

INSTEEL INDUSTRIES INC  
Form 10-Q  
July 19, 2018

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018**

**OR**

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number: 1-9929**

**Insteel Industries, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**North Carolina**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**1373 Boggs Drive, Mount Airy, North Carolina**

**56-0674867**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**27030**

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(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(336) 786-2141**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☒

Smaller reporting company ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of July 18, 2018 was 19,085,438.

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements**

**INSTEEL  
INDUSTRIES, INC.  
AND  
SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS OF  
OPERATIONS AND  
COMPREHENSIVE  
INCOME**

(In thousands, except  
per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>
Net sales	\$126,688	\$96,938	\$331,846	\$291,985
Cost of sales	102,502	80,262	280,583	244,005
Gross profit	24,186	16,676	51,263	47,980
Selling, general and administrative expense	7,541	6,216	20,779	19,535
Restructuring charges, net	-	60	-	133
Other expense (income), net	(32 )	50	153	50
Interest expense	23	34	74	103
Interest income	(150 )	(75 )	(279 )	(175 )
Earnings before income taxes	16,804	10,391	30,536	28,334
Income taxes	3,936	3,522	3,678	9,585
Net earnings	\$12,868	\$6,869	\$26,858	\$18,749
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.67	\$0.36	\$1.41	\$0.99
Diluted	0.67	0.36	1.40	0.98
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	19,070	19,025	19,054	19,003
Diluted	19,274	19,225	19,252	19,219
Cash dividends declared per share	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$1.09	\$1.34

Comprehensive income	\$12,868	\$6,869	\$26,858	\$18,749
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*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

**INSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands)

	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>September</b>
	<b>2018</b>	<b>30,</b>
		<b>2017</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,232	\$ 32,105
Accounts receivable, net	55,832	40,284
Inventories	54,751	81,853
Other current assets	5,075	5,949
Total current assets	160,890	160,191
Property, plant and equipment, net	102,789	98,670
Intangibles, net	9,976	7,913
Goodwill	8,293	6,965
Other assets	9,778	9,334
Total assets	\$ 291,726	\$ 283,073
<b>Liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 34,420	\$ 33,651
Accrued expenses	10,017	8,667
Total current liabilities	44,437	42,318
Other liabilities	16,602	17,379
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	19,085	19,041
Additional paid-in capital	70,982	69,817
Retained earnings	141,953	135,851
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,333 )	(1,333 )
Total shareholders' equity	230,687	223,376
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 291,726	\$ 283,073

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

**INSTEEL  
INDUSTRIES,  
INC. AND  
SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS  
OF CASH  
FLOWS**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Nine Months Ended June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</b>		
Net earnings	\$ 26,858	\$ 18,749
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	9,578	8,576
Amortization of capitalized financing costs	48	48
Stock-based compensation expense	1,241	1,343
Deferred income taxes	(2,321 )	2,705
Loss on sale and disposition of property, plant and equipment	270	49
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance policies over premiums paid	(428 )	(568 )
Net changes in assets and liabilities (net of assets and liabilities acquired):		
Accounts receivable, net	(15,548 )	5,082



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Inventories	27,102	(12,496	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,011	290	
Other changes	24	(1,739	)
Total adjustments	22,977	3,290	
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,835	22,039	

**Cash Flows From Investing Activities:**

Capital expenditures	(12,481	)	(16,855	)
Acquisition of business	(3,300	)	-	
Proceeds from surrender of life insurance policies	152		100	
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance policies	(291	)	(330	)
Net cash used for investing activities	(15,920	)	(17,085	)

**Cash Flows From Financing Activities:**

Proceeds from long-term debt	290		322	
Principal payments on long-term debt	(290	)	(322	)
Cash dividends paid	(20,756	)	(25,440	)
Cash received from exercise of stock options	242		107	
Payment of employee tax withholdings related to net share transactions	(274	)	(646	)
Net cash used for financing activities	(20,788	)	(25,979	)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	13,127		(21,025	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	32,105		58,873	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 45,232		\$ 37,848	

**Supplemental Disclosures of Cash**

**Flow Information:**

Cash paid during the  
period for:

Income taxes, net	\$	3,553	\$	6,796
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Non-cash investing  
and financing  
activities:

Purchases of property, plant and equipment in accounts payable		499		2,092
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Restricted stock units and stock options surrendered for withholding taxes payable		274		646
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*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

**INSTEEL  
INDUSTRIES, INC.  
AND  
SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS OF  
SHAREHOLDERS'  
EQUITY**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Common Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at September 30, 2017	19,041	\$19,041	\$ 69,817	\$135,851	\$ (1,333)	) \$ 223,376
Net earnings				26,858		26,858
Stock options exercised, net	24	24	218			242
Vesting of restricted stock units	20	20	(20 )			-
Compensation expense associated with stock-based plans			1,241			1,241
Restricted stock units and stock options surrendered for withholding taxes payable			(274 )			(274 )
Cash dividends declared				(20,756 )		(20,756 )
Balance at June 30, 2018	19,085	\$19,085	\$ 70,982	\$141,953	\$ (1,333)	) \$ 230,687

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## **INSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

#### **(1) Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Insteel Industries, Inc. (“we,” “us,” “our,” “the Company” or “Insteel”) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States (“U.S.”) Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the audited financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. The September 30, 2017 consolidated balance sheet was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These financial statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 27, 2017.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature that we consider necessary for a fair presentation of results for these interim periods. The results of operations for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending September 29, 2018 or future periods.

We have evaluated subsequent events through the time of filing this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and concluded there are no significant events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the filing of this report that would have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### **(2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-09, “Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting,” which is intended to simplify the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash

flows. We adopted this update during our first fiscal quarter. One provision within ASU No. 2016-09 requires the recognition of excess income tax benefits and deficiencies related to share-based payments within income tax expense as a discrete event in the period in which they occur, rather than within additional paid-in capital on a prospective basis. There was no material impact from this provision on income tax expense in the current quarter or nine-month period. The impact of this provision on our future results of operations is difficult to predict as it will depend in part on the market prices for the shares of our common stock on the dates that there are taxable events related to the share-based awards. In connection with another provision within ASU No. 2016-09, we have elected to account for forfeitures of share-based awards as an estimate of the number of awards that are expected to vest, which is consistent with our accounting policy prior to adoption. We also adopted the provisions related to changes on the consolidated statements of cash flows on a retrospective basis. As a result, we no longer classify excess income tax benefits as a financing activity, which increased net cash provided by operating activities and reduced net cash provided by financing activities by \$488,000 for the nine months ended July 1, 2017.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, “Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income,” which allows companies to reclassify stranded income tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings in their consolidated financial statements. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the impact that the adoption of this update will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11 “Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory,” which requires that an entity measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. We adopted ASU No. 2015-11 during our first fiscal quarter. The adoption of this update did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-09 “Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting.” ASU No. 2017-09 was issued to clarify and reduce both (i) diversity in practice and (ii) cost and complexity when applying its guidance to changes in the terms and conditions of a share-based payment award. ASU No. 2017-09 will become effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2020. We are evaluating the impact that the adoption of this update will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15 “Statement of Cash Flows Topic 230: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments.” ASU No. 2016-15 addresses how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows with the objective of reducing existing differences in the presentation of these items. The amendments in ASU No. 2016-15 are to be adopted retrospectively and will become effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. We do not expect the adoption of this update will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02 “Leases,” which will replace the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 840. ASU No. 2016-02 was issued to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing all lease transactions (with terms in excess of 12 months) on the balance sheet as a lease liability and a right-of-use asset. ASU No. 2016-02 will become effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2020. We are evaluating the impact that the adoption of this update will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers,” which will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP. ASU No. 2014-09 provides that an entity recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This update also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU No. 2014-09 allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective adoption and will become effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. We have substantially completed our evaluation of the impact this update will have on our consolidated financial statements and plan on using the modified retrospective method upon adoption. We have not identified any material changes in the timing of revenue recognition that will result from the adoption of this guidance, but expect it will have a material impact on the disclosures required in our notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### **(3) Restructuring Charges**

In fiscal 2014, we purchased substantially all of the assets associated with the prestressed concrete strand (“PC strand”) business of American Spring Wire Corporation (the “ASW Acquisition”). Subsequent to the ASW Acquisition, in fiscal 2014, we incurred employee separation costs for staffing reductions associated with the acquisition. In February 2015,

we elected to consolidate our PC strand operations with the closure of the Newnan, Georgia facility that had been acquired through the ASW Acquisition, which was completed in March 2015.

Following is a summary of the restructuring activities and associated costs that were incurred during the prior year three- and nine-month periods ended July 1, 2017:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Equipment Relocation Costs</b>	<b>Severance and Other Employee Separation Costs</b>	<b>Total</b>
Liability as of October 1, 2016	\$ 31	\$ 239	\$270
Restructuring charges	48	-	48
Cash payments	(79 )	(74 )	(153 )
Liability as of December 31, 2016	-	165	165
Restructuring charges	25	-	25
Cash payments	(25 )	(68 )	(93 )
Liability as of April 1, 2017	\$ -	\$ 97	\$97
Restructuring charges	60	-	60
Cash payments	(60 )	(79 )	(139 )
Liability as of July 1, 2017	\$ -	\$ 18	\$18

We do not expect to incur any additional restructuring charges related to the consolidation of our PC strand operations.

**(4) Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The authoritative guidance for fair value measurements establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that encourages an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities, including certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

As of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we held financial assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which are summarized below:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)</b>	<b>Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>
As of June 30, 2018:			
Current assets:			
Cash equivalents	\$45,187	\$45,187	\$ -
Other assets:			
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	9,593	-	9,593



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Total	\$54,780	\$45,187	\$ 9,593
As of September 30, 2017:			
Current assets:			
Cash equivalents	\$31,659	\$31,659	\$ -
Other assets:			
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	9,026	-	9,026
Total	\$40,685	\$31,659	\$ 9,026

Cash equivalents, which include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amount of our cash equivalents, which consist of investments in money market funds, approximates fair value due to their short maturities. Cash surrender value of life insurance policies are classified as Level 2. The fair value of the life insurance policies was determined by the underwriting insurance company's valuation models and represents the guaranteed value we would receive upon surrender of these policies as of the reporting date.

As of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we had no nonfinancial assets that were required to be measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. The carrying amounts of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to the short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

**(5) Intangible Assets**

The primary components of our intangible assets and the related accumulated amortization are as follows:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>Gross Amount</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Net Book Value</b>
As of June 30, 2018:			
Customer relationships	\$ 9,070	\$ (1,445)	) \$ 7,625
Developed technology and know-how	1,800	(349)	) 1,451
Non-competition agreements	3,687	(2,904)	) 783
Trade name	140	(23)	) 117
	\$ 14,697	\$ (4,721)	) \$ 9,976
As of September 30, 2017:			
Customer relationships	\$ 6,500	\$ (1,018)	) \$ 5,482
Developed technology and know-how	1,800	(283)	) 1,517
Non-competition agreements	3,577	(2,663)	) 914
	\$ 11,877	\$ (3,964)	) \$ 7,913

Amortization expense for intangibles was \$299,000 and \$289,000 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively, and \$987,000 and \$868,000 for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively. We completed the acquisition of a business during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, and the effects of the purchase price allocation for this transaction on the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements are not material.

**(6) Stock-Based Compensation**

Under our equity incentive plans, employees and directors may be granted stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance awards. Effective February 17, 2015, our shareholders approved the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan of Insteel Industries, Inc. (the "2015 Plan"), which authorizes up to 900,000 shares of our common stock for future grants under the plan. The 2015 Plan, which expires on February 17, 2025, replaces the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan of Insteel Industries, Inc., which expired on February 15, 2015. As of June 30, 2018, there were 378,000 shares of our common stock available for future grants under the 2015 Plan, which is our only active equity incentive plan.

**Stock option awards.** Under our equity incentive plans, employees and directors may be granted options to purchase shares of common stock at the fair market value on the date of the grant. Options granted under these plans generally vest over three years and expire ten years from the date of the grant. Compensation expense associated with stock options is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended June July 30, 1, 2018 2017</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended June July 30, 1, 2018 2017</b>	
(In thousands)				
Compensation expense	\$51	\$ 78	\$522	\$585

As of June 30, 2018, there was \$185,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested options which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.51 years.

The fair value of each option award granted is estimated on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo valuation model. The estimated fair values of stock options granted during the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017 was \$10.46 and \$13.66 per share, respectively, based on the following assumptions:

	<b>Nine Months Ended June July 30, 1, 2018 2017</b>	
Risk-free interest rate	2.72 %	2.03 %
Dividend yield	0.40 %	0.33 %
Expected volatility	37.74%	38.79%
Expected term (in years)	4.89	5.12

The assumptions utilized in the Monte Carlo valuation model are evaluated and revised, as necessary, to reflect market conditions and actual historical experience. The risk-free interest rate for periods within the contractual life of the option was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The dividend yield was calculated based on our annual dividend as of the option grant date. The expected volatility was derived using a term structure based on historical volatility and the volatility implied by exchange-traded options on our common stock. The expected term for options was based on the results of a Monte Carlo simulation model, using the model's estimated fair value as an input to the Black-Scholes-Merton model, and then solving for the expected term.

The following table summarizes stock option activity:

	<b>Options</b>	<b>Exercise Price Per Share</b>	<b>Contractual</b>	<b>Aggregate</b>
	<b>Outstanding</b>	<b>Range</b>	<b>Term -</b>	<b>Intrinsic</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		<b>Weighted</b>	<b>Value</b>
			<b>Average</b>	<i>(in thousands)</i>
			<i>(in years)</i>	
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	392	\$9.16 - \$37.06	\$ 23.40	
Granted	44	29.69 - 29.69	29.69	
Exercised	(42)	9.16 - 23.95	17.81	
Forfeited	(9)	23.95 - 37.06	29.88	
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	385	10.23 - 37.06	24.59	7.38
				\$ 3,565
Vested and anticipated to vest in the future at June 30, 2018	383		24.56	7.38
				3,548
Exercisable at June 30, 2018	201		21.04	6.24
				2,540

Stock option exercises include “net exercises” for which the optionee received shares of common stock equal to the intrinsic value of the options (fair market value of common stock on the date of exercise less exercise price) reduced by any applicable withholding taxes.

**Restricted stock units.** Restricted stock units (“RSUs”) granted under our equity incentive plans are valued based upon the fair market value on the date of the grant and provide for a dividend equivalent payment which is included in compensation expense. The vesting period for RSUs is generally one year from the date of the grant for RSUs granted to directors and three years from the date of the grant for RSUs granted to employees. RSUs do not have voting rights. RSU grants and compensation expense are as follows:

<b>Three</b>	<b>Nine</b>
<b>Months</b>	<b>Months</b>

	<b>Ended</b>		<b>Ended</b>	
	<b>June</b>	<b>July</b>	<b>June</b>	<b>July</b>
	<b>30,</b>	<b>1,</b>	<b>30,</b>	<b>1,</b>
<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Restricted stock unit grants:				
Units	-	-	24	19
Market value	\$-	\$-	\$712	\$690
Compensation expense	117	132	719	758

As of June 30, 2018, there was \$443,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested RSUs which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.42 years.

The following table summarizes RSU activity:

	<b>Restricted</b>	<b>Weighted</b>
	<b>Stock Units</b>	<b>Average</b>
	<b>Outstanding</b>	<b>Grant</b>
<i>(Unit amounts in thousands)</i>		<b>Date</b>
		<b>Fair</b>
		<b>Value</b>
Balance, September 30, 2017	128	\$ 25.92
Granted	24	29.69
Released	(26 )	25.04
Forfeited	(4 )	29.60
Balance, June 30, 2018	122	26.74

## (7) Income Taxes

**Effective income tax rate.** Our effective income tax rate was 12.0% for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018 compared with 33.8% for the nine-month period ended July 1, 2017. The effective income tax rates for both periods were based upon the estimated rate applicable for the entire fiscal year adjusted to reflect any significant items related specifically to interim periods. On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Act”) was enacted, which, among other changes, reduced the federal statutory corporate tax rate from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018. Since our fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to September 30 rather than the calendar year, we are subject to IRS rules relating to transitional income tax rates. As a result, we will be subject to a federal statutory rate of 24.5% for fiscal 2018 and 21% for fiscal 2019 and beyond. Based on the provisions of the Act, we remeasured our deferred tax liabilities and adjusted our estimated annual federal income tax rate to incorporate the lower corporate tax rate into our tax provision during our first fiscal quarter which resulted in a \$3.7 million reduction of income tax expense. We are still in process of evaluating the income tax effect of the Act on the executive compensation limitations that will be effective for our fiscal year 2019.

**Deferred income taxes.** As of June 30, 2018, we recorded a deferred tax liability (net of valuation allowance) of \$5.8 million in other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet. We have \$7.4 million of state net operating loss carryforwards (“NOLs”) that begin to expire in 2018, but principally expire between 2018 and 2032. We have also recorded gross deferred tax assets of \$72,000 for various state tax credits that begin to expire in 2019, but principally expire between 2019 and 2020.

The realization of our deferred tax assets is entirely dependent upon our ability to generate future taxable income in applicable jurisdictions. GAAP requires that we periodically assess the need to establish a reserve against our deferred tax assets to the extent we no longer believe it is more likely than not that they will be fully realized. As of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, we recorded a valuation allowance of \$254,000 and \$251,000, respectively, pertaining to various state NOLs and tax credits that were not expected to be utilized. The valuation allowance is subject to periodic review and adjustment based on changes in facts and circumstances and would be reduced should we utilize the state NOLs and tax credits against which an allowance had previously been provided or determine that such utilization was more likely than not.

**Uncertainty in income taxes.** As of June 30, 2018, we had no material, known tax exposures that require the establishment of contingency reserves for uncertain tax positions.

We file U.S. federal income tax returns as well as state and local income tax returns in various jurisdictions. Federal and various state tax returns filed subsequent to 2013 remain subject to examination.

**(8) Employee Benefit Plans**

**Supplemental employee retirement plan.** We have Retirement Security Agreements (each, a “SERP”) with certain of our employees (each, a “Participant”). Under the SERPs, if the Participant remains in continuous service with us for a period of at least 30 years, we will pay them a supplemental retirement benefit for the 15-year period following their retirement equal to 50% of their highest average annual base salary for five consecutive years in the 10-year period preceding their retirement. If the Participant retires prior to the later of age 65 or the completion of 30 years of continuous service with us, but has completed at least 10 years of continuous service, the amount of their supplemental retirement benefit will be reduced by 1/360th for each month short of 30 years that they were employed by us.

Net periodic pension cost for the SERPs includes the following components:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Interest cost	\$86	\$86	258	258
Service cost	70	84	209	254
Recognized net actuarial loss	38	44	114	130
Net periodic pension cost	\$194	\$214	\$581	\$642

**(9) Long-Term Debt**

**Revolving Credit Facility.** We have a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) that is used to supplement our operating cash flow and fund our working capital, capital expenditure, general corporate and growth requirements. In May 2015, we amended the Credit Facility to, among other changes, extend its maturity date from June 2, 2016 to May 13, 2020. Advances under the Credit Facility are limited to the lesser of the revolving loan commitment amount (currently \$100.0 million) or a borrowing base amount that is calculated based upon a percentage of eligible receivables and inventories. As of June 30, 2018, no borrowings were outstanding on the Credit Facility, \$82.5 million of borrowing capacity was available and outstanding letters of credit totaled \$1.8 million.

Interest rates on the Credit Facility are based upon (1) an index rate that is established at the highest of the prime rate, 0.50% plus the federal funds rate or the LIBOR rate plus the excess of the then-applicable margin for LIBOR loans over the then-applicable margin for index rate loans, or (2) at our election, a LIBOR rate, plus in either case, an applicable interest rate margin. The applicable interest rate margins are adjusted on a quarterly basis based upon the amount of excess availability on the Credit Facility within the range of 0.25% to 0.75% for index rate loans and 1.25% to 1.75% for LIBOR loans. In addition, the applicable interest rate margins would be increased by 2.00% upon the occurrence of certain events of default provided for under the terms of the Credit Facility. Based on our excess availability as of June 30, 2018, the applicable interest rate margins on the Credit Facility were 0.25% for index rate loans and 1.25% for LIBOR loans.

Our ability to borrow available amounts under the Credit Facility will be restricted or eliminated in the event of certain covenant breaches, events of default or if we are unable to make certain representations and warranties provided for under the terms of the Credit Facility. We are required to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.10 at the end of each fiscal quarter for the twelve-month period then ended when the amount of liquidity on the Credit Facility is less than \$12.5 million. In addition, the terms of the Credit Facility restrict our ability to, among other things: engage in certain business combinations or divestitures; make investments in or loans to third parties, unless certain conditions are met with respect to such investments or loans; pay cash dividends or repurchase shares of our stock subject to certain minimum borrowing availability requirements; incur or assume indebtedness; issue securities; enter into certain transactions with our affiliates; or permit liens to encumber our property and assets. The terms of the Credit Facility also provide that an event of default will occur upon the occurrence of, among other things: defaults or breaches under the loan documents, subject in certain cases to cure periods; defaults or breaches by us or any of our subsidiaries under any agreement resulting in the acceleration of amounts above certain thresholds or payment defaults above certain thresholds; certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency; certain entries of judgment against us or any of our subsidiaries, which are not covered by insurance; or a change of control. As of June 30, 2018, we were in compliance with all of the financial and negative covenants under the Credit Facility and there have not been any events of default.

Amortization of capitalized financing costs associated with the Credit Facility was \$16,000 for each of the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, and \$48,000 for each of the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017.

## (10) Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to common shareholders is as follows:

<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Nine Months Ended</b>
-------------------------------	------------------------------



	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>				
Net earnings	\$12,868	\$6,869	\$26,858	\$18,749
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	19,070	19,025	19,054	19,003
Dilutive effect of stock-based compensation	204	200	198	216
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	19,274	19,225	19,252	19,219
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.67	\$0.36	\$1.41	\$0.99
Diluted	\$0.67	\$0.36	\$1.40	\$0.98

Options that were antidilutive and not included in the dilutive earnings per share calculation amounted to 97,000 and 78,000 shares for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively, and 98,000 and 57,000 shares for the nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, respectively.

## **(11) Share Repurchases**

On November 18, 2008, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase authorization to buy back up to \$25.0 million of our outstanding common stock (the "Authorization"). Under the Authorization, repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, applicable legal requirements and other factors. We are not obligated to acquire any particular amount of common stock and the program may be commenced or suspended at any time at our discretion without prior notice. The Authorization continues in effect until terminated by the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2018, there was \$24.8 million remaining available for future share repurchases under this Authorization. There were no share repurchases during the three- and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017.

**(12) Other Financial Data**

## Balance sheet information:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>September 30, 2017</b>
Accounts receivable, net:		
Accounts receivable	\$56,130	\$40,485
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(298 )	(201 )
Total	\$55,832	\$40,284
Inventories:		
Raw materials	\$28,120	\$51,808
Work in process	4,519	2,637
Finished goods	22,112	27,408
Total	\$54,751	\$81,853
Other current assets:		
Prepaid insurance	\$3,620	\$3,796
Income tax receivable	-	925
Other	1,455	1,228
Total	\$5,075	\$5,949
Other assets:		
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	\$9,593	\$9,026
Capitalized financing costs, net	57	105
Other	128	203
Total	\$9,778	\$9,334
Property, plant and equipment, net:		
Land and land improvements	\$14,421	\$12,177
Buildings	54,333	50,373
Machinery and equipment	159,423	153,484
Construction in progress	5,122	5,641
	233,299	221,675
Less accumulated depreciation	(130,510)	(123,005 )
Total	\$102,789	\$98,670
Accrued expenses:		
Salaries, wages and related expenses	\$5,321	\$5,520
Income taxes	1,520	-
Customer rebates	1,321	1,015

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Property taxes	1,033	1,384
Workers' compensation	115	116
Other	707	632
Total	\$10,017	\$8,667

Other liabilities:

Deferred compensation	\$10,820	\$9,276
Deferred income taxes	5,782	8,103
Total	\$16,602	\$17,379

### **(13) Business Segment Information**

Our operations are entirely focused on the manufacture and marketing of steel wire reinforcing products for concrete construction applications. Our concrete reinforcing products consist of two product lines: PC strand and welded wire reinforcement. Based on the criteria specified in ASC Topic 280, *Segment Reporting*, we have one reportable segment.

### **(14) Contingencies**

**Insurance recoveries.** In August 2017, operations at our manufacturing facility located in Dayton, Texas were adversely affected by hurricane Harvey. We are in the process of completing repairs and finalizing the insurance claim relating to the business interruption and property damage resulting from the storm.

We maintain general liability, business interruption and replacement cost property insurance coverage on our facilities that was sufficient to cover the losses incurred from the storm. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2018, we recorded a \$52,000 receivable for anticipated insurance proceeds related to the costs that were incurred during the period resulting from the storm, which were recorded in selling, general and administrative expense (“SG&A expense”) (\$5,000) and other income (\$47,000) on the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income. During the nine-month period ended June 30, 2018, we received \$439,000 of insurance proceeds related to the expenses that were incurred and business interruption losses resulting from the storm, which were recorded in cost of sales (\$418,000), SG&A expense (\$26,000) and other income (\$47,000) on the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income.

**Legal proceedings.** We are involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, including commercial, environmental and employment matters, which arise in the ordinary course of business. We do not expect the ultimate outcome or cost to resolve these matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## **Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, particularly under the caption “Outlook” below. When used in this report, the words “believes,” “anticipates,” “expects,” “estimates,” “appears,” “plans,” “intends,” “may,” “should,” “could” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations reflected in or suggested by such forward-looking statements are reasonable, they are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and we can provide no assurances that such plans, intentions or expectations will be implemented or achieved. Many of these risks and uncertainties are discussed in detail, and where appropriate, updated in our filings with the United States (“U.S.”) Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), in particular in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 (our “2017 Annual Report”). You should carefully review these risks and uncertainties.

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. All forward-looking statements speak only to the respective dates on which such statements are made and we do not undertake any obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect any future events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events, except as may be required by law.

It is not possible to anticipate and list all risks and uncertainties that may affect our future operations or financial performance; however, they include, but are not limited to, the following:

- general economic and competitive conditions in the markets in which we operate;

- changes in the spending levels for nonresidential and residential construction and the impact on demand for our products;

- changes in the amount and duration of transportation funding provided by federal, state and local governments and the impact on spending for infrastructure construction and demand for our products;

- the cyclical nature of the steel and building material industries;

- credit market conditions and the relative availability of financing for us, our customers and the construction industry as a whole;

fluctuations in the cost and availability of our primary raw material, hot-rolled carbon steel wire rod, from domestic and foreign suppliers;

competitive pricing pressures and our ability to raise selling prices in order to recover increases in raw material or operating costs;

changes in U.S. or foreign trade policy affecting imports or exports of steel wire rod or our products;

unanticipated changes in customer demand, order patterns and inventory levels;

the impact of fluctuations in demand and capacity utilization levels on our unit manufacturing costs;

our ability to further develop the market for engineered structural mesh (“ESM”) and expand our shipments of ESM;

legal, environmental, economic or regulatory developments that significantly impact our operating costs;

unanticipated plant outages, equipment failures or labor difficulties; and

the “Risk Factors” discussed in our 2017 Annual Report and in other filings made by us with the SEC.

## **Overview**

Insteel Industries, Inc. (“we”, “us”, “our”, “the Company” or “Insteel”) is the nation’s largest manufacturer of steel wire reinforcing products for concrete construction applications. We manufacture and market prestressed concrete strand (“PC strand”) and welded wire reinforcement, including ESM, concrete pipe reinforcement and standard welded wire reinforcement. Our products are sold primarily to manufacturers of concrete products that are used in nonresidential construction. We market our products through sales representatives who are our employees. We sell our products nationwide across the U.S. and, to a much lesser extent, into Canada, Mexico, and Central and South America, delivering them primarily by truck, using common or contract carriers. Our business strategy is focused on: (1) achieving leadership positions in our markets; (2) operating as the lowest cost producer in our industry; and (3) pursuing growth opportunities within our core businesses that further our penetration of the markets we currently serve or expand our footprint.

## **Results of Operations**

**Statements of Operations – Selected Data**

(Dollars in thousands)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>				<b>Nine Months Ended</b>			
	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>Change</b>		<b>July 1,</b>	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>Change</b>		<b>July 1,</b>
	<b>2018</b>			<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>			<b>2017</b>
Net sales	\$126,688	30.7	%	\$96,938	\$331,846	13.7	%	\$291,985
Gross profit	24,186	45.0	%	16,676	51,263	6.8	%	47,980
<i>Percentage of net sales</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>17.2</i>	<i>15.4</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>16.4</i>
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$7,541	21.3	%	\$6,216	\$20,779	6.4	%	\$19,535
<i>Percentage of net sales</i>	<i>6.0</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>6.4</i>	<i>6.3</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>6.7</i>
Restructuring charges, net	\$-	(100.0	%)	\$60	\$-	(100.0	%)	\$133
Other (income) expense, net	(32	)	N/M	50	153	N/M		50
Interest expense	23	(32.4	%)	34	74	(28.2	%)	103
Interest income	(150	)	100.0	(75	(279	)	59.4	(175
Effective income tax rate	23.4	%		33.9	12.0	%		33.8
Net earnings	\$12,868	87.3	%	\$6,869	\$26,858	43.3	%	\$18,749

*"N/M" = not meaningful*

*Third Quarter of Fiscal 2018 Compared to Third Quarter of Fiscal 2017*

*Net Sales*

Net sales for the third quarter of 2018 increased 30.7% to \$126.7 million from \$96.9 million in the prior year quarter, reflecting a 16.5% increase in shipments and a 12.1% increase in average selling prices. The increase in shipments was primarily due to improved market conditions and strengthening demand for our products relative to the prior year quarter. The increase in average selling prices was driven by additional price increases that were implemented in the current quarter to recover the continued escalation in raw material costs.

*Gross Profit*

Gross profit for the third quarter of 2018 increased 45.0% to \$24.2 million, or 19.1% of net sales, from \$16.7 million, or 17.2% of net sales, in the prior year quarter due to higher spreads between average selling prices and raw material costs (\$3.7 million), higher shipments (\$2.9 million) and lower manufacturing costs (\$0.4 million). The increase in spreads was driven by higher average selling prices (\$13.8 million), which exceeded the increases in raw material costs (\$9.5 million) and freight expense (\$0.6 million).

*Selling, General and Administrative Expense*

Selling, general and administrative expense (“SG&A expense”) for the third quarter of 2018 increased 21.3% to \$7.5 million, or 6.0% of net sales, from \$6.2 million, or 6.4% of net sales in the prior year quarter primarily due to higher compensation expense (\$1.3 million). The increase in compensation expense was largely related to higher incentive plan costs driven by our improved results in the current year.

*Restructuring Charges, Net*

Net restructuring charges of \$60,000 were incurred in the third quarter of 2017 for equipment relocation costs related to the consolidation of our PC strand facilities. We did not incur any restructuring charges during the third quarter of 2018.



*Income Taxes*

Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2018 decreased to 23.4% from 33.9% for the prior year quarter largely due to the reduction in the federal statutory tax rate to 21% from 35% enacted under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act in December 2017.

*Net Earnings*

Net earnings for the third quarter of 2018 increased to \$12.9 million (\$0.67 per share) from \$6.9 million (\$0.36 per share) in the prior year quarter primarily due to the increase in gross profit partially offset by the increase in SG&A expense.

***First Nine Months of Fiscal 2018 Compared to First Nine Months of Fiscal 2017***

*Net Sales*

Net sales for the first nine months of 2018 increased 13.7% to \$331.8 million from \$292.0 million in the same year-ago period, reflecting a 6.6% increase in both shipments and average selling prices. The increase in shipments was primarily due to improved market conditions and strengthening demand for our products relative to the prior year period. The increase in average selling prices was driven by price increases that were implemented to recover the escalation in raw material costs.

*Gross Profit*

Gross profit for the first nine months of 2018 increased 6.8% to \$51.3 million, or 15.4% of net sales, from \$48.0 million, or 16.4% of net sales, in the same year-ago period primarily due to higher shipments (\$3.3 million) and lower manufacturing costs (\$2.0 million) partially offset by lower spreads between average selling prices and raw material costs (\$3.3 million). The reduction in spreads was driven by higher raw material costs (\$22.9 million) and freight expense (\$0.8 million), which exceeded the increase in average selling prices (\$20.4 million).

*Selling, General and Administrative Expense*

SG&A expense for the first nine months of 2018 increased 6.4% to \$20.8 million, or 6.3% of net sales, from \$19.5 million, or 6.7% of net sales, in the same year-ago period primarily due to higher compensation expense (\$0.6 million) and employee benefit costs (\$0.4 million) together with the relative changes in the cash surrender value of life insurance policies (\$0.2 million). The increase in compensation expense was largely driven by additional staffing to support the growth of our ESM business. The increase in employee benefit expense was primarily related to higher employee health insurance costs in the current year period. The cash surrender value of life insurance policies increased \$0.4 million in the current year period compared with \$0.6 million in the prior year period due to the changes in the value of the underlying investments.

### *Restructuring Charges, Net*

Net restructuring charges of \$133,000 were incurred in the first nine months of 2017 for equipment relocation costs related to the consolidation of our PC strand facilities. We did not incur any restructuring charges during the first nine months of 2018.

### *Income Taxes*

Our effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2018 decreased to 12.0% from 33.8% for the same year-ago period. The current year rate benefited from a \$3.7 million gain on the remeasurement of deferred tax liabilities related to the lower corporate tax rate enacted under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act in December 2017. Excluding the deferred tax gain, our effective tax rate decreased to 24.0% from 33.8% in the prior year period reflecting the reduction in the federal statutory rate to 21% from 35% for three quarters of fiscal 2018.

### *Net Earnings*

Net earnings for the first nine months of 2018 increased to \$26.9 million (\$1.40 per diluted share) from \$18.7 million (\$0.98 per diluted share) in the same year-ago period primarily due to the increase in gross profit together with the deferred tax gain and reduction in our effective tax rate related to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, partially offset by the increase in SG&A expense.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### **Selected Financial Data**

(Dollars in thousands)

	<b>Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>July 1, 2017</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$49,835	\$22,039
Net cash used for investing activities	(15,920 )	(17,085 )

Net cash used for financing activities	(20,788 )	(25,979 )
Net working capital	116,453	113,334
Total debt	-	-
<i>Percentage of total capital</i>	-	-
Shareholders' equity	\$230,687	\$219,167
<i>Percentage of total capital</i>	100.0 %	100.0 %
Total capital (total debt + shareholders' equity)	\$230,687	\$219,167

## Operating Activities

Operating activities provided \$49.8 million of cash during the first nine months of 2018 primarily from net earnings adjusted for non-cash items together with a net decrease in the working capital components of accounts receivable, inventories, and accounts payable and accrued expenses. Net working capital provided \$14.6 million of cash due to a \$27.1 million decrease in inventories and a \$3.0 million increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses, partially offset by a \$15.5 million increase in accounts receivable. The decrease in inventories was primarily related to lower purchases and the tightening in the supply of raw materials together with the higher sales during the period. The increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses was primarily due to an increase in accrued income taxes related to the timing of estimated tax payments. The increase in accounts receivable resulted from the higher shipments and average selling prices during the period.

Operating activities provided \$22.0 million of cash during the first nine months of 2017 primarily from net earnings adjusted for non-cash items partially offset by a net increase in the working capital components of accounts receivable, inventories, and accounts payable and accrued expenses. Net working capital used \$7.1 million of cash due to a \$12.5 million increase in inventories partially offset by a \$5.1 million decrease in accounts receivable and a \$0.3 million increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses. The increase in inventories was primarily due to higher raw material purchases and, to a lesser extent, higher average raw material costs. The decrease in accounts receivable was primarily related to lower sales during the period. The increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses was principally due to higher raw material purchases near the end of the period partially offset by lower accrued salaries, wages and related expenses.

We may elect to adjust our operating activities as there are changes in our construction end-markets, which could materially impact our cash requirements. While a downturn in the level of construction activity adversely affects sales to our customers, it generally reduces our working capital requirements.

### **Investing Activities**

Investing activities used \$15.9 million of cash during the first nine months of 2018 compared to \$17.1 million during the same period last year primarily due to lower capital expenditures partially offset by the acquisition of a business in the current year. Capital expenditures decreased to \$12.5 million from \$16.9 million in the prior year period and are expected to total up to \$21.0 million for fiscal 2018 largely related to additional investments in ESM manufacturing capabilities, the purchase of the leased Houston facility and further upgrades of production technology and information systems. Our investing activities are largely discretionary, providing us with the ability to significantly curtail outlays should business conditions warrant that such actions be taken.

### **Financing Activities**

Financing activities used \$20.8 million of cash during the first nine months of 2018 while using \$26.0 million during the same period last year primarily due to a lower special cash dividend payment in the current year period. During the first nine months of 2018, we paid cash dividends totaling \$20.8 million, including a special cash dividend of \$19.0 million, or \$1.00 per share. During the prior year period, we paid cash dividends totaling \$25.4 million, including a special cash dividend of \$23.7 million, or \$1.25 per share.

### **Cash Management**

Our cash is principally concentrated at one financial institution, which at times exceeds federally insured limits. We invest excess cash primarily in money market funds, which are highly liquid securities that bear minimal risk.

### **Credit Facility**

We have a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) that is used to supplement our operating cash flow and fund our working capital, capital expenditure, general corporate and growth requirements. In May 2015, we amended the Credit Facility to, among other changes, extend its maturity date from June 2, 2016 to May 13, 2020.

Advances under the Credit Facility are limited to the lesser of the revolving loan commitment amount (currently \$100.0 million) or a borrowing base amount that is calculated based upon a percentage of eligible receivables and inventories. As of June 30, 2018, no borrowings were outstanding on the Credit Facility, \$82.5 million of borrowing capacity was available and outstanding letters of credit totaled \$1.8 million.

We believe that, in the absence of significant unanticipated cash demands, cash and cash equivalents, net cash generated by operating activities and the borrowing availability provided under the Credit Facility will be sufficient to satisfy our expected requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, dividends and share repurchases, if any. We expect to have access to the amounts available under the Credit Facility as required. However, should we experience future reductions in our operating cash flows due to weakening conditions in our construction end-markets and reduced demand from our customers, we may need to curtail capital and operating expenditures, delay or restrict share repurchases, cease dividend payments and/or realign our working capital requirements.

Should we determine, at any time, that we required additional short-term liquidity, we would evaluate the alternative sources of financing that would be potentially available to provide such funding. There can be no assurance that any such financing, if pursued, would be obtained, or if obtained, would be adequate or on terms acceptable to us. However, we believe that our strong balance sheet, flexible capital structure and borrowing capacity available to us under our Credit Facility position us to meet our anticipated liquidity requirements for the foreseeable future, including the next 12 months.

### **Seasonality and Cyclicity**

Demand in our markets is both seasonal and cyclical, driven by the level of construction activity, but can also be impacted by fluctuations in the inventory positions of our customers. From a seasonal standpoint, shipments typically reach their highest level of the year when weather conditions are the most conducive to construction activity. As a result, assuming normal seasonal weather patterns, shipments and profitability are usually higher in the third and fourth quarters of the fiscal year and lower in the first and second quarters. From a cyclical standpoint, construction activity and demand for our products is generally correlated with general economic conditions, although there can be significant differences between the relative strength of nonresidential and residential construction for extended periods.

### **Impact of Inflation**

We are subject to inflationary risks arising from fluctuations in the market prices for our primary raw material, hot-rolled carbon steel wire rod, and, to a much lesser extent, freight, energy and other consumables that are used in our manufacturing processes. We have generally been able to adjust our selling prices to pass through increases in these costs or offset them through various cost reduction and productivity improvement initiatives. However, our ability to raise our selling prices depends on market conditions and competitive dynamics, and there may be periods during which we are unable to fully recover increases in our costs. During the first half of fiscal 2018, the year-over-year escalation in our raw material costs exceeded the increase in our selling prices due to competitive pricing pressures. During the third quarter of fiscal 2018, we implemented additional price increases that were sufficient to recover these higher costs. The timing and magnitude of any future increases in our raw material costs and the selling prices for our products is uncertain at this time.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any material transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, as described by Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K of the SEC, that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future impact on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, capital resources or significant components of revenues or expenses.

### **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no material changes in our contractual obligations and commitments as disclosed in our 2017 Annual Report other than those which occur in the ordinary course of business.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based on our unaudited financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. for interim financial information. The preparation of our financial statements requires the application of these accounting principles in addition to certain estimates and judgments based on current available information, actuarial estimates, historical results and other assumptions believed to be reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Please refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies" included in our 2017 Annual Report for further information regarding our

critical accounting policies and estimates. As of June 30, 2018, there were no changes in the nature of our critical accounting policies or the application of those policies from those reported in our 2017 Annual Report.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Refer to Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report for recently adopted and issued accounting pronouncements since the filing of our 2017 Annual Report, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects, if any, on our consolidated financial statements.

### **Outlook**

Looking ahead to the remainder of 2018, we expect our financial results will be favorably impacted by the continued growth in our construction end-markets. Customer sentiment remains positive and we believe the infrastructure-related portion of our business will benefit from the passage of the federal omnibus spending bill and higher state and local funding in many of our markets. The leading indicators and industry forecasts for nonresidential construction remain positive as well with the potential for additional growth resulting from the new tax law.

We expect business conditions will remain challenging, however, in view of the escalation in our raw material costs resulting from the Section 232 tariffs on imported steel and the duties that have been imposed against certain countries in response to the recent trade cases initiated by domestic wire rod producers. We will pursue additional price increases, when appropriate, to recover these additional costs and continue to focus on the operational fundamentals of our business: closely managing and controlling our expenses; aligning our production schedules with demand in a proactive manner as there are changes in market conditions to minimize our cash operating costs; and pursuing further improvements in the productivity and effectiveness of all of our manufacturing, selling and administrative activities. We also expect gradually increasing contributions from the substantial investments we have made in our facilities in the form of reduced operating costs and additional capacity to support future growth (see “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors”). In addition, we will continue to pursue further acquisitions in our existing businesses that expand our penetration of markets we currently serve or expand our footprint.



### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Our cash flows and earnings are subject to fluctuations resulting from changes in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign exchange rates. We manage our exposure to these market risks through internally established policies and procedures and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. We do not use financial instruments for trading purposes and are not a party to any leveraged derivatives. We monitor our underlying market risk exposures on an ongoing basis and believe we can modify or adapt our hedging strategies as necessary.

#### *Commodity Prices*

We are subject to significant fluctuations in the cost and availability of our primary raw material, hot-rolled carbon steel wire rod, which we purchase from both domestic and foreign suppliers. We negotiate quantities and pricing for both domestic and foreign wire rod purchases for varying periods (most recently monthly for domestic suppliers), depending upon market conditions, to manage our exposure to price fluctuations and to ensure adequate availability of material consistent with our requirements. We do not use derivative commodity instruments to hedge our exposure to changes in prices as such instruments are not currently available for wire rod. Our ability to acquire wire rod from foreign sources on favorable terms is impacted by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, foreign taxes, duties, tariffs and other trade actions. Although changes in wire rod costs and our selling prices tend to be correlated, in weaker market environments, we may be unable to fully recover increased rod costs through higher selling prices, which would reduce our earnings and cash flows. Additionally, when raw material costs decline, our financial results may be negatively impacted if the selling prices for our products decrease to an even greater extent and if we are consuming higher cost material from inventory. Based on our shipments and average wire rod cost reflected in cost of sales for the first nine months of 2018, a 10% increase in the price of wire rod would have resulted in a \$19.4 million decrease in our pre-tax earnings (assuming there was not a corresponding change in our selling prices).

#### *Interest Rates*

Although we did not have any balances outstanding on our Credit Facility as of June 30, 2018, future borrowings under the facility are subject to a variable rate of interest and are sensitive to changes in interest rates.

#### *Foreign Exchange Exposure*

We have not typically hedged foreign currency exposures related to transactions denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars, as such transactions have not been material historically. We will occasionally hedge firm commitments

for certain equipment purchases that are denominated in foreign currencies. The decision to hedge any such transactions is made by us on a case-by-case basis. There were no forward contracts outstanding as of June 30, 2018.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

We have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2018. This evaluation was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Further, they concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2018 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, including commercial, environmental and employment matters, which arise in the ordinary course of business. We do not anticipate that the ultimate costs to resolve these matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, there were no material changes from the risk factors set forth under Part I, Item 1A., “Risk Factors” in our 2017 Annual Report. You should carefully consider these factors in addition to the other information set forth in this report which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks and uncertainties described in this report and in our 2017 Annual Report, as well as other reports and statements that we file with the SEC, are not the only risks and uncertainties facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

On November 18, 2008, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase authorization to buy back up to \$25.0 million of our outstanding common stock (the “Authorization”). Repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, applicable legal requirements and other factors. We are not obligated to acquire any particular amount of common stock and may commence or suspend the program at any time at our discretion without prior notice. The Authorization continues in effect until terminated by our Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2018, there was \$24.8 million remaining available for future share repurchases under the Authorization. There were no share repurchases during the three- and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017.

### **Item 6. Exhibits**

Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

101 The following financial information from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Insteel Industries, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, (ii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2017, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity as of June 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, and (v) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC.

Registrant

Date: July 19, 2018 By: /s/ Michael C. Gazmarian  
Michael C. Gazmarian  
Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer  
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)