\$4,343
Provision	-	-
Payments and other adjustments	(3,223 ) -	(3,223)
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$1,120 \$ -	\$1,120
Provision	14,981 211	15,192
Payments and other adjustments	(13,058 ) (197	) (13,255 )
Balance, December 29, 2012	\$3,043 \$ 14	\$3,057
Provision	-	-
Payments and other adjustments	(1,498 ) (14	) (1,512 )
Balance, March 30, 2013	\$1,545 \$ -	\$1,545

We expect that a majority of the liability balance at March 30, 2013 will be paid in 2013.

#### Note 9 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc. by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Our diluted earnings per share is computed similarly to basic earnings per share, except that it reflects the effect of common shares issuable for presently unvested restricted stock and restricted stock units and upon exercise of stock options, using the treasury stock method in periods in which they have a dilutive effect.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating earnings per basic and diluted share follows:

		Three Months Ended	
		March 30,	March 31,
		2013	2012
Basic		86,654	88,216
Effect of dilutive securities:			
	Stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units	2,138	2,450
Diluted		88,792	90,666

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 10 – Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 30, 2013, our effective tax rate was 31.9% compared to 32.3% for the prior year period. The difference between our effective tax rates and the federal statutory tax rates for both periods related primarily to state and foreign income taxes and interest expense.

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of March 30, 2013 was approximately \$43.0 million, all of which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. It is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will change in the next 12 months; however, we do not expect the change to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

The total amounts of interest and penalties, which are classified as a component of the provision for income taxes, were approximately \$8.9 million and \$0, respectively, for the three months ended March 30, 2013.

The tax years subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions include the years 2009 and forward by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service, the years 1997 and forward for certain states and the years 2005 and forward for certain foreign jurisdictions.

#### Note 11 – Derivatives and Hedging Activities

We are exposed to market risks as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates as measured against the U.S. dollar and each other, and changes to the credit markets. We attempt to minimize these risks by primarily using foreign currency forward contracts and by maintaining counter-party credit limits. These hedging activities provide only limited protection against currency exchange and credit risks. Factors that could influence the effectiveness of our hedging programs include currency markets and availability of hedging instruments and liquidity of the credit markets. All foreign currency forward contracts that we enter into are components of hedging programs and are entered into for the sole purpose of hedging an existing or anticipated currency exposure. We do not enter into such contracts for speculative purposes and we manage our credit risks by diversifying our investments, maintaining a strong balance sheet and having multiple sources of capital.

Fluctuations in the value of certain foreign currencies as compared to the U.S. dollar may positively or negatively affect our revenues, gross margins, operating expenses and retained earnings, all of which are expressed in U.S. dollars. Where we deem it prudent, we engage in hedging programs using primarily foreign currency forward contracts aimed at limiting the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on earnings. We purchase short-term (i.e., 18 months or less) foreign currency forward contracts to protect against currency exchange risks associated with intercompany loans due from our international subsidiaries and the payment of merchandise purchases to our foreign suppliers. We do not hedge the translation of foreign currency profits into U.S. dollars, as we regard this as an accounting exposure, not an economic exposure. Our hedging activities have historically not had a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, additional disclosures related to derivatives and hedging activities required by ASC Topic 815 have been omitted.

#### **Table of Contents**

# HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 12 – Stock-Based Compensation

Our accompanying unaudited consolidated statements of income reflect share-based pre-tax compensation expense of \$5.3 million (\$3.6 million after-tax) and \$8.8 million (\$5.9 million after-tax) for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively.

Stock-based compensation represents the cost related to stock-based awards granted to employees and non-employee directors. We measure stock-based compensation at the grant date, based on the estimated fair value of the award, and recognize the cost (net of estimated forfeitures) as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Our stock-based compensation expense is reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

Stock-based awards are provided to certain employees and non-employee directors under the terms of our 1994 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, and our 1996 Non-Employee Director Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (together, the "Plans"). The Plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Prior to March 2009, awards under the Plans principally included a combination of at-the-money stock options and restricted stock (including restricted stock units). Since March 2009, equity-based awards have been granted solely in the form of restricted stock and restricted stock units, with the exception of stock options for certain pre-existing contractual obligations.

Grants of restricted stock are common stock awards granted to recipients with specified vesting provisions. We issue restricted stock that vests solely based on the recipient's continued service over time (primarily four-year cliff vesting) and restricted stock that vests based on our achieving specified performance measurements and the recipient's continued service over time (primarily three-year cliff vesting).

With respect to time-based restricted stock, we estimate the fair value on the date of grant based on our closing stock price. With respect to performance-based restricted stock, the number of shares that ultimately vest and are received by the recipient is based upon our performance as measured against specified targets over a three-year period as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Although there is no guarantee that performance targets will be achieved, we estimate the fair value of performance-based restricted stock based on our closing stock price at time of grant.

The Plans provide for adjustments to the performance-based restricted stock targets for significant events such as acquisitions, divestitures, new business ventures and share repurchases. Over the performance period, the number of shares of common stock that will ultimately vest and be issued and the related compensation expense is adjusted upward or downward based upon our estimation of achieving such performance targets. The ultimate number of shares delivered to recipients and the related compensation cost recognized as an expense will be based on our actual performance metrics as defined under the Plans.

Restricted stock units are awards that we grant to certain employees that entitle the recipient to shares of common stock upon vesting. We grant restricted stock units with the same time-based and performance-based vesting that we use for restricted stock. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined on the date of grant, based on our closing stock price.

Total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested awards as of March 30, 2013 was \$102.9 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.6 years.

#### **Table of Contents**

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 12 – Stock-Based Compensation – (Continued)

The following table summarizes stock option activity under the Plans during the three months ended March 30, 2013:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at beginning of period	2,138	\$ 48.61		
Granted	_	-		
Exercised	(292)	40.95		
Forfeited	_	-		
Outstanding at end of period	1,846	\$ 49.82	3.5	\$ 78,865
Options exercisable at end of period	1,846	\$ 49.82	3.5	\$ 78,865

The following tables summarize the activity of our non-vested restricted stock/units for the three months ended March 30, 2013:

	Time-Based Restricted Stock/Units				
	Weighted				
		A	verage		
		Gra	ant Date		
			Fair	I	ntrinsic Value
		Va	alue Per		
	Shares/Units	Š	Share		Per Share
Outstanding at beginning of period	1,018	\$	56.87		
Granted	182		88.87		
Vested	(275)		35.31		
Forfeited	(9)		65.15		
Outstanding at end of period	916	\$	69.60	\$	92.55

	Performano	Performance-Based Restricted S Weighted Average Grant Date				
	Fair Int			Intrinsic Value		
		V	alue Per			
	Shares/Units	Share		Per Share		
Outstanding at beginning of period	1,315	\$	53.27			
Granted	49		82.19			
Vested	(361)		56.55			

Forfeited	(10)	68.32	
Outstanding at end of period	993	\$ 56.56	\$ 92.55
19			

#### **Table of Contents**

## HENRY SCHEIN, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

Note 13 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for interest and income taxes was:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended				
	March 30,		March 31,			
	2013		2012			
Interest	\$ 6,979	\$	6,891			
Income taxes	10,541		24,747			

During the three months ended March 30, 2013, we had a \$0.1 million non-cash net unrealized loss related to hedging activities. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we had a \$1.2 million non-cash net unrealized gain related to hedging activities.

#### Note 14 – Subsequent Event

On April 17, 2013, we entered into a facility agreement of up to \$300 million with a bank, as agent, based on the securitization of our U.S. trade accounts receivable. The new facility allowed us to replace public debt (approximately \$220 million) at a higher interest rate at BSAH during February 2013 and will provide funding for working capital and general corporate purposes. The financing is structured as an asset-backed securitization program with pricing committed for up to three years. The interest rate on borrowings under this facility is based on the average asset-backed commercial paper rate plus 75 basis points.

We will be required to pay a commitment fee of 30 basis points on the daily balance of the unused portion of the facility if usage is greater than or equal to 50% of the facility limit or a commitment fee of 35 basis points on the daily balance of the unused portion of the facility if usage is less than 50% of the facility limit.

Future borrowings under this facility will initially be presented as a component of Long-term debt within our consolidated balance sheet.

#### **Table of Contents**

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

In accordance with the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we provide the following cautionary remarks regarding important factors that, among others, could cause future results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements, expectations and assumptions expressed or implied herein. All forward-looking statements made by us are subject to risks and uncertainties and are not guarantees of future performance. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance and achievements or industry results to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These statements are identified by the use of such terms as "may," "could," "expect," "intend," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "foreca "project," "anticipate" or other comparable terms.

Risk factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from current and historical results include, but are not limited to: effects of a highly competitive market; our dependence on third parties for the manufacture and supply of our products; our dependence upon sales personnel, customers, suppliers and manufacturers; our dependence on our senior management; fluctuations in quarterly earnings; risks from expansion of customer purchasing power and multi-tiered costing structures; possible increases in the cost of shipping our products or other service issues with our third-party shippers; general global macro-economic conditions; disruptions in financial markets; possible volatility of the market price of our common stock; changes in the health care industry; implementation of health care laws; failure to comply with regulatory requirements and data privacy laws; risks associated with our global operations; transitional challenges associated with acquisitions and joint ventures, including the failure to achieve anticipated synergies; financial risks associated with acquisitions and joint ventures; litigation risks; the dependence on our continued product development, technical support and successful marketing in the technology segment; risks from rapid technological change; risks from disruption to our information systems; certain provisions in our governing documents that may discourage third-party acquisitions of us; and changes in tax legislation. The order in which these factors appear should not be construed to indicate their relative importance or priority.

We caution that these factors may not be exhaustive and that many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Accordingly, any forward-looking statements contained herein should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results. We undertake no duty and have no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

#### **Executive-Level Overview**

We believe we are the world's largest provider of health care products and services primarily to office-based dental, medical and animal health care practitioners. We serve over 775,000 customers worldwide, including dental practitioners and laboratories, physician practices and animal health clinics, as well as government, institutional health care clinics and other alternate care clinics. We believe that we have a strong brand identity due to our more than 81 years of experience distributing health care products.

We are headquartered in Melville, New York, employ more than 15,500 people (of which more than 7,000 are based outside the United States) and have operations or affiliates in 25 countries, including the United States, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, China, the Czech Republic, France, Germany, Hong Kong SAR, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Mauritius, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

We have established strategically located distribution centers to enable us to better serve our customers and increase our operating efficiency. This infrastructure, together with broad product and service offerings at competitive prices, and a strong commitment to customer service, enables us to be a single source of supply for our customers' needs. Our infrastructure also allows us to provide convenient ordering and rapid, accurate and complete order fulfillment.

## **Table of Contents**

We conduct our business through two reportable segments: health care distribution and technology and value-added services. These segments offer different products and services to the same customer base. The health care distribution reportable segment aggregates our global dental, medical and animal health operating segments. This segment consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.

Our global dental group serves office-based dental practitioners, schools and other institutions. Our global medical group serves office-based medical practitioners, ambulatory surgery centers, other alternate-care settings and other institutions. Our global animal health group serves animal health practices and clinics. Our global technology and value-added services group provides software, technology and other value-added services to health care practitioners. Our technology group offerings include practice management software systems for dental and medical practitioners and animal health clinics. Our value-added practice solutions include financial services on a non-recourse basis, e-services, practice technology, network and hardware services, plus continuing education services for practitioners.

## **Industry Overview**

In recent years, the health care industry has increasingly focused on cost containment. This trend has benefited distributors capable of providing a broad array of products and services at low prices. It also has accelerated the growth of HMOs, group practices, other managed care accounts and collective buying groups, which, in addition to their emphasis on obtaining products at competitive prices, tend to favor distributors capable of providing specialized management information support. We believe that the trend towards cost containment has the potential to favorably affect demand for technology solutions, including software, which can enhance the efficiency and facilitation of practice management.

Our operating results in recent years have been significantly affected by strategies and transactions that we undertook to expand our business, domestically and internationally, in part to address significant changes in the health care industry, including consolidation of health care distribution companies, health care reform, trends toward managed care, cuts in Medicare and collective purchasing arrangements.

Our current and future results have been and could be impacted by the current economic environment and uncertainty, particularly impacting overall demand for our products and services.

## **Industry Consolidation**

The health care products distribution industry, as it relates to office-based health care practitioners, is highly fragmented and diverse. This industry, which encompasses the dental, medical and animal health markets, was estimated to produce revenues of approximately \$30 billion in 2012 in the combined North American, European and Australian/New Zealand markets. The industry ranges from sole practitioners working out of relatively small offices to group practices or service organizations ranging in size from a few practitioners to a large number of practitioners who have combined or otherwise associated their practices.

## **Table of Contents**

Due in part to the inability of office-based health care practitioners to store and manage large quantities of supplies in their offices, the distribution of health care supplies and small equipment to office-based health care practitioners has been characterized by frequent, small quantity orders, and a need for rapid, reliable and substantially complete order fulfillment. The purchasing decisions within an office-based health care practice are typically made by the practitioner or an administrative assistant. Supplies and small equipment are generally purchased from more than one distributor, with one generally serving as the primary supplier.

The trend of consolidation extends to our customer base. Health care practitioners are increasingly seeking to partner, affiliate or combine with larger entities such as hospitals, health systems, group practices or physician hospital organizations. In many cases, purchasing decisions for consolidated groups are made at a centralized or professional staff level; however, orders are delivered to the practitioners' offices.

We believe that consolidation within the industry will continue to result in a number of distributors, particularly those with limited financial, operating and marketing resources, seeking to combine with larger companies that can provide growth opportunities. This consolidation also may continue to result in distributors seeking to acquire companies that can enhance their current product and service offerings or provide opportunities to serve a broader customer base.

Our trend with regard to acquisitions and joint ventures has been to expand our role as a provider of products and services to the health care industry. This trend has resulted in our expansion into service areas that complement our existing operations and provide opportunities for us to develop synergies with, and thus strengthen, the acquired businesses.

As industry consolidation continues, we believe that we are positioned to capitalize on this trend, as we believe we have the ability to support increased sales through our existing infrastructure. We also have invested in expanding our sales/marketing infrastructure to include a focus on building relationships with decision makers who do not reside in the office-based practitioner setting.

As the health care industry continues to change, we continually evaluate possible candidates for merger and joint venture or acquisition and intend to continue to seek opportunities to expand our role as a provider of products and services to the health care industry. There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully pursue any such opportunity or consummate any such transaction, if pursued. If additional transactions are entered into or consummated, we would incur merger and/or acquisition-related costs, and there can be no assurance that the integration efforts associated with any such transaction would be successful.

## Aging Population and Other Market Influences

The health care products distribution industry continues to experience growth due to the aging population, increased health care awareness, the proliferation of medical technology and testing, new pharmacology treatments and expanded third-party insurance coverage, partially offset by the affects of increased unemployment on insurance coverage. In addition, the physician market continues to benefit from the shift of procedures and diagnostic testing from acute care settings to alternate-care sites, particularly physicians' offices.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau's International Data Base, in 2012 there were more than five million Americans aged 85 years or older, the segment of the population most in need of long-term care and elder-care services. By the year 2050, that number is projected to more than triple to approximately 19 million. The population aged 65 to 84 years is projected to increase over 85% during the same time period.

As a result of these market dynamics, annual expenditures for health care services continue to increase in the United States. Given current operating, economic and industry conditions, we believe that demand for our products and

services will grow at slower rates. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or CMS, published "National Health Expenditure Projections 2011-2021" indicating that total national health care spending reached approximately \$2.7 trillion in 2011, or 17.9% of the nation's gross domestic product, the benchmark measure for annual production of goods and services in the United States. Health care spending is projected to reach approximately \$4.8 trillion in 2021, approximately 19.6% of the nation's gross domestic product.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Government

Certain of our businesses involve the distribution of pharmaceuticals and medical devices, and in this regard we are subject to extensive local, state, federal and foreign governmental laws and regulations applicable to the distribution of pharmaceuticals and medical devices. Additionally, government and private insurance programs fund a large portion of the total cost of medical care, and there has been an emphasis on efforts to control medical costs, including laws and regulations lowering reimbursement rates for pharmaceuticals, medical devices, and/or medical treatments or services. Also, many of these laws and regulations are subject to change and may impact our financial performance.

#### Health Care Reform

For example, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, each enacted in March 2010, generally known as the Health Care Reform Law, increased federal oversight of private health insurance plans and included a number of provisions designed to reduce Medicare expenditures and the cost of health care generally, to reduce fraud and abuse, and to provide access to increased health coverage. The Health Care Reform Law requirements include a 2.3% excise tax on domestic sales of many medical devices by manufacturers and importers beginning in 2013 and a fee on branded prescription drugs and biologics that was implemented in 2011, both of which may affect sales. On June 28, 2012, the United States Supreme Court upheld as constitutional a key provision in the Health Care Reform Law, often referred to as the "individual mandate," which requires individuals without health insurance to pay a penalty. However, the decision also invalidated a provision in the Health Care Reform Law requiring states to expand their Medicaid programs or risk the complete loss of all federal Medicaid funding. The Court held that the federal government may offer states the option of accepting the expansion requirement, but that it may not take away pre-existing Medicaid funds in order to coerce states into complying with the expansion. A number of states have indicated a reluctance to accept the Medicaid expansion, so the full extent of increased health care coverage under the Health Care Reform Law is uncertain.

A Health Care Reform Law provision, generally referred to as the Physician Payment Sunshine Act, imposed new reporting and disclosure requirements for drug and device manufacturers with regard to payments or other transfers of value made to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals), and for such manufacturers and group purchasing organizations, with regard to certain ownership interests held by physicians in the reporting entity. On February 1, 2013, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") released the final rule to implement the Physician Payment Sunshine Act. The final rule provides that data collection activities begin on August 1, 2013, and first disclosure reports are due by March 31, 2014 for the period August 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. As required under the Physician Payment Sunshine Act, CMS will publish information from these reports in a publicly available Website, including amounts transferred and physician, dentist and teaching hospital identities, which according to CMS will be available to the public by September 30, 2014.

The final rule implementing the Physician Payment Sunshine Act is complex, ambiguous and broad in scope, and we are in the process of analyzing its application to our businesses. For example, the final rule is unclear as to whether the Physician Payment Sunshine Act requires that wholesale drug and device distributors that are not engaged in any repackaging or relabeling activities but which take title to the products they distribute, as we generally do, are to be treated as "applicable manufacturers" subject to full reporting requirements. The CMS commentary on the final rule indicates that they are to be treated as "applicable manufacturers" subject to full reporting requirements; however, this interpretation appears to be inconsistent with the language of the Physician Payment Sunshine Act itself. In addition, because certain of our subsidiaries manufacture drugs and devices, we will in any event likely be required to collect and report detailed information regarding certain financial relationships we have with physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals. It is difficult to predict how the new requirements may impact existing relationships among manufacturers, distributors, physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals. The Physician Payment Sunshine Act preempts similar state reporting laws, although we or our subsidiaries may be required to continue to report under

certain of such state laws. While we expect to have adequate compliance programs and controls in place to comply with the Physician Payment Sunshine Act requirements, our compliance with the new final rule is likely to impose additional costs on us.

## **Table of Contents**

#### Health Care Fraud

Certain of our businesses are subject to federal and state (and similar foreign) health care fraud and abuse, referral and reimbursement laws and regulations with respect to their operations. Some of these laws, referred to as "false claims laws," prohibit the submission or causing the submission of false or fraudulent claims for reimbursement to federal, state and other health care payers and programs. Other laws, referred to as "anti-kickback laws," prohibit soliciting, offering, receiving or paying remuneration in order to induce the referral of a patient or ordering, purchasing, leasing or arranging for, or recommending ordering, purchasing or leasing of, items or services that are paid for by federal, state and other health care payers and programs.

The fraud and abuse laws and regulations have been subject to varying interpretations, as well as heightened enforcement activity over the past few years, and significant enforcement activity has been the result of "relators," who serve as whistleblowers by filing complaints in the name of the United States (and if applicable, particular states) under federal and state false claims laws. Under the federal False Claims Act relators can be entitled to receive up to 30% of total recoveries. Also, violations of the federal False Claims Act can result in treble damages, and each false claim submitted can be subject to a penalty of up to \$11,000 per claim. The Health Care Reform Law significantly strengthened the federal False Claims Act and the anti-kickback law provisions, which could lead to the possibility of increased whistleblower or relator suits, and among other things made clear that a federal anti-kickback law violation can be a basis for federal False Claims Act liability.

The government has expressed concerns about financial relationships between suppliers on the one hand and physicians and dentists on the other. As a result, we regularly review and revise our marketing practices as necessary to facilitate compliance. In addition, under the reporting and disclosure obligations of the Physician Payment Sunshine Act provisions of the Health Care Reform Law, discussed in more detail under "Health Care Reform" above, by the second quarter of 2014, the general public and government officials will be provided with new access to detailed information with regard to payments or other transfers of value to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals) by applicable drug and device manufacturers subject to such reporting and disclosure obligations, which is likely to include us. This information may lead to greater scrutiny, which may result in modifications to established practices and additional costs.

We also are subject to certain laws and regulations concerning the conduct of our foreign operations, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and anti-bribery laws and laws pertaining to the accuracy of our internal books and records, which have been the focus of increasing enforcement activity in recent years.

Failure to comply with fraud and abuse laws and regulations could result in significant civil and criminal penalties and costs, including the loss of licenses and the ability to participate in federal and state health care programs, and could have a material adverse impact on our business. Also, these measures may be interpreted or applied by a prosecutorial, regulatory or judicial authority in a manner that could require us to make changes in our operations or incur substantial defense and settlement expenses. Even unsuccessful challenges by regulatory authorities or private relators could result in reputational harm and the incurring of substantial costs. In addition, many of these laws are vague or indefinite and have not been interpreted by the courts, and have been subject to frequent modification and varied interpretation by prosecutorial and regulatory authorities, increasing the risk of noncompliance.

While we believe that we are substantially compliant with fraud and abuse laws and regulations, and have adequate compliance programs and controls in place to ensure substantial compliance, we cannot predict whether changes in applicable law, or interpretation of laws, or changes in our services or marketing practices in response to changes in applicable law, could adversely affect our business.

## **Table of Contents**

### Operating and Security Standards

At the federal level, the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or FDC Act, requires certain wholesalers to provide a drug pedigree for each wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, which includes an identifying statement that records the chain of ownership of a prescription drug. On July 14, 2011, the United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, published a proposed rulemaking that would remove the requirement that a pedigree track back to the manufacturer and that certain information be identified on the pedigree. Currently, the FDA, in exercise of its enforcement discretion, requires these wholesalers to maintain drug pedigrees that include transaction dates, names and addresses regarding transactions going back to either the manufacturer or the last authorized distributor of record that handled the drugs. The FDA has continued to develop its policies regarding the integrity of the supply chain, such as by issuing a Final Guidance in 2010 regarding standardized numerical identification for prescription drug packages and by issuing a proposed rule in 2012 for a unique medical device identification system.

Many states have implemented or are considering similar drug pedigree laws and regulations. There have been increasing efforts by various levels of government, including state departments of health, state boards of pharmacy and comparable agencies, to regulate the pharmaceutical distribution system in order to prevent the introduction of counterfeit, adulterated or mislabeled pharmaceuticals into the distribution system. A number of states, including Florida, have already implemented pedigree requirements, including drug tracking requirements, which are intended to protect the integrity of the pharmaceutical distribution system. California has enacted a statute that, beginning in 2015, will require manufacturers to identify each package of a prescription pharmaceutical with a standard, machine-readable unique numerical identifier, and will require manufacturers and distributors to participate in an electronic track-and-trace system and provide or receive an electronic pedigree for each transaction in the drug distribution chain. The law will take effect on a staggered basis, commencing on January 1, 2015 for pharmaceutical manufacturers, and July 1, 2016 for pharmaceutical wholesalers and repackagers. Other states have passed or are reviewing similar requirements. Bills have been proposed in Congress that would impose similar requirements at the federal level, but such provisions have not been enacted at this time.

The federal Controlled Substances Act also regulates wholesale distribution of controlled substances and certain chemicals. The Combat Methamphetamine Enhancement Act of 2010, which became effective in April 2011, requires retail sellers of products containing certain chemicals, such as pseudoephedrine, to self-certify to the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA") that they understand and agree to comply with the laws and regulations regarding such sales. The law also prohibits distributors from selling these products to retailers who are not registered with the DEA or who have not self-certified compliance with the laws and regulations. Various states also impose restrictions on the sale of certain products containing pseudoephedrine and other chemicals. The Secure and Responsible Drug Disposal Act of 2010, signed by President Obama in October 2010, is intended to allow patients to deliver unused controlled substances to designated entities to more easily and safely dispose of controlled substances while reducing the chance of diversion. The law authorizes the DEA to promulgate regulations to allow, but not require, designated entities to receive unused controlled substances.

## Regulated Software; Electronic Health Records

The FDA has become increasingly active in addressing the regulation of computer software intended for use in health care settings, and has been developing policies on regulating clinical decision support tools and other types of software as medical devices. Certain of our businesses involve the development and sale of software and related products to support physician and dental practice management, and it is possible that the FDA could determine that one or more of our products is a medical device, which could subject us or one or more of our businesses to substantial additional requirements with respect to these products.

#### **Table of Contents**

Certain of our businesses involve access to personal health, medical, financial and other information of individuals, and are accordingly directly or indirectly subject to numerous federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations that protect the privacy and security of such information, such as the privacy and security provisions of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended, and implementing regulations ("HIPAA"). HIPAA requires, among other things, the implementation of various recordkeeping, operational, notice and other practices intended to safeguard that information, limit its use to allowed purposes, and notify individuals in the event of privacy and security breaches. Failure to comply with these laws and regulations can result in substantial penalties and other liabilities. As a result of the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act ("HITECH Act"), which was enacted in 2009, some of our businesses that were previously only indirectly affected by federal HIPAA privacy and security rules became directly subject to such rules because such businesses serve as "business associates" of HIPAA covered entities, such as health care providers. On January 17, 2013, the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human Services released a final rule implementing the HITECH Act and making certain other changes to HIPAA privacy and security requirements. Compliance with the rule is required by September 23, 2013, and will increase the requirements applicable to some of our businesses.

In addition, federal initiatives, including in particular the HITECH Act, are providing a program of incentive payments available to certain health care providers involving the adoption and use of certain electronic health care records systems and processes. The HITECH initiative includes providing, among others, physicians and dentists, with financial incentives if they meaningfully use certified electronic health record technology ("EHR"). Also, eligible providers that fail to adopt certified EHR systems may be subject to Medicare reimbursement reductions beginning in 2015. Qualification for the incentive payments requires the use of EHRs that are certified as having certain capabilities for meaningful use pursuant to standards adopted by the Department of Health and Human Services. Initial ("stage one") standards addressed criteria for periods beginning in 2011. CMS has also issued a final rule with "stage two" criteria for periods beginning in 2014, which are more demanding, and has indicated that it will delay rulemaking on more rigorous "stage three" criteria until 2014. Certain of our businesses involve the manufacture and sale of certified EHR systems and other products linked to incentive programs, and so must maintain compliance with these evolving governmental criteria.

Also, HIPAA requires certain health care providers, such as physicians, to use certain transaction and code set rules for specified electronic transactions, such as transactions involving claims submissions. Commencing July 1, 2012, CMS required that electronic claim submissions and related electronic transactions be conducted under a new HIPAA transaction standard, called Version 5010. CMS has required this upgrade in connection with another new requirement applicable to the industry, the implementation of new diagnostic code sets to be used in claims submission. The new diagnostic code sets are called the ICD-10-CM. They were originally to be implemented on October 1, 2013, but CMS recently issued a final rule that extended the implementation date until October 1, 2014. Certain of our businesses provide electronic practice management products that must meet those requirements, and while we believe that we are prepared to timely adopt the new standards, it is possible that the transition to these new standards, particularly the transition to ICD-10-CM, may result in a degree of disruption and confusion, thus potentially increasing the costs associated with supporting this product.

There may be additional legislative initiatives in the future impacting health care.

#### E-Commerce

Electronic commerce solutions have become an integral part of traditional health care supply and distribution relationships. Our distribution business is characterized by rapid technological developments and intense competition. The continuing advancement of online commerce requires us to cost-effectively adapt to changing technologies, to enhance existing services and to develop and introduce a variety of new services to address the changing demands of consumers and our customers on a timely basis, particularly in response to competitive

offerings.

Through our proprietary, technologically based suite of products, we offer customers a variety of competitive alternatives. We believe that our tradition of reliable service, our name recognition and large customer base built on solid customer relationships position us well to participate in this significant aspect of the distribution business. We continue to explore ways and means to improve and expand our Internet presence and capabilities, including our online commerce offerings and our use of various social media outlets.

## **Table of Contents**

## **Results of Operations**

The following tables summarize the significant components of our operating results and cash flows for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	Three Mo	nths Ended
	March 30,	March 31,
	2013	2012
Operating results:		
Net sales	\$2,293,511	\$2,099,019
Cost of sales	1,646,520	1,488,440
Gross profit	646,991	610,579
Operating expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative	493,362	465,452
Restructuring costs	-	11,832
Operating income	\$153,629	\$133,295
Other expense, net	\$(9,892)	\$(3,785)
Net income	98,686	89,061
Net income attributable to Henry Schein, Inc.	91,478	80,752
Cash flows:		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(38,047)	\$ (48,605)
Net cash used in investing activities	(44,289)	(32,104)
Net cash provided by financing activities	56,073	30,909

## Plan of Restructuring

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we incurred restructuring costs of \$11.8 million (\$8.3 million after taxes) consisting of employee severance pay and benefits related to the elimination of approximately 150 positions, facility closing costs, representing primarily lease terminations and asset write-off costs, and outside professional and consulting fees directly related to the restructuring plan. This restructuring program is complete and we do not expect any additional costs from this program. We expect that a majority of the liability balance at March 30, 2013 will be paid in 2013.

#### **Table of Contents**

Three Months Ended March 30, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2012

#### Net Sales

Net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 were as follows (in thousands):

	March 30,	% of	March 31,	% of	Increa	ase
	2013	Total	2012	Total	\$	%
Health care distribution (1):						
Dental	\$ 1,190,795	51.9 %	\$ 1,155,666	55.1 %	\$ 35,129	3.0 %
Medical	388,862	16.9	354,826	16.9	34,036	9.6
Animal health	639,142	27.9	525,590	25.0	113,552	21.6
Total health care distribution	2,218,799	96.7	2,036,082	97.0	182,717	9.0
Technology and value-added						
services (2)	74,712	3.3	62,937	3.0	11,775	18.7
Total	\$ 2,293,511	100.0%	\$ 2,099,019	100.0%	\$ 194,492	9.3

- Consists of consumable products, small equipment, laboratory products, large equipment, equipment repair services, branded and generic pharmaceuticals, vaccines, surgical products, diagnostic tests, infection-control products and vitamins.
- Consists of practice management software and other value-added products, which are distributed primarily to health care providers, and financial and other services, including e-services and continuing education services for practitioners.

The \$194.5 million, or 9.3%, increase in net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 includes an increase of 9.2% in local currency growth (3.3% increase in internally generated revenue and 5.9% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.1% related to foreign currency exchange.

The \$35.1 million, or 3.0%, increase in dental net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 includes an increase of 2.9% in local currency growth (0.3% decrease in internally generated revenue and 3.2% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.1% related to foreign currency exchange. The 2.9% increase in local currency sales was due to dental consumable merchandise sales growth of 3.9% (0.2% increase in internally generated revenue and 3.7% growth from acquisitions), partially offset by a decrease in dental equipment sales and service revenues of 0.7% (2.0% decrease in internally generated revenue and 1.3% growth from acquisitions).

The \$34.0 million, or 9.6%, increase in medical net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 includes an increase of 9.5% in local currency growth (8.3% increase in internally generated revenue and 1.2% growth from acquisitions) as well as an increase of 0.1% related to foreign currency exchange.

The \$113.6 million, or 21.6%, increase in animal health net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 includes an increase of 21.7% in local currency growth (6.8% increase in internally generated revenue and 14.9% growth from acquisitions) partially offset by a decrease of 0.1% related to foreign currency exchange.

The \$11.8 million, or 18.7%, increase in technology and value-added services net sales for the three months ended March 30, 2013 includes an increase of 18.9% in local currency growth (11.7% increase in internally generated revenue and 7.2% growth from acquisitions) partially offset by a decrease of 0.2% related to foreign currency exchange.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit and gross margin percentages by segment and in total for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 were as follows (in thousands):

	1	March 30,	Gross	1	March 31,	Gross	Increa	ıse	
			Margin			Margin			
		2013	%		2012	%	\$	%	
Health care distribution	\$	599,191	27.0 %	\$	569,542	28.0 %	\$ 29,649	5.2	%
Technology and value-added services		47,800	64.0		41,037	65.2	6,763	16.5	
Total	\$	646,991	28.2	\$	610,579	29.1	\$ 36,412	6.0	

For the three months ended March 30, 2013, gross profit increased \$36.4 million, or 6.0%, from the comparable prior year period. As a result of different practices of categorizing costs associated with distribution networks throughout our industry, our gross margins may not necessarily be comparable to other distribution companies. Additionally, we realize substantially higher gross margin percentages in our technology segment than in our health care distribution segment. These higher gross margins result from being both the developer and seller of software products and services, as well as certain financial services. The software industry typically realizes higher gross margins to recover investments in research and development.

Within our health care distribution segment, gross profit margins may vary from one period to the next. Changes in the mix of products sold as well as changes in our customer mix have been the most significant drivers affecting our gross profit margin. For example, sales of pharmaceutical products are generally at lower gross profit margins than other products. Conversely, sales of our private label products achieve gross profit margins that are higher than average. With respect to customer mix, sales to our large-group customers are typically completed at lower gross margins due to the higher volumes sold as opposed to the gross margin on sales to office-based practitioners who normally purchase lower volumes at greater frequencies.

Health care distribution gross profit increased \$29.6 million, or 5.2%, for the three months ended March 30, 2013 compared to the prior year period. Health care distribution gross profit margin decreased to 27.0% for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from 28.0% for the comparable prior year period. The decrease in our health care distribution gross profit margin is primarily due to growth in sales within our animal health businesses, which typically include a greater percentage of lower-margin pharmaceutical products than our other operating units.

Technology and value-added services gross profit increased \$6.8 million, or 16.5%, for the three months ended March 30, 2013 compared to the prior year period. Technology gross profit margin decreased to 64.0% for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from 65.2% for the comparable prior year period, primarily due to changes in the product sales mix and from higher support costs associated with our growing number of software and eServices customers.

## Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses by segment and in total for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 were as follows (in thousands):

			% of		% of		
	]	March 30,	Respective	March 31,	Respective	Increa	se
		2013	Net Sales	2012	Net Sales \$		%
Health care distribution	\$	464,731	20.9 %	\$ 440,546	21.6 % \$	24,185	5.5 %
Technology and value-added services		28,631	38.3	24,906	39.6	3,725	15.0

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Total	\$ 493,362	21.5	\$ 465,452	22.2	\$ 27,910	6.0
30						

#### **Table of Contents**

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$27.9 million, or 6.0%, to \$493.4 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 21.5% from 22.2% for the comparable prior year period.

As a component of selling, general and administrative expenses, selling expenses increased \$21.1 million, or 7.1%, to \$320.4 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, selling expenses decreased to 14.0% from 14.3% for the comparable prior year period.

As a component of selling, general and administrative expenses, general and administrative expenses increased \$6.8 million, or 4.1%, to \$173.0 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013 from the comparable prior year period. As a percentage of net sales, general and administrative expenses decreased to 7.5% from 7.9% for the comparable prior year period.

### Other Expense, Net

Other expense, net, for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 were as follows (in thousands):

	1	March 30,		March 31,		Vai	riance		
		2013		2012	\$			%	
Interest income	\$	3,205	\$	3,330	\$	(125	)	(3.8	)%
Interest expense		(12,727	)	(7,640	)	(5,087	)	(66.6	)
Other, net		(370	)	525		(895	)	(170	5)
Other expense, net	\$	(9,892	) \$	(3,785	) \$	(6,107	)	(161.	3)

Other expense, net increased by \$6.1 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013 compared to the prior year period. Interest income decreased \$0.1 million primarily due to a decrease in late fee income, partially offset by higher investment income. Interest expense increased \$5.1 million primarily due to the \$6.2 million accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs resulting from the early repayment of our Butler Schein Animal Health ("BSAH") debt during February 2013. Other, net decreased by \$0.9 million due primarily to a reserve recorded during the first quarter of 2013 related to a loan to an equity affiliate.

## Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 30, 2013, our effective tax rate was 31.9% compared to 32.3% for the prior year period. The difference between our effective tax rates and the federal statutory tax rates for both periods related primarily to state and foreign income taxes and interest expense.

#### Net Income

Net income increased \$9.6 million, or 10.8%, for the three months ended March 30, 2013, compared to the prior year period due to the factors noted above.

#### **Table of Contents**

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal capital requirements include funding of acquisitions, purchases of additional noncontrolling interests, repayments of debt principal, the funding of working capital needs, purchases of securities and fixed assets and repurchases of common stock. Working capital requirements generally result from increased sales, special inventory forward buy-in opportunities and payment terms for receivables and payables. Historically, sales have tended to be stronger during the third and fourth quarters and special inventory forward buy-in opportunities have been most prevalent just before the end of the year, causing our working capital requirements to have been higher from the end of the third quarter to the end of the first quarter of the following year.

We finance our business primarily through cash generated from our operations, revolving credit facilities and debt placements. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations is dependent on the continued demand of our customers for our products and services, and access to products and services from our suppliers.

Our business requires a substantial investment in working capital, which is susceptible to fluctuations during the year as a result of inventory purchase patterns and seasonal demands. Inventory purchase activity is a function of sales activity, special inventory forward buy-in opportunities and our desired level of inventory. We anticipate future increases in our working capital requirements.

We finance our business to provide adequate funding for at least 12 months. Funding requirements are based on forecasted profitability and working capital needs, which, on occasion, may change. Consequently, we may change our funding structure to reflect any new requirements.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, our ability to access private debt markets and public equity markets, and our available funds under existing credit facilities provide us with sufficient liquidity to meet our currently foreseeable short-term and long-term capital needs. We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Net cash flow used in operating activities was \$38.0 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013, compared to \$48.6 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$10.6 million was primarily attributable to net income improvements, partially offset by changes in net working capital.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$44.3 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013, compared to \$32.1 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$12.2 million was primarily due to increases in payments for equity investments and business acquisitions. We expect to invest approximately \$45 million to \$55 million during the remainder of the fiscal year in capital projects to modernize and expand our facilities and computer systems and to integrate certain operations into our existing structure.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$56.1 million for the three months ended March 30, 2013, compared to \$30.9 million for the comparable prior year period. The net change of \$25.2 million was primarily due to increased bank borrowings and increased net proceeds from long-term debt, partially offset by increased repurchases of common stock and lower proceeds from issuance of stock upon exercise of stock options.

The following table summarizes selected measures of liquidity and capital resources (in thousands):

	March 30,	De	ecember 29,
	2013		2012
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,562	\$	122,080
Working capital	1,342,846		1,231,668

# Debt:

= **··			
Bank credit lines	\$ 50,073	\$ 27,166	
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,908	17,992	
Long-term debt	600,599	488,121	
Total debt	\$ 652,580	\$ 533,279	

Our cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances and investments in money market funds representing overnight investments with a high degree of liquidity.

## **Table of Contents**

Accounts receivable days sales outstanding and inventory turns

Our accounts receivable days sales outstanding from operations increased to 40.6 days as of March 30, 2013 from 40.1 days as of March 31, 2012. During the three months ended March 30, 2013, we wrote off approximately \$2.2 million of fully reserved accounts receivable against our trade receivable reserve. Our inventory turns from operations decreased to 5.6 as of March 30, 2013 from 6.2 as of March 31, 2012. Our working capital accounts may be impacted by current and future economic conditions.

#### Credit Facilities

On September 12, 2012, we entered into a new \$500 million revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a \$200 million expansion feature, which expires on September 12, 2017. This credit facility replaced our then existing \$400 million revolving credit facility with a \$100 million expansion feature, which would have expired on September 5, 2013. The borrowings outstanding under this revolving credit facility were \$305.0 million as of March 30, 2013. The interest rate is based on the USD LIBOR plus a spread based on our leverage ratio at the end of each financial reporting quarter. The Credit Agreement provides, among other things, that we are required to maintain certain interest coverage and maximum leverage ratios, and contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions on liens, indebtedness, significant corporate changes (including mergers), dispositions and certain restrictive agreements. As of March 30, 2013, there were \$9.2 million of letters of credit provided to third parties under the credit facility.

As of March 30, 2013, we had various other short-term bank credit lines available, of which approximately \$50.1 million was outstanding. During the three months ended March 30, 2013, borrowings under all of our credit lines had a weighted average interest rate of 1.62%.

## **Private Placement Facilities**

On August 10, 2010, we entered into \$400 million private placement facilities with two insurance companies. On April 30, 2012, we increased our available credit facilities by \$375 million by entering into a new agreement with one insurance company and amending our existing agreements with two insurance companies. These facilities are available on an uncommitted basis at fixed rate economic terms to be agreed upon at the time of issuance, from time to time during a three year issuance period, through April 26, 2015. The facilities allow us to issue senior promissory notes to the lenders at a fixed rate based on an agreed upon spread over applicable treasury notes at the time of issuance. The term of each possible issuance will be selected by us and can range from five to 15 years (with an average life no longer than 12 years). The proceeds of any issuances under the facilities will be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and capital expenditures, to refinance existing indebtedness and/or to fund potential acquisitions. The agreement provides, among other things, that we maintain certain maximum leverage ratios, and contains restrictions relating to subsidiary indebtedness, liens, affiliate transactions, disposal of assets and certain changes in ownership. These facilities contain a make-whole provision in the event that we pay off the facility prior to the due date.

The components of our private placement facility borrowings as of March 30, 2013 are presented in the following table:

	Amount of		
Date of	Borrowing	Borrowing	
Borrowing	Outstanding	Rate	Due Date
September 2, 2010	\$ 100,000	3.79 %	September 2, 2020

January 20, 2012	50,000	3.45	January 20, 2024
January 20, 2012 (1)	50,000	3.09	January 20, 2022
December 24, 2012	50,000	3.00	December 24, 2024
	\$ 250,000		

(1) Annual repayments of approximately \$7.1 million for this borrowing will commence on January 20, 2016.

## **Table of Contents**

#### Butler Schein Animal Health

During the first quarter of 2013, we repaid the then outstanding debt related to the BSAH transaction using our existing Credit Agreement. As part of this transaction, we recorded a one-time interest expense charge of \$6.2 million related to the accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs. On April 17, 2013, we entered into a facility agreement of up to \$300 million with a bank, as agent, based on the securitization of our U.S. trade accounts receivable. The new facility allowed us to replace public debt (approximately \$220 million) at a higher interest rate at BSAH during February 2013 and will provide funding for working capital and general corporate purposes. See Note 14 – "Subsequent Event" for details related to the new facility agreement.

## Stock Repurchases

From June 21, 2004 through March 30, 2013, we repurchased \$873.3 million, or 14,595,513 shares, under our common stock repurchase programs, with \$226.7 million available for future common stock share repurchases.

### Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Some minority shareholders in certain of our subsidiaries have the right, at certain times, to require us to acquire their ownership interest in those entities at fair value. ASC Topic 480-10 is applicable for noncontrolling interests where we are or may be required to purchase all or a portion of the outstanding interest in a consolidated subsidiary from the noncontrolling interest holder under the terms of a put option contained in contractual agreements. The components of the change in the Redeemable noncontrolling interests for the three months ended March 30, 2013 and the year ended December 29, 2012 are presented in the following table:

		December	î.
	March 30,	29,	
	2013	2012	
Balance, beginning of period	\$435,175	\$402,050	
Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to			
redemptions	-	(23,637	)
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interests due to			
business acquisitions	7,691	30,935	
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	7,134	34,803	
Dividends declared	(2,815	) (21,013	)
Effect of foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to			
redeemable noncontrolling interests	(1,478	) 904	
Change in fair value of redeemable securities	17,656	53,769	
Other adjustment to redeemable noncontrolling interests	-	(42,636	)
Balance, end of period	\$463,363	\$435,175	

Changes in the estimated redemption amounts of the noncontrolling interests subject to put options are adjusted at each reporting period with a corresponding adjustment to Additional paid-in capital. Future reductions in the carrying amounts are subject to a "floor" amount that is equal to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests at the time they were originally recorded. The recorded value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests cannot go below the floor level. These adjustments do not impact the calculation of earnings per share.

Additionally, some prior owners of such acquired subsidiaries are eligible to receive additional purchase price cash consideration if certain financial targets are met. For acquisitions completed prior to 2009, we accrue liabilities that may arise from these transactions when we believe that the outcome of the contingency is determinable beyond a

reasonable doubt. For 2009 and future acquisitions, as required by ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations," we have and will accrue liabilities for the estimated fair value of additional purchase price adjustments at the time of the acquisition. Any adjustments to these accrual amounts are recorded in our consolidated statement of income.

#### **Table of Contents**

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates from those disclosed in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2012.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our exposure to market risk from that disclosed in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2012.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 30, 2013 to ensure that all material information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to them as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and that all such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

## Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The combination of continued acquisition activity and ongoing acquisition integrations undertaken during the quarter and carried over from prior quarters, when considered in the aggregate, represents a material change in our internal control over financial reporting.

During the quarter ended March 30, 2013, we continued our post-acquisition related activities for animal health, dental and technology businesses acquired during 2012 representing aggregate annual revenues of approximately \$425.0 million. These acquisitions, the majority of which utilize separate information and financial accounting systems, have been included in our consolidated financial statements.

All acquisitions and acquisition integrations involved necessary and appropriate change-management controls that are considered in our annual assessment of the design and operating effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.

## Limitations of the Effectiveness of Internal Control

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the internal control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control system, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, if any, within a company have been detected.

#### **Table of Contents**

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become a party to legal proceedings, including, without limitation, product liability claims, employment matters, commercial disputes, governmental inquiries and investigations and other matters arising out of the ordinary course of our business. In our opinion, pending matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

As of March 30, 2013, we had accrued our best estimate of potential losses relating to claims that were probable to result in a liability and for which we were able to reasonably estimate a loss. This accrued amount, as well as related expenses, was not material to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Our method for determining estimated losses considers currently available facts, presently enacted laws and regulations and other external factors, including probable recoveries from third parties.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2012.

## **Table of Contents**

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Purchases of equity securities by the issuer

Our current share repurchase program, announced on June 21, 2004, originally allowed us to repurchase up to \$100 million of shares of our common stock, which represented approximately 3.5% of the shares outstanding at the commencement of the program. As summarized in the table below, subsequent additional increases totaling \$1 billion, authorized by our Board of Directors, to the repurchase program provide for a total of \$1.1 billion of shares of our common stock to be repurchased under this program.

	Amount of			
Date of	Additional			
	Repurchases			
Authorization	Authorized			
October 31,				
2005	\$ 100,000,000			
March 28,				
2007	100,000,000			
November				
16, 2010	100,000,000			
August 18,				
2011	200,000,000			
April 18,				
2012	200,000,000			
November				
12, 2012	300,000,000			

As of March 30, 2013, we had repurchased \$873.3 million of common stock (14,595,513 shares) under these initiatives, with \$226.7 million available for future common stock share repurchases.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock under our stock repurchase program during the fiscal quarter ended March 30, 2013:

					Total	Maximum
					Number	Number
		Total			of Shares	of Shares
					Purchased	that May
		Number	Average		as Part	Yet
						Be
					of Our	Purchased
		of Shares	Pr	rice Paid	Publicly	Under
		Purchased			Announced	Our
	Fiscal Month	(1)	Pe	er Share	Program	Program (2)
12	2/30/12 through 02/02/13	301,450	\$	84.47	301,450	3,137,099
02	2/03/13 through 03/02/13	256,000		88.33	256,000	2,837,025
03	3/03/13 through 03/30/13	282,000		89.99	282,000	2,449,113
		839,450			839,450	

- All repurchases were executed in the open market under our existing publicly announced authorized (1) program.
- The maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under this program is determined at the end of each month end fiscal period based on the closing price of our common stock at that time.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

#### Exhibits.

- Henry Schein Management Team Performance Incentive Plan and Plan Summary, effective as of January 1, 2013.+
- Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for time-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of March 27, 2007).+
- 10.3 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for performance-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of March 27, 2007).+
- Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for time-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of March 27, 2007).+
- 10.5 Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for performance-based restricted stock awards pursuant to the Henry Schein, Inc. 1994 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective as of March 27, 2007).+
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.+
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document+
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document+
- 101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document+
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document+
- 101.LABXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document+
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document+

<sup>+</sup> Filed herewith

## **Table of Contents**

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Henry Schein, Inc. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Steven Paladino Steven Paladino Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Authorized Signatory and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Dated: May 7, 2013