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ATMOS ENERGY CORP Form 10-Q August 09, 2012

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

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Commission File Number 1-10042

Atmos Energy Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas and Virginia

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Three Lincoln Centre, Suite 1800 5430 LBJ Freeway, Dallas, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

75-1743247

(IRS employer identification no.)

75240

(Zip code)

(972) 934-9227

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes þ No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large Accelerated Filer b Accelerated Filer " Non-Accelerated Filer " Smaller Reporting Company " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes "No b

Number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of August 3, 2012.

Class Outstanding
No Par Value 90,173,217

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS

AEC Atmos Energy Corporation
AEH Atmos Energy Holdings, Inc.
AEM Atmos Energy Marketing, LLC

AOCI Accumulated other comprehensive income
APS Atmos Pipeline and Storage, LLC

Bcf Billion cubic feet

CFTC Commodity Futures Trading Commission
FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

Fitch Fitch Ratings, Ltd.

GRIP Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program
GSRS Gas System Reliability Surcharge

ISRS Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge

McfThousand cubic feetMMcfMillion cubic feet

Moody sMoody s Investors Services, Inc.NYMEXNew York Mercantile Exchange, Inc.PPAPension Protection Act of 2006PRPPipeline Replacement ProgramRRCRailroad Commission of TexasRRMRate Review MechanismS&PStandard & Poor s Corporation

SEC United States Securities and Exchange Commission

WNA Weather Normalization Adjustment

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2012 (Unaudited) (In thousa	September 30, 2011 ands, except
	shar	e data)
ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 7,128,484	\$ 6,816,794
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,686,598	1,668,876
Net property, plant and equipment	5,441,886	5,147,918
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	27,706	131,419
Accounts receivable, net	216,753	273,303
Gas stored underground	239,329	289,760
Other current assets	291,870	316,471
Total current assets	775,658	1,010,953
Goodwill and intangible assets	740,174	740,207
Deferred charges and other assets	392,117	383,793
	,	ŕ
	\$ 7,349,835	\$ 7,282,871
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES		
Shareholders equity		
Common stock, no par value (stated at \$.005 per share); 200,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding: June 30, 2012 90,172,665 shares; September 30, 2011 90,296,482 shares	\$ 451	\$ 451
Additional paid-in capital	1,737,047	1,732,935
Retained earnings	684,907	570,495
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(67,480)	(48,460)
Shareholders equity	2,354,925	2,255,421
Long-term debt	1,956,289	2,206,117
Total capitalization	4,311,214	4,461,538
Current liabilities	1,511,517	1, 101,550
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	178,198	291,205
Other current liabilities	468,409	367,563
Short-term debt	213,491	206,396
Current maturities of long-term debt	250,131	2,434
Total current liabilities	1,110,229	867,598
Deferred income taxes	1,085,654	960,093
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	381,797	428,947
Deferred credits and other liabilities	460,941	564,695

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\$7,349,835 \$7,282,871

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Three Mon June	
	2012	2011
	(Unaud (In thousan	,
	per shar	
Operating revenues		
Natural gas distribution segment	\$ 325,051	\$ 407,031
Regulated transmission and storage segment	67,073	53,570
Nonregulated segment	256,250	491,285
Intersegment eliminations	(62,543)	(108,271)
	585,831	843,615
Purchased gas cost		
Natural gas distribution segment	124,373	206,839
Regulated transmission and storage segment		
Nonregulated segment	224,829	477,880
Intersegment eliminations	(62,161)	(107,909)
	287,041	576,810
Gross profit	298,790	266,805
Operating expenses		
Operation and maintenance	107,295	112,665
Depreciation and amortization	59,819	56,932
Taxes, other than income	46,887	52,142
Asset impairments		10,988
Total operating expenses	214,001	232,727
Operating income	84,789	34,078
Miscellaneous expense	(1,948)	(1,430)
Interest charges	34,923	35,845
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	47,918	(3,197)
Income tax expense (benefit)	17,774	(1,723)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	30,144	(1,474)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax (\$566 and \$590)	988	908
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,132	\$ (566)
Basic earnings per share		d (0.0 a)
Income (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.02)
Income per share from discontinued operations	0.01	0.01
Net income (loss) per share basic	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)
Diluted earnings per share		
Income (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.02)
Income per share from discontinued operations	0.01	0.01
meone per share from discontinued operations	0.01	0.01

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Net income (loss) per share diluted	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.345	\$ 0.340
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	90,118	90,127
Diluted	90,993	90,127

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Nine Months Ended June 30 2012 2011 (Unaudited) (In thousands, except

	nor (share data)
Operating revenues	per s	snare uata)
Natural gas distribution segment	\$ 1,907,351	\$ 2,187,907
Regulated transmission and storage segment	181,869	
Nonregulated segment	1,071,189	
Intersegment eliminations	(229,955	
motorganouv vinimutono	(22),500	(667,612)
	2,930,454	3,558,374
Purchased gas cost	2,730,434	3,330,374
Natural gas distribution segment	1,034,786	1,317,775
Regulated transmission and storage segment	1,03 1,700	1,517,775
Nonregulated segment	1,028,592	1,491,815
Intersegment eliminations	(228,857	
mersegment eminiations	(220,037	(550,115)
	1,834,521	2 473 177
	1,034,321	2,473,177
	1 005 022	1 005 105
Gross profit	1,095,933	1,085,197
Operating expenses	224.065	241 217
Operation and maintenance	334,065	
Depreciation and amortization	179,306	
Taxes, other than income	145,004	
Asset impairments		30,270
	< 7 0 0 7 7	(0.1.621
Total operating expenses	658,375	684,631
Operating income	437,558	
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(3,207	
Interest charges	107,025	112,615
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	327,326	311,997
Income tax expense	125,484	114,211
Income from continuing operations	201,842	197,786
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax (\$3,959 and \$5,122)	6,908	
Net income	\$ 208,750	\$ 205,640
	\$ 200,700	Ψ 200,0.0
Racia aarninga par shara		
Basic earnings per share Income per share from continuing operations	\$ 2.23	\$ 2.17
Income per share from discontinued operations	0.08	
income per share from discontinued operations	0.00	0.09
Not in a complete a local a	¢ 2.21	¢ 2.26
Net income per share basic	\$ 2.31	\$ 2.26
Diluted earnings per share		
Income per share from continuing operations	\$ 2.21	\$ 2.16
Income per share from discontinued operations	0.07	0.09

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Net income per share diluted	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.25
Cash dividends per share	\$ 1.035	\$ 1.020
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	90,131	90,233
Diluted	91,006	90,530

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Nine Months Ended June 30 2011 (Unaudited) (In thousands) Cash Flows From Operating Activities \$ 208,750 Net income \$ 205,640 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Asset impairments 30,270 Depreciation and amortization: Charged to depreciation and amortization 183,884 171,726 Charged to other accounts 149 Deferred income taxes 120,713 115,488 22,386 15,927 Net assets / liabilities from risk management activities 12,759 (15,869)Net change in operating assets and liabilities (29,996)(3,769)Net cash provided by operating activities 519,562 518,806 Cash Flows From Investing Activities Capital expenditures (497,374)(390,283)Other, net (4,247)(3,373)Net cash used in investing activities (501,621)(393,656)Cash Flows From Financing Activities Net decrease in short-term debt (6,688)(132,072)Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt 394,618 Settlement of Treasury lock agreements 20,079 Unwinding of Treasury lock agreements 27,803 (2,369)Repayment of long-term debt (360,066) Cash dividends paid (93,039) (94,338)Repurchase of common stock (12,535)Repurchase of equity awards (5,219)(5,300)Issuance of common stock 251 7,548 Net cash used in financing activities (120,898)(140,429)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (103,713)(14,523)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 131,419 131,952 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$ 27,706 \$ 117,429

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

June 30, 2012

1. Nature of Business

Atmos Energy Corporation (Atmos Energy or the Company) and our subsidiaries are engaged primarily in the regulated natural gas distribution and transmission and storage businesses as well as certain other nonregulated businesses. Our corporate headquarters and shared-services function are located in Dallas, Texas and our customer support centers are located in Amarillo and Waco, Texas.

Through our natural gas distribution business, we deliver natural gas through sales and transportation arrangements to over three million residential, commercial, public authority and industrial customers through our six regulated natural gas distribution divisions, which at June 30, 2012 covered service areas located in 12 states. In addition, we transport natural gas for others through our distribution system. On August 1, 2012, we completed the divestiture of our natural gas distribution operations in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa, representing approximately 84,000 customers. On August 8, 2012, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to sell our natural gas distribution operations in Georgia, representing approximately 64,000 customers. Our regulated activities also include our regulated pipeline and storage operations, which include the transportation of natural gas to our distribution system and the management of our underground storage facilities. Our regulated businesses are subject to federal and state regulation and/or regulation by local authorities in each of the states in which our natural gas distribution divisions operate.

Our nonregulated businesses operate primarily in the Midwest and Southeast through various wholly-owned subsidiaries of Atmos Energy Holdings, Inc., (AEH). AEH is wholly owned by the Company and headquartered in Houston, Texas. Through AEH, we provide natural gas management and transportation services to municipalities, natural gas distribution companies, including certain divisions of Atmos Energy and third parties. AEH also seeks to maximize, through asset optimization activities, the economic value associated with storage and transportation capacity it owns or controls. Certain of these arrangements are with regulated affiliates of the Company, which have been approved by applicable state regulatory commissions.

We operate the Company through the following three segments:

the natural gas distribution segment, which includes our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations,

the regulated transmission and storage segment, which includes the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline Texas Division and

the *nonregulated segment*, which includes our nonregulated natural gas management, nonregulated natural gas transmission, storage and other services.

2. Unaudited Financial Information

These consolidated interim-period financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on the same basis as those used for the Company s audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. In the opinion of management, all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the unaudited consolidated interim-period financial statements. These consolidated interim-period financial statements are condensed as permitted by the instructions to Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements

of Atmos Energy Corporation included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. Because of seasonal and other factors, the results of operations for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2012 are not indicative of our results of operations for the full 2012 fiscal year, which ends September 30, 2012.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We have evaluated subsequent events from the June 30, 2012 balance sheet date through the date these financial statements were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). On July 27, 2012, we issued a notice of redemption of our Unsecured 5.125% Senior Notes on August 28, 2012. The redemption is discussed further in Note 6. On August 1, 2012, we completed the sale of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa natural gas distribution assets. The sale is discussed in Note 5. On August 8, 2012 we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to sell our natural gas distribution operations in Georgia, which is discussed in Note 5.

Significant accounting policies

Our accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2012, we completed our annual goodwill impairment assessment. Based on the assessment performed, we determined that our goodwill was not impaired.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, two new accounting standards were announced that will become applicable to the Company in future periods. The first standard requires enhanced disclosure of offsetting arrangements for financial instruments and will become effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2013 and for interim periods within those annual periods. The second standard indefinitely defers the effective date for new presentation requirements related to reclassifications of items from accumulated other comprehensive income, which were scheduled to be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of these standards should not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. There were no other significant changes to our accounting policies during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Regulatory assets and liabilities

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require cost-based, rate-regulated entities that meet certain criteria to reflect the authorized recovery of costs due to regulatory decisions in their financial statements. As a result, certain costs are permitted to be capitalized rather than expensed because they can be recovered through rates. We record certain costs as regulatory assets when future recovery through customer rates is considered probable. Regulatory liabilities are recorded when it is probable that revenues will be reduced for amounts that will be credited to customers through the ratemaking process. Substantially all of our regulatory assets are recorded as a component of deferred charges and other assets and substantially all of our regulatory liabilities are recorded as a component of deferred credits and other liabilities. Deferred gas costs are recorded either in other current assets or liabilities and the regulatory cost of removal obligation is reported separately.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Significant regulatory assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011 included the following:

	June 30, 2012 (In th	Sep ousands	tember 30, 2011
Regulatory assets:			
Pension and postretirement benefit costs	\$ 240,312	\$	254,666
Merger and integration costs, net	5,876		6,242
Deferred gas costs	14,495		33,976
Regulatory cost of removal asset	10,430		8,852
Environmental costs	52		385
Rate case costs	4,454		4,862
Deferred franchise fees	2,129		379
Other	13,236		3,534
	\$ 290,984	\$	312,896
Regulatory liabilities:			
Deferred gas costs	\$ 34,044	\$	8,130
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	449,778		464,025
Other	6,465		14,025
	\$ 490,287	\$	486,180

The amounts above do not include regulatory assets and liabilities related to our divested Missouri, Illinois and Iowa service areas, which are classified as assets held for sale as of June 30, 2012 as discussed in Note 5.

During the prior fiscal year, the Railroad Commission of Texas Division of Public Safety issued a new rule requiring natural gas distribution companies to develop and implement a risk-based program for the renewal or replacement of distribution facilities, including steel service lines. The rule allows for the deferral of all expenses associated with capital expenditures incurred pursuant to this rule, including the recording of interest on the deferred expenses until the next rate proceeding (rate case or annual rate filing) at which time investment and costs would be recovered through base rates. As of June 30, 2012, we had deferred \$2.1 million associated with the requirements of this rule which are recorded in Other in the regulatory assets table above.

Effective January 1, 2012, the Texas Legislature amended its Gas Utility Regulatory Act (GURA) to permit natural gas utilities to defer into a regulatory asset or liability the difference between a gas utility s actual pension and postretirement expense and the level of such expense recoverable in its existing rates. The deferred amount will become eligible for inclusion in the utility s rates in its next rate proceeding. We elected to utilize this provision of GURA, effective January 1, 2012, and established a regulatory asset totaling \$5.1 million, which is recorded in Other in the regulatory assets table above. Of this amount, \$2.9 million represented a reduction to operation and maintenance expense during the second and third quarters of fiscal 2012.

Currently, our authorized rates do not include a return on certain of our merger and integration costs; however, we recover the amortization of these costs. Merger and integration costs, net, are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives ranging up to 20 years. Environmental costs have been deferred

to be included in future rate filings in accordance with rulings received from various state regulatory commissions.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Comprehensive income

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income (loss), net of related tax, for the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Three Mont June		Nine Mont June	
	2012	2011 (In tho	2012 ousands)	2011
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,132	\$ (566)	\$ 208,750	\$ 205,640
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on investments, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$(523) and \$(56) for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and of \$1,194 and \$876 for the nine months ended				
June 30, 2012 and 2011	(888)	(94)	2,059	1,492
Amortization, unrealized gain (loss) and unwinding of treasury lock agreements, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$(18,399) and \$(4,629) for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and \$(9,995) and				
\$7,950 for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011	(31,328)	(7,884)	(17,019)	13,536
Net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedging transactions, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$11,401 and \$(182) for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and \$(2,595) and \$9,008 for the nine				
months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011	17,830	(285)	(4,060)	14,090
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 16,746	\$ (8,829)	\$ 189,730	\$ 234,758

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011 consisted of the following unrealized gains (losses):

	June 30, 2012	Sep	tember 30, 2011
	(In th	ousands)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):			
Unrealized holding gains on investments	\$ 4,617	\$	2,558
Treasury lock agreements	(51,176)		(34,157)
Cash flow hedges	(20,921)		(16,861)
	\$ (67,480)	\$	(48,460)

3. Financial Instruments

We currently use financial instruments to mitigate commodity price risk. Additionally, we periodically utilize financial instruments to manage interest rate risk. The objectives and strategies for using financial instruments have been tailored to our regulated and nonregulated businesses. The accounting for these financial instruments is fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. During the nine months ended June 30, 2012 there were no

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

changes in our objectives, strategies and accounting for these financial instruments. Currently, we utilize financial instruments in our natural gas distribution and nonregulated segments. We currently do not manage commodity price risk with financial instruments in our regulated transmission and storage segment.

Our financial instruments do not contain any credit-risk-related or other contingent features that could cause payments to be accelerated when our financial instruments are in net liability positions.

Regulated Commodity Risk Management Activities

Although our purchased gas cost adjustment mechanisms essentially insulate our natural gas distribution segment from commodity price risk, our customers are exposed to the effects of volatile natural gas prices. We manage this exposure through a combination of physical storage, fixed-price forward contracts and financial instruments, primarily over-the-counter swap and option contracts, in an effort to minimize the impact of natural gas price volatility on our customers during the winter heating season.

Our natural gas distribution gas supply department is responsible for executing this segment s commodity risk management activities in conformity with regulatory requirements. In jurisdictions where we are permitted to mitigate commodity price risk through financial instruments, the relevant regulatory authorities may establish the level of heating season gas purchases that can be hedged. Historically, if the regulatory authority does not establish this level, we seek to hedge between 25 and 50 percent of anticipated heating season gas purchases using financial instruments. For the 2011-2012 heating season (generally October through March), in the jurisdictions where we are permitted to utilize financial instruments, we hedged approximately 25 percent, or 25.7 Bcf of the winter flowing gas requirements. We have not designated these financial instruments as hedges.

The costs associated with and the gains and losses arising from the use of financial instruments to mitigate commodity price risk are included in our purchased gas cost adjustment mechanisms in accordance with regulatory requirements. Therefore, changes in the fair value of these financial instruments are initially recorded as a component of deferred gas costs and recognized in the consolidated statement of income as a component of purchased gas cost when the related costs are recovered through our rates and recognized in revenue in accordance with applicable authoritative accounting guidance. Accordingly, there is no earnings impact on our natural gas distribution segment as a result of the use of financial instruments.

Nonregulated Commodity Risk Management Activities

The primary business in our nonregulated operations is to aggregate and purchase gas supply, arrange transportation and/or storage logistics and ultimately deliver gas to our customers at competitive prices. We utilize proprietary and customer-owned transportation and storage assets to serve these customers, and will seek to maximize the value of this storage capacity through the arbitrage of pricing differences that occur over time by selling financial instruments at advantageous prices to lock in a gross profit margin to enhance our gross profit by maximizing the economic value associated with the storage and transportation capacity we own or control.

As a result of these activities, our nonregulated segment is exposed to risks associated with changes in the market price of natural gas. We manage our exposure to such risks through a combination of physical storage and financial instruments, including futures, over-the-counter and exchange traded options and swap contracts with counterparties. Future contracts provide the right, but not the requirement, to buy or sell the commodity at a fixed price. Swap contracts require receipt of payment for the commodity based on the difference between a fixed price and the market price on the settlement date.

We use financial instruments, designated as cash flow hedges of anticipated purchases and sales at index prices, to mitigate the commodity price risk in our nonregulated operations associated with deliveries under fixed-priced forward contracts to deliver gas to customers. These financial instruments have maturity dates ranging from one to 53 months. We use financial instruments, designated as fair value hedges, to hedge our natural gas inventory used in our asset optimization activities in our nonregulated segment.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Also, in our nonregulated operations, we use storage swaps and futures to capture additional storage arbitrage opportunities that arise subsequent to the execution of the original fair value hedge associated with our physical natural gas inventory, basis swaps to insulate and protect the economic value of our fixed price and storage books and various over-the-counter and exchange-traded options. These financial instruments have not been designated as hedges.

Interest Rate Risk Management Activities

We periodically manage interest rate risk by entering into Treasury lock agreements to fix the Treasury yield component of the interest cost associated with anticipated financings.

As of June 30, 2012, we had three Treasury lock agreements outstanding to fix the Treasury yield component of 30-year unsecured notes, which we plan to issue in January 2013.

In prior years, we entered into Treasury lock agreements to fix the Treasury yield component of the interest cost of financing various issuances of long-term debt and senior notes. The gains and losses realized upon settlement of these Treasury locks were recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) when they were settled and are being recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the associated notes from the date of settlement. The remaining amortization periods for the settled Treasury locks extend through fiscal 2041.

Quantitative Disclosures Related to Financial Instruments

The following tables present detailed information concerning the impact of financial instruments on our condensed consolidated balance sheet and income statements.

As of June 30, 2012, our financial instruments were comprised of both long and short commodity positions. A long position is a contract to purchase the commodity, while a short position is a contract to sell the commodity. As of June 30, 2012, we had net long/(short) commodity contracts outstanding in the following quantities:

Contract Type		Hedge Designation	Natural Gas Distribution Nonregulated Quantity (MMcf)
Commodity contracts	Fair Value		(33,110)
	Cash Flow		42,625
	Not designated		15,940 38,773
			15,940 48,288

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Financial Instruments on the Balance Sheet

The following tables present the fair value and balance sheet classification of our financial instruments by operating segment as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011. As required by authoritative accounting literature, the fair value amounts below are presented on a gross basis and do not reflect the netting of asset and liability positions permitted under the terms of our master netting arrangements. Further, the amounts below do not include \$5.7 million and \$28.8 million of cash held on deposit in margin accounts as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011 to collateralize certain financial instruments. Therefore, these gross balances are not indicative of either our actual credit exposure or net economic exposure. Additionally, the amounts below will not be equal to the amounts presented on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, nor will they be equal to the fair value information presented for our financial instruments in Note 4.

		Natural Gas		
	Balance Sheet Location	Distribution	Nonregulated (In thousands)	Total
June 30, 2012				
Designated As Hedges:				
Asset Financial Instruments				
Current commodity contracts	Other current assets	\$	\$ 41,920	\$ 41,920
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets			
Liability Financial Instruments				
Current commodity contracts	Other current liabilities	(96,047)	(33,707)	(129,754)
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred credits and other liabilities		(7,638)	(7,638)
Total		(96,047)	575	(95,472)
Not Designated As Hedges:				
Asset Financial Instruments				
Current commodity contracts	Other current assets	3,486	87,961	91,447
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets	1,207	73,841	75,048
Liability Financial Instruments				
Current commodity contracts	Other current liabilities ⁽¹⁾	(1,505)	(102,577)	(104,082)
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred credits and other liabilities		(64,360)	(64,360)
Total		3,188	(5,135)	(1,947)
Total Financial Instruments		\$ (92,859)	\$ (4,560)	\$ (97,419)

⁽¹⁾ Other current liabilities not designated as hedges in our natural gas distribution segment include \$0.7 million related to risk management liabilities that were classified as assets held for sale at June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Balance Sheet Location	Natural Gas Distribution	nregulated thousands)		Total
September 30, 2011					
Designated As Hedges:					
Asset Financial Instruments					
Current commodity contracts	Other current assets	\$	\$ 22,396	\$	22,396
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets		174		174
Liability Financial Instruments					
Current commodity contracts	Other current liabilities		(31,064)		(31,064)
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred credits and other liabilities	(67,527)	(7,709)		(75,236)
Total		(67,527)	(16,203)		(83,730)
Not Designated As Hedges:					
Asset Financial Instruments					
Current commodity contracts	Other current assets	843	67,710		68,553
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred charges and other assets	998	22,379		23,377
Liability Financial Instruments	_				
Current commodity contracts	Other current liabilities ⁽¹⁾	(13,256)	(73,865)		(87,121)
Noncurrent commodity contracts	Deferred credits and other liabilities	(335)	(25,071)		(25,406)
•					
Total		(11,750)	(8,847)		(20,597)
Total Financial Instruments		\$ (79,277)	\$ (25,050)	\$ ((104,327)

Other current liabilities not designated as hedges in our natural gas distribution segment include \$1.3 million related to risk management liabilities that were classified as assets held for sale at September 30, 2011.
Impact of Financial Instruments on the Income Statement

Hedge ineffectiveness for our nonregulated segment is recorded as a component of unrealized gross profit and primarily results from differences in the location and timing of the derivative instrument and the hedged item. Hedge ineffectiveness could materially affect our results of operations for the reported period. For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 we recognized gains arising from fair value and cash flow hedge ineffectiveness of \$19.0 million and \$5.8 million. For the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 we recognized gains arising from fair value and cash flow hedge ineffectiveness of \$21.2 million and \$23.3 million. Additional information regarding ineffectiveness recognized in the income statement is included in the tables below.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Hedges

The impact of our nonregulated commodity contracts designated as fair value hedges and the related hedged item on our condensed consolidated income statement for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is presented below.

	Three Mont June	
	2012 (In thou	2011 sands)
Commodity contracts	\$ (14,942)	\$ 7,837
Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item	34,296	(1,781)
Total impact on revenue	\$ 19,354	\$ 6,056
The impact on revenue is comprised of the following:		
Basis ineffectiveness	\$ 2,077	\$ 853
Timing ineffectiveness	17,277	5,203
	\$ 19,354	\$ 6,056
	Nine Mont June	
	Nine Mont June 2012	e 30 2011
	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou	e 30 2011 usands)
Commodity contracts Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hadred item	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211	2011 usands) \$ 4,834
Commodity contracts Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou	e 30 2011 usands)
	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211	2011 usands) \$ 4,834
Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item Total impact on revenue	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211 (16,039)	2011 isands) \$ 4,834 19,430
Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item Total impact on revenue The impact on revenue is comprised of the following:	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211 (16,039) \$ 22,172	2011 Isands) \$ 4,834 19,430 \$ 24,264
Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item Total impact on revenue The impact on revenue is comprised of the following: Basis ineffectiveness	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211 (16,039) \$ 22,172	2011 Isands) \$ 4,834 19,430 \$ 24,264
Fair value adjustment for natural gas inventory designated as the hedged item Total impact on revenue The impact on revenue is comprised of the following:	Nine Mont June 2012 (In thou \$ 38,211 (16,039) \$ 22,172	2011 Isands) \$ 4,834 19,430 \$ 24,264

Basis ineffectiveness arises from natural gas market price differences between the locations of the hedged inventory and the delivery location specified in the hedge instruments. Timing ineffectiveness arises due to changes in the difference between the spot price and the futures price, as well as the difference between the timing of the settlement of the futures and the valuation of the underlying physical commodity. As the commodity contract nears the settlement date, spot-to-forward price differences should converge, which should reduce or eliminate the impact of this ineffectiveness on revenue.

To the extent that the Company s natural gas inventory does not qualify as a hedged item in a fair-value hedge, or has not been designated as such, the natural gas inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, we recorded a \$1.7 million charge to write down nonqualifying natural gas inventory to market. We did not record a writedown for nonqualifying natural gas inventory for the nine months ended June 30, 2011.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Cash Flow Hedges

The impact of cash flow hedges on our condensed consolidated income statements for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is presented below. Note that this presentation does not reflect the financial impact arising from the hedged physical transaction. Therefore, this presentation is not indicative of the economic gross profit we realized when the underlying physical and financial transactions were settled.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012					
	Natural Gas Distribution	Regulated Transmission and Storage (I	Nonregulated n thousands)	Consolidated		
Loss reclassified from AOCI for effective portion						
of commodity contracts	\$	\$	\$ (19,534)	\$ (19,534)		
Loss arising from ineffective portion of commodity contracts			(328)	(328)		
Total impact on gross profit			(19,862)	(19,862)		
Loss on settled Treasury lock agreements reclassified from AOCI into interest expense	(502)		, , ,	(502)		
Total Impact from Cash Flow Hedges	\$ (502)	\$	\$ (19,862)	\$ (20,364)		

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2011						
	Natural Gas Distribution	Regulated Transmission and Storage	Nom In thousands	regulated)	Con	solidated	
Loss reclassified from AOCI for effective portion							
of commodity contracts	\$	\$	\$	(3,907)	\$	(3,907)	
Loss arising from ineffective portion of commodity contracts				(281)		(281)	
Total impact on gross profit				(4,188)		(4,188)	
Loss on settled Treasury lock agreements reclassified from AOCI into interest expense	(614)			, ,		(614)	
Total Impact from Cash Flow Hedges	\$ (614)	\$	\$	(4,188)	\$	(4,802)	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Natural Gas Distribution	Regulated Transmission and Storage	Ended June 30, 2012 Nonregulated thousands)	Consolidated
Loss reclassified from AOCI for effective portion of commodity contracts Loss arising from ineffective portion of	\$	\$	\$ (52,358)	\$ (52,358)
Commodity contracts Total impact on gross profit			(996)	(996)
Loss on settled Treasury lock agreements reclassified from AOCI into interest expense	(1,506)		(65,661)	(1,506)
Total Impact from Cash Flow Hedges	\$ (1,506)	\$	\$ (53,354)	\$ (54,860)

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011					
	Natural Gas	Regulate Transmiss				
	Distribution	and Stora	O	nregulated	Con	nsolidated
			(In thousands	5)		
Loss reclassified from AOCI for effective portion						
of commodity contracts	\$	\$	\$	(25,488)	\$	(25,488)
Loss arising from ineffective portion of						
commodity contracts				(958)		(958)
Total impact on gross profit				(26,446)		(26,446)
Loss on settled Treasury lock agreements						
reclassified from AOCI into interest expense	(1,953)					(1,953)
Gain on unwinding of Treasury lock reclassified						
from AOCI into miscellaneous income	21,803	6,0	00			27,803
Total Impact from Cash Flow Hedges	\$ 19,850	\$ 6,0	00 \$	(26,446)	\$	(596)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the gains and losses arising from hedging transactions that were recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes, for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The amounts included in the table below exclude gains and losses arising from ineffectiveness because those amounts are immediately recognized in the income statement as incurred.

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
		(In thou	sands)	
Increase (decrease) in fair value:				
Treasury lock agreements	\$ (31,644)	\$ (8,270)	\$ (17,968)	\$ 29,822
Forward commodity contracts	5,914	(2,668)	(35,998)	(1,457)
Recognition of (gains) losses in earnings due to settlements:				
Treasury lock agreements	316	386	949	(16,286)
Forward commodity contracts	11,916	2,383	31,938	15,547
·				
Total other comprehensive income (loss) from hedging, net of tax ⁽¹⁾	\$ (13,498)	\$ (8,169)	\$ (21,079)	\$ 27,626

(1) Utilizing an income tax rate ranging from 37 percent to 39 percent based on the effective rates in each taxing jurisdiction. Deferred gains (losses) recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) associated with our treasury lock agreements are recognized in earnings as they are amortized over the terms of the underlying debt instruments, while deferred losses associated with commodity contracts are recognized in earnings upon settlement. The following amounts, net of deferred taxes, represent the expected recognition in earnings of the deferred gains (losses) recorded in AOCI associated with our financial instruments, based upon the fair values of these financial instruments as of June 30, 2012. However, the table below does not include the expected recognition in earnings of our outstanding Treasury lock agreements as these instruments have not yet settled.

	Treasury Lock Agreements	Commodity Contracts (In thousands)	Total
Next twelve months	\$ (1,266)	\$ (16,543)	\$ (17,809)
Thereafter	10,600	(4,378)	6,222
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$ 9,334	\$ (20,921)	\$ (11,587)

(1) Utilizing an income tax rate ranging from 37 percent to 39 percent based on the effective rates in each taxing jurisdiction. *Financial Instruments Not Designated as Hedges*

The impact of financial instruments that have not been designated as hedges on our condensed consolidated income statements for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was an increase (decrease) in gross profit of \$11.2 million and \$(4.3) million. For the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 gross profit increased (decreased) \$(3.8) million and \$3.9 million. Note that this presentation does not reflect the expected gains or losses arising from the underlying physical transactions associated with these financial instruments. Therefore, this presentation is not indicative of the economic gross profit we realized when the underlying physical and financial transactions were settled.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As discussed above, financial instruments used in our natural gas distribution segment are not designated as hedges. However, there is no earnings impact on our natural gas distribution segment as a result of the use of these financial instruments because the gains and losses arising from the use of these financial instruments are recognized in the consolidated statement of income as a component of purchased gas cost when the related costs are recovered through our rates and recognized in revenue. Accordingly, the impact of these financial instruments is excluded from this presentation.

4. Fair Value Measurements

We report certain assets and liabilities at fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). We record cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable at carrying value, which substantially approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities. For other financial assets and liabilities, we primarily use quoted market prices and other observable market pricing information to minimize the use of unobservable pricing inputs in our measurements when determining fair value. The methods used to determine fair value for our assets and liabilities are fully described in Note 2 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012, there were no changes in these methods.

Fair value measurements also apply to the valuation of our pension and postretirement plan assets. Current accounting guidance requires employers to annually disclose information about fair value measurements of the assets of a defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan. The fair value of these assets is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Quantitative Disclosures

Financial Instruments

The classification of our fair value measurements requires judgment regarding the degree to which market data are observable or corroborated by observable market data. Authoritative accounting literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value based on observable and unobservable data. The hierarchy categorizes the inputs into three levels, with the highest priority given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1), with the lowest priority given to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The following tables summarize, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011. Assets and liabilities are categorized in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) ⁽²⁾	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (In thousands)	Netting and Cash Collateral ⁽³⁾	June 30, 2012
Assets:					
Financial instruments					
Natural gas distribution segment	\$	\$ 4,693	\$	\$	\$ 4,693
Nonregulated segment ⁽¹⁾	1,957	201,766		(193,759)	9,964
Total financial instruments	1,957	206,459		(193,759)	14,657
	89,257	200,100		(=>=,.=>)	89,257
Hedged portion of gas stored underground Available-for-sale securities	69,237				69,237
Money market funds		2,629			2,629
Registered investment companies	36,839	2,029			36,839
Bonds	30,039	23,421			23,421
Bollus		23,421			23,421
Total available-for-sale securities	36,839	26,050			62,889
Total assets	\$ 128,053	\$ 232,509	\$	\$ (193,759)	\$ 166,803
Liabilities:					
Financial instruments					
Natural gas distribution segment	\$	\$ 97,552	\$	\$	\$ 97,552
Nonregulated segment ⁽¹⁾	7,441	200,842		(199,443)	8,840
Total liabilities	\$ 7,441	\$ 298,394	\$	\$ (199,443)	\$ 106,392

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) ⁽²⁾	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) (In thousands)	Netting and Cash Collateral ⁽⁴⁾	September 30, 2011
Assets:					
Financial instruments					
Natural gas distribution segment	\$	\$ 1,841	\$	\$	\$ 1,841
Nonregulated segment ⁽¹⁾	8,502	104,156		(95,156)	17,502
Total financial instruments	8,502	105,997		(95,156)	19,343
Hedged portion of gas stored underground	47,940	·			47,940
Available-for-sale securities					
Money market funds		1,823			1,823
Registered investment companies	36,444				36,444
Bonds		14,366			14,366
Total available-for-sale securities	36,444	16,189			52,633
Total assets	\$ 92,886	\$ 122,186	\$	\$ (95,156)	\$ 119,916
Liabilities:					
Financial instruments					
Natural gas distribution segment	\$	\$ 81,118	\$	\$	\$ 81,118
Nonregulated segment ⁽¹⁾	9,324	128,384		(123,943)	13,765
Total liabilities	\$ 9,324	\$ 209,502	\$	\$ (123,943)	\$ 94,883

⁽¹⁾ Certain of the nonregulated segment s financial instruments were reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 upon further evaluation.

- (2) Our Level 2 measurements consist of over-the-counter options and swaps which are valued using a market-based approach in which observable market prices are adjusted for criteria specific to each instrument, such as the strike price, notional amount or basis differences, municipal and corporate bonds which are valued based on the most recent available quoted market prices and money market funds which are valued at cost.
- (3) This column reflects adjustments to our gross financial instrument assets and liabilities to reflect netting permitted under our master netting agreements and the relevant authoritative accounting literature. In addition, as of June 30, 2012, we had \$5.7 million of cash held in margin accounts to collateralize certain financial instruments. Of this amount, \$1.8 million was used to offset current risk management liabilities under master netting arrangements and the remaining \$3.9 million is classified as current risk management assets.
- (4) This column reflects adjustments to our gross financial instrument assets and liabilities to reflect netting permitted under our master netting agreements and the relevant authoritative accounting literature. In addition, as of September 30, 2011 we had \$28.8 million of cash held in margin accounts to collateralize certain financial instruments. Of this amount, \$12.4 million was used to offset current risk management liabilities under master netting arrangements and the remaining \$16.4 million is classified as current risk management assets.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Available-for-sale securities are comprised of the following:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain (In thou	Gross Unrealized Loss isands)	Fair Value
As of June 30, 2012:				
Domestic equity mutual funds	\$ 24,322	\$ 6,887	\$	\$ 31,209
Foreign equity mutual funds	5,328	342	(40)	5,630
Bonds	23,282	145	(6)	23,421
Money market funds	2,629			2,629
	\$ 55,561	\$ 7,374	\$ (46)	\$ 62,889
As of September 30, 2011:				
Domestic equity mutual funds	\$ 27,748	\$ 4,074	\$	\$ 31,822
Foreign equity mutual funds	4,597	267	(242)	4,622
Bonds	14,390	10	(34)	14,366
Money market funds	1,823			1,823
	\$ 48,558	\$ 4,351	\$ (276)	\$ 52,633

At June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, our available-for-sale securities included \$39.5 million and \$38.3 million related to assets held in separate rabbi trusts for our supplemental executive benefit plans. At June 30, 2012 we maintained investments in bonds that have contractual maturity dates ranging from July 2012 through July 2016.

These securities are reported at market value with unrealized gains and losses shown as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). We regularly evaluate the performance of these investments on a fund by fund basis for impairment, taking into consideration the fund s purpose, volatility and current returns. If a determination is made that a decline in fair value is other than temporary, the related fund is written down to its estimated fair value and the other-than-temporary impairment is recognized in the income statement.

We maintained an investment in one foreign equity mutual fund with a fair value of \$2.7 million in an unrealized loss position of less than \$0.1 million as of June 30, 2012. This fund has been in an unrealized loss position for less than twelve months. Because this fund is only used to fund the supplemental plans, we evaluate investment performance over a long-term horizon. Based upon our intent and ability to hold this investment, our ability to direct the source of the payments in order to maximize the life of the portfolio, the short-term nature of the decline in fair value and the fact that this fund continues to receive good ratings from mutual fund rating companies, we do not consider this impairment to be other-than-temporary as of June 30, 2012.

We also maintained several bonds with a cumulative fair value of \$3.8 million in an unrealized loss position of less than \$0.1 million as of June 30, 2012. These bonds have been in an unrealized loss position for less than twelve months. Based upon our intent and ability to hold these investments, our ability to direct the source of payments in order to maximize the life of the portfolio, the short-term nature of the decline in fair value and the fact that these bonds are investment grade, we do not consider this impairment to be other than temporary as of June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other Fair Value Measures

Our debt is recorded at carrying value. The fair value of our debt is determined using third party market value quotations. The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of our debt as of June 30, 2012:

	June 30, 2012
	(In thousands)
Carrying Amount	\$ 2,210,196
Fair Value	\$ 2,633,904

5. Discontinued Operations

On August 1, 2012, we completed the sale of substantially all of our natural gas distribution assets located in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa to Liberty Energy (Midstates) Corp., an affiliate of Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp. for a cash price of approximately \$129 million. The sale was previously announced on May 12, 2011. In connection with the sale, we expect to recognize a net of tax gain of approximately \$6 million, subject to post-closing adjustments.

As required under generally accepted accounting principles, the operating results of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa operations have been aggregated and reported on the condensed consolidated statements of income as income from discontinued operations, net of income tax. Expenses related to general corporate overhead and interest expense allocated to their operations are not included in discontinued operations.

The tables below set forth selected financial and operational information related to net assets and operating results related to discontinued operations. Additionally, assets and liabilities related to our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa operations are classified as held for sale in other current assets and liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011.

The following table presents statement of income data related to discontinued operations.

		Three Months Ended June 30		ths Ended e 30
	2012	2011	2012	2011
		(In tho	ousands)	
Operating revenues	\$ 8,745	\$ 11,524	\$ 58,570	\$ 71,047
Purchased gas cost	3,005	5,460	34,982	44,993
-				
Gross profit	5,740	6,064	23,588	26,054
Operating expenses	4,146	4,472	12,595	12,919
Operating income	1,594	1,592	10,993	13,135
Other nonoperating expense	(40)	(94)	(126)	(159)
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	1,554	1,498	10,867	12,976
Income tax expense	566	590	3,959	5,122
•				
Net income	\$ 988	\$ 908	\$ 6,908	\$ 7,854

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table presents balance sheet data related to assets held for sale.

	June 30, 2012	Sep	tember 30, 2011
	(In the)	
Net plant, property & equipment	\$ 126,685	\$	127,577
Gas stored underground	5,746		11,931
Other current assets	2,998		786
Deferred charges and other assets	100		277
Assets held for sale	\$ 135,529	\$	140,571
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,526	\$	1,917
Other current liabilities	8,722		4,877
Regulatory cost of removal	6,927		10,498
Deferred credits and other liabilities	869		1,153
Liabilities held for sale	\$ 18,044	\$	18,445

On August 8, 2012, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell all of our natural gas distribution assets located in Georgia to Liberty Energy (Georgia) Corp., an affiliate of Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp. for a cash price of approximately \$141 million. The agreement contains terms and conditions customary for transactions of this type, including typical adjustments to the purchase price at closing, if applicable. The closing of the transaction is subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions including the receipt of applicable regulatory approvals, which we currently anticipate will occur in fiscal 2013.

The following table presents the assets and liabilities associated with our Georgia operations as of June 30, 2012. As required under generally accepted accounting principles, the operating results and the assets and liabilities of our Georgia operations are classified as continuing operations at June 30, 2012.

	June 30, 2012	
	(In thousands)	
Net plant, property & equipment	\$	133,336
Gas stored underground		2,389
Other current assets		6,885
Deferred charges and other assets		112
Total assets	\$	142,722
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,570
Other current liabilities		3,275
Regulatory cost of removal		4,010
Deferred credits and other liabilities		296
Total liabilities	\$	9,151

6. Debt

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The nature and terms of our debt instruments are described in detail in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. There were no material changes in the terms of our debt instruments during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Long-term debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011	
	*	(In thousands)	
Unsecured 10% Notes, redeemed December 2011	\$	\$ 2,303	
Unsecured 5.125% Senior Notes, due January 2013	250,000	250,000	
Unsecured 4.95% Senior Notes, due 2014	500,000	500,000	
Unsecured 6.35% Senior Notes, due 2017	250,000	250,000	
Unsecured 8.50% Senior Notes, due 2019	450,000	450,000	
Unsecured 5.95% Senior Notes, due 2034	200,000	200,000	
Unsecured 5.50% Senior Notes, due 2041	400,000	400,000	
Medium term notes			
Series A, 1995-1, 6.67%, due 2025	10,000	10,000	
Unsecured 6.75% Debentures, due 2028	150,000	150,000	
Rental property term note due in installments through 2013	196	262	
Total long-term debt	2,210,196	2,212,565	
Less:			
Original issue discount on unsecured senior notes and debentures	(3,776)	(4,014)	
Current maturities	(250,131)	(2,434)	
	· · · · ·		
	\$ 1,956,289	\$ 2,206,117	

Our unsecured 10% notes were paid on their maturity date on December 31, 2011 and were not replaced. As noted above, our Unsecured 5.125% Senior Notes were scheduled to mature in January 2013. On July 27, 2012 we issued a notice of early redemption of these notes on August 28, 2012. We intend to initially fund the redemption through the issuance of commercial paper. Shortly thereafter, we intend to enter into a short-term financing facility to repay the commercial paper borrowings utilized to redeem the notes. The short-term facility is expected to be repaid with the proceeds received from the issuance of new unsecured notes anticipated to occur in January 2013. In connection with the redemption, we will pay a make-whole premium in accordance with the terms of the indenture and the Senior Notes and accrued interest at the time of redemption. In accordance with regulatory requirements, the premium will be deferred and will be recognized over the life of the new unsecured notes expected to be issued in January 2013.

Short-term debt

Our short-term borrowing requirements are affected by the seasonal nature of the natural gas business. Changes in the price of natural gas and the amount of natural gas we need to supply our customers needs could significantly affect our borrowing requirements. Our short-term borrowings typically reach their highest levels in the winter months.

We finance our short-term borrowing requirements through a combination of a \$750 million commercial paper program collateralized by our \$750 million unsecured credit facility and four committed revolving credit facilities with third-party lenders. As a result, we have approximately \$985 million of working capital funding. Additionally, our \$750 million unsecured credit facility has an accordion feature which, if utilized, would increase borrowing capacity to \$1.0 billion. At June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, there was \$213.5 million and \$206.4 million outstanding under our commercial paper program. We also use intercompany credit facilities to supplement the funding provided by these third-party committed credit facilities.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Regulated Operations

We fund our regulated operations as needed, primarily through our commercial paper program and three committed revolving credit facilities with third-party lenders that provide approximately \$785 million of working capital funding, including a five-year \$750 million unsecured facility, a \$25 million unsecured facility and a \$10 million revolving credit facility, which is used primarily to issue letters of credit. On July 25, 2012, we increased the borrowing capacity of our \$10 million revolving credit facility to \$14 million. Due to outstanding letters of credit, the total amount available to us under our \$10 million revolving credit facility was \$2.5 million at June 30, 2012. Our \$25 million unsecured facility was renewed effective April 1, 2012. This facility bears interest at a daily negotiated rate, generally based on the Federal Funds rate plus a variable margin.

In addition to these third-party facilities, our regulated operations had a \$350 million intercompany revolving credit facility with AEH. This facility was replaced on January 1, 2012 with a \$500 million intercompany revolving credit facility with AEH. This facility bears interest at the lower of (i) the Eurodollar rate under the five-year revolving credit facility or (ii) the lowest rate outstanding under the commercial paper program. Applicable state regulatory commissions have approved our use of this facility through December 31, 2012.

Nonregulated Operations

Atmos Energy Marketing, LLC (AEM), which is wholly-owned by AEH, has a three-year \$200 million committed revolving credit facility, expiring in December 2013, with a syndicate of third-party lenders with an accordion feature that could increase AEM s borrowing capacity to \$500 million. The credit facility is primarily used to issue letters of credit and, on a less frequent basis, to borrow funds for gas purchases and other working capital needs. This facility is collateralized by substantially all of the assets of AEM and is guaranteed by AEH. Due to outstanding letters of credit and various covenants, including covenants based on working capital, the amount available to AEM under this credit facility was \$94.6 million at June 30, 2012.

To supplement borrowings under this facility, AEH had a \$350 million intercompany demand credit facility with AEC. This facility was replaced on January 1, 2012 with a \$500 million intercompany facility with AEC, which bears interest at a rate equal to the greater of (i) the one-month LIBOR rate plus 3.00 percent or (ii) the rate for AEM s offshore borrowings under its committed credit facility plus 0.75 percent. Applicable state regulatory commissions have approved our use of this facility through December 31, 2012.

Shelf Registration

We have an effective shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that permits us to issue a total of \$1.3 billion in common stock and/or debt securities. The shelf registration statement has been approved by all requisite state regulatory commissions. At June 30, 2012, \$900 million remains available for issuance. With the closing of the sale of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa operations on August 1, 2012, there are no longer any restrictions on our ability to issue either debt or equity under the shelf until it expires in March 2013.

Debt Covenants

The availability of funds under our regulated credit facilities is subject to conditions specified in the respective credit agreements, all of which we currently satisfy. These conditions include our compliance with financial covenants and the continued accuracy of representations and warranties contained in these agreements. We are required by the financial covenants in each of these facilities to maintain, at the end of each fiscal quarter, a ratio of total debt to total capitalization of no greater than 70 percent. At June 30, 2012, our total-debt-to-total-capitalization ratio, as defined in the agreements, was 53 percent. In addition, both the interest margin and the fee that we pay on unused amounts under each of these facilities are subject to adjustment depending upon our credit ratings.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

AEM is required by the financial covenants in its facility to maintain a ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth that does not exceed a maximum of 5 to 1. At June 30, 2012, AEM s ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth, as defined, was 0.77 to 1. Additionally, AEM must maintain minimum levels of net working capital and net worth ranging from \$20 million to \$40 million. As defined in the financial covenants, at June 30, 2012, AEM s net working capital was \$122.0 million and its tangible net worth was \$152.3 million.

In addition to these financial covenants, our credit facilities and public indentures contain usual and customary covenants for our business, including covenants substantially limiting liens, substantial asset sales and mergers.

Additionally, our public debt indentures relating to our senior notes and debentures, as well as our revolving credit agreements, each contain a default provision that is triggered if outstanding indebtedness arising out of any other credit agreements in amounts ranging from in excess of \$15 million to in excess of \$100 million becomes due by acceleration or is not paid at maturity.

Further, AEM s credit agreement contains a cross-default provision whereby AEM would be in default if it defaults on other indebtedness, as defined, by at least \$250 thousand in the aggregate.

Finally, AEM s credit agreement contains a provision that would limit the amount of credit available if Atmos Energy were downgraded below an S&P rating of BBB and a Moody s rating of Baa2. We have no other triggering events in our debt instruments that are tied to changes in specified credit ratings or stock price, nor have we entered into any transactions that would require us to issue equity, based on our credit rating or other triggering events.

We were in compliance with all of our debt covenants as of June 30, 2012. If we were unable to comply with our debt covenants, we would likely be required to repay our outstanding balances on demand, provide additional collateral or take other corrective actions.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. Earnings Per Share

Since we have non-vested share-based payments with a nonforfeitable right to dividends or dividend equivalents (referred to as participating securities), we are required to use the two-class method of computing earnings per share. The Company s restricted stock units, for which vesting is predicated solely on the passage of time granted under our 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan, are considered to be participating securities. The calculation of earnings per share using the two-class method excludes income attributable to these participating securities from the numerator and excludes the dilutive impact of those shares from the denominator. Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are calculated as follows:

	Three Mon June		Nine Mon	
	2012	2011	2012 pt per share amo	2011
Basic Earnings Per Share from continuing operations	(III t	nousanus, cacc	pt per snare amo	unts)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 30,144	\$ (1,474)	\$ 201,842	\$ 197,786
Less: Income (loss) from continuing operations allocated to participating securities	125	(32)	847	2,076
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ 30,019	\$ (1,442)	\$ 200,995	\$ 195,710
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	90,118	90,127	90,131	90,233
Income (loss) from continuing operations per share Basic	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.02)	\$ 2.23	\$ 2.17
Basic Earnings Per Share from discontinued operations				
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 988	\$ 908	\$ 6,908	\$ 7,854
Less: Income from discontinued operations allocated to participating securities	4	20	29	82
Income from discontinued operations available to common shareholders	\$ 984	\$ 888	\$ 6,879	\$ 7,772
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	90,118	90,127	90,131	90,233
Income from discontinued operations per share Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.09
Net income (loss) per share Basic	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)	\$ 2.31	\$ 2.26

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Three Mon June		Nine Mon June	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(In t	housands, exce	pt per share amo	unts)
Diluted Earnings Per Share from continuing operations				
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ 30,019	\$ (1,442)	\$ 200,995	\$ 195,710
Effect of dilutive stock options and other shares			5	4
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ 30,019	\$ (1,442)	\$ 201,000	\$ 195,714
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	90,118	90,127	90,131	90,233
Additional dilutive stock options and other shares	875	,	875	297
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	90,993	90.127	91,006	90,530
2 Hatel Weighted a verage shales outstanding	,,,,,	,0,12,	71,000	70,000
Income (loss) from continuing operations per share Diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.02)	\$ 2.21	\$ 2.16
income (1088) from continuing operations per share. Direct	φ 0.55	φ (0.02)	ψ 2.21	φ 2.10
Diluted Farnings Day Chare from discentinued energtions				
Diluted Earnings Per Share from discontinued operations Income from discontinued operations available to common shareholders	\$ 984	\$ 888	\$ 6,879	\$ 7,772
Effect of dilutive stock options and other shares	J 904	2	\$ 0,679	\$ 1,112
Effect of unutive stock options and other shares		Z		
	Φ 004	ф 000	Φ 6.070	Φ 7.770
Income from discontinued operations available to common shareholders	\$ 984	\$ 890	\$ 6,879	\$ 7,772
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	90,118	90,127	90,131	90,233
Additional dilutive stock options and other shares	875		875	297
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	90,993	90,127	91,006	90,530
Income from discontinued operations per share Diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.09
Net income (loss) per share Diluted	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.25
Figure Cases, For some Director	- O.C.	+ (0.01)	÷ 2.29	÷ 2.20

There were approximately 288,000 stock options and other shares excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2011 as their inclusion in the computation would be anti-dilutive.

There were no out-of-the-money stock options excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 as their exercise price was less than the average market price of the common stock during those periods.

Share Repurchase Program

On September 28, 2011, the Board of Directors approved a new program authorizing the repurchase of up to five million shares of common stock over a five-year period. However, it may be terminated or limited at any time. Shares may be repurchased in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in amounts the Company deems appropriate. The program is primarily intended to minimize the dilutive effect of equity grants under various benefit related incentive compensation plans of the Company. As of June 30, 2012, a total of 387,991 shares had been repurchased for an aggregate value of \$12.5 million.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. Interim Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Information

The components of our net periodic pension cost for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented in the following table. Most of these costs are recoverable through our gas distribution rates; however, a portion of these costs is capitalized into our gas distribution rate base. The remaining costs are recorded as a component of operation and maintenance expense.

	Three Months Ended June 30							
	Pension Benefits			its	Other Benefits		iits	
		2012		2011		2012		2011
				(In thou	sand	s)		
Components of net periodic pension cost:								
Service cost	\$	4,297	\$	4,257	\$	4,089	\$	3,601
Interest cost		6,677		7,055		3,465		3,204
Expected return on assets		(5,368)		(6,285)		(651)		(681)
Amortization of transition asset						377		377
Amortization of prior service cost		(35)		(106)		(362)		(362)
Amortization of actuarial loss		4,142		2,748		662		87
Net periodic pension cost	\$	9,713	\$	7,669	\$	7,580	\$	6,226
				Months E	nded	June 30		
		Pension				Other I	Benef	
		2012		2011		2012		2011

	Pension	Benefits	Other E	Benefits
	2012 2011		2012	2011
		(In thous	sands)	
Components of net periodic pension cost:				
Service cost	\$ 12,893	\$ 12,894	\$ 12,265	\$ 10,803
Interest cost	20,032	21,034	10,396	9,610
Expected return on assets	(16,105)	(18,533)	(1,955)	(2,045)
Amortization of transition asset			1,133	1,133
Amortization of prior service cost	(106)	(323)	(1,087)	(1,087)
Amortization of actuarial loss	12,427	8,990	1,986	260
Curtailment gain		(40)		
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 29,141	\$ 24,022	\$ 22,738	\$ 18,674

The assumptions used to develop our net periodic pension cost for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

		Pension Account Plan					Other Benefits		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011			
Discount rate	5.05%	5.68%	5.05%	5.39%	5.05%	5.39%			
Rate of compensation increase	3.50%	4.00%	3.50%	4.00%	N/A	N/A			
Expected return on plan assets	7.75%	8.25%	7.75%	8.25%	4.70%	5.00%			

The discount rate used to compute the present value of a plan s liabilities generally is based on rates of high-grade corporate bonds with maturities similar to the average period over which the benefits will be paid. Generally, our funding policy has been to contribute annually an amount in accordance with the requirements of the

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. In accordance with the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA), we determined the funded status of our plans as of January 1, 2012. Based upon this valuation, we contributed \$23.0 million to our defined benefit pension plans during the second fiscal quarter to achieve a desirable PPA funding threshold. The need for this funding reflects the increased pension benefit obligation due to a decrease in the discount rate compared to the prior year as well as a decline in the fair value of plan assets. During the first nine months of fiscal 2012, we contributed \$40.3 million to our defined benefit plans and we anticipate contributing approximately \$6 million during the remainder of the fiscal year.

We contributed \$15.4 million to our other post-retirement benefit plans during the nine months ended June 30, 2012. We expect to contribute a total of approximately \$5 million to \$10 million to these plans during the remainder of the fiscal year.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Environmental Matters

With respect to the specific litigation and environmental-related matters or claims that were disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, except as noted below, there were no material changes in the status of such litigation and environmental-related matters or claims during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Since April 2009, Atmos Energy and two subsidiaries of AEH, AEM and Atmos Gathering Company, LLC (AGC) (collectively, the Atmos Entities), have been involved in a lawsuit filed in the Circuit Court of Edmonson County, Kentucky, *Billy Joe Honeycutt et al. vs. Atmos Energy Corporation, et al.*, which is related to our Park City Gathering Project. The dispute which gave rise to the litigation involves the amount of royalties due from a third party producer to landowners (who own the mineral rights) for natural gas produced from the landowners properties. The third party producer was operating pursuant to leases between the landowners and certain investors/working interest owners. The third party producer filed a petition in bankruptcy, which was subsequently dismissed due to the lack of meaningful assets to reorganize or liquidate.

Although certain Atmos Energy companies entered into contracts with the third party producer to gather, treat and ultimately sell natural gas produced from the landowners properties, no Atmos Energy company had a contractual relationship with the landowners or the investors/working interest owners. After the lawsuit was

filed, the landowners were successful in terminating for non-payment of royalties the leases related to the production of natural gas from their properties. Subsequent to termination, the investors/working interest owners under such leases filed additional claims against us for the termination of the leases.

During the trial, the landowners and the investors/working interest owners requested an award of compensatory damages plus punitive damages against us. On December 17, 2010, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the landowners and investor/working interest owners and awarded compensatory damages of \$3.8 million and punitive damages of \$27.5 million payable by Atmos Energy and the two AEH subsidiaries.

A hearing was held on February 28, 2011 to hear a number of motions, including a motion to dismiss the jury verdict and a motion for a new trial. The motions to dismiss the jury verdict and for a new trial were denied. However, the total punitive damages award was reduced from \$27.5 million to \$24.7 million. On October 17, 2011, we filed our brief of appellants with the Kentucky Court of Appeals, appealing the verdict of the trial court. The appellees in this case subsequently filed their appellees brief with the Court of Appeals on January 16, 2012, with our reply brief being filed with the Court on March 19, 2012. Oral arguments are scheduled in the case in late August 2012.

In addition, in a related development, on July 12, 2011, the Atmos Entities filed a lawsuit in the United States District Court, Western District of Kentucky, *Atmos Energy Corporation et al.vs. Resource Energy Technologies, LLC and Robert Thorpe and John F. Charles*, against the third party producer and its affiliates to recover all costs, including attorneys fees, incurred by the Atmos Entities, which are associated with the defense and appeal of the case discussed above as well as for all damages awarded to the plaintiffs in such case against the Atmos Entities. The total amount of damages being claimed in the lawsuit is open-ended since the appellate

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

process and related costs are ongoing. This lawsuit is based upon the indemnification provisions agreed to by the third party producer in favor of Atmos Gathering that are contained in an agreement entered into between Atmos Gathering and the third party producer in May 2009. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss the case on August 25, 2011, with Atmos Energy filing a brief in response to such motion on September 19, 2011. On March 27, 2012 the court denied the motion to dismiss.

We have accrued what we believe is an adequate amount for the anticipated resolution of this matter; however, the amount accrued is less than the amount of the verdict. The Company does not have insurance coverage that could mitigate any losses that may arise from the resolution of this matter. However, we continue to believe that the final outcome will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

We are a party to other litigation and environmental-related matters or claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. While the results of such litigation and response actions to such environmental-related matters or claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we continue to believe the final outcome of such litigation and matters or claims will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Purchase Commitments

AEH has commitments to purchase physical quantities of natural gas under contracts indexed to the forward NYMEX strip or fixed price contracts. At June 30, 2012, AEH was committed to purchase 79.2 Bcf within one year, 17.7 Bcf within one to three years and 0.1 Bcf after three years under indexed contracts. AEH is committed to purchase 2.7 Bcf within one year and 0.4 Bcf within one to three years under fixed price contracts with prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$6.36 per Mcf. Purchases under these contracts totaled \$176.6 million and \$356.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and \$753.0 million and \$1,130.0 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Our natural gas distribution divisions, except for our Mid-Tex Division, maintain supply contracts with several vendors that generally cover a period of up to one year. Commitments for estimated base gas volumes are established under these contracts on a monthly basis at contractually negotiated prices. Commitments for incremental daily purchases are made as necessary during the month in accordance with the terms of the individual contract.

Our Mid-Tex Division maintains long-term supply contracts to ensure a reliable source of gas for our customers in its service area which obligate it to purchase specified volumes at market and fixed prices. The estimated commitments under these contracts as of June 30, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

2012	\$ 33,563
2012 2013 2014 2015	\$ 33,563 241,797 70,633
2014	70,633
2015	
2016 Thereafter	
Thereafter	
	\$ 345,993

Our nonregulated segment maintains long-term contracts related to storage and transportation. The estimated contractual demand fees for contracted storage and transportation under these contracts are detailed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. There were no material changes to the estimated storage and transportation fees for the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Regulatory Matters

As previously described in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, in December 2007, the Company received data requests from the Division of Investigations of the Office of Enforcement of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (the Commission) in connection with its investigation into possible violations of the Commission s posting and competitive bidding regulations for pre-arranged released firm capacity on natural gas pipelines.

The Company and the Commission entered into a stipulation and consent agreement, which was approved by the Commission on December 9, 2011, thereby resolving this investigation. The Commission s findings of violations were limited to the nonregulated operations of the Company. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company paid to the United States Treasury a total civil penalty of approximately \$6.4 million and to energy assistance programs approximately \$5.6 million in disgorgement of unjust profits plus interest for violations identified during the investigation. The resolution of this matter did not have a material adverse impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows and none of the payments were charged to any of the Company s customers. In addition, none of the services the Company provides to any of its regulated or nonregulated customers were affected by the agreement.

As discussed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, in 2010, our Mid-Tex Division agreed to install 100,000 steel service line replacements by September 30, 2012. As of June 30, 2012, we had replaced 88,312 lines and are on schedule

for completion in September 2012. Under the terms of the agreement, special rate recovery of the associated return, depreciation and taxes is approved for lines replaced between October 1, 2010 and September 30, 2012. Since October 1, 2010, we have spent \$100.5 million on steel service line replacements.

In July 2010, the Dodd-Frank Act was enacted, representing an extensive overhaul of the framework for regulation of U.S. financial markets. The Dodd-Frank Act calls for various regulatory agencies, including the SEC and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) to establish rules and regulations for implementation of many of the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act. Although the SEC and CFTC have issued a number of rules and regulations, we expect additional rules and regulations to be issued, which should provide additional clarity regarding the extent of the impact of this legislation on the Company. The costs of participating in financial markets for hedging certain risks inherent in our business may be increased as a result of the new legislation and related rules and regulations. Additional reporting and disclosure obligations have been imposed upon the Company, the full extent of which will not be known until the SEC and the CFTC have completed their ongoing rulemaking process.

As of June 30, 2012, rate cases were in progress in our Mid-Tex, West Texas, Kansas and Tennessee service areas, an annual rate filing mechanism was in progress in our Louisiana service area and one infrastructure program filing was in progress in our Georgia service area.

These regulatory proceedings are discussed in further detail below in *Management s Discussion and Analysis Recent Ratemaking Developments*.

10. Concentration of Credit Risk

Information regarding our concentration of credit risk is disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, there were no material changes in our concentration of credit risk.

11. Segment Information

As discussed in Note 1 above, we operate the Company through the following three segments:

The *natural gas distribution segment*, which includes our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations,

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The regulated transmission and storage segment, which includes the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline Texas Division and

The *nonregulated segment*, which is comprised of our nonregulated natural gas management, nonregulated natural gas transmission, storage and other services.

Our determination of reportable segments considers the strategic operating units under which we manage sales of various products and services to customers in differing regulatory environments. Although our natural gas distribution segment operations are geographically dispersed, they are reported as a single segment as each natural gas distribution division has similar economic characteristics. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. We evaluate performance based on net income or loss of the respective operating units.

Income statements for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 by segment are presented in the following tables:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012								
	Natural Gas		egulated nsmission						
	Distribution		l Storage		nregulated thousands)	Elimin	ations	Co	nsolidated
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 324,837	\$	26,551	\$	234,443	\$		\$	585,831
Intersegment revenues	214		40,522		21,807	(6)	2,543)		
	325,051		67,073		256,250	(6:	2,543)		585,831
Purchased gas cost	124,373				224,829	(6)	2,161)		287,041
Gross profit	200,678		67,073		31,421		(382)		298,790
Operating expenses									
Operation and maintenance	83,474		16,427		7,777		(383)		107,295
Depreciation and amortization	51,020		7,797		1,002				59,819
Taxes, other than income	42,274		3,839		774				46,887
Total operating expenses	176,768		28,063		9,553		(383)		214,001
Operating income	23,910		39,010		21,868		1		84,789
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(926)		(298)		136		(860)		(1,948)
Interest charges	27,834		7,353		595		(859)		34,923
Income (loss) from continuing operations before									
income taxes	(4,850)		31,359		21,409				47,918
Income tax expense (benefit)	(2,073)		11,215		8,632				17,774
Income (loss) from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(2,777) 988		20,144		12,777				30,144 988
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,789)	\$	20,144	\$	12,777	\$		\$	31,132
Capital expenditures	\$ 149,531	\$	34,191	\$	2,529	\$		\$	186,251

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2011 Natural Regulated Gas Transmission Eliminations Consolidated Distribution and Storage Nonregulated (In thousands) Operating revenues from external parties \$406,817 19,772 417,026 \$ 843,615 Intersegment revenues 33,798 74,259 (108,271) 214 407,031 843,615 53.570 491.285 (108,271)Purchased gas cost 206,839 477,880 (107,909)576,810 Gross profit 200,192 53,570 13,405 (362)266,805 Operating expenses 112,665 Operation and maintenance 86,804 18,786 (362)7,437 Depreciation and amortization 49,099 6,790 56,932 1,043 Taxes, other than income 52,142 47,534 3,729 879 Asset impairments 10,988 10,988 183,437 232,727 Total operating expenses 29,305 20,347 (362)Operating income (loss) 16,755 24,265 (6,942)34,078 Miscellaneous income (expense) (133)(1,430)(1,153)(312)168 Interest charges 28,042 35,845 7,653 283 (133)Income (loss) from continuing operations (3,197)before income taxes (12,440)16,300 (7,057)Income tax expense (benefit) (4,311)5,748 (3,160)(1,723)Income (loss) from continuing operations (8,129)10,552 (3,897)(1,474)Income from discontinued operations, net of tax 908 908 10,552 \$ \$ Net income (loss) \$ (7,221) (3,897)\$ (566)\$ 121,452 1,929 \$ \$ 143,620 Capital expenditures \$ 20,239 \$

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 Natural Regulated							
	Gas Distribution	Transmission and Storage	Transmission and Storage Nonregulated		Consolidated			
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 1,906,590	\$ 66,421	(In thousands) \$ 957,443	\$	\$ 2,930,454			
Operating revenues from external parties Intersegment revenues	\$ 1,900,390 761	115,448	113,746	(229,955)	\$ 2,930,434			
C		,	,	, , ,				
	1,907,351	181,869	1,071,189	(229,955)	2,930,454			
Purchased gas cost	1,034,786		1,028,592	(228,857)	1,834,521			
Gross profit	872,565	181,869	42,597	(1,098)	1,095,933			
Operating expenses	672,303	101,009	42,391	(1,096)	1,093,933			
Operating expenses Operation and maintenance	266,331	49,239	19,597	(1,102)	334,065			
Depreciation and amortization	153,606	23,240	2,460	(1,102)	179,306			
Taxes, other than income	131,066	11,538	2,400		145,004			
Tanes, outer than meeting	101,000	11,000	2,100		1.0,00			
Total operating expenses	551,003	84,017	24,457	(1,102)	658,375			
Operating income	321,562	97,852	18,140	4	437,558			
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(1,949)	(634)	739	(1,363)	(3,207)			
Interest charges	84,522	22,176	1,686	(1,359)	107,025			
Income from continuing operations before	225 001	75.042	17.102		227.226			
income taxes	235,091	75,042	17,193		327,326			
Income tax expense	91,662	26,864	6,958		125,484			
Income from continuing operations	143,429	48,178	10,235		201,842			
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	6,908				6,908			
•								
Net income	\$ 150,337	\$ 48,178	\$ 10,235	\$	\$ 208,750			
Capital expenditures	\$ 392,666	\$ 97,182	\$ 7,526	\$	\$ 497,374			

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	1	Natural Gas	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011 Regulated Transmission						Regulated		
	Di	stribution		d Storage		onregulated n thousands)	Eliminations		Co	nsolidated	
Operating revenues from external parties	\$ 2	2,187,256	\$	62,602	\$	1,308,516	\$		\$ 3	3,558,374	
Intersegment revenues		651		94,951		241,940	(337,542)			
	2	2,187,907		157,553		1,550,456	(337,542)	3	3,558,374	
Purchased gas cost	1	1,317,775				1,491,815	(336,413)	2	2,473,177	
Gross profit		870,132		157,553		58,641		(1,129)		1,085,197	
Operating expenses											
Operation and maintenance		268,299		49,591		24,556		(1,129)		341,317	
Depreciation and amortization		145,548		18,387		3,241				167,176	
Taxes, other than income		132,070		11,395		2,403				145,868	
Asset impairments						30,270				30,270	
Total operating expenses		545,917		79,373		60,470		(1,129)		684,631	
Operating income (loss)		324,215		78,180		(1,829)				400,566	
Miscellaneous income		18,305		5,267		764		(290)		24,046	
Interest charges		87,344		23,802		1,759		(290)		112,615	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before											
income taxes		255,176		59,645		(2,824)				311,997	
Income tax expense (benefit)		94,323		21,252		(1,364)				114,211	
Income (loss) from continuing operations		160,853		38,393		(1,460)				197,786	
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		7,854		,		,				7,854	
Net income (loss)	\$	168,707	\$	38,393	\$	(1,460)	\$		\$	205,640	
Capital expenditures	\$	340,713	\$	44,796	\$		\$		\$	390,283	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Balance sheet information at June 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011 by segment is presented to reflect our business structure as of June 30, 2012 in the following tables.

ASSETS	Natural Gas Distribution	Regulated Transmission and Storage	June 30, 2012 Nonregulated (In thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 4,464,707	\$ 910.689	\$ 66,490	\$	\$ 5,441,886
Investment in subsidiaries	725,348	\$ 910,089	(2,096)	(723,252)	\$ 3,441,880
Current assets	123,346		(2,090)	(123,232)	
Cash and cash equivalents	9.245		18,461		27,706
Assets from risk management activities	3,486		3,939		7,425
Other current assets	519,422	16,021	424,455	(219,371)	740,527
Intercompany receivables	595,944	10,021	424,433	(595,944)	740,327
Total current assets	1,128,097	16,021	446,855	(815,315)	775,658
Intangible assets			174		174
Goodwill	572,908	132,381	34,711		740,000
Noncurrent assets from risk management activities	1,207		6,025		7,232
Deferred charges and other assets	358,272	16,379	10,234		384,885
	\$ 7,250,539	\$ 1,075,470	\$ 562,393	\$ (1,538,567)	\$ 7,349,835
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES					
Shareholders equity	\$ 2,354,925	\$ 313,280	\$ 412,068	\$ (725,348)	\$ 2,354,925
Long-term debt	1,956,224		65		1,956,289
Total capitalization	4,311,149	313,280	412,133	(725,348)	4,311,214
Current liabilities					
Current maturities of long-term debt	250,000		131		250,131
Short-term debt	422,491			(209,000)	213,491
Liabilities from risk management activities	96,895		4,658		101,553
Other current liabilities	435,743	8,440	109,146	(8,275)	545,054
Intercompany payables		559,281	36,663	(595,944)	
Total current liabilities	1,205,129	567,721	150,598	(813,219)	1,110,229
Deferred income taxes	898,176	192,981	(5,503)		1,085,654
Noncurrent liabilities from risk management activities			4,182		4,182
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	381,797				381,797
Deferred credits and other liabilities	454,288	1,488	983		456,759
	\$ 7,250,539	\$ 1,075,470	\$ 562,393	\$ (1,538,567)	\$ 7,349,835

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Natural	Regul		Septe	mber 30, 201	1	
	Gas Distribution		Transmission and Storage		nregulated thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS							
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 4,248,198	\$ 83	8,302	\$	61,418	\$	\$ 5,147,918
Investment in subsidiaries	670,993				(2,096)	(668,897)	
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	24,646				106,773		131,419
Assets from risk management activities	843				17,501		18,344
Other current assets	655,716	1	5,413		386,215	(196,154)	861,190
Intercompany receivables	569,898					(569,898)	
Total current assets	1,251,103	1	5,413		510,489	(766,052)	1,010,953
Intangible assets					207		207
Goodwill	572,908	13	2,381		34,711		740,000
Noncurrent assets from risk management activities	998						998
Deferred charges and other assets	353,960	1	8,028		10,807		382,795
	\$ 7,098,160	\$ 1,00	4,124	\$	615,536	\$ (1,434,949)	\$ 7,282,871
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES							
Shareholders equity	\$ 2,255,421	\$ 26	5,102	\$	405,891	\$ (670,993)	\$ 2,255,421
Long-term debt	2,205,986				131		2,206,117
Total capitalization	4,461,407	26	5,102		406,022	(670,993)	4,461,538
Current liabilities							
Current maturities of long-term debt	2,303				131		2,434
Short-term debt	387,691					(181,295)	206,396
Liabilities from risk management activities	11,916				3,537		15,453
Other current liabilities	474,783		0,369		170,926	(12,763)	643,315
Intercompany payables		54	3,084		26,814	(569,898)	
Total current liabilities	876,693	55	3,453		201,408	(763,956)	867,598
Deferred income taxes	789,649	17	3,351		(2,907)		960,093
Noncurrent liabilities from risk management activities	67,862				10,227		78,089
Regulatory cost of removal obligation	428,947						428,947
Deferred credits and other liabilities	473,602	1	2,218		786		486,606
	\$ 7,098,160	\$ 1,00	4,124	\$	615,536	\$ (1,434,949)	\$ 7,282,871

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Atmos Energy Corporation

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of Atmos Energy Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2012, the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Atmos Energy Corporation and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2011, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders—equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, not presented herein, and in our report dated November 22, 2011, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2011, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Dallas, Texas

August 9, 2012

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations INTRODUCTION

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Management s Discussion and Analysis in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Cautionary Statement for the Purposes of the Safe Harbor under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report are forward-looking statements made in good faith by us and are intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Report, or any other of our documents or oral presentations, the words anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, forecast, goal, intend, objective, plan, projection, seek, stra are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the statements relating to our strategy, operations, markets, services, rates, recovery of costs, availability of gas supply and other factors. These risks and uncertainties include the following: our ability to continue to access the credit markets to satisfy our liquidity requirements; the impact of adverse economic conditions on our customers; increased costs of providing pension and postretirement health care benefits and increased funding requirements along with increased costs of health care benefits; market risks beyond our control affecting our risk management activities including market liquidity, commodity price volatility, increasing interest rates and counterparty creditworthiness; regulatory trends and decisions, including the impact of rate proceedings before various state regulatory commissions; possible increased federal, state and local regulation of the safety of our operations; increased federal regulatory oversight and potential penalties; the impact of environmental regulations on our business; the impact of possible future additional regulatory and financial risks associated with global warming and climate change on our business; the concentration of our distribution, pipeline and storage operations in Texas; adverse weather conditions; the effects of inflation and changes in the availability and price of natural gas; the capital-intensive nature of our gas distribution business; increased competition from energy suppliers and alternative forms of energy; the inherent hazards and risks involved in operating our gas distribution business, natural disasters, terrorist activities or other events, and other risks and uncertainties discussed herein, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, while we believe these forward-looking statements to be reasonable, there can be no assurance that they will approximate actual experience or that the expectations derived from them will be realized. Further, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any of our forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

OVERVIEW

Atmos Energy and our subsidiaries are engaged primarily in the regulated natural gas distribution and transportation and storage businesses as well as other nonregulated natural gas businesses. We distribute natural gas through sales and transportation arrangements to over three million residential, commercial, public authority and industrial customers throughout our six regulated natural gas distribution divisions, which at June 30, 2012 covered service areas located in 12 states. In addition, we transport natural gas for others through our regulated distribution and pipeline systems. On August 1, 2012, we completed the divestiture of our natural gas distribution operations in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa, representing approximately 84,000 customers. On August 8, 2012, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to sell our natural gas distribution operations in Georgia, representing approximately 64,000 customers.

Through our nonregulated businesses, we primarily provide natural gas management and marketing services to municipalities, other local gas distribution companies and industrial customers primarily in the Midwest and Southeast and natural gas transportation and storage services to certain of our natural gas distribution divisions

and to third parties. Through our asset optimization activities, we also seek to maximize the economic value associated with the storage and transportation capacity we own or control.

As discussed in Note 11, we operate the Company through the following three segments:

the natural gas distribution segment, which includes our regulated natural gas distribution and related sales operations,

the regulated transmission and storage segment, which includes the regulated pipeline and storage operations of our Atmos Pipeline Texas Division and

the nonregulated segment, which includes our nonregulated natural gas management, nonregulated natural gas transmission, storage and other services.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES

Our condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. We based our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to risk management and trading activities, the allowance for doubtful accounts, legal and environmental accruals, insurance accruals, pension and postretirement obligations, deferred income taxes and the valuation of goodwill, indefinite-lived intangible assets and other long-lived assets. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

Our critical accounting policies used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 and include the following:

Regulation
Revenue Recognition
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts
Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities
Impairment Assessments
Pension and Other Postretirement Plans

Fair Value Measurements

Our critical accounting policies are reviewed periodically by the Audit Committee. There were no significant changes to these critical accounting policies during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Atmos Energy Corporation is involved in the distribution, marketing and transportation of natural gas. Accordingly, our results of operations are impacted by the demand for natural gas, particularly during the winter heating season, and the volatility of the natural gas markets. This generally results in higher operating revenues

and net income during the period from October through March of each fiscal year and lower operating revenues and either lower net income or net losses during the period from April through September of each fiscal year. Additionally, the seasonality of our business impacts our working capital differently at various times during the year. Typically, our accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt balances peak by the end of January and then start to decline, as customers begin to pay their winter heating bills. Gas stored underground, particularly in our natural gas distribution segment, normally peaks in November and declines as we utilize storage gas to serve our customers.

The seasonality of our business usually results in a loss in our fiscal third quarter. However, we reported net income of \$31.1 million, or \$0.34 per diluted share for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared with a

net loss of \$0.6 million or \$0.01 per diluted share in the prior year. Excluding the impact of unrealized margins and one-time items that occurred in the prior-year quarter, diluted earnings per share increased \$0.27 compared to the prior-year quarter. The quarter-over-quarter improvement reflects higher gross profit in our regulated transmission and storage segment due to increases approved under the Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program and in our nonregulated segment due to increased asset optimization, combined with lower consolidated operation and maintenance expense, which more than offset lower natural gas distribution margins. We reported net income from discontinued operations associated with the sale of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa service areas of \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, we earned \$208.8 million or \$2.28 per diluted share. Results for the prior-year period were influenced by the net positive impact of several one-time items totaling \$6.5 million, or \$0.07 per diluted share. Excluding the impact of these one-time items and unrealized margins in our nonregulated operations, we earned \$201.7 million, or \$2.20 per diluted share for the nine months ended June 30, 2012, compared to \$200.6 million, or \$2.20 in the prior-year period. Included in the current period amount is net income from discontinued operations of \$6.9 million, or \$0.07 per diluted share associated with the sale of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa service areas, a decrease of \$0.9 million or \$0.02 per diluted share compared with the prior-year period.

Our year-to-date results were unfavorably impacted by substantially warmer winter weather and an abundance of natural gas supply. The impact of these conditions was most significantly realized in our nonregulated operations, which experienced a \$12.4 million nine-month period-over-period decrease in net income, excluding the impact of one-time items and unrealized margins. However, increased earnings in our regulated transmission and storage segment, primarily as a result of an improved rate design implemented in the third quarter of the prior fiscal year, more than offset the decline experienced in our nonregulated segment. Results in our natural gas distribution segment, excluding the impact of one-time items were flat compared to the prior year, despite a nine percent decrease in throughput largely attributable to warmer than normal weather.

During the current fiscal year, we have taken several steps to increase earnings in our regulated operations. In our natural gas distribution segment, we have six rate proceedings in progress requesting a total of \$75.6 million in additional annual operating income and, in April 2012, we completed an annual rate filing for Atmos Pipeline-Texas (APT) that should increase annual operating income by \$14.7 million. Further, we announced two significant pipeline expansion projects whereby APT will spend approximately \$160 million over the next two fiscal years to increase its ability to secure new long-term gas supply on a firm and reliable basis and to enhance the reliability of APT s service to our Mid-Tex Division in certain critical locations.

During the second fiscal quarter, we completed the annual evaluation of the funded status of our qualified defined benefit plans as of January 1, 2012 as required by the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA). As a result of lower asset returns and a year-over-year 92 basis point decline in the discount rate used to value our pension liabilities, we were required to contribute \$23.0 million into the plans. For the nine months ended June 30, 2012, we contributed \$40.3 million into these plans and expect to contribute approximately \$6 million for the remainder of the fiscal year. Additionally, we contributed \$15.4 million into our postretirement medical plans during the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and expect to contribute between \$5 million and \$10 million for the remainder of the fiscal year. We believe our cash flows from operations are sufficient to fund these contributions.

Consolidated Results

The following table presents our consolidated financial highlights for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Mont June	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
		(In thousands, ex	cept per share data	1)
Operating revenues	\$ 585,831	\$ 843,615	\$ 2,930,454	\$ 3,558,374
Gross profit	298,790	266,805	1,095,933	1,085,197
Operating expenses	214,001	232,727	658,375	684,631
Operating income	84,789	34,078	437,558	400,566
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(1,948)	(1,430)	(3,207)	24,046
Interest charges	34,923	35,845	107,025	112,615
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	47,918	(3,197)	327,326	311,997
Income tax expense (benefit)	17,774	(1,723)	125,484	114,211
Income (loss) from continuing operations	30,144	(1,474)	201,842	197,786
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	988	908	6,908	7,854
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,132	\$ (566)	\$ 208,750	\$ 205,640
Diluted net income (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.02)	\$ 2.21	\$ 2.16
Diluted net income per share from discontinued operations	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.09
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.25

Our consolidated net income (loss) during the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was earned in each of our business segments as follows:

	Three	Three Months Ended June 30		
	2012	2011 (In thousands)	Change	
Natural gas distribution segment from continuing operations	\$ (2,777)	\$ (8,129)	\$ 5,352	
Regulated transmission and storage segment	20,144	10,552	9,592	
Nonregulated segment	12,777	(3,897)	16,674	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	30,144	(1,474)	31,618	
Net income from discontinued operations	988	908	80	
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,132	\$ (566)	\$ 31,698	
		Months Ended Ju		
	2012	2011 (In thousands)	Change	
Natural gas distribution segment from continuing operations	\$ 143,429	\$ 160,853	\$ (17,424)	
Regulated transmission and storage segment	48,178	38,393	9,785	
Nonregulated segment	10,235	(1,460)	11,695	
	201.042	197,786	4,056	
Net income from continuing operations	201,842			
Net income from continuing operations Net income from discontinued operations	6,908	7,854	(946)	

Regulated operations contributed 59 percent and 95 percent to our consolidated net income for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2012. The following tables segregate our consolidated net income (loss) and diluted earnings per share between our regulated and nonregulated operations:

	Three Months Ended June 30			
	2012	2011	Change	
	(In thou	ısands, except per	r share	
		data)		
Regulated operations	\$ 17,367	\$ 2,423	\$ 14,944	
Nonregulated operations	12,777	(3,897)	16,674	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	30,144	(1,474)	31,618	
Net income from discontinued operations	988	908	80	
Net income (loss)	\$ 31,132	\$ (566)	\$ 31,698	
Diluted EPS from continuing regulated operations	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.17	
Diluted EPS from nonregulated operations	0.14	(0.04)	0.18	
Diluted EPS from continuing operations	0.33	(0.02)	0.35	
Diluted EPS from discontinued operations	0.01	0.01		
-				
Consolidated diluted EPS	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.35	

	Nine Months Ended June 30			
	2012	2011	Change	
	(In thousa	nds, except per sha	re data)	
Regulated operations	\$ 191,607	\$ 199,246	\$ (7,639)	
Nonregulated operations	10,235	(1,460)	11,695	
Net income from continuing operations	201,842	197,786	4,056	
Net income from discontinued operations	6,908	7,854	(946)	
Net income	\$ 208,750	\$ 205,640	\$ 3,110	
Diluted EPS from continuing regulated operations	\$ 2.10	\$ 2.18	\$ (0.08)	
Diluted EPS from nonregulated operations	0.11	(0.02)	0.13	
Diluted EPS from continuing operations	2.21	2.16	0.05	
Diluted EPS from discontinued operations	0.07	0.09	(0.02)	
Consolidated diluted EPS	\$ 2.28	\$ 2.25	\$ 0.03	

Natural Gas Distribution Segment

The primary factors that impact the results of our natural gas distribution operations are our ability to earn our authorized rates of return, the cost of natural gas, competitive factors in the energy industry and economic conditions in our service areas.

Our ability to earn our authorized rates of return is based primarily on our ability to improve the rate design in our various ratemaking jurisdictions by reducing or eliminating regulatory lag and, ultimately, separating the recovery of our approved margins from customer usage patterns. Improving rate design is a long-term process and is further complicated by the fact that we operate in multiple rate jurisdictions.

Seasonal weather patterns can also affect our natural gas distribution operations. However, the effect of weather that is above or below normal is substantially offset through weather normalization adjustments, known as WNA, which has been approved by state regulatory commissions for over 90 percent of our residential and commercial meters in the following states for the following time periods:

Georgia, Kansas, West Texas

Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee, Mid-Tex

Louisiana

Virginia

October May

April

December March

January

December

Our natural gas distribution operations are also affected by the cost of natural gas. The cost of gas is passed through to our customers without markup. Therefore, increases in the cost of gas are offset by a corresponding increase in revenues. Accordingly, we believe gross profit is a better indicator of our financial performance than revenues. However, gross profit in our Texas and Mississippi service areas includes franchise fees and gross receipts taxes, which are calculated as a percentage of revenue (inclusive of gas costs). Therefore, the amount of these taxes included in revenues is influenced by the cost of gas and the level of gas sales volumes. We record the associated tax expense as a component of taxes, other than income. Although changes in these revenue-related taxes arising from changes in gas costs affect gross profit, over time the impact is offset within operating income.

Higher gas costs may also adversely impact our accounts receivable collections, resulting in higher bad debt expense and may require us to increase borrowings under our credit facilities resulting in higher interest expense. Finally, higher gas costs, as well as competitive factors in the industry and general economic conditions may cause customers to conserve or use alternative energy sources. Conversely, lower gas costs reduce our collection risk and reduce the need to utilize short-term borrowings to fund our working capital needs.

As discussed above, on August 1, 2012, we completed the sale of substantially all of our natural gas distribution operations in Missouri, Illinois and Iowa. The results of these operations have been separately reported in the following tables as discontinued operations and exclude general corporate overhead and interest expense that would normally be allocated to these operations.

On August 8, 2012, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to sell our natural gas distribution operations in Georgia. The results of these operations are classified as continuing operations at June 30, 2012.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our natural gas distribution segment for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

	Three Months Ended June 30		
	2012 (In thousan	2011 ds, unless otherwi	Change
Gross profit	\$ 200,678	\$ 200,192	\$ 486
Operating expenses	176,768	183,437	(6,669)
Operating income	23,910	16,755	7,155
Miscellaneous expense	(926)	(1,153)	227
Interest charges	27,834	28,042	(208)
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(4,850)	(12,440)	7,590
Income tax benefit	(2,073)	(4,311)	2,238
Loss from continuing operations	(2,777)	(8,129)	5,352
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	988	908	80
Net loss	\$ (1,789)	\$ (7,221)	\$ 5,432
Consolidated natural gas distribution sales volumes from continuing operations MMcf	33,407	37,011	(3,604)
Consolidated natural gas distribution transportation volumes from continuing operations MMcf	30,312	29,955	357
Consolidated natural gas distribution throughput from continuing operations MMcf Consolidated natural gas distribution throughput from discontinued operations	63,719	66,966	(3,247)
MMcf	1,981	2,128	(147)
Total consolidated natural gas distribution throughput MMcf	65,700	69,094	(3,394)
Consolidated natural gas distribution average transportation revenue per Mcf	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.03)
Consolidated natural gas distribution average cost of gas per Mcf sold	\$ 3.73	\$ 5.59	\$ (1.86)

The \$0.5 million increase in natural gas distribution gross profit was primarily due to a \$4.5 million net increase in rate adjustments, primarily in our Mid-Tex, Kentucky, Louisiana and Mississippi service areas.

These increases were partially offset by a \$3.3 million decrease in revenue-related taxes in our Mid-Tex, West Texas and Mississippi service areas, primarily due to lower revenues on which the tax is calculated.

Results for the third fiscal quarter were also unfavorably impacted by a five percent decrease in total consolidated throughput compared to the prior year. However, the impact to gross profit was mitigated by favorable rate designs that substantially lessened the impact of warm weather in most of our natural gas distribution service areas.

Operating expenses, which include operation and maintenance expense, provision for doubtful accounts, depreciation and amortization expense and taxes, other than income decreased \$6.7 million primarily due to the following:

\$5.3 million decrease in taxes, other than income.

\$1.4 million decrease in legal costs.

\$1.4 million decrease due to the establishment of regulatory assets for pension and postretirement costs.

These decreases were partially offset by a \$1.9 million increase in depreciation and amortization associated with an increase in our net plant as a result of our capital investments in the prior year.

The following table shows our operating income from continuing operations by natural gas distribution division, in order of total rate base, for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The presentation of our natural gas distribution operating income is included for financial reporting purposes and may not be appropriate for ratemaking purposes.

	Three	Three Months Ended June 30			
	2012				
		(In thousands)			
Mid-Tex	\$ 5,845	\$ 759	\$ 5,086		
Kentucky/Mid-States	5,189	4,832	357		
Louisiana	6,880	6,779	101		
West Texas	353	605	(252)		
Mississippi	1,785	(615)	2,400		
Colorado-Kansas	1,466	3,304	(1,838)		
Other	2,392	1,091	1,301		
Total	\$ 23.910	\$ 16,755	\$ 7.155		

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our natural gas distribution segment for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

		1		onths Ende	ed	
	2	2012 (In thousa		2011 iless other		Change ted)
Gross profit	\$ 8'	72,565		70,132		2,433
Operating expenses	5:	51,003	5	45,917		5,086
Operating income	3	21,562	3	24,215		(2,653)
Miscellaneous income (expense)		(1,949)		18,305	((20,254)
Interest charges	;	84,522		87,344		(2,822)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	2:	35,091	2	55,176	1	(20,085)
Income tax expense	(91,662		94,323		(2,661)
	1	12 120		CO 052		(17.404)
Income from continuing operations	14	43,429	1	60,853	((17,424)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		6,908		7,854		(946)
Net income	\$ 1:	50,337	\$ 1	68,707	\$ ((18,370)
Consolidated natural gas distribution sales volumes from continuing operations MMcf	2:	21,466	2	53,665	,	(32,199)
Consolidated natural gas distribution transportation volumes from continuing operations MMcf	10	00,021		99,551		470
Consolidated natural gas distribution throughput from continuing operations MMcf	3:	21,487	3	53,216	,	(31,729)
Consolidated natural gas distribution throughput from discontinued operations MMcf		10,855		12,723		(1,868)
Total consolidated natural gas distribution throughput MMcf	3.	32,342	3	65,939		(33,597)
		,c . _		,,,,,,,		(==,0,1)
Consolidated natural gas distribution average transportation revenue per Mcf Consolidated natural gas distribution average cost of gas	\$	0.44	\$	0.47	\$	(0.03)
per Mcf sold	\$	4.70	\$	5.21	\$	(0.51)

The \$2.4 million increase in natural gas distribution gross profit was primarily due to a \$15.5 million net increase in rate adjustments, primarily in the Mid-Tex, Louisiana, Mississippi, Kentucky and West Texas service areas.

These increases were partially offset by the following:

\$8.9 million decrease in revenue-related taxes in our Mid-Tex, West Texas and Mississippi service areas, primarily due to lower revenues on which the tax is calculated.

\$3.1 million decrease due to a nine percent decrease in consolidated throughput caused principally by lower residential and commercial consumption combined with warmer weather in the current period compared to the same period last year in most of our service areas. Operating expenses, which include operation and maintenance expense, provision for doubtful accounts, depreciation and amortization expense and taxes, other than income increased \$5.1 million primarily due to the following:

\$8.1 million increase in depreciation and amortization associated with an increase in our net plant as a result of our capital investments in the prior year.

\$5.9 million net increase in legal and other administrative costs.

\$1.7 million increase in software maintenance costs.

These increases were partially offset by the following:

\$5.5 million decrease in operating expenses due to increased capital spending and warmer weather allowing us time to complete more capital work than in the prior year.

\$2.9 million decrease associated with the aforementioned regulatory asset.

Net income for this segment for the prior-year period was favorably impacted by a \$21.8 million pre-tax gain recognized in March 2011 as a result of unwinding two Treasury locks (\$13.3 million, net of tax) and a \$5.0 million income tax benefit related to the administrative settlement of various income tax positions.

The following table shows our operating income from continuing operations by natural gas distribution division, in order of total rate base, for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The presentation of our natural gas distribution operating income is included for financial reporting purposes and may not be appropriate for ratemaking purposes.

		Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2012	2011 (In thousands)	Change	
Mid-Tex	\$ 142,595	\$ 140,674	\$ 1,921	
Kentucky/Mid-States	46,162	50,522	(4,360)	
Louisiana	44,551	44,975	(424)	
West Texas	29,017	29,405	(388)	
Mississippi	29,454	27,604	1,850	
Colorado-Kansas	23,627	26,256	(2,629)	
Other	6,156	4,779	1,377	
Total	\$ 321,562	\$ 324,215	\$ (2,653)	

Recent Ratemaking Developments

Significant ratemaking developments that occurred during the nine months ended June 30, 2012 are discussed below. The amounts described below represent the operating income that was requested or received in each rate filing, which may not necessarily reflect the stated amount referenced in the final order, as certain operating costs may have changed as a result of a commission s or other governmental authority s final ruling.

Annual net operating income increases totaling \$9.9 million resulting from ratemaking activity became effective in the nine months ended June 30, 2012 as summarized below:

	Annual Increase to
	Operating
Rate Action	Income
	(In thousands)
Rate case filings	\$ 545
Infrastructure programs	4,488
Annual rate filing mechanisms	4,720
Other rate activity	167

\$ 9,920

Additionally, the following ratemaking efforts were in progress during the third quarter of fiscal 2012 but had not been completed as of June 30, 2012.

Division	Rate Action	Jurisdiction	I Re	perating income equested housands)
Mid-Tex	Rate Case	RRC	\$	46,537
West Texas	Rate Case	RRC		9,427
Colorado-Kansas	Rate Case ⁽¹⁾	Kansas		5,498
Louisiana	Rate Stabilization Clause ⁽²⁾	LGS		1,823
Kentucky/Mid-States	$PRP^{(3)}$	Georgia		1,079
Kentucky/Mid-States	Rate Case	Tennessee		11,230
			\$	75,594

- (1) Atmos Energy and Commission Staff reached a settlement for an increase in operating income of \$3.8 million. A hearing on the settlement was conducted on July 18, 2012 and a final order is due before the end of the fiscal year.
- (2) The Louisiana Commission Staff recommended an operating income increase of \$2.3 million effective July 1, 2012, which the Commission accepted.
- (3) The Pipeline Replacement Program (PRP) surcharge relates to a long-term cast iron replacement program. Rate Case Filings

A rate case is a formal request from Atmos Energy to a regulatory authority to increase rates that are charged to our customers. Rate cases may also be initiated when the regulatory authorities request us to justify our rates. This process is referred to as a show cause action. Adequate rates are intended to provide for recovery of the Company s costs as well as a fair rate of return to our shareholders and ensure that we continue to deliver reliable, reasonably priced natural gas service to our customers. The following table summarizes the rate case that was completed during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Division	State	Annual Inc	ease in Operating come ousands)	Effective Date
2012 Rate Case Filings:				
West Texas Environs	Texas	\$	545	11/08/2011
Total 2012 Rate Case Filings		\$	545	

Infrastructure Programs

Infrastructure programs such as the Gas Reliability Infrastructure Program (GRIP) allow natural gas distribution companies the opportunity to include in their rate base annually approved capital costs incurred in the prior calendar year. As of June 30, 2012, we had infrastructure programs in Texas, Georgia, Missouri and Kentucky. The following table summarizes our infrastructure program filings with effective dates occurring during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Division	Period End	Incremental Net Utility Plant Investment (In thousands)	Increase in Annual Operating Income (In thousands)	Effective Date
2012 Infrastructure Programs:				
Mid-Tex Unincorporated (Environs) ⁽¹⁾	12/2011	\$ 145,671	\$ 744	06/26/2012
Kentucky/Mid-States Georgia	09/2010	7,160	1,215	10/01/2011
Kentucky/Mid-States Kentucky	09/2012	17,347	2,529	10/01/2011
Total 2012 Infrastructure Programs		\$ 170,178	\$ 4,488	

⁽¹⁾ Incremental net utility plant investment represents the system-wide incremental investment for the Mid-Tex Division. The increase in annual operating income is for the unincorporated areas of the Mid-Tex Division only.
Annual Rate Filing Mechanisms

As an instrument to reduce regulatory lag, annual rate filing mechanisms allow us to refresh our rates on a periodic basis without filing a formal rate case. However, these filings still involve discovery by the appropriate regulatory authorities prior to the final determination of rates under these mechanisms. We currently have annual rate filing mechanisms in our Louisiana and Mississippi divisions and the Georgia service area in our Kentucky/Mid-States Division. The Company is requesting new annual rate filing mechanisms as part of our ongoing rate cases in our Mid-Tex and West Texas divisions to replace the annual mechanisms that expired for significant portions of these service areas in 2011. These mechanisms are referred to as rate review mechanisms in our Mid-Tex and West Texas divisions, stable rate filings in the Mississippi Division and a rate stabilization clause in the Louisiana Division. The following table summarizes filings made under our various annual rate filing mechanisms for the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Division	Jurisdiction	Test Year Ended	Additional Annual Operating Income (In thousands)		Effective Date
2012 Filings:					
Mid-Tex	Dallas	09/30/2011	\$	1,204	06/01/2012
Louisiana	Trans La	09/30/2011		11	04/01/2012
Kentucky/Mid-States	Georgia	09/30/2011		(818)	02/01/2012
Mississippi	Mississippi	06/30/2011		4,323	01/11/2012
Total 2012 Filings			\$	4,720	

Other Ratemaking Activity

The following table summarizes other ratemaking activity during the nine months ended June 30, 2012:

Division	Jurisdiction	Rate Activity	An Ope Inc	itional nual rating come ousands)	Effective Date
2012 Other Rate Activity:					
Colorado-Kansas	Kansas	Ad Valorem ⁽¹⁾	\$	167	01/14/2012
Total 2012 Other Rate Activity			\$	167	

Our regulated transmission and storage segment consists of the regulated pipeline and storage operations of the Atmos Pipeline Texas Division. The Atmos Pipeline Texas Division transports natural gas to our Mid-Tex Division and third parties and manages five underground storage reservoirs in Texas. We also provide ancillary services customary in the pipeline industry including parking and lending arrangements and sales of inventory on hand.

Similar to our natural gas distribution segment, our regulated transmission and storage segment is impacted by seasonal weather patterns, competitive factors in the energy industry and economic conditions in our service areas. Further, as the Atmos Pipeline Texas Division operations supply all of the natural gas for our Mid-Tex Division, the results of this segment are highly dependent upon the natural gas requirements of the Mid-Tex Division. Finally, as a regulated pipeline, the operations of the Atmos Pipeline Texas Division may be impacted by the timing of when costs and expenses are incurred and when these costs and expenses are recovered through its tariffs.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our regulated transmission and storage segment for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

		Three Months Ended June 30		
	2012	2011	Change	
	(In thou	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Mid-Tex transportation	\$ 43,693	\$ 32,098	\$ 11,595	
Third-party transportation	17,281	16,518	763	
Storage and park and lend services	1,484	1,802	(318)	
Other	4,615	3,152	1,463	
Gross profit	67,073	53,570	13,503	
Operating expenses	28,063	29,305	(1,242)	
Operating income	39,010	24,265	14,745	
Miscellaneous expense	(298)	(312)	14	
Interest charges	7,353	7,653	(300)	
Income before income taxes	31,359	16,300	15,059	
Income tax expense	11,215	5,748	5,467	

⁽¹⁾ The Ad Valorem filing relates to a collection of property taxes in excess of the amount included in our Kansas area s base rates. **Regulated Transmission and Storage Segment**

Net income	\$ 20,144	\$ 10,552	\$ 9,592
Gross pipeline transportation volumes MMcf	146,170	141,294	4,876
Consolidated pipeline transportation volumes MMcf	118,678	112,564	6,114

The \$13.5 million increase in regulated transmission and storage gross profit compared to the prior-year quarter was primarily a result of the GRIP filings approved by the RRC during fiscal 2011 and 2012. During fiscal 2011, the Commission approved the Atmos Pipeline Texas GRIP filing with an annual operating income increase of \$12.6 million that went into effect in the fiscal fourth quarter. On April 10, 2012, the RRC approved the Atmos Pipeline Texas GRIP filing with an annual operating income increase of \$14.7 million that went into effect with bills rendered on and after April 10, 2012.

The GRIP filings approved in fiscal 2011 and 2012 increased quarter-over-quarter gross profit by \$9.1 million. In addition, excess retention gas sales increased gross profit by \$1.6 million.

Operating expenses decreased \$1.2 million primarily due to a \$2.6 million decrease in outside services and materials and supplies as a result of increased capital spending in the current-year quarter, partially offset by a \$1.0 million increase in depreciation expense, resulting from the rate case and a higher investment in plant.

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our regulated transmission and storage segment for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

	Nine Months Ended June 30		
	2012	2011	Change
	(In thousands, unless otherwise noted)		
Mid-Tex transportation	\$ 120,150	\$ 92,729	\$ 27,421
Third-party transportation	46,529	49,841	(3,312)
Storage and park and lend services	5,157	6,191	(1,034)
Other	10,033	8,792	1,241
Gross profit	181,869	157,553	24,316
Operating expenses	84,017	79,373	4,644
Operating income	97,852	78,180	19,672
Miscellaneous income (expense)	(634)	5,267	(5,901)
Interest charges	22,176	23,802	(1,626)
	75.042	50.645	15 207
Income before income taxes	75,042	59,645	15,397
Income tax expense	26,864	21,252	5,612
Net income	\$ 48,178	\$ 38,393	\$ 9,785
Gross pipeline transportation volumes MMcf	483,360	468,943	14,417
Consolidated pipeline transportation volumes MMcf	333,341	305,898	27,443

The \$24.3 million increase in regulated transmission and storage gross profit compared to the prior-year period was primarily a result of the previously discussed rate design changes approved in the rate case in the prior year. Therefore, despite an eight percent decrease in throughput to our Mid-Tex Division, we experienced a 30 percent increase in gross profit from Mid-Tex transportation.

For the year-to-date period, the enhanced rate design resulted in a \$32.4 million increase in gross profit compared to the prior-year period. This increase was partially offset by the following:

\$4.4 million decrease in third-party transportation fees. Throughput associated with third-party transportation increased nine percent due to the execution of new delivery contracts with local producers in the Barnett Shale region. However, these increases were more than offset by lower transportation rates.

\$2.5 million decrease associated with lower throughput to our Mid-Tex Division.

Operating expenses increased \$4.6 million primarily due to a \$4.9 million increase in depreciation expense, resulting from the rate case and a higher investment in net plant.

Net income for this segment for the prior-year period was favorably impacted by a \$6.0 million pre-tax gain recognized in March 2011 as a result of unwinding two Treasury locks (\$3.9 million, net of tax).

Nonregulated Segment

Our nonregulated activities are conducted through Atmos Energy Holdings, Inc. (AEH), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Atmos Energy Corporation and operates primarily in the Midwest and Southeast areas of the United States.

AEH s primary business is to deliver gas and provide related services by aggregating and purchasing gas supply, arranging transportation and storage logistics and ultimately delivering gas to customers at competitive prices. This business is significantly influenced by competitive factors in the industry, general economic conditions and other factors that could affect the demand for natural gas. Therefore, the margins earned from these activities are dependent upon our ability to attract and retain customers and to minimize the cost of gas used to serve those customers. Further, delivered gas margins can be affected by the price of natural gas in the different locations where we buy and sell gas.

AEH also earns storage and transportation margins from (i) utilizing its proprietary 21-mile pipeline located in New Orleans, Louisiana to aggregate gas supply for our regulated natural gas distribution division in Louisiana, its gas delivery activities and, on a more limited basis, for third parties and (ii) managing proprietary storage in Kentucky and Louisiana to supplement the natural gas needs of our natural gas distribution divisions during peak periods. The majority of these margins are generated through demand fees established under contracts with certain of our natural gas distribution divisions that are renewed periodically and subject to regulatory oversight.

AEH utilizes customer-owned or contracted storage capacity to serve its customers. In an effort to offset the demand fees paid to contract for storage capacity and to maximize the value of this capacity, AEH sells financial instruments in an effort to earn a gross profit margin through the arbitrage of pricing differences in various locations and by recognizing pricing differences that occur over time. Margins earned from these activities and the related storage demand fees are reported as asset optimization margins. Certain of these arrangements are with regulated affiliates, which have been approved by applicable state regulatory commissions. These margins are influenced by natural gas market conditions including, but not limited to, the price of natural gas, demand for natural gas, the level of domestic natural gas inventory levels and the level of volatility between current (spot) and future natural gas prices. These margins are also impacted by our ability to minimize the demand fees paid to contract for storage capacity.

Higher natural gas prices may adversely impact our accounts receivable collections, resulting in higher bad debt expense, and may require us to increase borrowings under our credit facilities resulting in higher interest expense. Higher gas prices may also cause customers to conserve or use alternative energy sources. Lower natural gas prices generally reduce these risks.

The level of volatility in natural gas prices also has a significant impact on our nonregulated segment. Increased price volatility influences the spreads between the current (spot) prices and forward natural gas prices, which creates opportunities to earn higher arbitrage spreads and basis differentials from identifying the lowest cost alternative among the natural gas supplies, transportation and markets to which we have access. Conversely, a lack of price volatility reduces opportunities to create value from arbitrage spreads and basis differentials.

Our nonregulated segment manages its exposure to natural gas commodity price risk through a combination of physical storage and financial instruments. Therefore, results for this segment will include unrealized gains or losses on its net physical gas position and the related financial instruments used to manage commodity price risk. These margins fluctuate based upon changes in the spreads between the physical and forward natural gas prices. Generally, if the physical/financial spread narrows, we will record unrealized gains or lower unrealized losses. If the physical/financial spread widens, we will generally record unrealized losses or lower unrealized gains. The magnitude of the unrealized gains and losses is also contingent upon the levels of our net physical position at the end of the reporting period.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our nonregulated segment for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below. Gross profit margin consists primarily of margins earned from the delivery of gas and related services requested by our customers, margins earned from storage and transportation services and margins earned from asset optimization activities, which are derived from the utilization of our proprietary and managed third-party storage and transportation assets to capture favorable arbitrage spreads through natural gas trading activities.

	Three Months Ended June 30			
	2012 (In the	2011 ousands, unless o noted)	Change otherwise	
Realized margins				
Gas delivery and related services	\$ 9,637	\$ 11,631	\$ (1,994)	
Storage and transportation services	3,313	4,042	(729)	
Other	791	1,177	(386)	
	13,741	16,850	(3,109)	
Asset optimization ⁽¹⁾	14,600	(3,623)	18,223	
Total realized margins	28,341	13,227	15,114	
Unrealized margins	3,080	178	2,902	
Gross profit	31,421	13,405	18,016	
Operating expenses, excluding asset impairments	9,553	9,359	194	
Asset impairments		10,988	(10,988)	
	21.060	(6.042)	20.010	
Operating income (loss)	21,868	(6,942)	28,810	
Miscellaneous income	136	168	(32)	
Interest charges	595	283	312	
Income (loss) before income taxes	21,409	(7,057)	28,466	
Income tax expense (benefit)	8,632	(3,160)	11,792	
Net income (loss)	\$ 12,777	\$ (3,897)	\$ 16,674	
Gross nonregulated delivered gas sales volumes MMcf	89,682	104,658	(14,976)	
Consolidated nonregulated delivered gas sales volumes MMcf	79,658	88,382	(8,724)	
Net physical position (Bcf)	30.3	16.7	13.6	

Results for our nonregulated operations during the third fiscal quarter continue to be adversely influenced by unfavorable natural gas market conditions. Historically high natural gas storage levels caused by strong domestic natural gas production caused natural gas prices to remain relatively low during our fiscal third quarter. Additionally, we continue to experience compressed spot to forward spread values and basis differentials.

We anticipate these natural gas market conditions will continue for the foreseeable future. As a result, we anticipate that basis differentials will remain compressed and spot-to-forward price volatility will remain relatively low. Accordingly, although we anticipate continuing to profit on a fiscal-year basis from our nonregulated activities, we anticipate per-unit margins from our delivered gas activities and margins earned from our asset optimization activities will be lower than in previous years for the foreseeable future.

⁽¹⁾ Net of storage fees of \$4.2 million and \$3.8 million.

Realized margins for gas delivery, storage and transportation services and other services were \$13.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with \$16.9 million for the prior-year quarter. The decrease primarily reflects a 10 percent decrease in consolidated sales volumes due to lower demand from industrial customers and lower deliveries to power generation customers due to milder weather compared to the prior-year quarter.

Asset optimization margins increased \$18.2 million from the prior-year quarter primarily due to realized gains earned from AEM s trading strategy executed earlier in the fiscal year. During the first six months of fiscal 2012, AEM took advantage of falling natural gas prices by injecting gas into storage and rolling financial positions scheduled to settle during the third and fourth fiscal quarters of fiscal 2012. These gains were partially offset by increased storage fees associated with increased park and loan activity.

The \$2.9 million increase in unrealized margins primarily reflects the impact of falling prices on our physical inventory as this hedged inventory is marked to market.

In the prior-year quarter we recorded an \$11.0 million asset impairment charge related to our investment in certain natural gas gathering assets.

Nine Months Ended June 30, 2012 compared with Nine Months Ended June 30, 2011

Financial and operational highlights for our nonregulated segment for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

	1	Nine Months Ended June 30			
	2012	2011	Change		
	(In thousa	nds, unless otherwi	ise noted)		
Realized margins					
Gas delivery and related services	\$ 35,021	\$ 46,842	\$ (11,821)		
Storage and transportation services	9,953	10,913	(960)		
Other	2,804	3,956	(1,152)		
	47,778	61,711	(13,933)		
Asset optimization ⁽¹⁾	(17,039)	(344)	(16,695)		
Total realized margins	30,739	61,367	(30,628)		
Unrealized margins	11,858	(2,726)	14,584		
Gross profit	42,597	58,641	(16,044)		
Operating expenses, excluding asset impairments	24,457	30,200	(5,743)		
Asset impairments		30,270	(30,270)		
Operating income (loss)	18,140	(1,829)	19,969		
Miscellaneous income	739	764	(25)		
Interest charges	1,686	1,759	(73)		
Income (loss) before income taxes	17,193	(2,824)	20,017		
Income tax expense (benefit)	6,958	(1,364)	8,322		
Net income (loss)	\$ 10,235	\$ (1,460)	\$ 11,695		
Gross nonregulated delivered gas sales volumes MMcf	307,800	339,747	(31,947)		
Consolidated nonregulated delivered gas sales volumes MMcf	270,372	290,486	(20,114)		
Net physical position (Bcf)	30.3	16.7	13.6		

⁽¹⁾ Net of storage fees of \$13.7 million and \$10.7 million.

Realized margins for gas delivery, storage and transportation services and other services were \$47.8 million during the nine months ended June 30, 2012 compared with \$61.7 million for the prior-year period. The decrease reflects the following:

A seven percent decrease in consolidated sales volumes. The decrease was largely attributable to warmer weather, which reduced sales to utility, municipal and other weather-sensitive customers.

A decrease in gas delivery per-unit margins from \$0.14/Mcf in the prior-year period to \$0.11/Mcf in the current-year period primarily due to lower basis differentials resulting from increased natural gas supply and increased transportation costs. The decrease in basis differentials was partially offset by increased fees earned from certain transportation arrangements and the receipt of a one-time refund

of transportation demand fees from one of our transporters.

Asset optimization margins decreased \$16.7 million from the prior-year period. The period-over-period decrease primarily reflects AEH s decision during the first six months of fiscal 2012 to take advantage of falling

natural gas prices by purchasing and injecting gas into storage and rolling financial positions scheduled to settle during the third and fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. As a result of this decision and falling prices, we realized significantly higher losses on the settlement of financial instruments used to hedge our natural gas purchases during the first two quarters of fiscal 2012.

Additionally, AEH experienced increased storage fees associated with increased park and loan activity. Finally, AEH incurred a \$1.7 million charge in the first fiscal quarter to write down to market certain natural gas inventory that no longer qualified for fair value hedge accounting.

Unrealized margins increased \$14.6 million in the current period compared to the prior-year period primarily due to the timing of year-over-year realized margins.

Operating expenses, excluding asset impairments decreased \$5.7 million primarily due to lower employee-related expenses. Asset impairments include the aforementioned pre-tax impairment charge recorded in the prior-year period related to the write-off of certain natural gas gathering assets as well as an asset impairment charge of \$19.3 million recorded in March 2011 related to our investment in our Fort Necessity storage project.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The liquidity required to fund our working capital, capital expenditures and other cash needs is provided from a variety of sources including internally generated funds and borrowings under our commercial paper program and bank credit facilities. Additionally, we have various uncommitted trade credit lines with our gas suppliers that we utilize to purchase natural gas on a monthly basis. Finally, from time to time, we raise funds from the public debt and equity capital markets to fund our liquidity needs.

We regularly evaluate our funding strategy and profile to ensure that we have sufficient liquidity for our short-term and long-term needs in a cost-effective manner. We also evaluate the levels of committed borrowing capacity that we require.

As discussed in Note 6, our Unsecured 5.125% Senior Notes were scheduled to mature in January 2013. On July 27, 2012 we issued a notice of early redemption of these notes on August 28, 2012. We intend to initially fund the redemption through the issuance of commercial paper. Shortly thereafter, we intend to enter into a short-term financing facility to repay the commercial paper borrowings utilized to redeem the notes. The short-term facility is expected to be repaid with the proceeds received from the issuance of new unsecured notes anticipated to occur in January 2013. In August 2011, we entered into three Treasury lock agreements to fix the Treasury yield component of the interest cost associated with the anticipated issuances of these senior notes. We designated all of these Treasury locks as cash flow hedges.

We believe the liquidity provided by our senior notes and committed credit facilities, combined with our operating cash flows, will be sufficient to fund our working capital needs and capital expenditure program for the remainder of fiscal 2012.

Cash Flows

Our internally generated funds may change in the future due to a number of factors, some of which we cannot control. These include regulatory changes, prices for our products and services, demand for such products and services, margin requirements resulting from significant changes in commodity prices, operational risks and other factors.

Cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are presented below.

	Nine Months Ended June 30					
	2012	2012 2011				
		(In thousands)				
Total cash provided by (used in)						
Operating activities	\$ 518,806	\$ 519,562	\$ (756)			
Investing activities	(501,621)	(393,656)	(107,965)			
Financing activities	(120,898)	(140,429)	19,531			
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(103,713)	(14,523)	(89,190)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	131,419	131,952	(533)			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 27,706	\$ 117,429	\$ (89,723)			

Cash flows from operating activities

Period-over-period changes in our operating cash flows are primarily attributable to changes in net income and working capital changes, particularly within our natural gas distribution segment resulting from the price of natural gas and the timing of customer collections, payments for natural gas purchases and deferred gas cost recoveries.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2012, we generated operating cash flow of \$518.8 million from operating activities compared with \$519.6 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2011. The \$0.8 million decrease in operating cash flows primarily reflects the \$46.6 million increase in contributions made to our pension and postretirement plans during the first nine months of fiscal 2012, offset by changes in working capital.

Cash flows from investing activities

In recent years, a substantial portion of our cash resources has been used to fund growth projects, our ongoing construction program and improvements to information technology systems. Our ongoing construction program enables us to provide natural gas distribution services to our existing customer base, expand our natural gas distribution services into new markets, enhance the integrity of our pipelines and, more recently, expand our intrastate pipeline network. In executing our current rate strategy, we are directing discretionary capital spending to jurisdictions that permit us to earn a timely return on our investment. Currently, rate designs in our Mid-Tex, Louisiana, Mississippi and West Texas natural gas distribution divisions and our Atmos Pipeline Texas Division provide the opportunity to include in their rate base approved capital costs on a periodic basis without being required to file a rate case.

Capital expenditures for fiscal 2012 are currently expected to range from \$690 million to \$710 million. For the nine months ended June 30, 2012, capital expenditures were \$497.4 million compared with \$390.3 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2011. The \$107.1 million increase in capital expenditures primarily reflects spending for the steel service line replacement program in the Mid-Tex Division and other infrastructure replacement projects in our Mid-Tex, West Texas and Kentucky service areas, the development of new customer billing and information systems for our natural gas distribution segment and increased capital spending to increase the capacity on our Atmos Pipeline Texas system.

Cash flows from financing activities

For the nine months ended June 30, 2012, our financing activities used \$120.9 million of cash compared with \$140.4 million of cash used in the prior-year period, primarily due to lower cash outflows associated with our short-term and long-term debt instruments, as follows:

\$125.4 million for short-term debt repayments. In the current-year period, \$6.7 million of short-term debt was repaid, compared with \$132.1 million in the prior-year period.

\$357.7 million for scheduled long-term debt repayments. In the current-year period, \$2.4 million of long-term debt was repaid, compared with \$360.1 million in the prior-year period.

The lower repayment activity was partially offset by:

\$394.6 million and \$20.1 million less cash received related to the issuance of long-term debt and the related settlement of Treasury locks in the prior year.

\$27.8 million less cash received related to the unwinding of two Treasury locks in the prior year.

\$12.5 million additional cash used to repurchase common stock as part of our share buyback program.

\$7.3 million less cash received from proceeds related to the issuance of common stock. The following table summarizes our share issuances for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Nine Mon Jun	
	2012	2011
Shares issued:		
1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan	414,778	663,555
Outside Directors Stock-for-Fee Plan	1,823	1,801
Total shares issued	416,601	665,356

The year-over-year decrease in the number of shares issued primarily reflects the significant number of stock options exercised in the prior year. During the current-year period, we cancelled and retired 152,427 shares attributable to federal withholdings on equity awards and repurchased and retired 387,991 shares through our 2011 share repurchase program described in Note 7.

As of September 30, 2011, we were authorized to grant awards for up to a maximum of 6.5 million shares of common stock under our 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP). In February 2011, shareholders voted to increase the number of authorized LTIP shares by 2.2 million shares. On October 19, 2011, we received all required state regulatory approvals to increase the maximum number of authorized LTIP shares to 8.7 million shares, subject to certain adjustment provisions. On October 28, 2011, we filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 to register an additional 2.2 million shares; we also listed such shares with the New York Stock Exchange.

Credit Facilities

Our short-term borrowing requirements are affected by the seasonal nature of the natural gas business. Changes in the price of natural gas and the amount of natural gas we need to supply to meet our customers needs could significantly affect our borrowing requirements. However, our short-term borrowings typically reach their highest levels in the winter months.

We finance our short-term borrowing requirements through a combination of a \$750.0 million commercial paper program under our \$750 million unsecured five-year credit facility and four committed revolving credit facilities with third-party lenders that provided approximately \$1.0 billion of working capital funding. As of June 30, 2012, the amount available to us under our credit facilities, net of outstanding letters of credit, was \$658.6 million.

Shelf Registration

We have an effective shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that permits us to issue a total of \$1.3 billion in common stock and/or debt securities. The shelf registration statement has been approved by all requisite state regulatory commissions. Due to certain restrictions imposed by one state regulatory commission on our ability to issue securities under the new registration statement, we were able to

issue a total of \$950 million in debt securities and \$350 million in equity securities. At June 30, 2012, \$900 million was available for issuance. With the closing of the sale of our Missouri, Illinois and Iowa operations on August 1, 2012, there are no longer any restrictions on our ability to issue either debt or equity under the shelf until it expires in March 2013.

Credit Ratings

Our credit ratings directly affect our ability to obtain short-term and long-term financing, in addition to the cost of such financing. In determining our credit ratings, the rating agencies consider a number of quantitative factors, including debt to total capitalization, operating cash flow relative to outstanding debt, operating cash flow coverage of interest and pension liabilities and funding status. In addition, the rating agencies consider qualitative factors such as consistency of our earnings over time, the quality of our management and business strategy, the risks associated with our regulated and nonregulated businesses and the regulatory structures that govern our rates in the states where we operate.

Our debt is rated by three rating agencies: Standard & Poor s Corporation (S&P), Moody s Investors Service (Moody s) and Fitch Ratings, Ltd. (Fitch). As of June 30, 2012, all three ratings agencies maintained a stable outlook. Our current debt ratings are all considered investment grade and are as follows:

	S&P	Moody s	Fitch
Unsecured senior long-term debt	BBB+	Baa1	A-
Commercial paper	A-2	P-2	F-2

A significant degradation in our operating performance or a significant reduction in our liquidity caused by more limited access to the private and public credit markets as a result of deteriorating global or national financial and credit conditions could trigger a negative change in our ratings outlook or even a reduction in our credit ratings by the three credit rating agencies. This would mean more limited access to the private and public credit markets and an increase in the costs of such borrowings.

A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. The highest investment grade credit rating is AAA for S&P, Aaa for Moody s and AAA for Fitch. The lowest investment grade credit rating is BBB- for S&P, Baa3 for Moody s and BBB- for Fitch. Our credit ratings may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the rating agencies, and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. There can be no assurance that a rating will remain in effect for any given period of time or that a rating will not be lowered, or withdrawn entirely, by a rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

Debt Covenants

We were in compliance with all of our debt covenants as of June 30, 2012. Our debt covenants are described in greater detail in Note 6 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Capitalization

The following table presents our capitalization inclusive of short-term debt and the current portion of long-term debt as of June 30, 2012, September 30, 2011 and June 30, 2011:

	June 30, 20		September 3	,	June 30, 2	2011
		(In	thousands, excep	t percentage:	s)	
Short-term debt	\$ 213,491	4.5%	\$ 206,396	4.4%	\$	
Long-term debt	2,206,420	46.2%	2,208,551	47.3%	2,208,540	48.6%
Shareholders equity	2,354,925	49.3%	2,255,421	48.3%	2,335,824	51.4%
Total	\$ 4,774,836	100.0%	\$ 4,670,368	100.0%	\$ 4,544,364	100.0%

Total debt as a percentage of total capitalization, including short-term debt, was 50.7 percent at June 30, 2012, 51.7 percent at September 30, 2011 and 48.6 percent at June 30, 2011. Our ratio of total debt to capitalization is typically greater during the winter heating season as we incur short-term debt to fund natural gas purchases and meet our working capital requirements. We intend to maintain our debt to capitalization ratio in a target range of 50 to 55 percent.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

Significant commercial commitments are described in Note 9 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in our contractual obligations and commercial commitments during the nine months ended June 30, 2012.

Risk Management Activities

We conduct risk management activities through our natural gas distribution and nonregulated segments. In our natural gas distribution segment, we use a combination of physical storage, fixed physical contracts and fixed financial contracts to reduce our exposure to unusually large winter-period gas price increases.

In our nonregulated segment, we manage our exposure to the risk of natural gas price changes and lock in our gross profit margin through a combination of storage and financial instruments, including futures, over-the-counter and exchange-traded options and swap contracts with counterparties. To the extent our inventory cost and actual sales and actual purchases do not correlate with the changes in the market indices we use in our hedges, we could experience ineffectiveness or the hedges may no longer meet the accounting requirements for hedge accounting, resulting in the financial instruments being treated as mark to market instruments through earnings.

The following table shows the components of the change in fair value of our natural gas distribution segment s financial instruments for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Three Mon June		Nine Mont June			
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
		(In thousands)				
Fair value of contracts at beginning of period	\$ (47,532)	\$ 30,533	\$ (79,277)	\$ (49,600)		
Contracts realized/settled	(351)	(13)	(31,888)	(51,058)		
Fair value of new contracts	1,251	1,801	874	2,872		
Other changes in value	(46,227)	(34,845)	17,432	95,262		
Fair value of contracts at end of period	\$ (92,859)	\$ (2,524)	\$ (92,859)	\$ (2,524)		

The fair value of our natural gas distribution segment s financial instruments at June 30, 2012 is presented below by time period and fair value source:

	Fair Value of Contracts at June 30, 2012 Maturity in Years				
	Less	·		Greater Than	Total Fair
Source of Fair Value	Than 1	1-3	4-5	5	Value
		(1	n thousan	ds)	
Prices actively quoted	\$ (94,066)	\$ 1,207	\$	\$	\$ (92,859)
Prices based on models and other valuation methods					
Total Fair Value	\$ (94,066)	\$ 1,207	\$	\$	\$ (92,859)

The following table shows the components of the change in fair value of our nonregulated segment s financial instruments for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Mont June	
	2012	2011 (In tho	2012 usands)	2011
Fair value of contracts at beginning of period	\$ (2,574)	\$ (12,942)	\$ (25,050)	\$ (12,374)
Contracts realized/settled	(7,066)	3,357	24,162	3,282
Fair value of new contracts				
Other changes in value	5,080	(1,824)	(3,672)	(2,317)
Fair value of contracts at end of period	(4,560)	(11,409)	(4,560)	(11,409)
Netting of cash collateral	5,684	15,382	5,684	15,382
Cash collateral and fair value of contracts at period end	\$ 1,124	\$ 3,973	\$ 1,124	\$ 3,973

The fair value of our nonregulated segment s financial instruments at June 30, 2012 is presented below by time period and fair value source:

	Fair Value of Contracts at June 30, 2012 Maturity in Years				
Source of Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-3	4-5 (In thousands	Greater Than 5	Total Fair Value
Prices actively quoted Prices based on models and other valuation methods	\$ (6,403)	\$ 1,859	\$ (16)	\$	\$ (4,560)
Total Fair Value	\$ (6,403)	\$ 1,859	\$ (16)	\$	\$ (4,560)

Pension and Postretirement Benefits Obligations

For the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, our total net periodic pension and other benefits costs were \$51.9 million and \$42.7 million. A substantial portion of those costs relating to our natural gas distribution operations are recoverable through our gas distribution rates; however, a portion of these costs is capitalized into our distribution rate base. The remaining costs are recorded as a component of operation and maintenance expense.

Our fiscal 2012 costs were determined using a September 30, 2011 measurement date. As of September 30, 2011, interest and corporate bond rates utilized to determine our discount rates were lower than the interest and corporate bond rates as of September 30, 2010, the measurement date for our fiscal 2011 net periodic cost. Accordingly, we decreased our discount rate used to determine our fiscal 2012 pension and benefit costs to 5.05 percent. We reduced the expected return on our pension plan assets to 7.75 percent, based on historical experience and the current market projection of the target asset allocation. Accordingly, our fiscal 2012 pension and postretirement medical costs for the nine months ended June 30, 2012 were higher than the prior-year period.

The amounts we fund our defined benefit plans with are determined in accordance with the PPA and are influenced by the discount rate and funded position of the plans when the funding requirements are determined on January 1 of each year. We completed our valuation for fiscal 2012 during the second fiscal quarter and as a result of lower asset returns and a year-over-year 92 basis point decline in the discount rate used to value our qualified pension liabilities, we were required to contribute \$23.0 million to the plans. During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, we contributed \$40.3 million to our defined benefit plans and we anticipate contributing approximately \$6 million during the remainder of the fiscal year. Additionally, we contributed \$15.4 million to our postretirement medical plans during the nine months ended June 30, 2012 and anticipate contributing between \$5 million and \$10 million to these plans during the remainder of the fiscal year. We believe our cash flows from operations are sufficient to fund these contributions.

The projected pension liability, future funding requirements and the amount of pension expense or income recognized for the plan are subject to change, depending upon the actuarial value of plan assets and the determination of future benefit obligations as of each subsequent actuarial calculation date. These amounts will be determined by actual investment returns, changes in interest rates, values of assets in the plan and changes in the demographic composition of the participants in the plan.

OPERATING STATISTICS AND OTHER INFORMATION

The following tables present certain operating statistics for our natural gas distribution, regulated transmission and storage and nonregulated segments for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Natural Gas Distribution Sales and Statistical Data Continuing Operations

		Three Months Ended June 30				Months Ended June 30		
		2012		2011		2012		2011
METERS IN SERVICE, end of period								
Residential	2,	851,606	2	,845,554	2,	851,606	2	,845,554
Commercial		259,498		258,448		259,498		258,448
Industrial		2,250		2,319		2,250		2,319
Public authority and other		10,239		10,206		10,239		10,206
Total meters	3,	123,593	3	,116,527	3,	123,593	3	,116,527
INVENTORY STORAGE BALANCE Bcf		38.6		36.3		38.6		36.3
SALES VOLUMES MMc ⁽²⁾								
Gas sales volumes								
Residential		14,555		17,077		128,157		150,154
Commercial		13,684		14,149		71,955		79,632
Industrial		3,508		3,922		13,617		15,115
Public authority and other		1,660		1,863		7,737		8,764
Total gas sales volumes		33,407		37,011		221,466		253,665
Transportation volumes		31,384		31,036		103,420		102,824
		- ,		, , , , , ,		, -		- ,-
Total throughput		64,791		68,047		324,886		356,489
OPERATING REVENUES (000 \$3)								
Gas sales revenues								
Residential	\$	190,773	\$	232,725	\$ 1,	217,390	\$ 1	,379,223
Commercial		94,137		118,916		513,029		593,860
Industrial		13,669		22,525		65,524		85,641
Public authority and other		7,551		12,013		46,794		58,096
Total gas sales revenues		306,130		386,179	1,	842,737	2	,116,820
Transportation revenues		13,288		13,946	Ź	44,017		47,364
Other gas revenues		5,633		6,906		20,597		23,723
Total operating revenues	\$	325,051	\$	407,031	\$ 1,	907,351	\$ 2	,187,907
Average transportation revenue man Mef(1)	¢	0.42	ď	0.45	¢	0.42	¢	0.46
Average transportation revenue per Mcf ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.43	\$	0.45	\$	0.43	\$	0.46
Average cost of gas per Mcf sold ⁽¹⁾	\$	3.73	\$	5.59	\$	4.70	\$	5.21

See footnote following these tables.

Natural Gas Distribution Sales and Statistical Data Discontinued Operations

		Three Months Ended June 30		ths Ended
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Meters in service, end of period	82,687	83,109	82,687	83,109
Inventory storage balance Bcf	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.0
Sales volumes MMcf				
Total gas sales volumes	698	936	6,221	7,910
Transportation volumes	1,283	1,192	4,634	4,813
Total throughput	1,981	2,128	10,855	12,723
Operating revenues (000 s)	\$ 8,745	\$ 11,524	\$ 58,570	\$ 71,047

Regulated Transmission and Storage and Nonregulated Operations Sales and Statistical Data

	Three Months Ended June 30		Nine Months Ended June 30	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
CUSTOMERS, end of period				
Industrial	797	764	797	764
Municipal	141	61	141	61
Other	433	511	433	511
Total	1,371	1,336	1,371	1,336
NONREGULATED INVENTORY STORAGE				
BALANCE Bcf	33.3	21.4	33.3	21.4
REGULATED TRANSMISSION AND				
STORAGE VOLUMES MMcf ²⁾	146,170	141,294	483,360	468,943
NONREGULATED DELIVERED GAS SALES				
VOLUMES MMA	89,682	104,658	307,800	339,747
OPERATING REVENUES (000 s) ²⁾				
Regulated transmission and storage	\$ 67,073	\$ 53,570	\$ 181,869	\$ 157,553
Nonregulated	256,250	491,285	1,071,189	1,550,456
Total operating revenues	\$ 323,323	\$ 544,855	\$ 1,253,058	\$ 1,708,009

Notes to preceding tables:

RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

Recent accounting developments and their impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows are described in Note 2 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Statistics are shown on a consolidated basis.

⁽²⁾ Sales volumes and revenues reflect segment operations, including intercompany sales and transportation amounts.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information regarding our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are disclosed in Item 7A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, there were no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management s Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, the Company s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2012 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us, including our consolidated entities, in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC s rules and forms, including a reasonable level of assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We did not make any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the third quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

During the nine months ended June 30, 2012, except as noted in Note 9 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, there were no material changes in the status of the litigation and other matters that were disclosed in Note 13 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. We continue to believe that the final outcome of such litigation and other matters or claims will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On September 28, 2011, the Board of Directors approved a new program authorizing the repurchase of up to five million shares of common stock over a five-year period. Although the program is authorized for a five-year period, it may be terminated or limited at any time. Shares may be repurchased in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in amounts the Company deems appropriate. The program is primarily intended to minimize the dilutive effect of equity grants under various benefit related incentive compensation plans of the Company. We did not repurchase any shares during the third quarter of fiscal 2012. At June 30, 2012, there were 4,612,009 shares of repurchase authority remaining under the program.

Item 6. Exhibits

A list of exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K and filed as part of this report is set forth in the Exhibits Index, which immediately precedes such exhibits.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Atmos Energy Corporation

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Fred E. Meisenheimer Fred E. Meisenheimer

Senior Vice President and Chief

Financial Officer

(Duly authorized signatory)

Date: August 9, 2012

EXHIBITS INDEX

Item 6

Exhibit		Page Number or Incorporation by
Number	Description	Reference to
12	Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges	
15	Letter regarding unaudited interim financial information	
31	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications	
32	Section 1350 Certifications*	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema	
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase	
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase	
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase	
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase	

^{*} These certifications, which were made pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, furnished as Exhibit 32 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, will not be deemed to be filed with the Commission or incorporated by reference into any filing by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates such certifications by reference.