

Shafer Bradford J  
Form 4  
February 11, 2013

**FORM 4**

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

OMB APPROVAL

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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES**

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person \*  
Shafer Bradford J

(Last) (First) (Middle)

THERAVANCE, INC., 901  
GATEWAY BOULEVARD

(Street)

SOUTH SAN  
FRANCISCO, CA 94080

(City) (State) (Zip)

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol  
THERAVANCE INC [THRX]

3. Date of Earliest Transaction  
(Month/Day/Year)  
02/07/2013

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

Director  10% Owner  
 Officer (give title below)  Other (specify below)  
Sr VP, Gen. Counsel, Secretary

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)  
 Form filed by One Reporting Person  
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

**Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned**

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)			
				(A) or (D)	Price					
				Code	V	Amount				
Common Stock	02/07/2013		A		5,000	A	\$ 0	342,750	D	
Common Stock								2,750	I	by child's trust <sup>(1)</sup>
Common Stock								2,750	I	by child's trust <sup>(1)</sup>
Common Stock								2,750	I	by child's trust <sup>(1)</sup>

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474  
(9-02)

**Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned**  
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	9. Number of Derivative Securities Beneficially Owned (Instr. 5)
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## Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
Shafer Bradford J THERAVANCE, INC. 901 GATEWAY BOULEVARD SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94080			Sr VP, Gen. Counsel, Secretary	

## Signatures

Bradford J. Shafer  
Date: 02/11/2013  
\*\*Signature of Reporting Person

## Explanation of Responses:

- \* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- \*\* Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) Shares held in trust for the benefit of a child of the reporting person. Reporting person is a trustee of the trust. Reporting person disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number.

Cash at end of year  
\$3,054 \$964

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information

Cash paid (received) during the period for:

Interest, net of amounts capitalized

\$2,183 \$1,429

Income tax, net

18 (2,254)

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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VIRCO MFG. CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2006

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months and six months ended July 31, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending January 31, 2007. The balance sheet at January 31, 2006, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2006.

Note 2. Seasonality

The market for educational furniture is marked by extreme seasonality, with over 50% of the Company's total sales typically occurring from June to September each year, which is the Company's peak season. Hence, the Company typically builds and carries significant amounts of inventory during and in anticipation of this peak summer season to facilitate the rapid delivery requirements of customers in the educational market. This requires a large up-front investment in inventory, labor, storage and related costs as inventory is built in anticipation of peak sales during the summer months. As the capital required for this build-up generally exceeds cash available from operations, the Company has historically relied on third-party bank financing to meet cash flow requirements during the build-up period immediately preceding the peak season.

In addition, the Company typically is faced with a large balance of accounts receivable during the peak season. This occurs for two primary reasons. First, accounts receivable balances typically increase during the peak season as shipments of products increase. Second, many customers during this period are government institutions, which tend to pay accounts receivable more slowly than commercial customers.

The Company's working capital requirements during and in anticipation of the peak summer season require management to make estimates and judgments that affect assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates, including those related to market demand, labor costs, and stocking inventory.

Note 3. New Accounting Standards

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments" (SFAS 155). SFAS 155 establishes, among other things, the accounting for certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments. This statement permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument containing an embedded derivative that would otherwise require bifurcation. It also requires that beneficial interests in securitized financial assets be accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 133. SFAS 155 is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006, and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial operations or financial positions.

On July 13, 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN No. 48") Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes: an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN No. 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement principles for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. This interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is assessing the impact the adoption of FIN No. 48 will have on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

Note 4. Inventories

Year end financial statements at January 31, 2006 reflect inventories verified by physical counts with the material content valued by the LIFO method. At July 31, 2006 and 2005, there was no physical verification of inventory quantities. Cost of sales is

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recorded at current cost. The effect of penetrating LIFO layers is not recorded at interim dates unless the reduction in inventory is expected to be permanent. No such adjustments have been made for the periods ended July 31, 2006 and 2005. LIFO reserves at July 31, 2006 and January 31, 2006 were \$6,423,000. LIFO reserves at July 31, 2005 were \$6,201,000. Management continually monitors production costs, material costs and inventory levels to determine that interim inventories are fairly stated.

**Note 5. Debt**

The Company has entered into a revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, amended and restated in December 2005, which provides a term loan of \$20,000,000 and a secured revolving line of credit that varies as a percentage of inventory and receivables, up to a maximum of \$40,000,000. The revolving line of credit increases to \$50,000,000 between May and September. The term note is a two-year loan amortizing at \$5,000,000 per year with interest payable monthly at a fluctuating rate equal to the Bank's prime rate (8.25% at July 31, 2006) plus a 2% margin.

The revolving line has a 24-month maturity with interest payable monthly at a fluctuating rate equal to the bank's prime rate plus a fluctuating margin similar to the term note. The revolving line typically provides for advances of 80% on eligible accounts receivable and 20% - 60% on eligible inventory. The advance rates fluctuate depending on the time of the year and the types of assets. The agreement has an unused commitment fee of 0.375%. Approximately \$18,550,000 was available for borrowing as of July 31, 2006.

The revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank is subject to various financial covenants including a minimum requirement, minimum EBITDA and an annual cleardown. The agreement also places certain restrictions on capital expenditures, new operating leases, dividends and the repurchase of the Company's common stock. The revolving credit facility is secured by the Company's accounts receivable, inventories, equipment and property. The Company is in compliance with its covenants at July 31, 2006, January 31, 2006 and July 31, 2005. The \$29,632,000 due under Wells Fargo Bank's line of credit will be payable on February 15, 2008, if the agreement is not renewed. The Company currently intends to renew the agreement.

**Note 6. Income Taxes**

The Company recognizes deferred income taxes under the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are recognized for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities at enacted statutory tax rates in effect for the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, we consider whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income or reversal of deferred tax liabilities during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. We consider the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on this consideration, we believe it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets will not be realized, and a valuation allowance has been recorded against the net deferred tax assets at July 31, 2006, January 31, 2006 and July 31, 2005.

At January 31, 2006, the Company had net operating losses that can potentially be carried forward for federal and state income tax purposes, expiring at various dates through 2026 if not utilized. Federal net operating losses that can potentially be carried forward total approximately \$27,411,000 at January 31, 2006. State net operating losses that can potentially be carried forward total approximately \$51,122,000 at January 31, 2006. Net operating losses carried forward will be utilized to offset taxable income realized for the six months ended July 31, 2006.

For the six months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company recognized an income tax expense of \$120,000 and \$31,000, respectively, due to alternative minimum tax and minimum income and franchise taxes as required by various state and local tax authorities.

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## Note 7. Net Income per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of income per share:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	7/31/2006	7/31/2005	7/31/2006	7/31/2005
	(In thousands, except per share data)		(In thousands, except per share data)	
Net income	\$ 7,832	\$ 6,085	\$ 4,565	\$ 402
Average shares outstanding	13,494	13,119	13,318	13,104
Net effect of dilutive stock options based on the treasury stock method using average market price	35	224	35	254
Totals	13,529	13,343	13,353	13,358
Net income per share basic	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.03
Net income per share diluted	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.03

## Note 8. Stock Based Compensation

## Stock Option Plans

The Company's two stock plans are the 1997 Employee Incentive Plan (the 1997 Plan) and the 1993 Employee Incentive Stock Plan (the 1993 Plan). Under the 1993 Plan, the Company was authorized to grant an aggregate of 707,384 shares (as adjusted for stock splits and stock dividends) to its employees in the form of stock options. The 1993 Plan expired in 2003 and had 47,182 unexercised options outstanding at July 31, 2006. Under the 1997 Plan, the Company may grant an aggregate of 724,729 shares (as adjusted for stock splits and stock dividends) to its employees in the form of stock options or awards. As of July 31, 2006, the 1997 Plan had 234,594 unexercised options outstanding. Options granted under these plans have an exercise price equal to the market price at the date of grant, have a maximum term of 10 years and generally become exercisable ratably over a five-year period. The Company did not grant any stock options to any of the employees during the quarter and the six months ended July 31, 2006. The shares of common stock issued upon exercise of a previously granted stock option are considered new issuances from shares reserved for issuance upon adoption of the various plans. While the Company does not have a formal written policy detailing such issuance, it requires that the option holders provides a written notice of exercise to the stock plan administrator and payment for the shares prior to issuance of the shares.

## Accounting for the Plans

Prior to February 1, 2006, the Company accounted for incentive stock plans in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25), and related Interpretations, as permitted by FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation. No stock based employee compensation was reflected in net income, as all options granted under those plans had an exercise price equal to the fair value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Effective February 1, 2006 the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment, using the modified prospective-transition. The modified prospective method will be applied to those unvested options issued prior to the Company's adoption that have historically been accounted for under the Intrinsic Value Method. All outstanding options were 100% vested prior to the adoption. Accordingly, no compensation expense was recorded on the Company's options during the three months and six months ended July 31, 2006. The following table illustrates the impact on net earnings and earnings per common share if the fair value method had been applied for all periods presented.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	7/31/2006	7/31/2005	7/31/2006	7/31/2005

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	(In thousands, except per share data)		(In thousands, except per share data)	
Net income, as reported	\$ 7,832	\$ 6,085	\$ 4,565	\$ 402
Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		14		27
Pro forma net income	\$ 7,832	\$ 6,071	\$ 4,565	375
Net income per share basic, as reported	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.03
Net income per share diluted, as reported	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.03
Weighted average shares outstanding basic	13,494	13,119	13,318	13,104
Weighted average shares outstanding diluted	13,529	13,343	13,353	13,358

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The Company has estimated the fair value of all stock option awards as of the date of grant by applying the Black-Scholes pricing valuation model. The application of this valuation model involves assumptions that are judgmental and sensitive in the determination of compensation expense. Historical information was the primary basis for the selection of the expected volatility and life of the option. The risk-free interest rate was selected based upon the yield of the U.S. Treasury issue with a term equal to the expected life of the option being valued.

Stock option activity during the three and six months ended July 31, 2006 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in yrs.)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at February 1, 2006	292,571	\$ 11.56	2.49	\$
Lapsed	(10,795)	13.30		
Exercised				
Granted				
Outstanding at April 30, 2006	281,776	11.50	2.25	\$
Lapsed				
Exercised				
Granted				
Outstanding at July 31, 2006	281,776	11.50	1.99	\$

As all options had vested prior to February 1, 2006, there was no effect on the statement of operations or cash flows due to the adoption of FASB Statement No. 123(R).

**Restricted Stock Unit Awards**

On June 30, 2004, the Company granted a total of 270,000 restricted stock units, with an estimated fair value of \$6.92 per unit and exercise price of \$0.01 per unit, to eligible employees under the 1997 Plan. Interests in such restricted stock units vest ratably over five years, with such units being 20% vested at each anniversary date. At such time that the restricted stock units vest, they become exchangeable for shares of common stock. As such, 153,000 of the units remain outstanding as of July 31, 2006. Compensation expense is recognized based on the estimated fair value of restricted stock units and vesting provisions. Compensation expense incurred in connection with this award was \$88,000 and \$99,000 for quarters ended July 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Compensation expense incurred in connection with this award was \$176,000 and \$197,000 for six months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. As of July 31, 2006, there was approximately \$1,029,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock unit award, which is expected to be recognized through June 30, 2009.

On January 13, 2006, the Company granted a total of 73,881 restricted stock units, with an estimated fair value of \$5.21 per unit and exercise price of \$0.01 per unit, to non-employee directors under the 1997 Plan. Interests in such restricted stock units vest ratably over the vesting period, with such units being 100% vested at July 5, 2006.

Compensation expense is recognized based on the estimated fair value of restricted stock units and vesting provisions. For the quarter ended July 31, 2006, compensation expense incurred in connection with this award was \$137,000. For the six months ended July 31, 2006, compensation expense incurred in connection with this award was \$342,000. As of July 31, 2006, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to this award.

On June 20, 2006, the Company granted a total of 17,640 shares of restricted stock, with an estimated fair value of \$4.96 per unit and exercise price of \$0.01 per unit, to non-employee directors under the 1997 Plan. Interests in such

restricted stock vest ratably over the vesting period, with such units being 100% vested at June 19, 2007.

Compensation expense is recognized based on the estimated fair value of restricted stock units and vesting provisions. For the three ended July 31, 2006, compensation expense incurred in connection with this award was \$15,000. As of July 31, 2006, there was approximately \$73,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock unit awards. The cost is expected to be recognized through May 31, 2007.

As the compensation cost for the restricted stock units was measured using the estimated fair value on the date of grant and recognized over the vesting period, there was no effect on the statements of operations, due to the adoption of FASB Statement No. 123(R). At February 1, 2006, the Company recorded a transitional reclassification of \$247,000 from current liabilities to additional paid-in capital.

#### Note 9. Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended July 31, 2006 and 2005 was the same as net loss reported on the statements of operations. Accumulated comprehensive loss at July 31, 2006 and 2005 and January 31, 2006 is composed of minimum pension liability adjustments.

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## Note 10. Retirement Plans

The Company and its subsidiaries cover all employees under a noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan, the Virco Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan). Benefits under the Plan are based on years of service and career average earnings. As more fully described in the Form 10-K for the period ending January 31, 2006, benefit accruals under this plan were frozen effective December 31, 2003.

The Company also provides a supplementary retirement plan for certain key employees, the VIP Retirement Plan (the VIP Plan). The VIP Plan provides a benefit of up to 50% of average compensation for the last five years in the VIP Plan, offset by benefits earned under the Plan. As more fully described in the Form 10-K for the period ending January 31, 2006, benefit accruals under this plan were frozen effective December 31, 2003.

The Company also provides a non-qualified plan for non-employee directors of the Company (the Non-Employee Directors retirement Plan). The Non-Employee Directors Retirement Plan provides a lifetime annual retirement benefit equal to the director's annual retainer fee for the fiscal year in which the director terminates his or her position with the Board, subject to the director providing 10 years of service to the Company. As more fully described in the Form 10-K for the period ending January 31, 2006, benefit accruals under this plan were frozen effective December 31, 2003.

The net periodic pension costs for the Plan, the VIP Plan, and the Non-Employee Directors Retirement Plan for the three months each ended July 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					
	Pension Plan		VIP Retirement Plan		Non-Employee Directors Retirement Plan	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 43	\$ 55	\$ 53	\$ 58	\$ 6	\$ 6
Interest cost	352	337	85	89	6	6
Expected return on plan assets	(246)	(248)			0	0
Amortization of transition amount	(9)	(9)			0	0
Amortization of prior service cost	117	107	(134)	(125)	22	22
Recognized net actuarial (Gain) or loss	41	33	34	27	(7)	(7)
Settlement and curtailment						
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 298	\$ 275	\$ 38	\$ 49	\$27	\$27

	Six Months Ended					
	Pension Plan		VIP Retirement Plan		Non-Employee Directors Retirement Plan	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 86	\$ 110	\$ 106	\$ 116	\$ 12	\$ 12
Interest cost	704	674	170	178	12	12
Expected return on plan assets	(492)	(496)				

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Amortization of transition amount	(18)	(18)				
Amortization of prior service cost	234	214	(268)	(250)	44	44
Recognized net actuarial (Gain) or loss	82	66	68	54	(14)	(14)
Settlement and curtailment						
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 596	\$ 550	\$ 76	\$ 98	\$ 54	\$ 54

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## Note 11. Warranty

The Company provides a product warranty on most products. It generally warrants that customers can return a defective product during the specified warranty period following purchase in exchange for a replacement product or that the Company can repair the product at no charge to the customer. The Company determines whether replacement or repair is appropriate in each circumstance. The Company uses historic data to estimate appropriate levels of warranty reserves. Because product mix, production methods, and raw material sources change over time, historic data may not always provide precise estimates for future warranty expense. The following is a summary of the Company's warranty claim activity for the three and six month periods each ended July 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	7/31/2006	7/31/2005	7/31/2006	7/31/2005
	(In thousands)		(In thousands)	
Beginning Accrued Warranty Balance	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
Provision	196	213	402	432
Costs Incurred	(196)	(213)	(402)	(432)
Ending Accrued Warranty Balance	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500

## Note 12. Other Financing Activities

On June 6, 2006, the Company sold 1,072,041 shares of its common stock (the "Shares"), and warrants to purchase 268,010 shares of its common stock, to Wedbush, Inc. and clients of Wedbush Morgan Securities, Inc. for an aggregate purchase price of \$5 million, or \$4.66 per Share (the "Per Share Purchase Price"). The warrants may be exercised for 120% of the Per Share Purchase Price for the first three years after the sale, and for 130% of the Per Share Purchase Price for the fourth and fifth year after the sale, and expire on the fifth anniversary of the sale. The Company incurred \$432,000 in closing costs which were netted against the proceeds received. Pursuant to the related stock purchase agreement, the Company agreed to file a registration statement registering the resale of the Shares and the shares underlying the warrants. A registration statement on Form S-3 registering the resale of the Shares and the shares underlying the warrants was filed on July 6, 2006 and amended on August 18, 2006. It has not yet become effective. On June 26, 2006, the Company entered into a follow-on investment agreement with Directors and management, under substantially the same terms, for the issuance of 60,246 shares of common stock and 15,061 warrants, for proceeds of approximately \$281,000. Although the shares were not issued as of July 31, 2006, they have been included as shares outstanding in accordance with SFAS No. 128 Earnings per Share, as the amounts due the Company were fully paid. In addition, compensation expense of \$65,000 was recorded in connection with this transaction. The Company expects the shares purchased by the Directors and management to be issued during the quarter ending October 31, 2006.

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VIRCO MFG. CORPORATION

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended July 31, 2006 and 2005

For the second quarter of 2006, the Company earned net income of \$7,832,000 on sales of \$78,585,000 compared to net income of \$6,085,000 on sales of \$75,906,000 in the same period last year.

Sales for the second quarter ended July 31, 2006 increased by \$2,689,000, a 3.5% increase, compared to the same period last year. This increase in sales for the second quarter is attributable to increases in selling prices, partially offset by a decrease in unit volume. Incoming orders for the same period increased by approximately 5.4%. Backlog at July 31, 2006 is approximately 2% lower than at the same date last year.

As more fully disclosed in the Company's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2006, during the fiscal years ending January 31, 2005 and January 31, 2006, the Company incurred a severe increase in the cost of certain raw materials, especially steel and petroleum related products such as plastic. Steel prices began to increase in the first quarter of 2004 and reached a peak during the fourth quarter of 2004. Petroleum related products, especially plastic, increased substantially in 2005. In addition to cost increases, the Company incurred supply chain disruptions due to the hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region of the United States. In response to these cost increases, the Company raised selling prices in 2005, but did not raise them enough to compensate for the cumulative impact of the increases in commodity costs. Virco substantially raised prices again at the beginning of 2006, and margins are now approximating those realized prior to the increases in material costs.

Gross profit for the second quarter, as a percentage of sales, increased by more than 1% compared to the same period last year. The increase in gross margin was attributable to increased prices to recover commodities cost increases discussed above, offset by increased manufacturing variances. Virco started the second quarter with approximately \$6 million more in inventory than in the prior year. Virco ended the second quarter with approximately \$7 million less inventory than the prior year. This reduction in inventory was attained by reducing production levels by approximately 30% during the quarter. The reduction in production hours is intended to improve inventory utilization and to allow the Company to run production at a more even rate during the second half of the year.

Selling, general and administrative expense for the quarter ended July 31, 2006 decreased by 0.2% compared to the same period last year, but decreased as a percentage of sales by nearly 1.5%. The decrease as a percentage of sales was primarily attributable to an increase in the Company's selling prices combined with cost reductions in General and Administrative expense.

Interest expense for the quarter ended July 31, 2006 increased by approximately \$400,000 compared to the same period last year. The increase was primarily due to higher interest rates.

Six Months Ended July 31, 2006 and 2005

For the six months ended July 31, 2006, the Company earned net income of \$4,565,000 on sales of \$113,110,000 compared to net income of \$402,000 on sales of \$109,160,000 in the same period last year.

Sales for the six months ended July 31, 2006 increased by \$3,950,000, a 3.6% increase, compared to the same period last year. The increase in sales for the first six months is attributable to increases in selling prices, partially offset by a decrease in unit volume. Operating results for the same period improved by over \$4,000,000.

Gross profit for the first six months increased as a percent of sales by 2.4%. As described above, and more fully disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2006, the Company incurred significant increases in raw material costs during 2004 and 2005. The Company raised prices in 2005, but not enough to cover the increased material costs. The Company raised prices again at the beginning of 2006, and margins are now approximating those realized prior to the increases in material costs.

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Selling, general and administrative expense for the six months ended July 31, 2006 decreased slightly compared to the same period last year, and decreased as a percentage of sales by approximately 2%. The decrease as a percentage of sales was primarily attributable to the price increase. Interest expense for the six months ended July 31, 2005 increased by approximately \$754,000 compared to the same period last year. The increase is primarily due to higher interest rates.

**Financial Condition**

As a result of seasonally higher deliveries in the second quarter, accounts and notes receivable increased compared to January 31, 2006. The Company traditionally builds large quantities of inventory during the first six months in anticipation of seasonally high summer shipments. For the first six months, the Company increased inventory by nearly \$6,000,000 compared to January 31, 2006. This increase in inventory was significantly less than the increase in the first six months of the prior year. The Company intentionally reduced production levels during the second quarter to more efficiently utilize inventory, and to allow for more stable and higher levels of production during the third quarter. The increase in inventory was financed through the Company's credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank. The Company has established a goal of limiting capital spending to less than \$5,000,000 for 2006, which is approximately one-third to one-half of anticipated depreciation expense. Capital spending for the six months ended July 31, 2006, was \$1,967,000 compared to \$1,059,000 for the same period last year. Capital expenditures are being financed through the Company's credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank and operating cash flow.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended July 31, 2006 was \$24,493,000 compared to \$24,906,000 for the same period last year. Although the cash used in operating activities was comparable to the prior year, certain components fluctuated significantly. The Company used \$12 million less cash building inventory compared to the prior year. This was substantially offset by an \$11 million reduction in vendor credit related to the purchase of inventory.

On June 6, 2006, the Company Wedbush, Inc. ( Wedbush ) and Wedbush Morgan Securities, Inc. ( Wedbush Morgan ), entered into a stock purchase agreement (the Agreement ). Pursuant to the Agreement, (a) Wedbush and certain clients of Wedbush Morgan (together, the Purchasers ) purchased from the Company shares (the Shares ) of the Company's common stock yielding gross proceeds to the Company of \$5,000,000 at a purchase price per share of \$4.66 (the Per Share Purchase Price ) and (b) the Company issued warrants to the Purchasers exercisable for 268,010 shares of common stock pursuant to which the Purchasers will have the right to acquire 25% of the underlying shares at an exercise price of 120% of the Per Share Purchase Price during the first three years following the closing of the transaction and at 130% of the Per Share Purchase Price during the fourth and fifth years following the closing of the transaction. Wedbush Morgan holds the securities purchased pursuant to the Agreement as nominee on behalf of those of its clients which purchased the securities. On June 26, 2006, the Company entered into a follow-on investment agreement with Directors and management for approximately \$281,000 under substantially the same terms as the Agreement.

The Company believes that cash flows from operations, cash raised from Wedbush stock sale, and the Company's unused borrowing capacity under the Company's credit facility will be sufficient to fund the Company's debt service requirements, capital expenditures and working capital needs. Approximately \$18,550,000 was available for borrowing as of July 31, 2006.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The Company's critical accounting policies are outlined in its Form 10-K for fiscal year ended January 31, 2006.

**Forward-Looking Statements**

From time to time, the Company or its representatives have made and may make forward-looking statements, orally or in writing, including those contained herein. Such forward-looking statements may be included in, without limitation, reports to stockholders, press releases, oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer of the Company and filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The words or phrases anticipates, expects, will continue, believes, estimates, projects, or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The results contemplated by the Company's forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary materially from anticipated results, including without limitation, material availability and cost of materials,

especially steel, availability and cost of labor, demand for the Company's products, competitive conditions affecting selling prices and margins, capital costs and general economic conditions. Such risks and uncertainties are discussed in more detail in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2006.

The Company's forward-looking statements represent its judgment only on the dates such statements were made. By making any forward-looking statements, the Company assumes no duty to update them to reflect new, changed or unanticipated events or circumstances.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company has entered into a revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, amended and restated in December 2005, which provides a term loan of \$20,000,000 and a secured revolving line of credit that varies as a percentage of inventory and receivables, up to a maximum of \$40,000,000. The revolving line of credit increases to \$50,000,000 between May and September. The term note is a two-year loan amortizing at \$5,000,000 per year with interest payable monthly at a fluctuating rate equal to the Bank's prime rate (8.25% at July 31, 2006) plus a 2% margin.

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The revolving line has a 24-month maturity with interest payable monthly at a fluctuating rate equal to the bank's prime rate plus a fluctuating margin similar to the term note. The revolving line typically provides for advances of 80% on eligible accounts receivable and 20% - 60% on eligible inventory. The advance rates fluctuate depending on the time of the year and the types of assets. The agreement has an unused commitment fee of 0.375%. Approximately \$18,550,000 was available for borrowing as of July 31, 2006.

The revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank is subject to various financial covenants including a minimum requirement; minimum EBITDA and an annual clean down. The agreement also places certain restrictions on capital expenditures, new operating leases, dividends and the repurchase of the Company's common stock. The revolving credit facility is secured by the Company's accounts receivable, inventories, equipment and property. The Company was in compliance with its covenants at each of July 31, 2006, January 31, 2006 and July 31, 2005. The \$29,632,000 due under Wells Fargo Bank's line of credit will be payable on February 15, 2008, if the agreement is not renewed. The Company currently intends to renew the agreement.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

**(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures necessarily involves the exercise of judgment by management, and such controls and procedures, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance that management's objectives in establishing them will be achieved.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer along with the Company's Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon the foregoing, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, along with the Company's Chief Financial Officer and other members of management, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that (i) information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its President and Chief Executive Officer as well as its Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

**(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

No changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting have come to management's attention during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

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**PART II**  
**VIRCO MFG. CORPORATION**  
**OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds**

On June 6, 2006, the Company Wedbush and Wedbush Morgan, entered into the Agreement.

Pursuant to the Agreement, (a) the Purchasers purchased from the Company shares (the Shares ) of the Company s common stock yielding gross proceeds to the Company of \$5,000,000 at a purchase price per share of \$4.66 (the Per Share Purchase Price ) and (b) the Company issued warrants to the Purchasers exercisable for 268,010 shares of common stock pursuant to which the Purchasers will have the right to acquire 25% of the underlying shares at an exercise price of 120% of the Per Share Purchase Price during the first three years following the closing of the transaction and at 130% of the Per Share Purchase Price during the fourth and fifth years following the closing of the transaction. The Company filed a registration statement registering the resale of the Shares on July 6, 2006 and amended that registration statement on August 17, 2006. It has not yet become effective. Wedbush Morgan holds the securities purchased pursuant to the Agreement as nominee on behalf those of its clients which purchased the securities.

The securities issued pursuant to the Agreement were issued pursuant to the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ), afforded by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D thereunder, as a transaction to accredited and sophisticated investors not involving a public offering. The proceeds from the sale of the Shares were used for general corporate purposes, and the proceeds, if any, received from the exercise of the warrant agreements will be used to reduce outstanding indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

A follow-on investment by Directors and management of approximately \$281,000, under substantially the same terms, is expected to close during the third quarter ending October 31, 2006. Net proceeds of approximately \$281,000 were received in June 2006 and the appropriate common shares will be issued accordingly upon closing.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

The following is a description of matters submitted to a vote of registrant s stockholders at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held June 20, 2006.

Election of three directors whose terms expire in 2009.

	<b>Votes For</b>	<b>Authority Withheld</b>
Robert A. Virtue	10,625,077	356,154
Robert K. Montgomery	9,724,015	1,257,216
Donald A. Patrick	10,625,029	312,261
Ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company s independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2006 was approved 10,969,780 shares were voted for the proposal, 5,654 shares were voted against it and 5,697 shares abstained.		

**Item 6. Exhibits**

Exhibit 10.1 Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 6, 2006, by and among Virco Mfg. Corporation, Wedbush, Inc. and Wedbush Morgan Securities, Inc., filed June 8, 2006 as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K, is incorporated by reference.

Exhibit 10.2 Warrant Agreement, dated as of June 6, 2006, by and among Virco Mfg. Corporation and Wedbush, Inc., filed June 8, 2006 as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K, is incorporated by reference.

Exhibit 10.3 Warrant Agreement, dated as of June 6, 2006, by and among Virco Mfg. Corporation and Wedbush Morgan Securities, Inc. , filed June 8, 2006 as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K, is incorporated by reference.

Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Robert A. Virtue, President, pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Robert E. Dose, Vice President, Finance, pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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VIRCO MFG. CORPORATION

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VIRCO MFG. CORPORATION

Date: September 8, 2006

By: /s/ Robert E. Dose

*Robert E. Dose*

*Vice President Finance*