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AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION  
Form 10-Q  
April 30, 2002

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2002      Commission file number 1-7476

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AmSouth Bancorporation  
(Exact Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	63-0591257
(State or other	(I.R.S. Employer
jurisdiction of	Identification No.)
Incorporation or	
Organization)	

AmSouth Center	
1900 Fifth Avenue North	
Birmingham, Alabama	35203
(Address of principal	(Zip Code)
executive offices)	

(205) 320-7151  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ]

As of April 22, 2002, AmSouth Bancorporation had 361,634,000 shares of common stock outstanding.

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AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION

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Part I. Financial Information

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Forward-Looking Statements. Statements made in this report that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements (as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995), including any statements regarding descriptions of management's plans, objectives or goals for future operations, products or services, and forecasts of its revenues, earnings or other measures of performance. Forward-looking statements are based on current management expectations and, by their nature, are subject to risks and uncertainties. A number of factors--many of which are beyond AmSouth's control--could cause actual conditions, events or results to differ significantly from those described in the forward-looking statements. Some of these factors which could cause results to differ materially from current management expectations include, but are not limited to: the execution of AmSouth's strategic initiatives; legislation; general economic conditions, especially in the Southeast; changes in interest rates, yield curves and interest rate spread relationships; deposit flows; the cost of funds; cost of federal deposit insurance premiums; demand for loan products; demand for financial services; competition; changes in the quality or composition of AmSouth's loan and investment portfolios including capital market inefficiencies that may affect the marketability and valuation of available-for-sale securities; changes in accounting and tax principles, policies or guidelines; other economic, competitive, governmental, and regulatory factors affecting AmSouth's operations, products, services, and prices; and the outcome of litigation, which is inherently uncertain and depends on the findings of judges and juries. The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 have had a negative impact on the economy. It is impossible to predict what future effect these events or any United States response may have. To the extent there is a prolonged negative impact on the economy, the effects may include adverse changes in customers' borrowing, investing or spending patterns; market disruptions; adverse effects on the performance of the United States and foreign equity markets; currency fluctuations; exchange controls; restriction of asset growth; negative effects on credit quality; and other effects that could adversely impact the performance, earnings, and revenue growth of the financial services industry, including AmSouth. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. AmSouth does not undertake a duty to update forward-looking statements to reflect circumstances or events that occur after the date the forward-looking statements are made.

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PART I  
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION  
(Unaudited)

March 31  
2002

ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks.....	\$	956,226
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell.....		447,500
Trading securities.....		20,083
Available-for-sale securities.....		4,625,994
Held-to-maturity securities (market value of \$4,132,849, \$4,071,008 and \$4,686,230, respectively).....		4,089,645
Loans held for sale.....		223,999
Loans.....		26,136,219
Less: Allowance for loan losses.....		367,819
Unearned income.....		723,810
		-----
Net loans.....		25,044,590
Other interest-earning assets.....		33,567
Premises and equipment, net.....		752,178
Accrued interest receivable and other assets.....		2,029,725
		-----
		\$38,223,507
		=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits and interest-bearing liabilities:		
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing demand.....	\$	4,850,399
Interest-bearing demand.....		10,620,135
Savings.....		1,310,931
Time.....		6,510,539
Foreign time.....		332,581
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more.....		2,048,207
		-----
Total deposits.....		25,672,792
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.....		2,107,844
Other borrowed funds.....		75,227
Long-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances.....		5,086,796
Other long-term debt.....		1,001,602
		-----
Total deposits and interest-bearing liabilities.....		33,944,261
Accrued expenses and other liabilities.....		1,291,761
		-----
Total liabilities.....		35,236,022
		-----
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock--no par value:		
Authorized--2,000,000 shares; Issued and outstanding--none.....		-0-
Common stock--par value \$1 a share:		
Authorized--750,000,000 shares; Issued--416,925,000, 416,931,000 and 416,940,000 shares, respectively.....		416,925
Capital surplus.....		699,831

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Retained earnings.....	2,737,021
Cost of common stock in treasury--54,778,000, 53,896,000 and 45,809,000 shares, respectively.....	(868,195)
Deferred compensation on restricted stock.....	(17,295)
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss).....	19,198
	-----
Total shareholders' equity.....	2,987,485
	-----
	\$38,223,507
	=====

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS  
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2002	2001
	(In thousands except per share data)	
INTEREST INCOME		
Loans.....	\$424,995	\$525,454
Available-for-sale securities.....	85,308	72,422
Held-to-maturity securities.....	61,503	74,826
Trading securities.....	67	8
Loans held for sale.....	4,165	1,963
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell....	745	24,445
Other interest-earning assets.....	310	699
	-----	-----
Total interest income.....	577,093	699,817
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Interest-bearing demand deposits.....	28,921	83,607
Savings deposits.....	1,818	4,909
Time deposits.....	64,286	116,585
Foreign time deposits.....	1,102	3,797
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more.....	18,637	38,467
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	6,229	27,617
Other borrowed funds.....	979	4,508
Long-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances.....	67,144	74,355
Other long-term debt.....	9,783	16,129
	-----	-----
Total interest expense.....	198,899	369,974
	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME.....	378,194	329,843
Provision for loan losses.....	56,100	38,200
	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES.....	322,094	291,643
	-----	-----

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NONINTEREST REVENUES		
Service charges on deposit accounts.....	65,130	59,871
Trust income.....	27,869	28,879
Consumer investment services income.....	20,911	23,672
Bank owned life insurance policies.....	16,637	14,081
Interchange income.....	13,875	13,046
Mortgage income.....	5,876	4,899
Portfolio income.....	3,567	2,943
Other noninterest revenues.....	23,798	34,910
	-----	-----
Total noninterest revenues.....	177,663	182,301
	-----	-----
NONINTEREST EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits.....	156,803	141,732
Equipment expense.....	29,429	30,296
Net occupancy expense.....	28,533	27,813
Postage and office supplies.....	12,954	12,909
Communications expense.....	8,902	10,278
Amortization of intangibles.....	1,362	8,517
Marketing expense.....	9,046	8,507
Other noninterest expenses.....	46,638	48,015
	-----	-----
Total noninterest expenses.....	293,667	288,067
	-----	-----
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES.....	206,090	185,877
Income taxes.....	60,520	59,666
	-----	-----
NET INCOME.....	\$145,570	\$126,211
	=====	=====
Average common shares outstanding.....	361,656	372,246
Earnings per common share.....	\$ .40	\$ .34
Diluted average common shares outstanding.....	365,919	374,940
Diluted earnings per common share.....	\$ .40	\$ .34

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings	Tr S
	-----	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2002.....	\$416,931	\$699,863	\$2,677,933	\$ (
Comprehensive income:				
Net income.....	-0-	-0-	145,570	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Change in unrealized gains on derivative instruments (net of \$2,472 tax benefit).....	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Changes in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities (net of \$8,168				

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tax benefit).....	-0-	-0-	-0-
Comprehensive income			
Cash dividends declared.....	-0-	-0-	(80,133)
Common stock transactions:.....			
Purchase of common stock.....	-0-	-0-	-0-
Employee stock plans.....	(6)	(81)	(6,349)
Dividend reinvestment plan.....	-0-	49	-0-
	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2002.....	\$416,925	\$699,831	\$2,737,021
	=====	=====	=====
Disclosure of reclassification amount:			
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities arising during the period.....			
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income.....			
Net changes in unrealized gains on available- for-sale securities, net of tax.....			
Unrealized holding gains on derivatives arising during the period.....			
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income.....			
Net changes in unrealized gains on derivatives, net of tax....			

	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)	Total
	-----	-----
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2002.....	\$25,001	\$2,955,099
Comprehensive income:		
Net income.....	-0-	145,570
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Change in unrealized gains on derivative instruments (net of \$2,472 tax benefit).....	(4,591)	(4,591)
Changes in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities (net of \$8,168 tax benefit).....	(1,212)	(1,212)
		-----
Comprehensive income		139,767
Cash dividends declared.....	-0-	(80,133)
Common stock transactions:.....		
Purchase of common stock.....	-0-	(44,147)
Employee stock plans.....	-0-	14,298
Dividend reinvestment plan.....	-0-	2,601
		-----
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2002.....	\$19,198	\$2,987,485
	=====	=====
Disclosure of reclassification amount:		
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities arising during the period.....	\$ 471	
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income.....	1,683	
	-----	

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Net changes in unrealized gains on available- for-sale securities, net of tax.....	\$(1,212)
	=====
Unrealized holding gains on derivatives arising during the period.....	\$ 448
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in net income.....	5,039
	-----
Net changes in unrealized gains on derivatives, net of tax....	\$(4,591)
	=====

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income.....	.....
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Provision for loan losses.....	.....
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment.....	.....
Amortization of premiums and discounts on held-to-maturity securities and available-for-sale securities.....	.....
Net decrease (increase) in loans held for sale.....	.....
Net increase in trading securities.....	.....
Net gains on sales of available-for-sale securities.....	.....
Net decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable and other assets.....	.....
Net increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities.....	.....
Provision for deferred income taxes.....	.....
Amortization of intangible assets.....	.....
Other operating activities, net.....	.....
Net cash provided by operating activities.....	.....

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of available-for-sale securities.....	.....
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities.....	.....
Purchases of available-for-sale securities.....	.....
Proceeds from maturities, prepayments and calls of held-to-maturity securities.....	.....
Purchases of held-to-maturity securities.....	.....
Net (increase) decrease in federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell.....	.....
Net decrease in other interest-earning assets.....	.....
Net (increase) decrease in loans.....	.....
Net purchases of premises and equipment.....	.....
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities.....	.....

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### FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net decrease in deposits.....	
Net increase (decrease) in federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.....	
Net decrease in other borrowed funds.....	
Issuance of long-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances and other long-term debt.....	
Payments for maturing long-term debt.....	
Cash dividends paid.....	
Proceeds from employee stock plans and dividend reinvestment plan.....	
Purchase of common stock.....	
Net cash used for financing activities.....	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents.....	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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### AMSOUTH BANCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001

General--The consolidated financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2002 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on net income. The notes included herein should be read in conjunction with the notes to consolidated financial statements included in AmSouth Bancorporation's (AmSouth) 2001 annual report on Form 10-K.

Accounting Changes--In July 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 141, "Business Combinations" (Statement 141), and Statement No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (Statement 142). Statement 141 requires that the purchase method of accounting be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. Statement 141 also specifies the criteria for intangible assets acquired in a purchase method business combination to be recognized and reported apart from goodwill. Statement 142 requires companies to no longer amortize goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, but instead test these assets for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of Statement 142. Under Statement 142, intangible assets with definite useful lives continue to be amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, and reviewed for impairment in accordance with the FASB's Statement No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" (Statement 144).

AmSouth adopted the provisions of Statement 142 effective January 1, 2002. As of the date of adoption, AmSouth had unamortized goodwill in the amount of \$288.4 million, and unamortized identifiable intangible assets in the amount of \$18.7 million, all of which were subject to the transition provisions of

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Statements 141 and 142. As part of its adoption of Statement 142, AmSouth has performed a transitional impairment test on its goodwill assets, which indicated that no impairment charge was required. AmSouth does not currently have any other indefinite-lived intangible assets recorded in its statement of financial condition. In addition, no material reclassifications or adjustments to the useful lives of finite-lived intangible assets were made as a result of adopting the new guidance. The full impact of adopting Statement 142 is expected to result in an increase in net income of approximately \$29.0 million or approximately \$.08 per share in 2002 as a result of AmSouth no longer having to amortize goodwill against earnings. At March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth had \$17.3 million and \$19.9 million, respectively, in unamortized identifiable intangible assets substantially all of which were core deposit intangibles. Total amortization expense associated with these intangible assets in the first quarter of 2002 and 2001 was \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. Assuming retroactive adoption of Statement 142, net income for the year ended December 31, 2001 and the quarter ended March 31, 2001 would have been \$565.3 million and \$133.5 million, respectively, and diluted earnings per share would have been \$1.52 and \$.36 for the same periods, respectively.

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The following table sets forth the reconciliation of net income and earnings per share excluding goodwill amortization for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarter ended March 31, 2001:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2001		For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2001	
	Net Income	Earnings Per Share	Net Income	Earnings Per Share
(In thousands except per share data)				
Earnings per common share computation:				
Net income/EPS as reported.....	\$536,346	\$1.46	\$126,211	\$.34
Add back: Goodwill amortization.....	29,385	.08	7,367	.02
Less: Tax on deductible goodwill.....	442	.00	111	.00
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted net income/EPS.....	\$565,289	\$1.54	\$133,467	\$.36
Diluted earnings per common share computation:				
Net income/diluted EPS as reported.....	\$536,346	\$1.45	\$126,211	\$.34
Add back: Goodwill amortization.....	29,385	.07	7,367	.02
Less: Tax on deductible goodwill.....	442	.00	111	.00
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted net income/diluted EPS.....	\$565,289	\$1.52	\$133,467	\$.36

On January 1, 2002, AmSouth adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". Statement 144 supersedes Statement 121 and provides a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of. Although retaining many of the fundamental recognition and measurement provisions of Statement 121, the new rules significantly change the criteria that would have to be met to classify an asset as held-for-sale. Statement 144 also supersedes the provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion 30 with regard to reporting the effects of a disposal of a segment of a business and requires expected future operating losses from discontinued operations to be displayed in discontinued operations in the period(s) in which the losses are incurred

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(rather than as of the measurement date as presently required by APB Opinion 30). In addition, more dispositions will qualify for discontinued operations treatment in the income statement. The adoption of Statement 144 did not have a material impact on AmSouth's financial conditions or results of operations.

Cash Flows--For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth paid interest of \$202.1 million and \$371.0 million, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth paid income taxes of \$190.1 thousand and received refunds of income taxes of \$38.7 million, respectively. Noncash transfers from loans to foreclosed properties for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, were \$10.0 million and \$5.6 million, respectively. There were no noncash transfers from foreclosed properties to loans during the first quarter of 2002 compared to \$85 thousand during the same period last year. During the first quarter of 2001, AmSouth had noncash transfers from held-to-maturity securities to available-for-sale securities of \$2.1 billion associated with its adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended, (Statement 133), at the beginning of 2001.

Derivatives--In accordance with Statement 133, AmSouth recognizes all of its derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial condition at fair value. For those derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, AmSouth designates the hedging instrument, based upon the exposure being hedged, as either a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge. Derivative instruments designated in a hedge relationship to mitigate exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risks, are considered fair value hedges under Statement 133. Derivative instruments designated in a hedge relationship to mitigate exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges.

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For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in other noninterest revenue during the period of the change in fair values. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The remaining gain or loss on the derivative instrument in excess of the cumulative change in the present value of future cash flows of the hedged item, if any, is recognized in other noninterest revenue during the period of change. For derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments, the gain or loss is recognized in current earnings during the period of change.

AmSouth, at the hedge's inception and at least quarterly thereafter, performs a formal assessment to determine whether changes in the fair values or cash flows of the derivative instruments have been highly effective in offsetting changes in the fair values or cash flows of the hedged items and whether they are expected to be highly effective in the future. If it is determined a derivative instrument has not been or will not continue to be highly effective as a hedge, hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively and the derivative instrument continues to be carried at fair value with all changes in fair value being recorded in noninterest revenue but with no corresponding offset being recorded on the hedged item or in other comprehensive income for cash flow hedges.

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Fair Value Hedging Strategy--AmSouth has entered into interest rate swap agreements for interest rate risk exposure management purposes. The interest rate swap agreements utilized by AmSouth effectively modify AmSouth's exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of AmSouth's fixed-rate certificates of deposit to floating rate. AmSouth also has interest rate swap agreements which effectively convert portions of its fixed-rate long-term debt to floating rate. During the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth recognized a net gain of \$48 thousand and \$50 thousand, respectively, related to the ineffective portion of its hedging instruments.

Cash Flow Hedging Strategy--AmSouth has entered into interest rate swap agreements that effectively convert a portion of its floating-rate loans to a fixed-rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest income. Approximately \$675 million and \$925 million of AmSouth's loans were designated as the hedged items to the interest rate swap agreements at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth recognized a net loss of \$10 thousand and a net gain of \$138 thousand, respectively, related to the ineffective portion of its hedging instruments.

Comprehensive Income--Total comprehensive income was \$139.8 million and \$214.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Total comprehensive income consists of net income, the change in the unrealized gains or losses on AmSouth's available-for-sale securities portfolio arising during the period and the change in value of the effective portion of cash flow hedges marked to market.

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Earnings Per Common Share--The following table sets forth the computation of earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share:

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2002	2001
Earnings per common share computation:		
Numerator:		
Net income.....	\$145,570	\$126,211
Denominator:		
Average common shares outstanding.....	361,656	372,246
Earnings per common share.....	\$ .40	\$ .34
Diluted earnings per common share computation:		
Numerator:		
Net income.....	\$145,570	\$126,211
Denominator:		
Average common shares outstanding.....	361,656	372,246
Dilutive shares contingently issuable.....	4,263	2,694
Average diluted common shares outstanding..	365,919	374,940
Diluted earnings per common share.....	\$ .40	\$ .34

Shareholders' Equity--On September 19, 2001, AmSouth's Board of Directors approved the repurchase by AmSouth of up to 25.0 million shares of its

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outstanding common stock over a two year period for the purpose of funding employee benefit and dividend reinvestment plans and for general corporate purposes. Through March 31, 2002, 4.4 million shares have been purchased under this authorization at a cost of \$85.3 million. Cash dividends of \$.22 per common share were declared in the first quarter of 2002. This represents a five percent increase over the dividend declared during the first quarter of 2001.

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Business Segment Information--AmSouth has three reportable segments: Consumer Banking, Commercial Banking, and Wealth Management. Treasury & Other is comprised of balance sheet management activities that include the investment portfolio, non-deposit funding and off-balance sheet financial instruments. Treasury & Other also includes income from bank owned life insurance policies, ineffectiveness related to hedging strategies, net gains on sales of fixed assets, taxable-equivalent adjustments associated with lease restructuring transactions, merger-related costs, and corporate expenses such as corporate overhead and goodwill amortization. The following is a summary of the segment performance for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001:

	Consumer Banking	Commercial Banking	Wealth Management	Treasury & Other	Total
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(In thousands)				
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2002</b>					
Net interest income from external customers	\$186,724	\$131,486	\$ (92)	\$ 60,076	\$378,194
Internal funding.....	97,530	(36,748)	1,054	(61,836)	-0-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net interest income.....	284,254	94,738	962	(1,760)	378,194
Noninterest revenues.....	83,092	30,081	48,798	15,692	177,663
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total revenues.....	367,346	124,819	49,760	13,932	555,857
Provision for loan losses.....	38,802	11,335	-0-	5,963	56,100
Noninterest expenses.....	186,659	44,417	39,330	23,261	293,667
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income/(Loss) before income taxes.....	141,885	69,067	10,430	(15,292)	206,090
Income taxes/(benefits).....	53,375	25,953	3,916	(22,724)	60,520
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Segment net income.....	\$ 88,510	\$ 43,114	\$ 6,514	\$ 7,432	\$145,570
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2001</b>					
Net interest income from external customers	\$ 96,606	\$176,833	\$ (388)	\$ 56,792	\$329,843
Internal funding.....	135,514	(81,114)	1,197	(55,597)	-0-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net interest income.....	232,120	95,719	809	1,195	329,843
Noninterest revenues.....	81,282	25,462	52,724	22,833	182,301
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total revenues.....	313,402	121,181	53,533	24,028	512,144
Provision for loan losses.....	28,652	9,336	-0-	212	38,200
Noninterest expenses.....	170,642	46,523	39,227	31,675	288,067
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income/(Loss) before income taxes.....	114,108	65,322	14,306	(7,859)	185,877
Income taxes/(benefits).....	42,951	24,519	5,360	(13,164)	59,666
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Segment net income.....	\$ 71,157	\$ 40,803	\$ 8,946	\$ 5,305	\$126,211
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors  
AmSouth Bancorporation

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of condition of AmSouth Bancorporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related consolidated statements of earnings and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, and the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data, and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which will be performed for the full year with the objective of expressing an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the consolidated statement of condition of AmSouth Bancorporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein) and in our report dated January 15, 2002, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated statement of condition as of December 31, 2001 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated statement of condition from which it has been derived.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Birmingham, Alabama  
April 23, 2002

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

AmSouth Bancorporation (AmSouth) reported net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 of \$145.6 million, or \$.40 per share versus \$126.2 million, or \$.34 per share for the same period last year. For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, AmSouth's return on average assets (ROA) was 1.56 percent and 1.33 percent, respectively. Return on average equity (ROE) was 19.83

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percent for the first three months of 2002 compared to 18.08 percent for the same quarter of 2001. The improved earnings reflected higher net interest income, as AmSouth's net interest margin continued to expand, as well as a decrease in noninterest expenses. The improvements were partially offset by lower noninterest revenues and an increase in the provision for loan losses during the quarter.

The improvement in net income reflected AmSouth's adoption, on January 1, 2002, of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (Statement 142). Statement 142 requires companies to no longer amortize goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, but instead test these assets for impairment at least annually in accordance with the provisions of Statement 142. The impact to first quarter earnings of adopting Statement 142 and no longer amortizing goodwill against earnings was an increase in net income of approximately \$7.3 million or \$.02 per share when compared to the same period in 2001. The full impact of adopting Statement 142 is expected to result in an increase in net income of approximately \$29.0 million or approximately \$.08 per share in 2002.

Total assets at March 31, 2002 were \$38.2 billion, down from \$38.6 billion at year end reflecting a decrease in available-for-sale (AFS) securities and lower cash balances offset by increases in loans. Loans net of unearned income at March 31, 2002 increased \$287.9 million compared to year end. This increase was attributable to \$462.3 million of growth in consumer loans partially offset by decreases in commercial and commercial real estate loans. The increase in consumer loans was driven by increases in home equity loans and lines, dealer indirect automobile lending and residential first mortgages. The increase in home equity lending reflected AmSouth's continued efforts to attract these loans due to their attractive spreads and historically low levels of losses. Managed loans, which include securitized dealer loans and loans sold to third-party conduits, increased by \$55.0 million at March 31, 2002 from year-end levels. This increase reflected the balance sheet loan growth described above offset by the paydown of dealer indirect loans previously securitized and the planned runoff in residential and dealer loans previously sold to conduits.

On the liability side of the balance sheet, total deposits at March 31, 2002, decreased by \$494.2 million compared to December 31, 2001. Decreases in deposits occurred primarily in higher cost time deposits and noninterest-bearing demand deposits. These decreases were partially offset by increases in low cost interest-bearing checking, money market and savings deposits. The decrease in noninterest-bearing deposits reflected the impact of higher commercial demand deposits, which normally occurs at the end of the year, while the increase in other low cost deposits reflected AmSouth's emphasis on promoting sales of consumer and small business consumer checking and money market accounts.

### Net Interest Income

Net interest income (NII) on a fully taxable equivalent basis was \$378.2 million for the first quarter of 2002, an increase of \$48.4 million, or 14.7 percent, as compared to the first quarter of 2001. The increase in NII reflected a higher net interest margin partially offset by lower average interest-earning assets. Average interest-earning assets for the first quarter of 2002 were \$34.1 billion, a decrease of \$1.0 billion from the same period in 2001. The net interest margin (NIM) was 4.65 percent for the first quarter of 2002 versus 3.93 percent for the same period last year. The increase in the NIM reflected a favorable shift in the mix of both assets and liabilities. On the balance sheet, AmSouth replaced lower yielding commercial loans and fixed-rate investment securities with higher yielding consumer loans, while higher cost time deposits and wholesale, short-term borrowings were partially replaced by low cost and noninterest-bearing deposits. The funding side of the balance

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sheet benefited from the maturity, during the third and fourth quarters of 2001, of \$2.3 billion in higher cost time deposits which either repriced at a time when renewal rates were lower or were shifted into other deposit products at lower rates.

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Management expects the NIM to remain above 4.50 percent for the remainder of 2002, provided the economy continues to recover, AmSouth achieves modest growth in loans and deposits, and AmSouth's balance sheet and interest rate management strategy continues to be successful. Conditions different from these could cause the NIM to differ from management's expectations.

### Asset/Liability Management

AmSouth maintains a formal asset and liability management process to quantify, monitor and control interest rate risk and to assist management in maintaining stability in the net interest margin under varying interest rate environments. AmSouth accomplishes this process through the development and implementation of lending, funding, pricing and hedging strategies designed to maximize NII performance under varying interest rate environments subject to specific liquidity and interest rate risk guidelines.

An earnings simulation model is the primary tool used to assess the direction and magnitude of changes in NII resulting from changes in interest rates. Key assumptions in the model include prepayment speeds on mortgage-related assets; cash flows and maturities of derivatives and other financial instruments held for purposes other than trading; changes in market conditions, loan volumes and pricing; deposit volume, mix and rate sensitivity; customer preferences; and management's financial and capital plans. These assumptions are inherently uncertain, and, as a result, the model cannot precisely estimate NII or precisely predict the impact of higher or lower interest rates on NII. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, magnitude and frequency of interest rate changes, changes in market conditions, volume differences and management's strategies, among other factors.

Based on the results of the simulation model as of March 31, 2002, AmSouth would expect NII to increase \$3.0 million or approximately .19 percent and decrease \$200 thousand or approximately .01 percent if interest rates gradually increase or decrease, respectively, from current rates by 100 basis points over a 12-month period. This level of interest rate risk is within AmSouth's policy guidelines. Current policy states that NII should not fluctuate more than 2.5 percent in the event that interest rates gradually increase or decrease 100 basis points over a period of twelve months. As of March 31, 2001, the simulation model indicated that NII would increase \$8 million or approximately .5 percent and decrease \$10 million or approximately .7 percent if interest rates gradually increased or decreased, respectively, from their then-current rates by 100 basis points over a 12-month period.

AmSouth's neutral interest rate risk profile is the result of continued actions taken over the last several quarters. These actions included the continued increase in the level of variable-rate loans on the balance sheet while reducing the level of fixed-rate loans and investment securities. In addition, less rate sensitive, low cost deposits have increased while higher cost and more rate sensitive time deposits have declined. AmSouth extended the maturity of purchased funds and "receive fixed/pay floating" interest rate swaps with notional amounts of \$821 million either matured or have been called since the first quarter of 2001. AmSouth plans to continue its neutral interest rate risk position through 2002 by emphasizing variable-rate lending, especially equity lines. In addition, there are approximately \$685 million

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notional amount of receive fixed/pay floating interest rate swaps expected to mature during the remainder of 2002, which management does not currently anticipate replacing. These actions should help protect AmSouth's interest rate risk neutrality even as interest rates begin to rise.

As part of its activities to manage interest rate risk, AmSouth utilizes various derivative instruments such as interest rate swaps. At March 31, 2002, AmSouth had interest rate swaps in the notional amount of \$1.8 billion, all of which were receive fixed/pay floating rate swaps. Of these swaps, \$675 million of notional value was used to hedge the cash flow of variable-rate commercial loans. The remaining \$1.1 billion of notional value was used to hedge the fair value of fixed-rate consumer certificates of deposit and corporate and bank debt. There were maturities of interest rate swaps totaling \$285 million during the first three months of 2002.

AmSouth also enters into forward commitments to sell groups of residential mortgage loans to protect against changes in the fair value of fixed-rate mortgage loan commitments not yet funded. These forward

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commitment transactions and unfunded loan commitments do not qualify for hedge accounting and are recorded on the statement of condition at fair value with changes in fair value during the period being recorded in mortgage income. At March 31, 2002, AmSouth had \$1.2 million recorded in other assets associated with \$143.0 million notional amount of open forward contracts to sell residential mortgage loans.

In addition to using derivative instruments as an interest rate risk management tool, AmSouth also acts as an intermediary for interest rate swaps, caps, floors, and foreign exchange contracts on behalf of its customers. AmSouth minimizes its market and liquidity risks by taking offsetting positions. AmSouth manages its credit risk, or potential risk of loss from default by counterparties, through credit limit approval and monitoring procedures. Market value changes on intermediated swaps and other derivatives are recognized in income in the period of change. The amounts of these other derivative instruments were immaterial.

### Liquidity Management

AmSouth's goal in liquidity management is to satisfy the cash flow requirements of depositors and borrowers while at the same time meeting its cash flow needs. This is accomplished through the active management of both the asset and liability sides of the balance sheet. The liquidity position of AmSouth is monitored on a daily basis by AmSouth's Treasury Division. In addition, the Asset/Liability Committee, which consists of members of AmSouth's senior management team, reviews liquidity on a regular basis and approves any changes in strategy that are necessary as a result of balance sheet or anticipated cash flow changes. Management also compares, on a monthly basis, AmSouth's liquidity position to established corporate liquidity guidelines.

The primary sources of liquidity on the asset side of the balance sheet are maturities and cash flows from loans and investments as well as the ability to securitize or sell certain loans and investments. Liquidity on the liability side is generated primarily through growth in core deposits and the ability to obtain economical wholesale funding in national and regional markets through a variety of sources.

At March 31, 2002, AmSouth had contractual obligations associated with outstanding borrowings, time deposits and lease obligations of \$17.5 billion of

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which \$9.3 billion is due within one year. In addition, AmSouth had loan commitments and standby letters of credit of \$21.7 billion of which \$7.2 billion expires within one year.

As an additional source of liquidity, AmSouth periodically sells loans or pools of loans to qualifying special purpose entities called conduits in securitization transactions. The conduits are financed by the issuance of securities to asset-backed commercial paper issuers and are accounted for as sales. These transactions allow AmSouth to utilize its balance sheet capacity and capital for higher yielding, interest-earning assets, while continuing to manage the customer relationship. At March 31, 2002, the outstanding balance of loans sold to conduits was approximately \$3.59 billion, including \$1.3 billion of commercial loans, \$1.9 billion of residential first mortgages and \$394 million of dealer indirect automobile loans. Associated with these transactions, AmSouth had approximately \$151.4 million of letters of credit supporting the conduit sales and approximately \$3.6 billion of liquidity lines of credit supporting the transactions.

### Credit Quality

AmSouth maintains an allowance for loan losses which management believes is adequate to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio. A formal review is prepared quarterly to assess the risk in the portfolio and to determine the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. The review includes analyses of historical performance, the level of nonperforming and adversely rated loans, specific analyses of certain problem loans, loan activity since the previous quarter, reports prepared by the Credit Review Department, consideration of current economic conditions, and other pertinent information. The level of allowance to net loans outstanding will vary depending on the overall results of this quarterly review. The review is presented to and subsequently approved by senior management and reviewed by the Audit and Community Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors.

Table 4 presents a five-quarter analysis of the allowance for loan losses. At March 31, 2002, the allowance for loan losses was \$367.8 million, or 1.45 percent of loans net of unearned income, compared to \$380.6 million, or 1.55 percent, at March 31, 2001 and \$363.6 million, or 1.45 percent at December 31, 2001. The coverage ratio of the allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans was 232 percent at March 31, 2002, an increase from the December 31, 2001 ratio of 228 percent.

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Net charge-offs for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, were \$51.9 million or 0.83 percent of average loans, on an annualized basis, an increase of \$13.9 million from the \$38.0 million or 0.63 percent of average loans reported a year earlier and \$1.2 million higher than the \$50.7 million of net charge-offs or 0.81 percent of average loans reported in the fourth quarter of 2001. While commercial net charge-offs were \$19.2 million in the first quarter of 2002, an increase of \$4.1 million versus the first quarter of 2001, the level of commercial net charge-offs declined \$1.5 million versus \$20.7 million in the fourth quarter of 2001. On the consumer side, net charge-offs increased \$9.9 million and \$2.7 million versus the first quarter of 2001 and the fourth quarter of 2001, respectively. The increase in consumer charge-offs was primarily due to increased charge-offs in the dealer indirect, equity lending and revolving credit portfolios. Dealer indirect charge-offs increased by \$5.1 million versus the same period in 2001 and by approximately \$2.0 million over fourth quarter levels. The increase over fourth quarter levels reflected seasonality coupled with the continued impact of the economy on consumer employment. Home equity net charge-offs were up \$3.8 million versus the first

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quarter of 2001 and up approximately \$1.0 million versus the prior quarter. The trend in net charge-offs mirrored the trend across the entire consumer portfolio. The increase in the unsecured revolving credit portfolio both year over year and quarter over quarter reflected the impact of a soft economy and rising bankruptcies. The provision for loan losses for the first quarter of 2002 was \$56.1 million compared to \$38.2 million in the first quarter of 2001 and \$53.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2001.

Table 5 presents a five-quarter comparison of the components of nonperforming assets. At March 31, 2002, nonperforming assets as a percentage of loans net of unearned income, foreclosed properties and repossessions remained flat at 0.76 percent, the same level as the end of the fourth quarter of 2001. Compared to the first quarter of 2001, this percentage decreased 17 basis points from 0.93 percent.

Included in nonperforming assets at March 31, 2002 and 2001, were loans of \$102.5 million and \$152.5 million, respectively, that were considered to be impaired, substantially all of which were on a nonaccrual basis. At March 31, 2002 and 2001, there was \$19.9 million and \$59.3 million, respectively, in the allowance for loan losses specifically allocated to \$84.3 million and \$141.9 million of impaired loans. No specific reserves were required for \$18.2 million and \$10.6 million of impaired loans at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The average recorded investment in impaired loans for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, was \$101.7 million and \$128.5 million, respectively. AmSouth recorded no material interest income on its impaired loans during the three months ended March 31, 2002. At March 31, 2002, AmSouth had approximately \$70.6 million of potential problem commercial loans which were not included in the nonaccrual loans or in the 90 days past due categories at quarter-end but for which management had concerns as to the ability of such borrowers to comply with their present loan repayment terms.

AmSouth expects nonperforming loans and net charge-offs to fluctuate for the remainder of 2002, in a relatively narrow band around the levels of the last few quarters. This expectation is based on improving economic conditions as the year progresses. If economic conditions deteriorate further or fail to improve in 2002, credit quality could deteriorate from management's expectations.

### Noninterest Revenues and Noninterest Expenses

Noninterest revenue (NIR) was \$177.7 million during the first quarter of 2002, a decrease of \$4.6 million from the first quarter of 2001. The decrease in NIR versus the prior year was primarily due to lower consumer investment services income, trust income and other NIR partially offset by increases in service charges on deposits, mortgage income and income from bank owned life insurance (BOLI). The decrease in consumer investment services income was a result of lower sales of variable annuity products, which followed a trend that began last year and carried over into the first quarter of 2002. Fixed annuity sales and low-cost deposits benefited from the trend. The decrease in trust income was due to a decline in market values as reflected in a 10% decline in the S&P 500 since the first quarter of 2001. The decrease also reflected the outsourcing of Retirement Services

record-keeping plans. The decrease in other NIR reflected a steady decrease in fee income from the auto securitization and the conduits as the loan balances associated with these transactions declined. In addition, the decrease in other NIR reflected an adjustment associated with an equity investment of \$4.4 million recorded in the first quarter of 2001 as well as a \$2.2 million fixed asset impairment loss recorded in the current quarter. The increase in BOLI

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income reflected the receipt of benefit payments in the first quarter of 2002. The increase in service charge income was primarily the result of higher treasury management fees as a result of higher sales to corporate customers. The increase in service charge income also reflected higher revenue from overdraft fees. Mortgage income in the first quarter of 2002 increased \$976 thousand compared to the first quarter of 2001. The increase was driven by higher gains on the bulk sale of mortgage loans and servicing in the secondary market.

Noninterest expenses (NIE) increased from the prior year by \$5.6 million or 1.9 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2002, when compared to the same period in 2001. The increase primarily reflected higher salaries and employee benefits offset by decreases in amortization expense and communication expense. Salaries and employee benefits increased \$15.1 million for the quarter, compared to the same period a year ago. This increase reflected higher base salaries due to merit increases, higher incentive accruals related to improved performance and an increase in employee benefits due to higher payroll taxes, insurance expenses and pension costs. Amortization expense declined \$7.2 million or 84 percent as a result of AmSouth's adoption of Statement 142, on January 1, 2002. Statement 142 no longer permits the amortization of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives but requires these assets to be tested for impairment at least annually. For more information on the impact of adopting Statement 142, see the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements section in Part I of this report. The \$1.4 million decrease in communication expense reflects the impact of lower expenses as a result of a change in vendor.

### Capital Adequacy

At March 31, 2002, shareholders' equity totaled \$3.0 billion or 7.82 percent of total assets. Since December 31, 2001, shareholders' equity increased \$32.4 million primarily as a result of net income for the three months of \$145.6 million. The increase in shareholders' equity from net income for the quarter was partially offset by the reduction of equity associated with the declaration of dividends of \$80.1 million and the purchase of 2.1 million shares of AmSouth common stock for \$44.1 million during the first three months of 2002. In addition, shareholders' equity decreased \$1.2 million as a result of a decrease in the market value of the AFS portfolio, and \$4.6 million of other comprehensive losses associated with cash flow hedges.

Table 8 presents the capital amounts and risk-adjusted capital ratios for AmSouth and AmSouth Bank at March 31, 2002 and 2001. At March 31, 2002, AmSouth exceeded the regulatory minimum required risk-adjusted Tier 1 Capital Ratio of 4.00% and risk-adjusted Total Capital Ratio of 8.00%. In addition, the risk-adjusted capital ratios for AmSouth Bank were above the regulatory minimums, and the Bank was well capitalized at March 31, 2002.

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Table 1--Financial Summary

March 31		%
2002	2001	
		Change
-----		
(In thousands)		

Balance sheet summary

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End-of-period balances:			
Loans net of unearned income.	\$25,412,409	\$24,527,944	3.6%
Total assets.....	38,223,507	38,825,811	(1.6)
Total deposits.....	25,672,792	26,246,046	(2.2)
Shareholders' equity.....	2,987,485	2,883,821	3.6
Year-to-date average balances:			
Loans net of unearned income.	\$25,272,649	\$24,645,798	2.5%
Total assets.....	37,783,732	38,498,447	(1.9)
Total deposits.....	25,566,435	26,077,285	(2.0)
Shareholders' equity.....	2,976,874	2,831,229	5.1

	Three Months Ended March 31		% Change
	2002	2001	
(In thousands except per share data)			
Earnings summary			
Net income.....	\$145,570	\$126,211	15.3%
Earnings per common share.....	.40	.34	17.6
Diluted earnings per common share.....	.40	.34	17.6
Return on average assets (annualized).....	1.56%	1.33%	
Return on average equity (annualized).....	19.83	18.08	
Return on average equity (excluding goodwill, annualized).....	19.83	19.12	
Operating efficiency.....	51.60	55.12	
Operating efficiency (excluding goodwill).....	51.60	53.71	
Selected ratios			
Average equity to assets.....	7.88%	7.35%	
End-of-period equity to assets.....	7.82	7.43	
End-of-period tangible equity to assets.....	7.07	6.63	
Allowance for loan losses to loans net of unearned income.....	1.45	1.55	
Common stock data			
Cash dividends declared.....	\$ .22	\$ .21	
Book value at end of period.....	8.25	7.77	
Market value at end of period.....	21.98	16.81	
Average common shares outstanding.....	361,656	372,246	
Average common shares outstanding-diluted.....	365,919	374,940	

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Table 2--Quarterly Yields Earned on Average Interest-Earning Assets and Rates Paid on Average Interest-Bearing Liabilities

	2002		
	First Quarter		
	Average Balance	Revenue/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
Assets			
Interest-earning assets:			

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Loans net of unearned income.....	\$25,272,649	\$433,114	6.95%
Available-for-sale securities:			
Taxable.....	4,328,728	85,133	7.98
Tax-free.....	74,076	1,466	8.03
	-----	-----	
Total available-for-sale securities.....	4,402,804	86,599	7.98
	-----	-----	
Held-to-maturity securities:			
Taxable.....	3,606,201	58,964	6.63
Tax-free.....	341,999	6,436	7.63
	-----	-----	
Total held-to-maturity securities.....	3,948,200	65,400	6.72
	-----	-----	
Total investment securities.....	8,351,004	151,999	7.38
Other interest-earning assets.....	486,064	5,287	4.41
	-----	-----	
Total interest-earning assets.....	34,109,717	590,400	7.02
Cash and other assets.....	3,908,544		
Allowance for loan losses.....	(365,104)		
Market valuation on available-for-sale securities.....	130,575		
	-----		
	\$37,783,732		
	=====		
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Interest-bearing liabilities:			
Interest-bearing demand deposits.....	\$10,503,137	28,921	1.12
Savings deposits.....	1,272,730	1,818	0.58
Time deposits.....	6,606,926	64,286	3.95
Foreign time deposits.....	337,886	1,102	1.32
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more.....	2,014,841	18,637	3.75
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.....	1,986,166	6,229	1.27
Other interest-bearing liabilities.....	6,146,522	77,906	5.14
	-----	-----	
Total interest-bearing liabilities.....	28,868,208	198,899	2.79
	-----	-----	
Net interest spread.....			4.23%
			=====
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits.....	4,830,915		
Other liabilities.....	1,107,735		
Shareholders' equity.....	2,976,874		
	-----		
	\$37,783,732		
	=====		
Net interest income/margin on a taxable equivalent basis		391,501	4.65%
			=====
Taxable equivalent adjustment:			
Loans.....		8,119	
Available-for-sale securities.....		1,291	
Held-to-maturity securities.....		3,897	
		-----	
Total taxable equivalent adjustment.....		13,307	
		-----	
Net interest income.....		\$378,194	
		=====	

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Fourth Quarter

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Third Quarter

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	Average Balance	Revenue/ Expense	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Reven Expen
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<b>Assets</b>					
Interest-earning assets:					
Loans net of unearned income.....	\$24,947,167	\$463,816	7.38%	\$24,762,932	\$494,
Available-for-sale securities:					
Taxable.....	4,404,328	84,852	7.64	4,341,632	84,
Tax-free.....	79,009	1,580	7.93	81,699	1,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total available-for-sale securities.....	4,483,337	86,432	7.65	4,423,331	86,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Held-to-maturity securities:					
Taxable.....	3,884,256	64,628	6.60	3,987,733	66,
Tax-free.....	341,890	6,401	7.43	341,982	6,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total held-to-maturity securities.....	4,226,146	71,029	6.67	4,329,715	72,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total investment securities.....	8,709,483	157,461	7.17	8,753,046	158,
Other interest-earning assets.....	553,016	5,711	4.10	1,265,120	13,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total interest-earning assets.....	34,209,666	626,988	7.27	34,781,098	666,
Cash and other assets.....	3,841,728			3,678,731	
Allowance for loan losses.....	(359,404)			(382,177)	
Market valuation on available-for-sale securities:					
securities.....	185,967			127,813	
	-----			-----	
	\$37,877,957			\$38,205,465	
	=====			=====	
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>					
Interest-bearing liabilities:					
Interest-bearing demand deposits.....	\$10,298,075	36,367	1.40	\$10,080,711	61,
Savings deposits.....	1,227,991	2,347	0.76	1,213,940	3,
Time deposits.....	6,991,178	78,340	4.45	7,511,350	101,
Foreign time deposits.....	360,579	1,430	1.57	313,799	2,
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more....	2,051,701	23,334	4.51	2,214,303	30,
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.....	2,035,112	8,239	1.61	2,162,744	15,
Other interest-bearing liabilities.....	6,164,694	82,086	5.28	6,238,392	87,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total interest-bearing liabilities.....	29,129,330	232,143	3.16	29,735,239	302,
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Net interest spread.....			4.11%		
			=====		
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits.....	4,729,238			4,591,157	
Other liabilities.....	1,059,602			974,955	
Shareholders' equity.....	2,959,787			2,904,114	
	-----			-----	
	\$37,877,957			\$38,205,465	
	=====			=====	
Net interest income/margin on a taxable equivalent basis					
		394,845	4.58%		364,
			=====		
Taxable equivalent adjustment:					
Loans.....		13,951			13,
Available-for-sale securities.....		1,277			1,
Held-to-maturity securities.....		3,987			3,
		-----			-----
Total taxable equivalent adjustment.....		19,215			18,
		-----			-----
Net interest income.....		\$375,630			\$346,

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	First Quarter			
	Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Revenue/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
<b>Assets</b>				
Interest-earning assets:				
Loans net of unearned income.....	8.33%	\$24,645,798	\$530,572	8.73%
Available-for-sale securities:				
Taxable.....	7.99	3,900,993	71,850	7.47
Tax-free.....	7.72	95,192	1,830	7.80
Total available-for-sale securities.....	7.99	3,996,185	73,680	7.48
Held-to-maturity securities:				
Taxable.....	6.76	4,256,209	72,571	6.91
Tax-free.....	7.44	347,660	6,316	7.37
Total held-to-maturity securities.....	6.82	4,603,869	78,887	6.95
Total investment securities.....	7.38	8,600,054	152,567	7.19
Other interest-earning assets.....	5.38	1,888,326	27,115	5.82
Total interest-earning assets.....	7.97	35,134,178	710,254	8.20
Cash and other assets.....		3,705,571		
Allowance for loan losses.....		(381,223)		
Market valuation on available-for-sale securities.....		39,921		
		\$38,498,447		
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>				
Interest-bearing liabilities:				
Interest-bearing demand deposits.....	2.92	\$ 9,707,570	83,607	3.49
Savings deposits.....	1.53	1,211,685	4,909	1.64
Time deposits.....	5.75	7,824,754	116,585	6.04
Foreign time deposits.....	3.49	332,426	3,797	4.63
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more.....	5.88	2,518,103	38,467	6.20
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.....	3.82	2,341,302	27,617	4.78
Other interest-bearing liabilities.....	5.70	6,383,876	94,992	6.03
Total interest-bearing liabilities.....	4.48	30,319,716	369,974	4.95
Net interest spread.....	3.49%			3.25%
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits.....		4,482,747		
Other liabilities.....		864,755		
Shareholders' equity.....		2,831,229		
		\$38,498,447		
Net interest income/margin on a taxable equivalent basis	4.12%		340,280	3.93%
Taxable equivalent adjustment:				

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Loans.....	5,118
Available-for-sale securities.....	1,257
Held-to-maturity securities.....	4,062
	-----
Total taxable equivalent adjustment.....	10,437
	-----
Net interest income.....	\$329,843
	=====

NOTE: The taxable equivalent adjustment has been computed based on the statutory federal income tax rate, adjusted for applicable state income taxes net of the related federal tax benefit. Loans net of unearned income includes nonaccrual loans for all periods presented. Available-for-sale securities excludes certain noninterest-earning, marketable equity securities. Statement 133 valuation adjustments related to time deposits, certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more and other interest-bearing liabilities are included in other liabilities.

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Table 3--Loans and Credit Quality

	Loans*		Nonperforming Loans**		Net Charge-of Three Months E	
	March 31		March 31		March 31	
	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
	-----					
	(In thousands)					
Commercial:						
Commercial & industrial.....	\$ 6,775,951	\$ 7,189,519	\$ 81,187	\$140,889	\$19,364	\$15,
Commercial loans--secured by real estate.....	1,740,394	1,568,868	26,449	19,121	(134)	(
Total commercial.....	8,516,345	8,758,387	107,636	160,010	19,230	14,
	-----					
Commercial real estate:						
Commercial real estate mortgages.....	2,107,303	2,401,975	14,970	26,461	160	
Real estate construction.....	2,277,023	2,422,491	16,711	5,011	19	
Total commercial real estate.....	4,384,326	4,824,466	31,681	31,472	179	
	-----					
Consumer:						
Residential first mortgages.....	1,819,727	1,495,249	10,284	12,355	320	
Equity loans and lines.....	5,649,781	4,712,525	7,822	4,613	6,045	2,
Dealer indirect.....	3,529,131	3,068,844	1	2	16,216	11,
Revolving credit.....	499,683	490,391	-0-	-0-	6,318	5,
Other consumer.....	1,013,416	1,178,082	1,011	881	3,580	3,
Total consumer.....	12,511,738	10,945,091	19,118	17,851	32,479	22,
	-----					
	\$25,412,409	\$24,527,944	\$158,435	\$209,333	\$51,888	\$37,
	=====					

\* Net of unearned income.

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\*\* Exclusive of accruing loans 90 days past due.

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Table 4--Allowance for Loan Losses

	2002		2001		
	1st Quarter	4th Quarter	3rd Quarter	2nd Quarter	1st Quarter
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Balance at beginning of period.....	\$363,607	\$360,717	\$380,663	\$380,646	\$380,4
Loans charged off.....	(62,806)	(60,582)	(81,320)	(57,478)	(50,5
Recoveries of loans previously charged off.....	10,918	9,872	12,174	11,395	12,5
Net charge-offs.....	(51,888)	(50,710)	(69,146)	(46,083)	(37,9
Addition to allowance charged to expense.....	56,100	53,600	49,200	46,100	38,2
Balance at end of period.....	<u>\$367,819</u>	<u>\$363,607</u>	<u>\$360,717</u>	<u>\$380,663</u>	<u>\$380,6</u>
Allowance for loan losses to loans net of unearned income.....	1.45%	1.45%	1.45%	1.54%	1.
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans*.	232.16%	228.29%	211.32%	193.11%	181.
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming assets*	190.60%	190.29%	176.69%	170.18%	167.
Net charge-offs to average loans net of unearned income (annualized).....	0.83%	0.81%	1.11%	0.75%	0.

\* Exclusive of accruing loans 90 days past due.

Table 5--Nonperforming Assets

	2002		2001		
	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Nonaccrual loans.....	\$158,435	\$159,274	\$170,695	\$197,120	\$209,333
Foreclosed properties.....	29,462	27,443	28,006	20,380	13,688
Repossessions.....	5,080	4,365	5,449	6,177	4,888
Total nonperforming assets*.....	<u>\$192,977</u>	<u>\$191,082</u>	<u>\$204,150</u>	<u>\$223,677</u>	<u>\$227,909</u>
Nonperforming assets* to loans net of unearned income, foreclosed properties and repossessions.....	0.76%	0.76%	0.82%	0.90%	0.93%
Accruing loans 90 days past due.....	\$117,068	\$116,576	\$102,373	\$ 88,747	\$ 89,237

\* Exclusive of accruing loans 90 days past due.

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Table 6--Investment Securities

	March 31, 2002		March 31, 2001	
	Carrying Amount	Market Value	Carrying Amount	Market Value
(In thousands)				
Held-to-maturity:				
U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities.	\$2,585,514	\$2,605,310	\$2,945,415	\$2,996,471
Other securities.....	1,161,727	1,174,651	1,308,143	1,331,382
State, county and municipal securities.....	342,404	352,888	342,177	358,377
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$4,089,645	\$4,132,849	\$4,595,735	\$4,686,230
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Available-for-sale:				
U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities.	\$3,760,683		\$3,502,255	
Other securities.....	784,545		815,316	
State, county and municipal securities.....	80,766		108,145	
	-----		-----	
	\$4,625,994		\$4,425,716	
	=====		=====	

NOTES:

- The weighted average remaining life, which reflects the amortization on mortgage related and other asset-backed securities, and the weighted average yield on the combined held-to-maturity and available-for-sale portfolios at March 31, 2002, were approximately 4.8 years and 6.40%, respectively. Included in the combined portfolios was \$7.4 billion of mortgage-backed securities. The weighted-average remaining life and the weighted-average yield of mortgage-backed securities at March 31, 2002, were approximately 4.4 years and 6.39%, respectively. The duration of the combined portfolios, which considers the repricing frequency of variable rate securities, is approximately 3.5 years.
- The available-for-sale portfolio included net unrealized gains of \$81.1 million and \$94.8 million at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Table 7--Other Interest-Bearing Liabilities

	March 31	
	2002	2001
(In thousands)		
Other borrowed funds:		
Short-term bank notes.....	\$ -0-	\$ 150,000

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Treasury, tax and loan notes.....	25,000	25,000
Commercial paper.....	7,669	12,686
Other borrowings.....	42,558	46,277
	-----	-----
Total other borrowed funds.....	\$ 75,227	\$ 233,963
	=====	=====

Other long-term debt:

6.45% Subordinated Notes Due 2018.....	\$ 302,901	\$ 303,398
6.125% Subordinated Notes Due 2009.....	174,676	174,531
6.75% Subordinated Debentures Due 2025.	149,937	149,920
7.75% Subordinated Notes Due 2004.....	149,801	149,710
7.25% Senior Notes Due 2006.....	99,709	99,637
6.875% Subordinated Notes Due 2003.....	49,966	49,934
6.625% Subordinated Notes Due 2005.....	49,801	49,749
Other long-term debt.....	3,523	8,196
Statement 133 valuation adjustment.....	21,288	18,505
	-----	-----
Total other long-term debt.....	\$1,001,602	\$1,003,580
	=====	=====

Table 8--Capital Amounts and Ratios

		March 31			
		2002		2001	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
		-----	-----	-----	-----
(Dollars in thousands)					
Tier 1 capital:					
AmSouth.....	\$2,661,908	7.86%	\$2,569,961	7.69%	
AmSouth Bank.	3,288,943	9.73	3,256,881	9.74	
Total capital:					
AmSouth.....	\$3,763,186	11.11%	\$3,736,357	11.18%	
AmSouth Bank.	3,965,813	11.74	3,949,227	11.81	
Leverage:					
AmSouth.....	\$2,661,908	7.09%	\$2,569,961	6.72%	
AmSouth Bank.	3,288,943	8.77	3,256,881	8.53	

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The information required by this item is included on pages 14 and 15 of Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings



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Donald R. Kimble  
Executive Vice President,  
Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

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EXHIBIT INDEX

The following is a list of exhibits including items incorporated by reference.

- 3-a Restated Certificate of Incorporation of AmSouth Bancorporation(1)
- 3-b By-Laws of AmSouth Bancorporation(2)
- 10-a First American Corporation Directors' Deferred Compensation Plan
- 10-b 1996 Long Term Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended(3)
- 10-c Executive Incentive Plan, as amended
- 15 Letter Re: Unaudited Interim Financial Information

NOTES TO EXHIBITS

- (1) Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to AmSouth's Report on Form 8-K filed October 15, 1999, incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Filed as Exhibit 3-b to AmSouth's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarter ended March 31, 2001, incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Filed as Appendix A to AmSouth's Proxy Statement dated March 11, 2002 for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders held April 18, 2002, incorporated herein by reference.

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